## **CLASSIFYING ORGANISMS**

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	ganisms are clas elow is a descripti	energy.  they get food for energy.					
• <b>CARNIVORE</b> is an organism that feeds on			other animals.				
•	<b>HERBIVORE</b>	is an organism that feeds on plant.					
•	OMNIVORE is an organism that feeds on		both plants and animals.				
•	PRODUCER produces its own food.		·				
•	<b>SAPROPHYTE</b> eats the dead or decaying m		atter o	of oth	er organisms.		
• PARASITE is an organism			n that gets its nourishment by attaching itself to another				
•	DECOMPOSER	SER is an organism that usually lives in soil. It gets its nutrients by breaking down the wastes and remains of other organisms.					
1.	He has a hamle tomato for lunce chicken, spina Bill is  ① a carnivo ② an herbiv ③ an omnivo ④ a produce ⑤ a saproph	ore ore er nyte et their nutrients from animal decaying material, such as and sticks. s re ore ore	<ol> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> <li>6.</li> </ol>	Bon carr A ho ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ A bo other A bo ② ③ ④ ⑤ Spice	orse eats hay and grain. Sometimes ita treats her horse, Lady, to apples, ots, or sugar cubes. orse is  a carnivore an herbivore an omnivore a producer a saprophyte  bbcat eats deer, rabbits, antelope, and er plant eaters. bbcat is a carnivore an herbivore an herbivore an herbivore an omnivore an producer a saprophyte  ders build sticky webs to trap insects. nsect dies as it struggles to free itself		
3.	During photosynthesis, a cottonwood tree converts carbon dioxide and water into carbohydrates. A tree uses carbohydrates as food for growth.  A cottonwood tree is  ① a carnivore ② an herbivore ③ an omnivore ④ a producer ⑤ a saprophyte			from the web. The spider then eats the insect.  A spider is  ① a carnivore ② an herbivore ③ an omnivore ④ a producer ⑤ a saprophyte			

## CLASSIFYING ORGANISMS Organisms are classified according to how they get food for energy. Below is a description of seven different organisms and how they get food for energy.

•	<b>CARNIVORE</b> is an organism that feeds on or		other animals.				
•	<b>HERBIVORE</b>	is an organism that feeds on	plant.	t.			
•	<b>OMNIVORE</b>	is an organism that feeds on	both p	plants and animals.			
•	PRODUCER	produces its own food.					
•	SAPROPHYTE eats the dead or decaying ma		atter of other organisms.				
•	PARASITE	, ,		shment by attaching itself to another			
<u> </u>		organism, which is called a host.					
•	DECOMPOSER	is an organism that usually light down the wastes and remain		n soil. It gets its nutrients by breaking other organisms.			
7. 8.	grass, and alg A sea cow is _ ① an herbiv ② a carnivo ③ an omniv ④ a parasite ⑤ a decom	rore fore fore fore fore fore fore fore	10.	<ul> <li>The black bear of Rocky Mountain National Park feeds on various food items. The black bear eats trout, berries, and other small animals. The black bear is</li> <li>① an herbivore</li> <li>② a carnivore</li> <li>③ an omnivore</li> <li>④ a parasite</li> <li>⑤ a decomposer</li> </ul>			
9.	① an herbiv ② a carnivo ③ an omniv ④ a parasite ⑤ a decom A flea attacher feeds on the o	rore rore rore rore e poser s itself to a cat's skin and eat's blood.	11-	<ul> <li>The Bald Eagle of Lake Meredith lives exclusively on fish and other small animals.</li> <li>The Bald Eagle is</li> <li>① an herbivore</li> <li>② a carnivore</li> <li>③ an omnivore</li> <li>④ a parasite</li> <li>⑤ a decomposer</li> </ul>			
	A flea is ① an herbive ② a carnive ③ an omnive ④ a parasite ⑤ a decomp	rore ore ore e	12.	·			