

Writing a Test First



Test Driven Development



- 1. Define a test set for the unit first
- 2. Then implement the unit
- 3. Finally verify that the implementation of the unit makes the tests succeed.
- 4. Refactor



Behavior Driven Development (BDD)

Behavior-driven development (BDD) specifies that tests of any unit of software should be specified in terms of the desired behavior of the unit.

Borrowing from <u>agile software development</u> the "desired behavior" in this case consists of the requirements set by the business — that is, the desired behavior that has <u>business value</u> for whatever entity commissioned the software unit under construction.

Within BDD practice, this is referred to as BDD being an "outside-in" activity.





TDD and BDD

TDD is a workflow process.

BDD influences the language we use to write tests and how we focus on the tests that matter.



Objectives

After completing this module, you should be able to:

- > Write an integration test
- > Use Test Kitchen to create, converge, and verify a recipe
- Develop a cookbook with a test-driven approach



Building a Web Server

- 1. Install the httpd package
- 2. Write out a test page
- 3. Start and enable the httpd service



Defining Scenarios

Given SOME CONDITIONS

When an EVENT OCCURS

Then I should EXPECT THIS RESULT



The Why Stack?

You should discuss...the feature and pop the why stack max 5 times (ask why recursively) until you end up with one of the following business values:

- Protect revenue
- Increase revenue
- Manage cost

If you're about to implement a feature that doesn't support one of those values, chances are you're about to implement a non-valuable feature. Consider tossing it altogether or pushing it down in your backlog.

- Aslak Hellesøy, creator of Cucumber

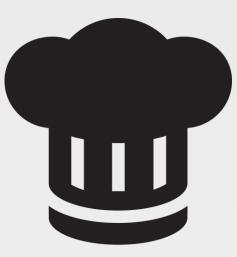


Scenario: Potential User Visits Website

Given that I am a potential user
When I visit the company website in my browser
Then I should see a welcome message



Build a Reliable Cookbook



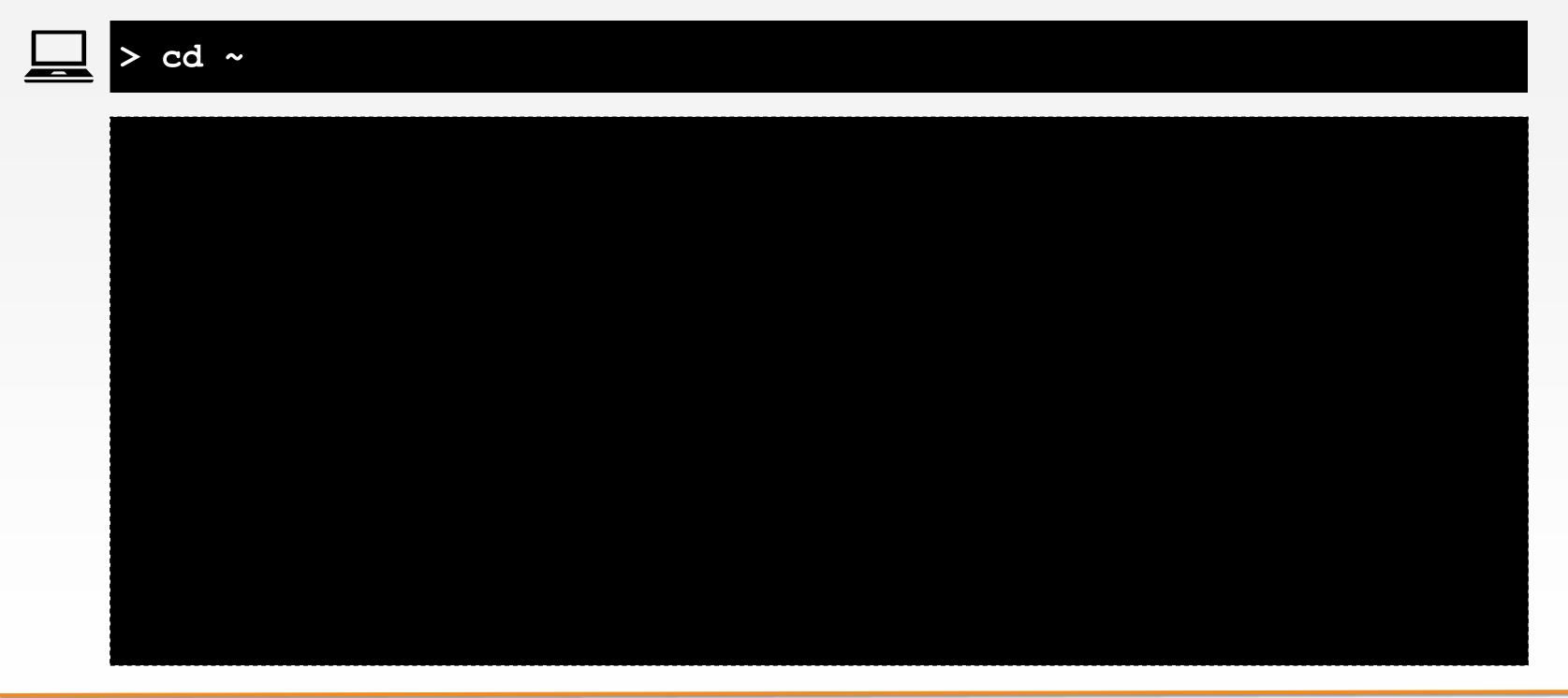
This time it will be different.

Objective:

- ☐ Examine the cookbook
- ☐ Write tests that verifies the cookbook does what we want it to do
- ☐ Execute the tests and see failure
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Let's Start this Journey in the Home Directory





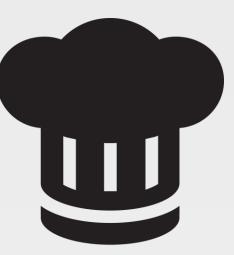
View the Tests in the Generated Cookbook



> tree apache

```
apache/
    Berksfile
  - chefignore
    metadata.rb
    README.md
   recipes
    default.rb
    spec
6 directories, 8 files
```

Build a Reliable Cookbook

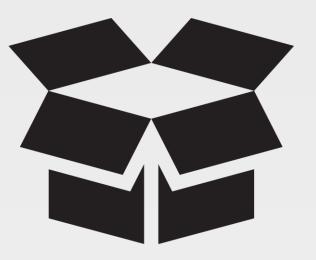


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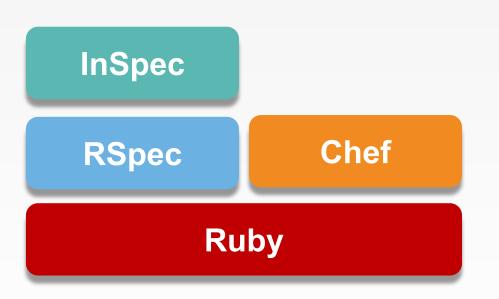




RSpec and InSpec

RSpec is a Domain Specific Language (DSL) that allows you to express and execute expectations. These expectations are expressed in examples that are asserted in different example groups.

InSpec provides helpers and tools that allow you to express expectations about the state of infrastructure.





Auto-generated Spec File in Cookbook

~/apache/test/smoke/default/default_test.rb

```
unless os.windows?
  # This is an example test, replace with your own test.
  describe user('root'), :skip do
    it { should exist }
  end
end
# This is an example test, replace it with your own test.
describe port(80), :skip do
  it { should not be listening }
end
```





Where do Tests Live?

~/apache/test/smoke/default/default_test.rb

Test Kitchen will look for tests to run under this directory. This corresponds to the value specified in the Test Kitchen configuration file (.kitchen.yml) in the suites section.





Where do Tests Live?

~/apache/test/smoke/default_default_test.rb

The default_test.rb file is a Ruby file that contains the tests that we want to run when we spin up a test instance.



Components of a InSpec Example

```
unless os.windows?

describe user('root'), :skip do

it { should exist }

end

end

end
```

When not on Windows, I expect the user named 'root', to exist.



Components of a InSpec Example

```
describe port(80) do
    it { should_not be_listening }
end

expectation
```

When on any platform, I expect the port 80 **not** to be listening for incoming connections.



Remove the Test for the root User

~/apache/test/smoke/default/default_test.rb unless os.windows? # This is an example test, replace with your own test. describe user('root'), :skip do it { should exist } end end # This is an example test, replace it with your own test. describe port(80), :skip do it { should not be listening } end



Update the Test for Port 80

~/apache/test/smoke/default/default_test.rb

```
# ... FIRST EXAMPLE DELETED ...
# This is an example test, replace it with your own test.
describe port(80), :skip do
  it { should not be listening }
end
```



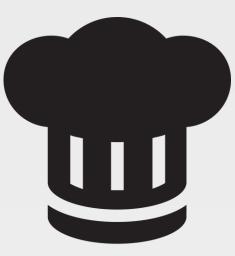
Add a Test to Validate a Working Website

~/apache/test/smoke/default/default_test.rb

```
describe port(80) do
  it { should be listening }
end
describe command('curl http://localhost') do
  its(:stdout) { should match(/Welcome Home/) }
end
```



E Build a Reliable Cookbook



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Move into the Cookbook Directory





Review the Existing Kitchen Configuration



```
> cat .kitchen.yml
driver:
  name: vagrant
provisioner:
  name: chef zero
  # You may wish to disable always updating cookbooks in CI or ...
    For example:
      always update cookbooks: <%= !ENV['CI'] %>
  always update cookbooks: true
```



The Kitchen Driver

```
driver:
 name: vagrant
provisioner:
  name: chef zero
verifier:
  name: inspec
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7.3
```

The driver is responsible for creating a machine that we'll use to test our cookbook.

Example Drivers:

- docker
- vagrant



The Kitchen Provisioner

driver:
 name: vagrant

provisioner:
 name: chef_zero

verifier:

This tells Test Kitchen how to run Chef, to apply the code in our cookbook to the machine under test.

The default and simplest approach is to use chef_zero.

veriller:

name: inspec

platforms:

- name: ubuntu-16.04

- name: centos-7.3



The Kitchen Verifier

```
driver:
  name: vagrant
provisioner:
  name: chef zero
verifier:
  name: inspec
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7.3
```

This is the framework that is used to verify the state of the system meets the expectations defined.



The Kitchen Platforms

```
driver:
  name: vagrant
provisioner:
  name: chef zero
verifier:
  name: inspec
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7
```

This is a list of platforms on which we want to apply our recipes.



The Kitchen Suites

```
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7.3
suites:
  - name: default
    run list:
      - recipe[apache::default]
    verifier:
      inspec tests:
        - test/smoke/default
    attributes:
```

This section defines what we want to test. It includes the Chef run-list of recipes that we want to test.

We define a single suite named "default".



The Kitchen Suites' Run List

```
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7.3
suites:
  - name: default
    run list:
      - recipe[apache::default]
    verifier:
      inspec tests:
        - test/smoke/default
    attributes:
```

The suite named "default" defines a run_list.

Run the "apache" cookbook's "default" recipe file.



The Kitchen Suites' Tests

```
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7.3
suites:
  - name: default
    run list:
      - recipe[apache::default]
    verifier:
      inspec tests:
        - test/smoke/default
    attributes:
```

This is the path where the InSpec tests can be found.



Remove Settings from the Kitchen Configuration

```
~/apache/.kitchen.yml
driver:
  name: vagrant
provisioner:
  name: chef zero
verifier:
  name: inspec
platforms:
  - name: ubuntu-16.04
  - name: centos-7
```



Add Settings to the Kitchen Configuration

~/apache/.kitchen.yml driver: name: docker provisioner: name: chef zero verifier: name: inspec platforms: - name: centos-6.9





Kitchen List

Kitchen defines a list of instances, or test matrix, based on the **platforms** multiplied by the **suites**.

PLATFORMS x SUITES

Running kitchen list will show that matrix.



View the Test Matrix for Test Kitchen



> kitchen list

Instance	Driver	Provisioner	Verifier	Transport	Last Action
default-centos-69	Docker	ChefZero	InSpec	Ssh	<not created=""></not>





Kitchen Create

\$ kitchen create [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]

Create one or more instances.

Create CentOS Instance





Kitchen Converge

\$ kitchen converge [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]

Create the instance (if necessary) and then apply the run list to one or more instances.

Create CentOS Instance

Install Chef



Apply the Run List





Kitchen Verify

\$ kitchen verify [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]

Create, converge, and verify one or more instances.

Create CentOS Instance

Install Chef

Apply the Run List

Execute Tests



Create the Virtual Instance



> kitchen create

```
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Creating <default-centos-69>...
                                                193 kB
      Sending build context to Docker daemon
      Sending build context to Docker daemon
      Step 0 : FROM centos:centos6
      centos6: Pulling from centos
      3690474eb5b4: Pulling fs layer
      c12ea02d7eb2: Pulling fs layer
      334af8693ca8: Verifying Checksum
      334af8693ca8: Download complete
      273aleca2d3a: Verifying Checksum
```



Inspect the Virtual Instance



> kitchen login

```
Last login: Fri Mar 23 15:48:26 2018 from 172.17.42.1
[kitchen@bc530336220c ~]$
```



Exit the Virtual Instance



[kitchen@4eae2dd9e741 ~]\$ exit

logout
Connection to localhost closed.
[chef@ip-172-31-14-170 apache]\$



Converge the Virtual Instance



> kitchen converge

```
---> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Converging <default-centos-69>...
$$$$$ Running legacy converge for 'Docker' Driver
----> Installing Chef Omnibus (install only if missing)
      Downloading https://www.chef.io/chef/install.sh to file...
       resolving cookbooks for run list: ["apache::default"]
       Finished converging <default-centos-69> (0m27.64s).
----> Kitchen is finished. (0m28.58s)
```



Execute the Tests Against the Virtual Instance



```
> kitchen verify
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Setting up <default-centos-69>...
----> Verifying <default-centos-69>...
       Use `/home/chef/apache/test/smoke/default` for testing
Target: ssh://kitchen@localhost:32768
     Port 80 should be listening (expected `Port 80.listening?...
     Command curl localhost stdout should match /Hello, world/...
```



Understanding the Failure Message

```
Target: ssh://kitchen@localhost:32768
    Port 80 should be listening (expected `Port 80.listening?` to return true, got false)
    Command curl localhost stdout should match /Welcome Home/ (expected "" to match /Welcome
    Diff:
    @@ -1,2 +1,2 @@
    -/Welcome Home/
    +""
Summary: 0 successful, 2 failures, 0 skipped
>>>>>> -----Exception-----
>>>>> Class: Kitchen::ActionFailed
>>>>> Message: 1 actions failed.
          Verify failed on instance <default-centos-69>. Please see .kitchen/logs/defau...
```



Examine Failure #1

```
# Port 80 should be listening (expected `Port 80.listening?` to return true, got false)

# Command curl localhost stdout should match /Welcome Home/ (expected "" to match /Welcome Home/

Diff:

@@ -1,2 +1,2 @@

-/Welcome Home/

#""
)

difference
```



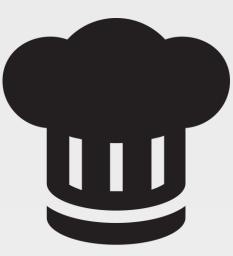
Examine the Test Summary

```
# Port 80 should be listening (expected `Port 80.listening?` to return true, got false)
# Command curl localhost stdout should match /Welcome Home/ (expected "" to match /Welcome
Home/
Diff:
    @@ -1,2 +1,2 @@
    -/Welcome Home/
    +""
    )
Summary: 0 successful, 2 failures, 0 skipped
```

A final summary contains the length of execution time with the results shows that RSpec verified 2 examples and found 2 failures.



Build a Reliable Cookbook



This time it will be different.

Objective:

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Write the Default Recipe for the Cookbook

~/apache/recipes/default.rb

```
# Cookbook Name:: apache
# Recipe:: default
# Copyright (c) 2017 The Authors, All Rights Reserved.
package 'httpd'
file '/var/www/html/index.html' do
  content '<h1>Welcome Home!</h1>'
end
service 'httpd' do
  action [:enable, :start]
end
```



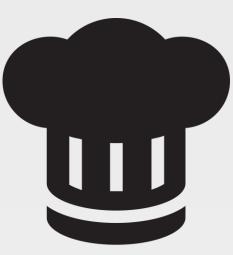
Re-Converge the Virtual Instance

> kitchen converge

```
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
      Converging 3 resources
      Recipe: apache::default
         * package[httpd] action install
           - install version 2.2.15-47.el6.centos of package httpd
         * file[/var/www/html/index.html] action create
           - . . .
         * service[httpd] action enable
           - enable service service[httpd]
         * service[httpd] action start
           - start service service[httnd]
```



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Re-Verify the Virtual Instance

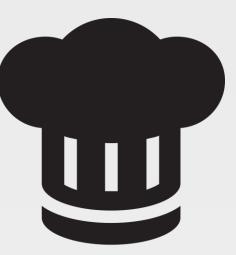


> kitchen verify

```
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Verifying <default-centos-69>...
      Use `/home/chef/apache/test/smoke/default` for testing
Target: ssh://kitchen@localhost:32768
     Port 80 should be listening
     Command curl localhost stdout should match /Welcome Home/
Summary: 2 successful, 0 failures, 0 skipped
```



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Discussion Discussion

What value is there is writing the tests before writing the recipes?

Why is it hard to write the tests before you write the recipe?



DISCUSSION DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DE

What questions can we answer for you?



Morning

Introduction
Why Write Tests? Why is that Hard?
Writing a Test First
Refactoring Cookbooks with Tests

Afternoon

Faster Feedback with Unit Testing
Testing Resources in Recipes
Refactoring to Attributes
Refactoring to Multiple Platforms



