Managing A Toxic Workplace Environment

Strategies for diffusing workplace verbal aggression while maintaining dignity and workplace harmony

Dr Zina O'Leary 2019 How common is workplace place bullying?

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2017 WBI U.S. Workplace Bullying Survey

"Repeated mistreatment of an employee by one or more employees; abusive conduct that is: threatening, humiliating, or intimidating, work sabotage, or verbal abuse"

Key Findings:

- 19% of Americans are bullied, another 19% witness it
- 61% of Americans are aware of abusive conduct in the workplace
- 60.4 million Americans are affected by it
- 70% of perpetrators are men; 60% of targets are women
- 61% of bullies are bosses, the majority (63%) operate alone
- 40% of bullied targets are believed to suffer adverse health effects
- 29% of targets remain silent about their experiences
- 71% of employer reactions are harmful to targets
- 60% of coworker reactions are harmful to targets
- To stop it, 65% of targets lose their original jobs

Strategies commonly use employees feel under threat in their workplace? Strategies commonly use employees feel under threat in their workplace?

Avoidance

 Being aware of situations that will likely lead to verbal conflict and avoiding them

Withdrawal

 Once you have been engaged, making an excuse and exiting the area

Deflection

 Changing the topic or focus on the interaction to avoid further reaction

Compromise

Seeking ways to placate the attacker

Engage

To attack back or defend

POLL

- What strategies do you use when you feel under threat
 - Avoidance
 - Withdraw
 - Deflection
 - Compromise
 - Engage







The cost







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Mental: avoidance of responsibility, avoidance of risk, lack of clarity/ focus/ concentration, racing thoughts, worry, poor decisions





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Physical: high blood pressure, low energy, insomnia, headaches, diarrhea, constipation, and nausea





Mental: avoidance of responsibility, avoidance of risk, lack of clarity/ focus/ concentration, racing thoughts, worry, poor decisions

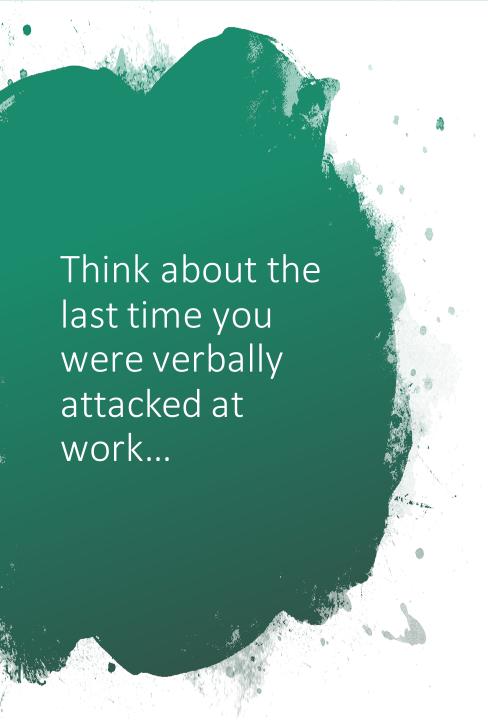
Physical: high blood pressure, low energy, insomnia, headaches, diarrhea, constipation, and nausea

Emotional: Depression, anxiety, anger, irritability, restlessness, hopelessness, shame





• How did it make you feel?



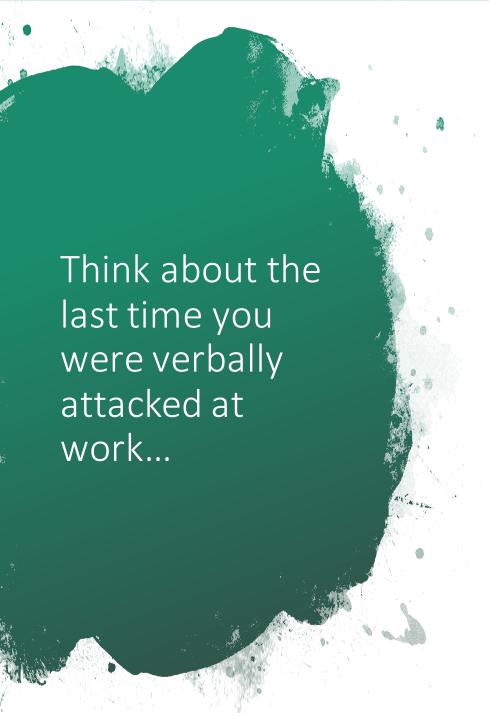
- How did it make you feel?
- How did you respond?



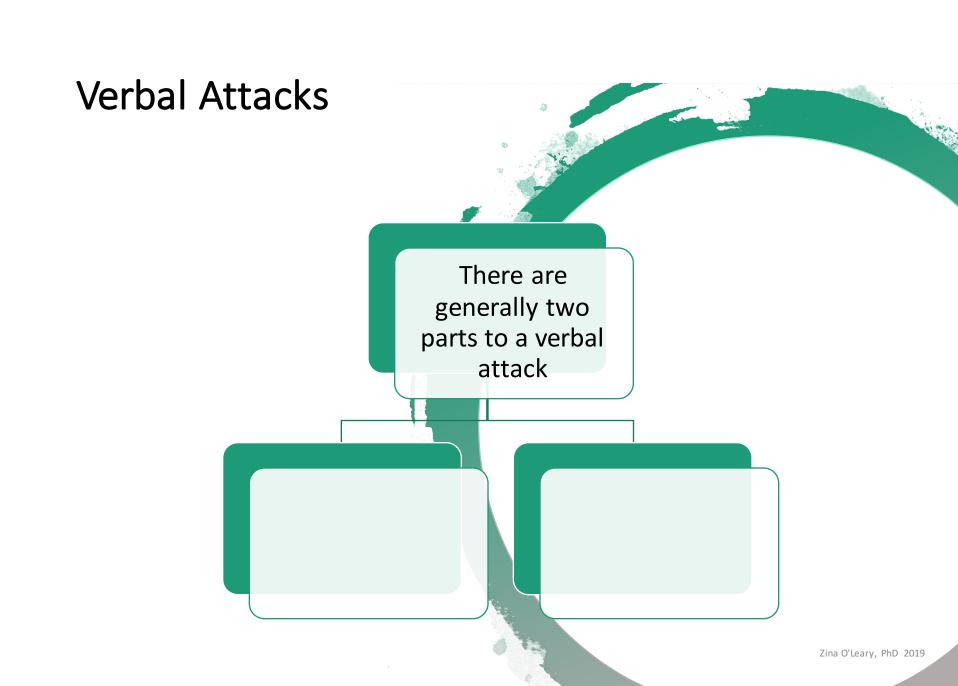
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- How did you respond?
- How did you feel about your response?

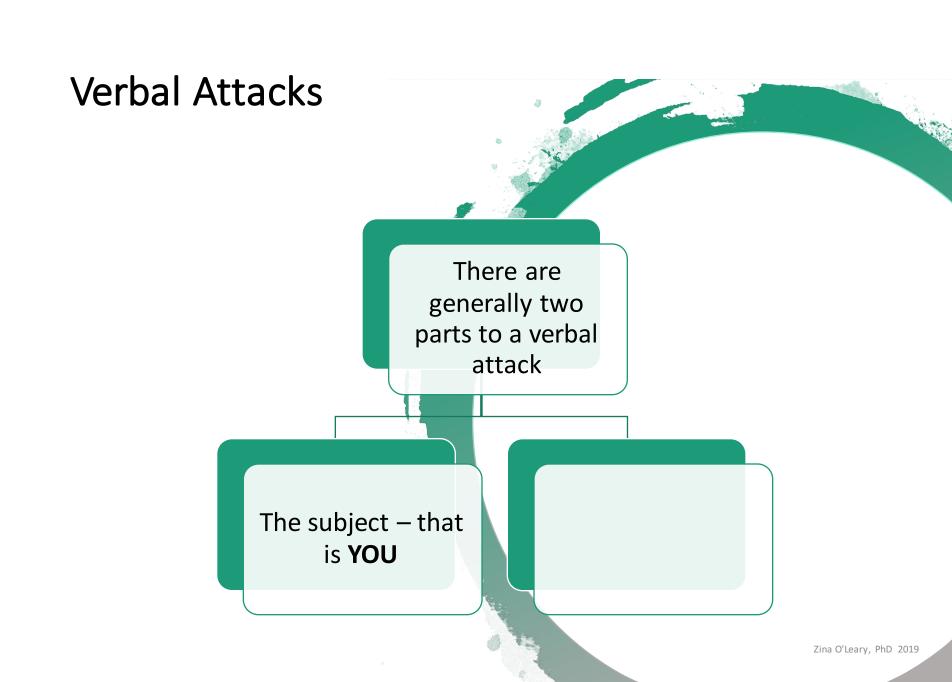


- How did it make you feel?
- How did you respond?
- How did you feel about your response?
- Were there positive or negative consequences from your response?



- How did it make you feel?
- How did you respond?
- How did you feel about your response?
- Were there positive or negative consequences from your response?
- Is there anything you wish you had said or done after the fact?





Verbal Attacks There are generally two parts to a verbal attack The object - what The subject – that is being referred is YOU to other than you



Verbal Self-Defense

Verbal self-defense has four basic parts:

1. Identify the subject (that is easy because it is always you)



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This means you never start a response with "I" or "you"

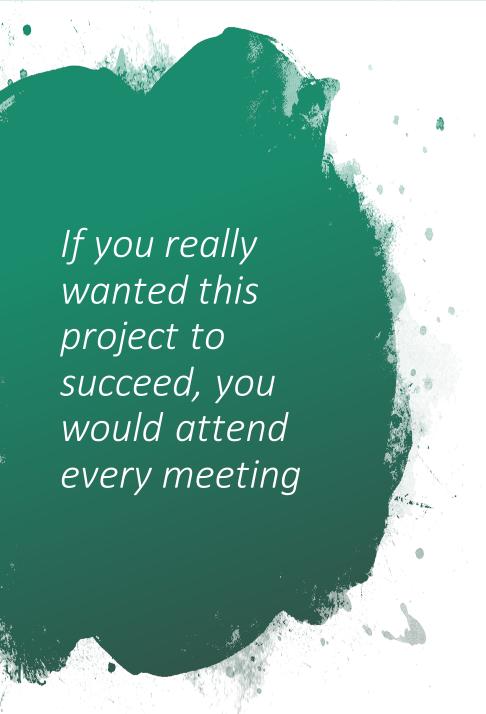


THE BAIT/SUBJECT:



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• You don't show up



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- The project (success)
- Meetings (are important)



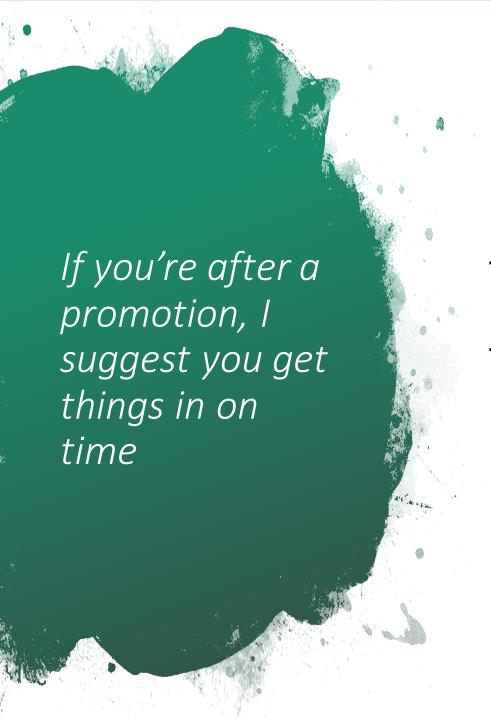


• You are not competent / You are less competent than a new girl



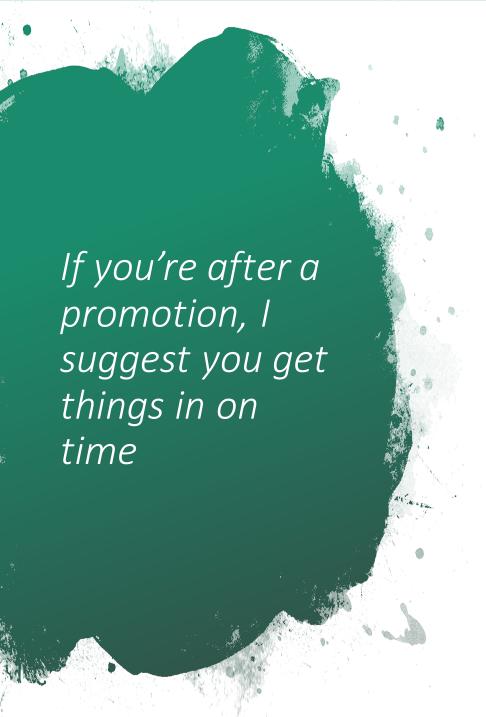
• You are not competent / You are less competent than a new girl

- New people
- Girls
- "This"





 You don't get things in on time/ you are a poor time manager



 You don't get things in on time/ you are a poor time manager

- Promotion
- Timelines
- Timeliness





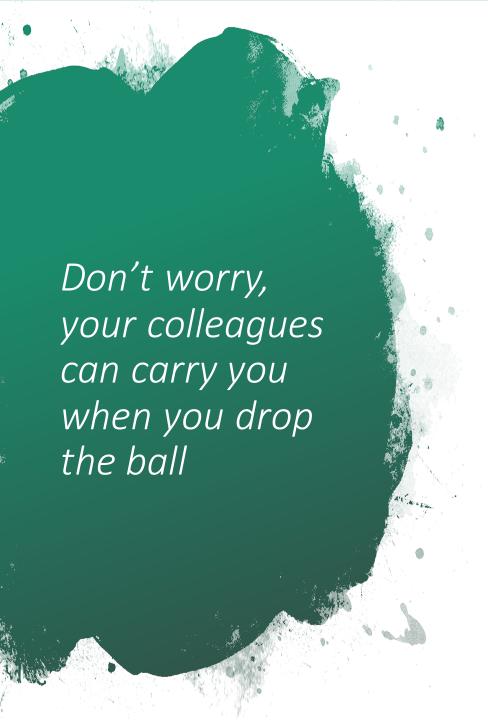
• You are careless/ you make a lot of mistakes



 You are careless/ you make a lot of mistakes

- Smart people
- Mistakes
- Carelessness





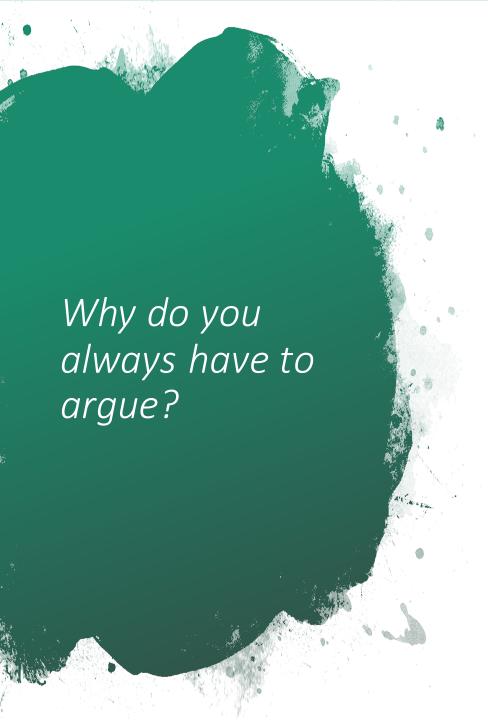
You are going to let everyone down



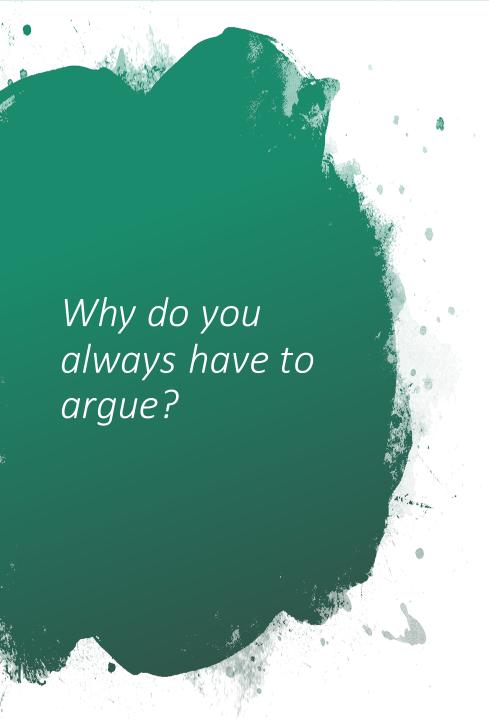
You are going to let everyone down

- Your colleagues
- The 'ball'





• You are always argumentative



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THE OBJECT

• Arguments



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 - Identify the subject (that is easy because it is always you)
 - IGNORE the attack on the subject (you) (DO NOT bite)
 - Identity the 'object'. What you are being attacked about (laziness, thoroughness, timeliness, cooperation etc.)
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THE BAIT/SUBJECT:

• You don't show up

THE OBJECTS:

- The project (success)
- Meeting (are important)
- Priorities



THE BAIT/SUBJECT:

• You don't show up

THE OBJECTS:

- The project (success)
- Meeting (are important)
- Priorities

- This project...
- This meeting...
- My priority is



• You are not competent / You are less competent than a new girl

THE OBJECTS:

- New people (are less competent)
- Girls (are less competent)
- "This" (is easy)



• You are not competent / You are less competent than a new girl

THE OBJECTS:

- New people (are less competent)
- Girls (are less competent)
- "This" (is easy)

- Our new staff...
- "Girls" are...
- Actually this project...



 You don't get things in on time/ you are a poor time manager

THE OBJECT:

- Promotion
- Timelines
- Timeliness



 You don't get things in on time/ you are a poor time manager

THE OBJECT:

- Promotion
- Timelines
- Timeliness

- A promotion...
- I'm glad you brought the timeline up. The timeline...



 You are careless/ you make a lot of mistakes

THE OBJECTS:

- Smart people
- Mistakes
- Carelessness



 You are careless/ you make a lot of mistakes

THE OBJECTS:

- Smart people
- Mistakes
- Carelessness

- Actually research confirms that smart people...
- Mistakes aren't...
- Better to make careless mistakes, then purposeful ones...



You are going to let everyone down

THE OBJECTS:

- Your colleagues
- Worry
- The 'ball'



You are going to let everyone down

THE OBJECTS:

- Your colleagues
- Worry
- The 'ball'

- My colleagues...
- Worry isn't my concern...
- Let's talk about 'the ball'. This project...



• You are always argumentative

THE OBJECT

Arguments



• You are always argumentative

THE OBJECT

Arguments

THE RESPONSE:

Arguments are/ aren't



The same strategies can be used to deflect heat off of others

Also consider asking to:

- Hear more from someone when they have been spoken over
- Circle back to an idea that was dismissed and is then presented by someone else

The Benefits and Risks

Benefits

Out of the spotlight

Target off your back

Less stress

Higher productivity

Higher workplace satisfaction

Risks (possible but not likely)

Angering your boss/ colleagues

- •Increased shaming
- •Reporting behaviors to superiors
- •Loss of responsibility

References

Elgin, S. H. (2000) *The Gentle Art of Verbal Self-Defense at Work*. Prentice-Hall, Inc. NY, NY. 1980.

Satir, V. (1972) *Peoplemaking*. Science and Behavior Books, Inc. Palo Alto, CA.