DATA LOADING WITH INCREMENTAL LOADING

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Schema Definition

For this project, we are creating five tables: **Customer**, **Employee**, **Product**, **Orders**, and **Sales**. We will select **integer** and **datetime** columns as the **DeltaColumn** for incremental loading to efficiently track and load new or updated data.

Below are the queries to create the tables:

Customer Table

```
CREATE TABLE Customer (
Customer_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,-- Delta Column
Name VARCHAR(255),
Email VARCHAR(255),
Phone VARCHAR(20),
Address VARCHAR(500)
);
```

Employee Table

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (
Employee_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Name VARCHAR(255),
Position VARCHAR(100),
Department VARCHAR(100),
Salary DECIMAL(10,2),
Updated_At DATETIME -- Delta Column);
```

Product Table

```
CREATE TABLE Product (
 Product ID INT PRIMARY KEY, -- Delta Column
 Product_Name VARCHAR(255),
 Category VARCHAR(100),
 Price DECIMAL(10,2),
 Stock INT
);
Orders Table
CREATE TABLE Orders (
 Order_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
 Customer_ID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Customer(Customer_ID),
 Order Date DATETIME, -- Delta Column
 Total_Amount DECIMAL(10,2),
 Status VARCHAR(50)
);
Sales Table
CREATE TABLE Sales (
 Sale_ID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
 Product ID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Product(Product ID),
 Customer_ID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Customer(Customer_ID),
 Transaction_Date DATETIME, -- Delta Column
 Quantity INT,
 Total_Amount DECIMAL(10,2)
);
```

Data Insertion:

Insert Data into Customer Table

INSERT INTO Customer (Customer_ID, Name, Email, Phone, Address) VALUES

```
(1, 'John Doe', 'johndoe@email.com', '123-456-7890', '123 Main St, NY'),
(2, 'Jane Smith', 'janesmith@email.com', '987-654-3210', '456 Oak St, CA'),
(3, 'Robert Brown', 'robert@email.com', '456-789-1234', '789 Pine St, TX'),
(4, 'Emily Johnson', 'emily@email.com', '321-654-9870', '321 Maple St, FL'),
(5, 'Michael Lee', 'michael@email.com', '654-321-4567', '654 Cedar St, WA');
Insert Data into Product Table
INSERT INTO Product (Product_ID, Product_Name, Category, Price, Stock) VALUES
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 999.99, 50),
(102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 599.99, 100),
(103, 'Headphones', 'Accessories', 79.99, 200),
(104, 'Desk Chair', 'Furniture', 129.99, 30),
(105, 'Running Shoes', 'Apparel', 89.99, 150);
Insert Data into Orders Table (References Customer)
INSERT INTO Orders (Order_ID, Customer_ID, Order_Date, Total_Amount, Status) VALUES
(1001, 1, '2025-02-01 10:30:00', 1099.99, 'Shipped'),
(1002, 2, '2025-02-03 15:45:00', 629.99, 'Processing'),
(1003, 3, '2025-02-05 08:20:00', 79.99, 'Delivered'),
(1004, 4, '2025-02-07 18:10:00', 249.99, 'Cancelled'),
(1005, 5, '2025-02-10 12:50:00', 129.99, 'Shipped');
Insert Data into Employee Table
INSERT INTO Employee (Employee_ID, Name, Position, Department, Salary, Updated_At)
VALUES
(201, 'Alice Williams', 'Data Analyst', 'IT', 75000, '2025-02-01 09:00:00'),
(202, 'Bob Harris', 'Software Engineer', 'IT', 90000, '2025-02-02 10:15:00'),
(203, 'Charlie Young', 'HR Manager', 'HR', 85000, '2025-02-04 14:30:00'),
(204, 'Diana Scott', 'Marketing Lead', 'Marketing', 78000, '2025-02-06 16:45:00'),
(205, 'Ethan Clark', 'Finance Manager', 'Finance', 95000, '2025-02-08 12:00:00');
```

Insert Data into Sales Table (References Product & Customer)

```
INSERT INTO Sales (Product_ID, Customer_ID, Transaction_Date, Quantity, Total_Amount) VALUES (101, 1, '2025-02-01 11:00:00', 1, 999.99),
```

```
(102, 2, '2025-02-03 16:00:00', 1, 599.99), (103, 3, '2025-02-05 08:30:00', 2, 159.98), (104, 4, '2025-02-07 18:20:00', 1, 129.99), (105, 5, '2025-02-10 13:00:00', 2, 179.98);
```

Output

```
Select top 1 * from Customer;
Select top 1 * from Employee;
Select top 1 * from Orders;
Select top 1 * from Product;
Select top 1 * from Sales;
```

	Customer_ID	Name	Em	nail	Ph	one		Addre	ess	
	1	John Doe	joł	nndoe@email.c	om 12	3-456-7	890	123 I	Main St, N	Y
	Employee_ID	Name		Position	Depar	tment	Salar	у	Updated	_At
	201	Alice Willi	ams	Data Analyst	IT		7500	00.00	2025-02-	-01 09:00:00.000
	1001 1		20	25-02-01 10:30	:00.000	1099.	99		Shipped	
	Product_ID	Product_Na	me	Category	Price	Stock	:			
1	Product_ID 101	Product_Na Laptop	me	Category Electronics	Price 999.99	Stock 50				
1	101	Laptop duct_ID (Electronics		50 Date		Quar		al_Amount

Watermark Table

The **Watermark Table** will serve as a metadata table to manage information related to incremental data loads:

• **SchemaName**: Stores the schema name for the tables (e.g., "dbo" for all tables in our case).

- TableName: Stores the names of the tables (e.g., "Customer", "Sales").
- **FolderName**: Defines the file path where the data will be stored during the sink process, helping to direct the data to the appropriate location.
- LPV (Last Processed Value): Stores the maximum value from the last pipeline run, which helps track which records have been processed so the pipeline can continue from the right point.
- **DeltaColumn**: Indicates which column in the table should be used for incremental loading (e.g., the column that tracks changes or new records).

Watermark Table schema query:

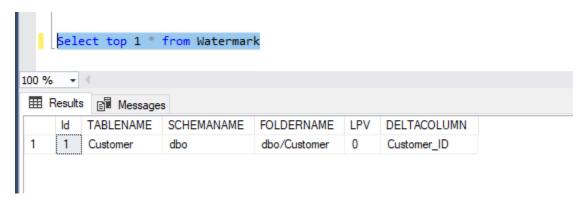
```
Create table Watermark(
Id int,
TABLENAME varchar(50),
SCHEMANAME varchar(30),
FOLDERNAME varchar(100),
LPV varchar(100),
DELTACOLUMN varchar(100)
```

Insert Values into Watermark Table:

Insert into Watermark Values

```
(1,'Customer','dbo','dbo/Customer','0','Customer_ID'),
(2,'Product','dbo','dbo/Product','0','Product_ID'),
(3,'Employee','dbo','dbo/Employee','2000-01-01 00:00:00','Updated_At'),
(4,'Orders','dbo','dbo/Orders','2000-01-01 00:00:00','Order_Date'),
(5,'Sales','dbo','dbo/Sales','2000-01-01 00:00:00','Transaction_Date')
```

Output:



Update Watermark (LPV)

After creating the Watermark table, we need a stored procedure to update the **LPV** (**Last Processed Value**) with the latest processed max value from the tables. This procedure will be executed at the **end of the pipeline**.

Stored Procedure Schema Definition:

CREATE Proc upd_watermark @TABLENAME varchar(100), @LPV varchar(100) AS

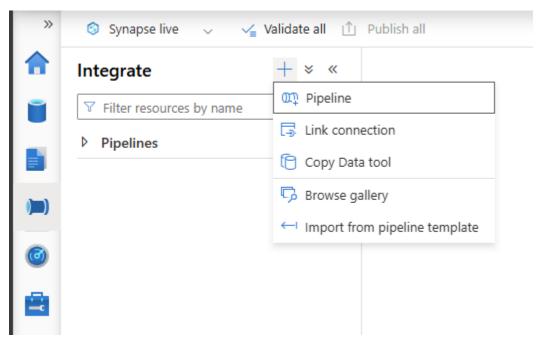
UPDATE Watermark
Set LPV=@LPV
Where TABLENAME=@TABLENAME
GO

This stored procedure will update the **LPV** column in the **Watermark** table with the latest value based on the **TABLENAME** provided.

Pipeline

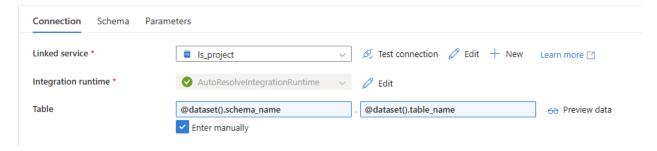
Now, that we have created the tables, watermark table and stored procedure, it's time to create a pipeline in synapse.

Step 1: Open synapse workspace and click on create a new pipeline

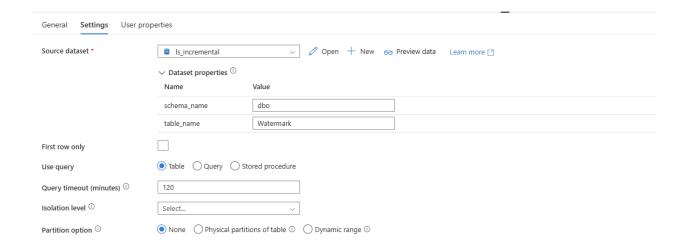


Step 2: Drag Lookup Activity from activities

- 1. Give name to your lookup activity
- 2. Create a Azure sql database dataset and use linked service to connect to the database that have the tables and watermark.
- 3. It will store the information in form of array.
- 4. Open Dataset and create two parameters schema_name and table_name. Pass the parameter in the connection tab.

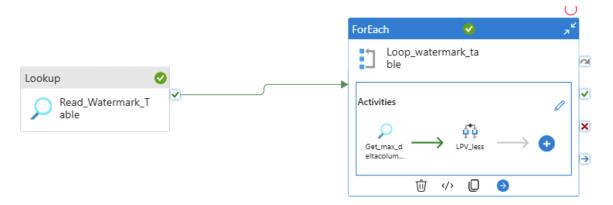


Under settings, enter the schem_name and table_name to read Watermark Table.



Step 3: Drag Foreach activity

- 1. Drag the foreach activity and give it a name.
- 2. We will iterate through the array one by one.
- 3. Connect the lookup success node with it.

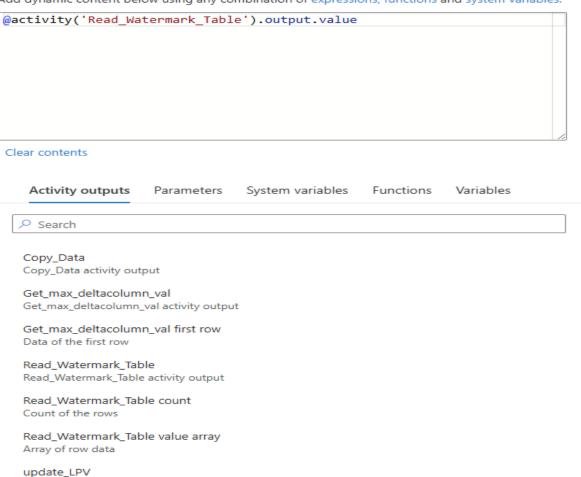


4. Under settings, in items click on dynamic content. Under Activity outputs, click on Read watermark table array value.

Pipeline expression builder



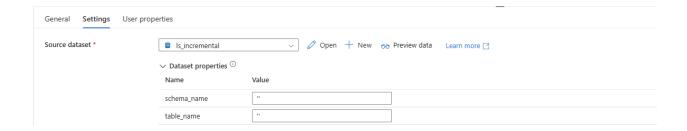
Add dynamic content below using any combination of expressions, functions and system variables.



Step 4: Drag new lookup under Foreach activity

update_LPV activity output

- 1. In the foreach activity, drag lookup and give name like max_value.
- 2. Click on same Azure sql database dataset that we created during the first lookup.
- 3. In schemaname and tablename parameter, enter empty string '' because we want to use query to get the max value from our deltacolumns.
- 4. Click on First row only



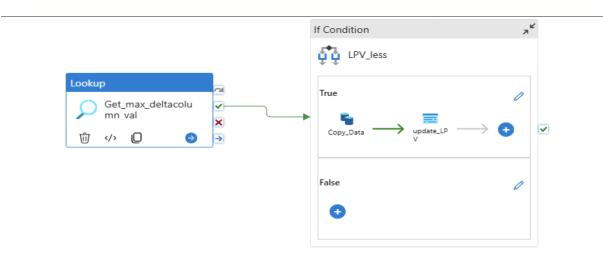
5. Click on the query, and write the below expression to get max value that we will check with LPV and based on it copy the data.

Select max(@{item().DELTACOLUMN}) as maxvalue from @{item().SCHEMANAME}.@{item().TABLENAME}

Here, we are using the foreach activity output to get the Deltacolumn, Tablename information for each iteration using @item() function.

Step 5: Use IF Condition

1. Drag a if condition activity and connect lookup success node with it.



- 2. Pass empty string ''in schemaname and tablename.
- 3. Now, We will check if LPV is less than max value Deltacolumn, then only copy data else skip. This will also prevent creation of empty files.
- 4. Click on query and use less function that takes two values and check if val 1 is less than val 2, then it returns true.

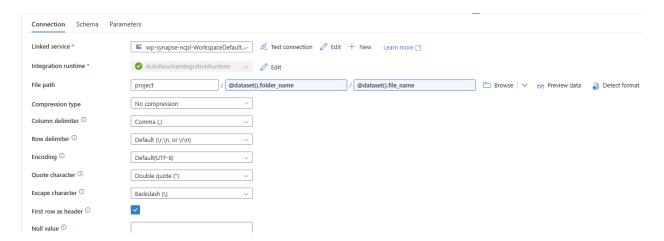
Select max(@{item().DELTACOLUMN}) as maxvalue

Step 6: In the true activity of If condition, drag copy activity

- 1. Drag copy activity and give it a name.
- 2. In the source settings, use the azure sql database dataset.
- 3. Pass empty string ''in schemaname and tablename parameter.
- 4. Under query, write dynamic expression to copy the data where Deltacolumn values is greater than the LPV.

```
Select * from @{item().TABLENAME}
WHERE @{item().DELTACOLUMN}>'@{item().LPV}'
```

- 5. In the sink settings, create a new ADLS dataset and choose the container where you want to store the csv files.
- 6. Click on open dataset and create two parameters filename and foldername, and pass the parameter in the filepath in connection tab.

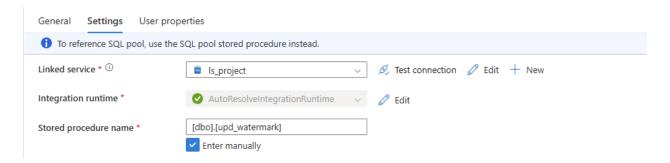


- 7. In the sink settings, under parameters pass the value from foreach activity in folderpath.
- 8. In filename parameter, we are using concat function to merge tablename, the datetime at which the file was processed.

```
@concat(item().TABLENAME,'_',utcNow(),'.csv')
```

Step 7: Drag stored procedure activity

- 1. Drag store procedure. This will update the LPV after each pipeline run.
- 2. Use the Azure sql database dataset to connect to the stored procedure.
- 3. Select the stored procedure from dropdown.



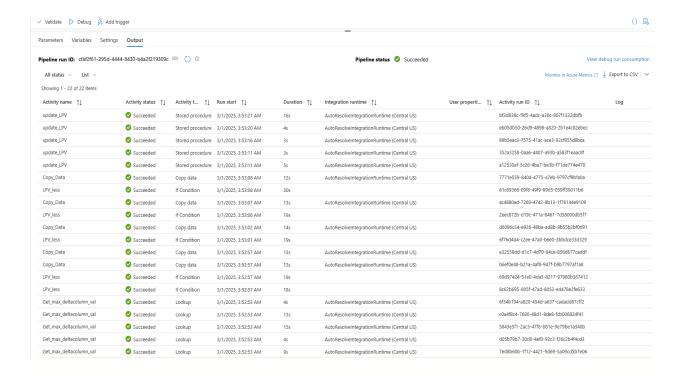
- 4. Click on import parameters under stored procedure parameter.
- 5. In LPV parameter, go to activity output and click on max delta Value first row which will fetch the maxvalue from the lookup we created.

@activity('Get max deltacolumn val').output.firstRow.maxvalue

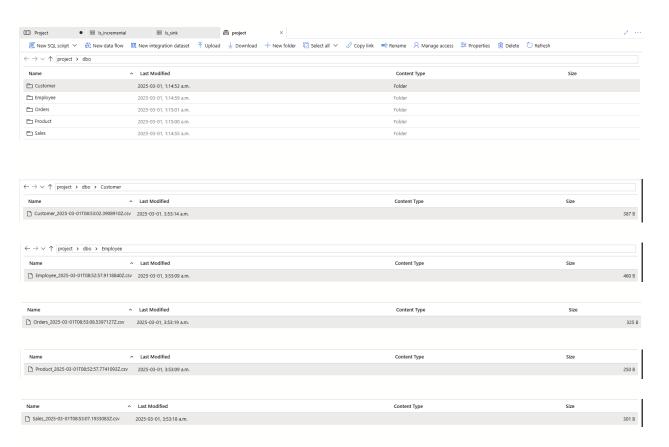
6. In Tablename parameter, pass the tablename using foreach reference.

@item().TABLENAME General **Settings** User properties 1 To reference SQL pool, use the SQL pool stored procedure instead. Linked service * ① ■ Is_project Ø Test connection Edit + New ✓ AutoResolveIntegrationRuntime ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ Edit Integration runtime * Stored procedure name * [dbo].[upd_watermark] Enter manually ✓ Stored procedure parameters ^① ← Import + New | 🗊 Delete Name String @activity('Get_max_deltacolumn_val').o ॥ TABLENAME @item().TABLENAME

Step 8: Click on debug pipeline.



Step 9: Go the path and check for folder and files.



Step 10: Debug pipeline with testcases

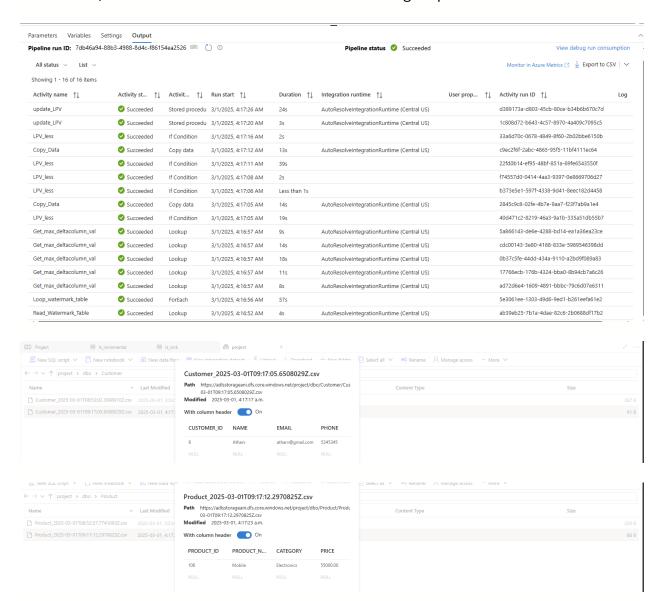
1. We will insert values into two tables.

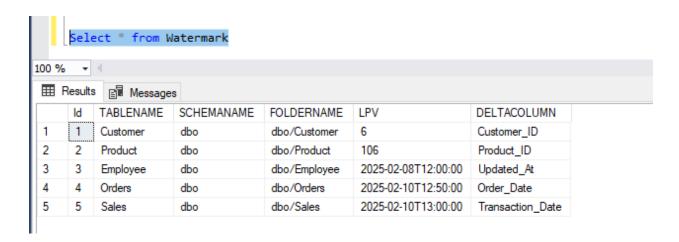
```
SQLQuery1.sql - new...tal (aniket97 (89))* + > X

Insert into Customer Values(6, 'Atharv', 'atharv@gmail.com', '5345345', '26 Arkley')

Insert into Product Values(106, 'Mobile', 'Electronics', 55000, 15)
```

2. Debug the pipeline again, and customer and product should have a new csv file. Also, check the watermark table if the max value got updated in LPV.





As we can see, new files were created as well as Watermark table got updated with max deltacolumn values.