

Given two binary strings, return their sum (also a binary string).

The input strings are both **non-empty** and contains only characters `1` or `0`.

Example 1:

Input: `a = "11", b = "1"`

Output: `"100"`

Example 2:

Input: `a = "1010", b = "1011"`

Output: `"10101"`

Constraints:

- Each string consists only of `'0'` or `'1'` characters.
- `1 <= a.length, b.length <= 10^4`
- Each string is either `"0"` or doesn't contain any leading zero.