

Script

Greetings/Saludos - **saludos en español**

- ¡Hola! Chicos y chicas.... Hello Boys and Girls, Bienvenido a la clase de español. A very warm welcome to the Spanish class.
- So, what is the first thing that comes to your mind when you think about Spanish?... it could be.. a sport, food, music etc or anything muy bien very good seems like you are already aware about a lot of things.
- Hoy Vamos a aprender los saludos Today we are going to learn the greetings in Spanish
- I will be reading the greetings and you will repeat after me
- Before we start I just want to let you that as we have tum and aap similarly we have usted and tu in Spanish
- Now we are going to start with the Greetings
- Hola – Hello
- Buenos días – Good morning
- Buenas tardes – Good afternoon or Good evening
- Buenas noches – Good Night
- After we say Good morning, hello, or Good afternoon we will ask How is someone or How are you or How do you do ?
- ¡Hola! ¿Cómo estás tú? tum
- Hello How are you?
- Cómo está usted? (Aap) Hello How are you? Formal
- Other greetings are ? ¿qué tal? Can be used in formal or Informal both other greeting words when you are saying good bye and trying to see off like Hasta pronto, Adios, Gracias –Thank Adios-Bye Hasta Pronto-See you soon.
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- Alright, ahora vamos a repetir.
- Please repeat after me.
- Hola, Juan Hello John
- Hola María – Hi Maria
- Ok, Now we are going to learn to elaborate more on greetings part and we would see what extra or other phrases do we use in Spanish. So in greetings we could see that
- Buenos días is Good day
- Buenas tardes- Good afternoon/Good Evening
- Buenas noches – Good Night
- So you see that there is a continuity of the word Buenos/Buenas so Buenos días – Good day , Buenas Tardes – Good evening so Tardes is Evening or Good afternoon, can be used for afternoon as well. Buenas noches – it is like good night so the word Noches is Night.
- Similarly to go ahead and learn more about the greetings in Formal and informal way look in Spanish Language, ah they are very friendly people they express all their affection and their feeling through the language. So they would use the word like Hola Guapa – Hi Beauty or they use the diminutive for of it Hola Guapita- Hi Beauty, look now that is in very positive way and not in a derogatory way or in another way but then in a very positive way.
- Similarly we use the word like Señor, Señora, Señorita, these words you might have heard few conversation in English and when you are reading or watching some films in your local language also. We will see how they are used, so in any formal greeting we will use these words like Hola Señor Márquez – Hello Mr. Márquez
- Hola Señora Guadalupe – hellos Misses Guadalupe
- Hola Señorita Ines – Hi Miss Ines.
- So these words – Señor is Mr. Señora is Misses and Señorita is Miss.

- More to learn in the greeting parts when we are trying to see off somebody or in the conversation then we use the words like
- Hasta Pronto
- Hasta mañana
- Hasta Pronto – See you soon
- Hasta mañana – See you tomorrow
- Hasta el lunes – see you on Monday
- So el lunes is Monday

Similarly we can use the anyday of the week to indicate that when we will see next time Hasta el viernes see you on Friday. Hasta ahora so ahora means if you are going to meet someone in few moments of time then we use the Word “Hasta Ahora) o another Word is like to say goodbye – Adios.

Also when we meet someone for the first time we either say ‘Mucho gusto’ or ‘Encantado/a (if it’s a lady), to say ‘nice meeting you’.

Hello Now we are going to start with the Important part of the or the first initial part of the Language – to learn the alphabet in Spanish.

Needless to say that the importance of the Alphabets- or el abecedario is very important part of Learning a language.

Muy Bien, I would include the teaching through Power Point slides and will also have the phonetics symbol and phonetics transcription of the word which will be uttered there as a sample word to assimilate the sound of the particular alphabet or the sound .

Buenos días todos, lets learn Spanish alphabets

Good morning to all Lets learn the Spanish alphabet today which in Spanish is called el Abecedario

So please repeat after me, Hello Students – How are you? ¿Cómo estás? How are you?
Muy bien, Yo también Bien.

Buenos vamos a empezar con el Abecedario. Today we are going to start with the
Alphabets in Spanish.

As you know that Spanish is , In Spanish or in Any language the Alphabet is very
Important because that is where the Language starts.

Please refer to the PPT which has been shared with you there we have the alphabets
shown there.

So i am saying in English first and then the sound in Spanish and one Word with that
particular alphabet.

A – América

B- Barcelona

C- Colombia

D- Doña

E-Elefante

F- Fernando

G- Guadalupe

H- Look H is very important and an interesting letter in the language. H is the only
alphabet which is countless. We do not have sound for H.

Though we have the name of the alphabet H is Ache in Spanish, but the pronunciation
or the sound of the letter will be silent. Like Honduras

En Honduras the letter starts with H however H does not have a sound.

I- iglesia

J- Juan or John in English

K – Kilo

L- Lima, Ladron

M- Mamá, Madrid

N- Nicaragua

O- Olga, Orlanda

P- Penelope Cruz, Pedro

Q- Queso, Quien

R- Rodriguez, Raúl , Rafael

S- Sandra , Santiago, Sevilla

T- Do remember that there is no (T) sound like () we have in English. Tomas, Tequila

U- Uruguay

V- Verdad, Valencia

W- Walter

X- Ximena

Y- Yogur

Z- Zaragoza.

Now apart from these 26 letters which we have in English in Spanish we have few extra letters or alphabets those are as they are given on the slides

LL- llamar

N – Mañana

Ch- Chica Chico

RR- Perro

Thank you that was all about the Spanish alphabets we have 26 letters as in English and apart from that we have few more extra letters which was given in the PPT. You could look at that. Please go through the lessons repeat the words as an examples for each alphabet. We could learn about the alphabets and could see the Greetings and how do we use these greeting and alphabets in different ways like Formal conversation Informal conversation how do we greet in the Morning part of the day and in the afternoon and in the evening as well.

So more on the details in the alphabets we will be seeing in the next session however just to before we wrap up we have a lot of words which we see in the conversation day and night which are of Spanish you might not be really aware about them just few to give you Example like Viva – Long Live Viva España Viva Español , La Lengua española similarly you have the Word fiesta which is very much from Spanish which means Festival. Few other Icons which a very popular, very well know like Che Guevara he is one of the icon from the Hispanic World. Who is very popular in our conversations or Communication of our day to day life. So we could relate ourselves and Learning Spanish is a lot of fun stay connected and we will catch in the next session. Thank You – Gracias, Adiós

CONCLUSION: So, my dear chicos y chicas, to conclude, we have in this lesson today, learnt the very important aspect of knowing how to strike up a conversation in various social and personal contexts. They have also learnt of the various expressions and phrases required to do the same. Be it how to say Hello/Good morning to how to bid goodbye, the student learnt all this. He/She has been introduced to the Spanish alphabet which is of primordial importance to language learning. The sound of the letters has been taught with appropriate examples which will help students learn it rapidly and effectively.