

# Modern Software Architecture: Domain Models, CQRS and Event Sourcing

Domain-driven Design (DDD) at a Glance



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This course is not a prescription.

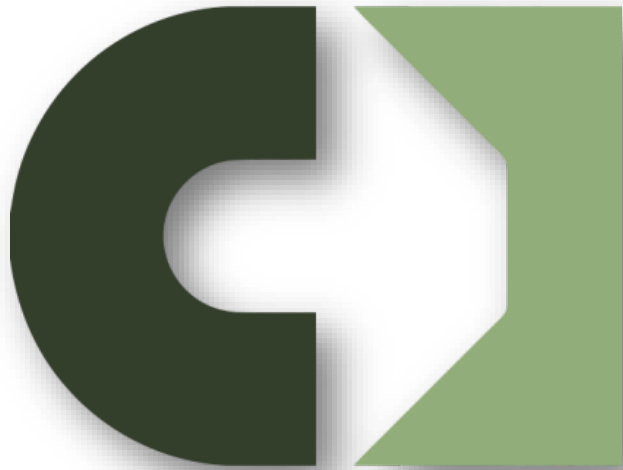
# Key Points

**Repositioning** Domain-  
driven Design

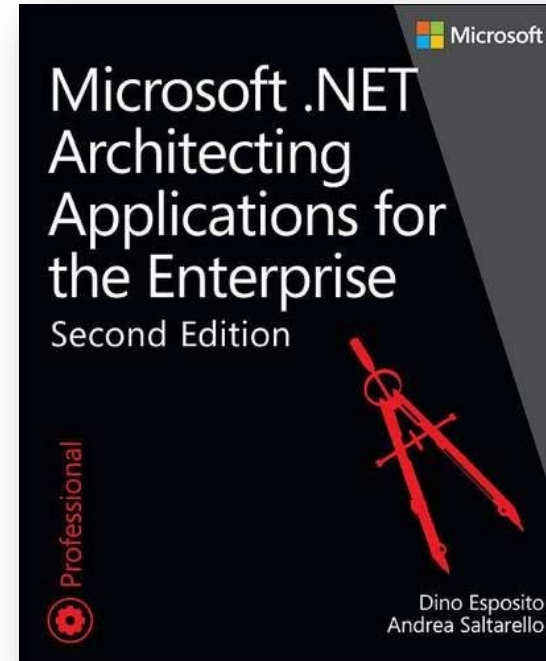
**Exploring** Supporting  
Architectures

**UX-first** Design  
Methodology

# References

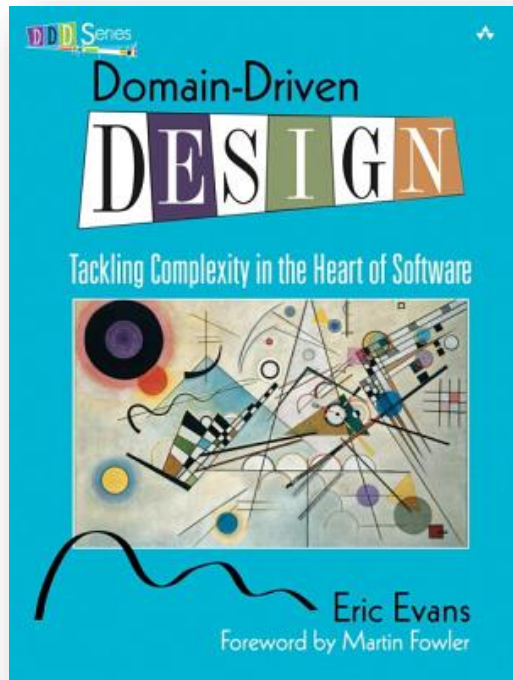


<http://naa4e.codeplex.com>



<http://facebook.com/naa4e>

# Domain-driven Design in History



Introduced 10+ years ago by **Eric Evans**

Primary intent of **tackling complexity** in the heart of software

Innovative guidelines and approach to design

# Where Does Complexity Come From?

1

Make sense of requirements

2

Build a (relational) data model

3

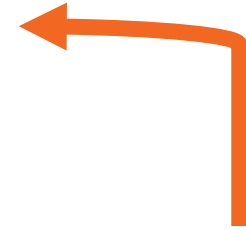
Identify relevant tasks and data tables

4

Build a user interface

5

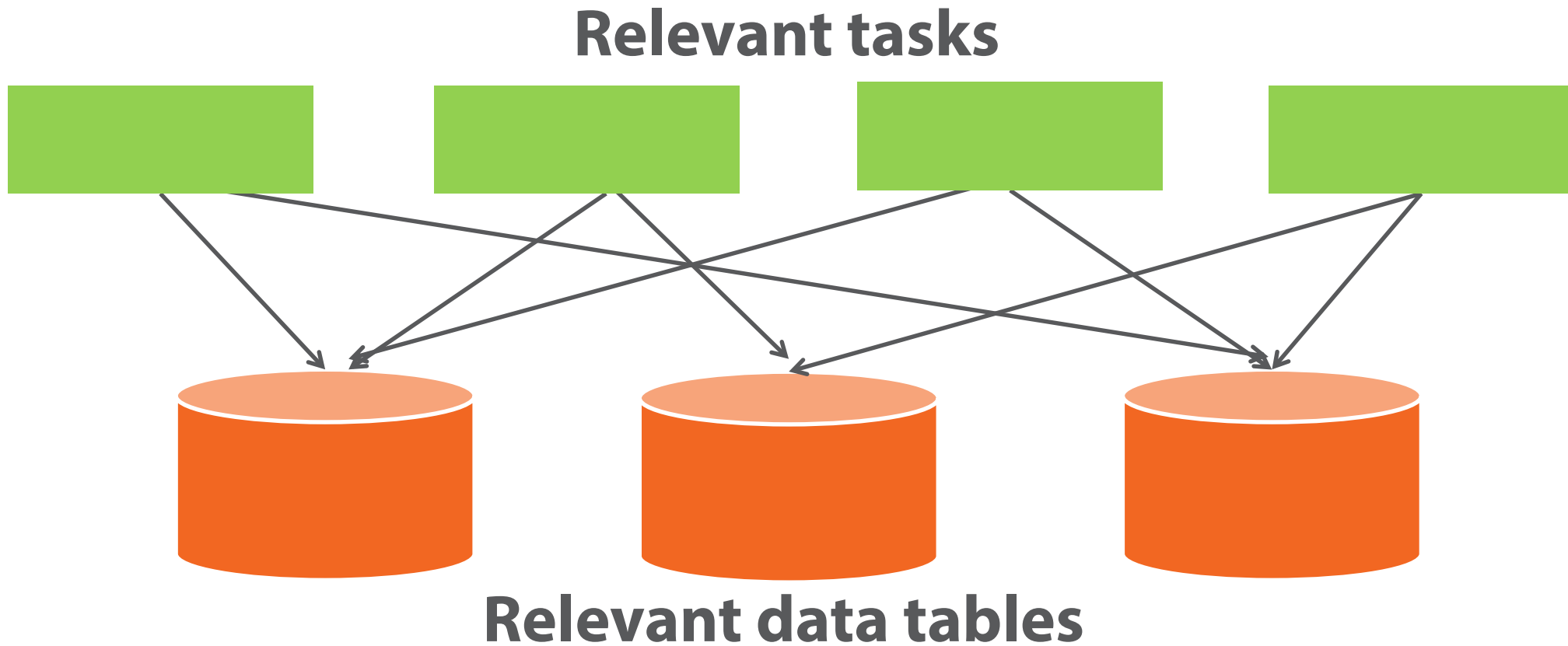
Close to what users wanted but...



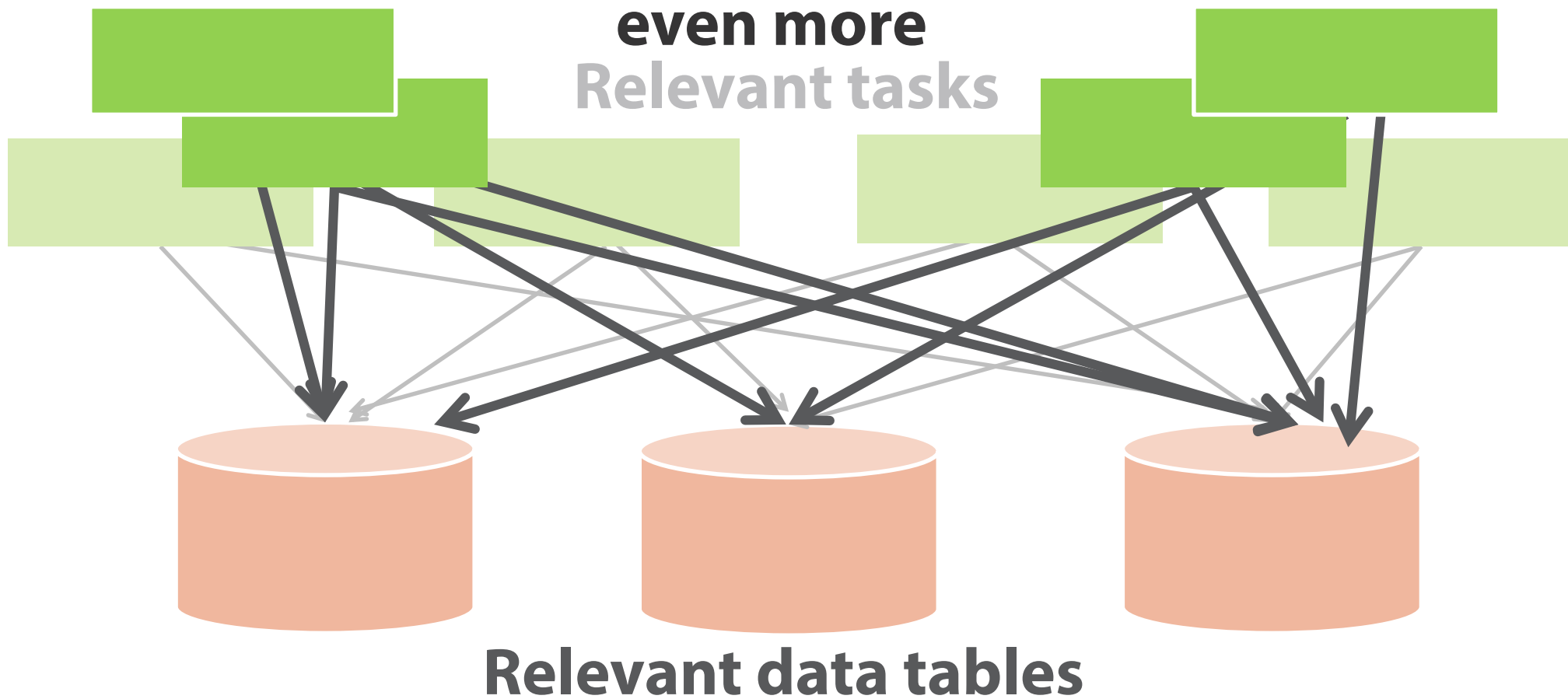
**Try  
again  
over and over**



# Where Does Complexity Come From?



# Where Does Complexity Come From?





# Unmanageable

<http://www.laputan.org/pub/foote/mud.pdf>

## **Big Ball of Mud (BBM)**

A system that's largely unstructured, padded with hidden dependencies between parts, with a lot of data and code duplication and an unclear identification of layers and concerns—a spaghetti code jungle.

# Ordinary Stories

# Why Is DDD so Intriguing?

**Captured** known  
elements of design  
process

**Organized** them  
into a set of  
principles

Made **domain  
modeling** the  
focus of  
development

**Different** approach  
to building  
business logic

# DDD Is **Still** About Business Logic

1

Crunch knowledge about the domain

2

Recognize subdomains

3

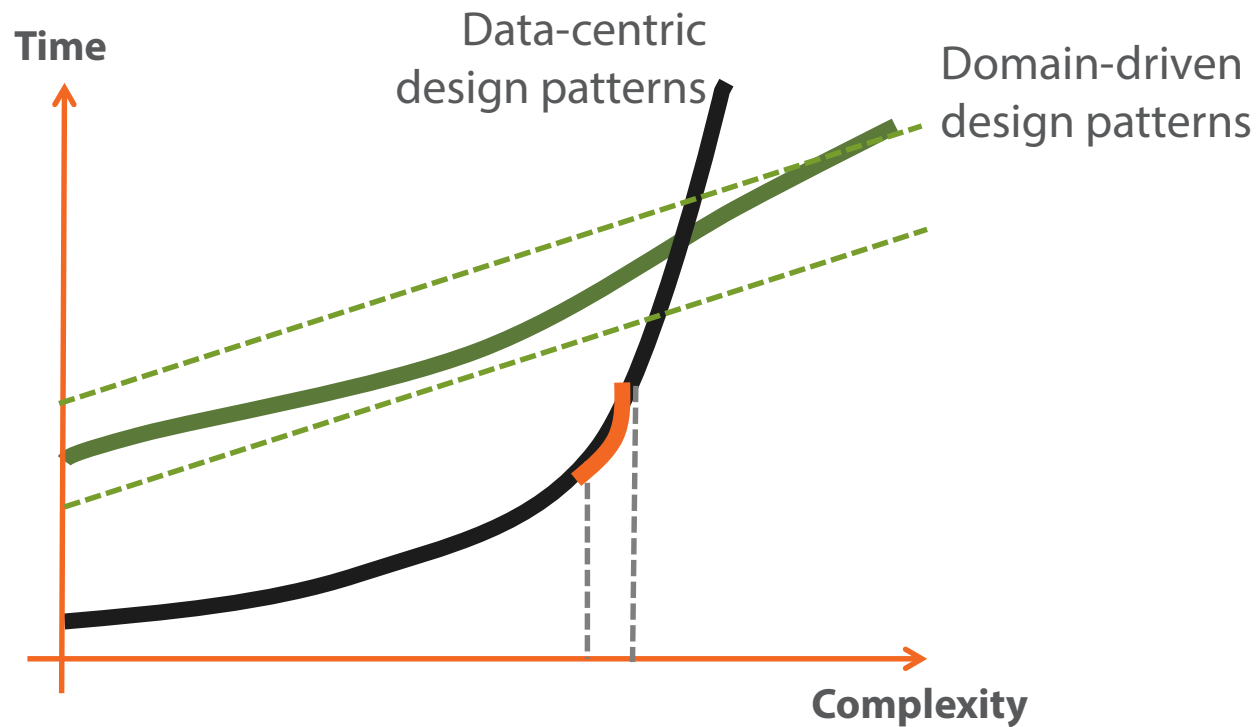
Design a rich domain model

4

Code by telling objects in the domain model what to do

# The Secret Dream of Any Developer

An all-encompassing object model describing the entire domain



**NOTE:** Adapted from Martin Fowler's PoEAA

Give me enough time  
and enough specs and  
I'll build the world for  
you.

# Supreme Goal

Tackling **Complexity** in the Heart of Software

Wonderful idea

Not a mere promise

Not really hard to do right

But just easier to do wrong

# In Other Words ...

 Theory 

Begin

End

 Practice 

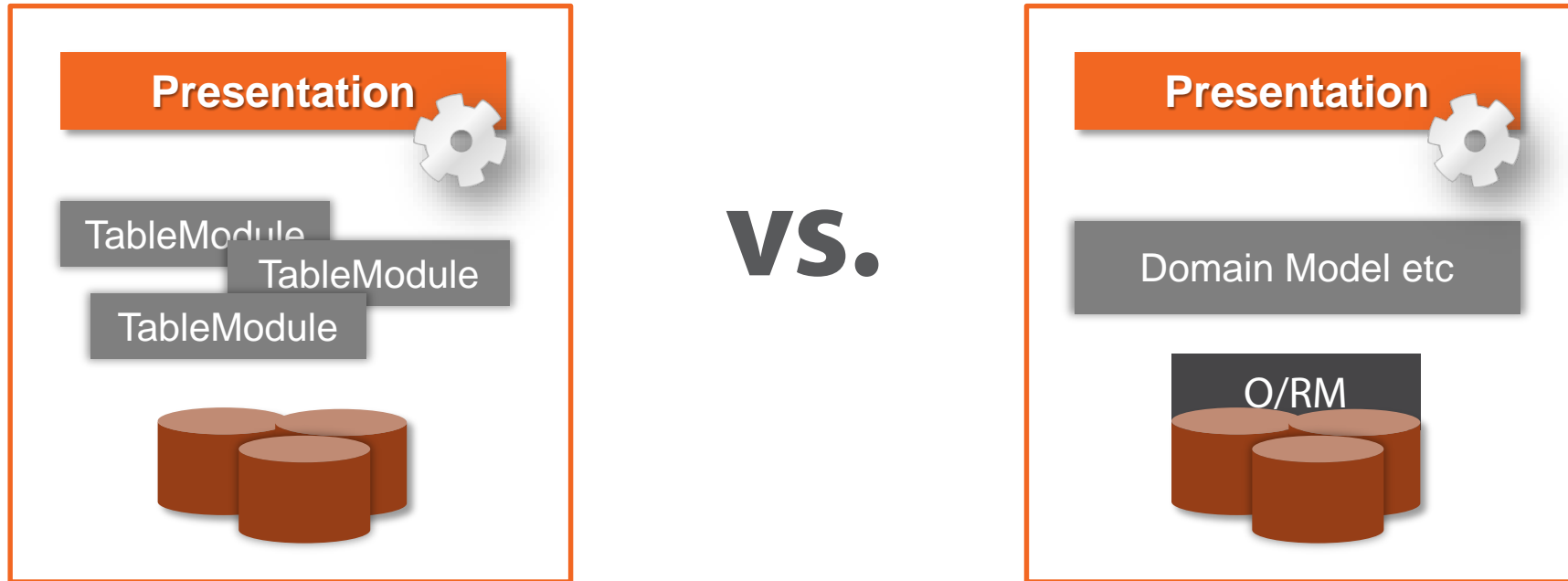




**However you want to frame it, DDD  
represents a significant landmark in  
software development.**

- Took root in the Java space
- Blissfully ignored in .NET until recently

# DDD is another way to organize business logic



Why should I spend days around the design of a class when I can find a **non-classy** way out far more quickly?

# DDD Was Not Cheating

- DDD was the right hammer **bundled** with the wrong set of nails
- DDD is more about analysis than about actual coding strategies

# 2009: Five Years Later

## The main focus of DDD has shifted

- **Discovering** the domain architecture more than **organizing** the business logic
- **Domain Model** remains a valid pattern to organize the business logic but other patterns can be used as well

Object-oriented  
models

Functional  
models

CQRS

Classic 3-tier

2-tier



Eric Evans talk at **QCON 2009**

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IE6Hxz4yomA>

# Common Summary of DDD



## Build an object model for the business domain

- Call it a "domain model"

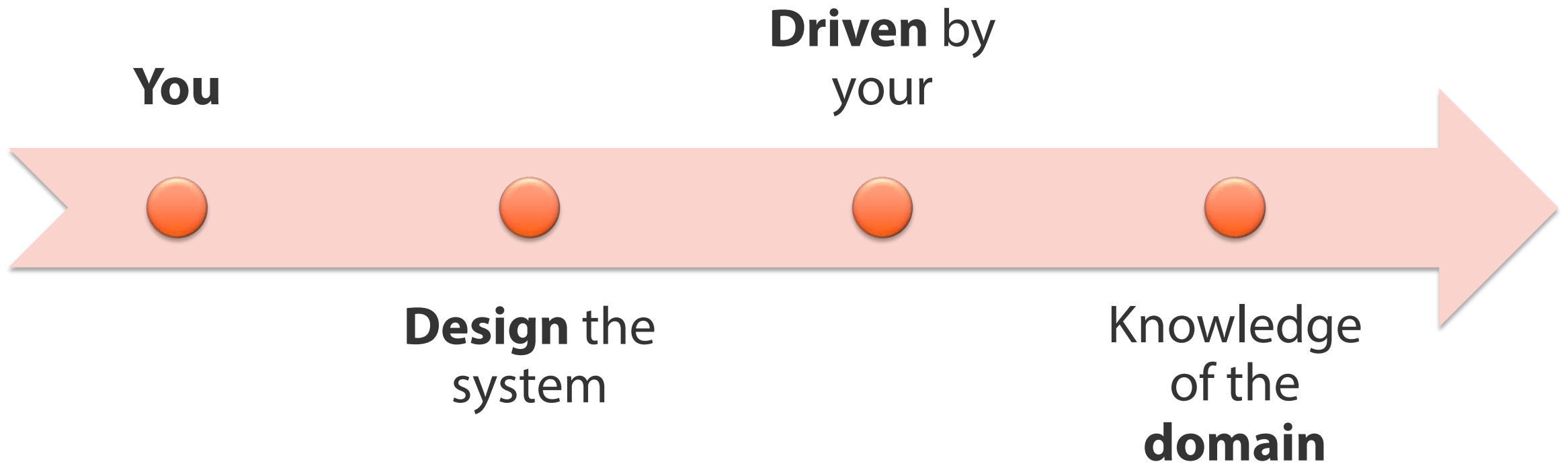


## Consume the model in a layered architecture

- 4 layers, business logic split and renamed
- Application layer and Domain layer



# DDD == Domain-driven Design



DDD has **two** distinct parts.

You always **need one** but can happily **ignore** the other.



One of many possible  
supporting architectures

# Design

driven by

# Domain



# How Do You Do **Design Driven by the Domain?**