

Day 4

Secondary Bifurcations and Explosive Synchronization in Turbulent Reacting Flow Systems

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Invited
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Abrupt transitions from a stable operation to oscillatory instability is a significant problem in engineering systems such as thermoacoustic systems. Earlier studies in turbulent combustors have reported that the onset of combustion-driven oscillations is always presaged by intermittent bursts of high amplitude periodic oscillations that appear in a near-random fashion amidst regions of aperiodic low-amplitude fluctuations. Intermittency leads to the appearance of a sigmoid-like transition to thermoacoustic instability in the root mean square (rms) of the acoustic pressure fluctuations. However, abrupt transitions via secondary bifurcations have been reported recently in turbulent thermoacoustic systems. We present the observation of abrupt transition in three disparate turbulent thermoacoustic systems: an annular combustor, a swirl-stabilized combustor, and a preheated bluff-body stabilized combustor. Using a low-order stochastic thermoacoustic model, we show that the reported abrupt transitions occur when an initially stable, supercritical limit cycle becomes unstable, leading to a secondary bifurcation to a large amplitude limit cycle. We show that the chaotic heat release rate fluctuations from turbulent flamelets synchronize explosively leading to an abrupt transition to a periodic state. Further, we discover that the nature of a transition evolves from continuous to discontinuous with a variation of an additional parameter of the system.
