



RadiantIQ



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## D1 - RadiantIQ Software Specification

**WP1:** Software Specification

**Task 1.1:** Define Software Specification

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## Version list:

Version	Authors	Date	Description
0.1	Anh Tu Duong	09/04/2024	Define the scheme of the document
1.0	Anh Tu Duong	11/04/2024	Complete domain analysis and objectives

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## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
FRS	Functional Requirement Specification
FSD	Functional Specification Document
LLMs	Large Language Models



## 1 Introduction

The project consists in a platform providing a better learning experience for scientific subjects. The idea is to include standard formal explanations of topics (with associated exercises) accompanied by a small number of interactive minigames. To better involve the students, each exercise will be put in an AI generated context (e.i. a physics problem related to speeds and distances could be told using the story of Achilles and the turtoise). Moreover, the formal explanations can be genrated by an AI, uploaded by a professor or by a combination of the two. Lastly, AI is used to suggest which topics should be revised for the students using the platform.



## 2 Domain Analysis

### 2.1 Domain: Interactive Education

We want to create an application in the education domain and try to make it extremely interactive.

### 2.2 SWOT analysis

- **Strengths:**

- (1) Use of AI to generate basic information in the articles, with the supervision of admins.
- (1) Use of AI to generate more advanced information from user's customized necessities and weaknesses
- (2) Use a more fun and interactive approach in the education process
- (2) Learn by trying with minigames with immediate feedback or in a more standard way with articles
- (3) Possibility for experts to contribute with their own articles
- FLOSS Education Platform

- **Weaknesses:**

- Developing effective mini-games' experiences might be time consuming from a developer perspective
- Making fun and yet instructive experiences is hard
- Careful management of the AI generated information is needed
- Quality check on article uploaded must be implemented
- Costs of using LLMs

- **Opportunities:**

- (1) Using AI in education is an emerging idea that has not yet spread widely and can make this system unique
- (2) Various studies show the positive effect of interaction and hands-on experiences in the learning process
- Large demand of easy and complete ways to learn science
- (3) Lack of effective and proficient communication/cooperation/interaction between students and teachers which creates an ample improvement margin to be enhanced

- **Threats:**

- Possible limitations of AI technologies from government entities
- Minigames must be entertaining to be successful
- Brilliant is a direct competitor (tho it does not currently use AI nor personalize its exercises and lectures)
- Hard to find funding

## 3 Project Objectives

### 3.1 Use of minigames in interactive learning

Create some minigames to make learning more interactive and more intriguing for students.

### 3.2 Use AI to help develop a more compelling learning experience

Use AI to generate compelling descriptions of the topics, to make learning funnier.

### 3.3 Make learning science more approachable and enjoyable

Make the platform an accessible starting point in the learning of science, to allow everyone to learn science using intuition and reason.

### 3.4 Provide single-topic focused content

Providing single topic courses means the possibility to create a learning path specific for the interests of the user.

### 3.5 Provide private classes as instances of a course

Create classes, from the general courses, to allow teachers/professors to integrate the platform in their standard lectures.

### 3.6 Allow better student-professor interaction

Using the classes the professors can understand which topics are clearer and then provide feedback. Moreover students can easily determine the level of comprehension of each topic before a test.

### 3.7 Provide quality guarantees on the material published

Have personnel checking the validity of the published material, while not interfering with the private resources.

### 3.8 Collect data and provide a progress history

For the learning user, having feedback on the level of comprehension is fundamental and will help them focus more on the less understood topics.

## 4 Actors





## 5 Functional Requirements



## 6 Non-functional Requirements



## 7 Usecases



## 8 Context Diagram



## 9 Component Diagram



## 10 Class Diagram



## 11 Conclusion