

CSE 260 LAB ASSIGNMENT 6

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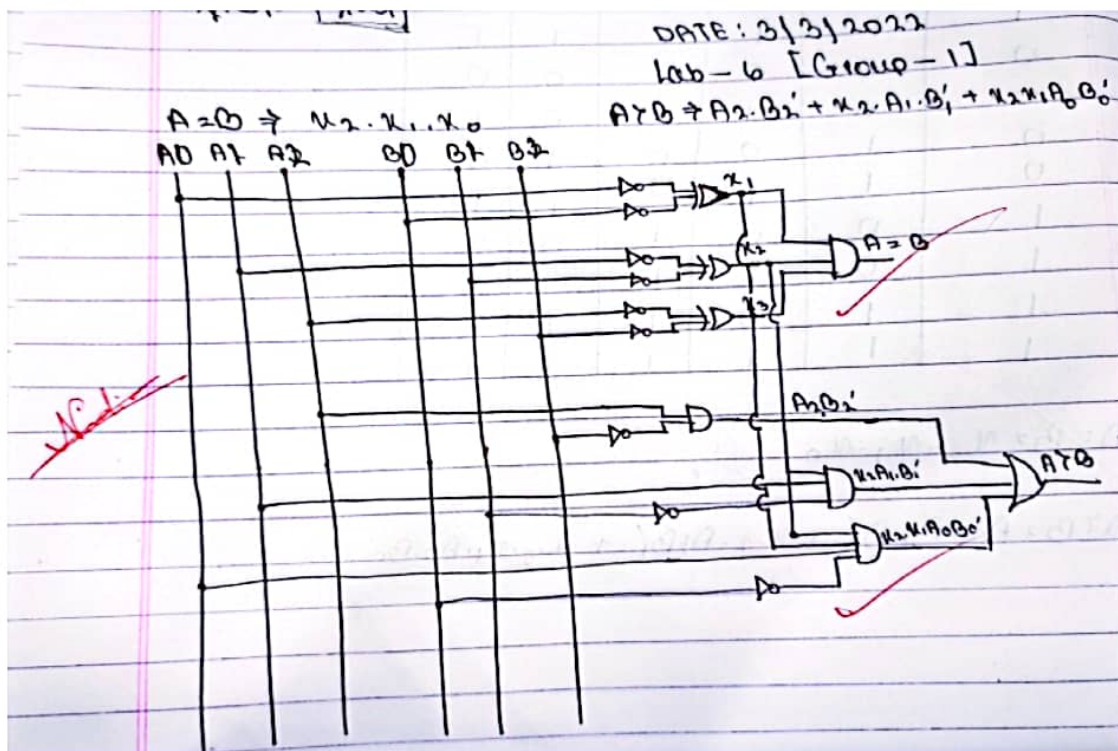
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SECTION: 06

CSE 260 LAB ASSIGNMENT 6

GROUP 1

$$A = B \Rightarrow \mu_2 \cdot \mu_1 \cdot \mu_0$$
$$A \neq B \Rightarrow A_2 \cdot B_2' + \mu_2 \cdot A_1 \cdot B_1' + \mu_2 \cdot \mu_1 \cdot A_0 \cdot B_0'$$



Lab Assignment 6

Report

(1) Name of the experiment: Implementation of 3-bit Magnitude Comparator

(2) Objective :

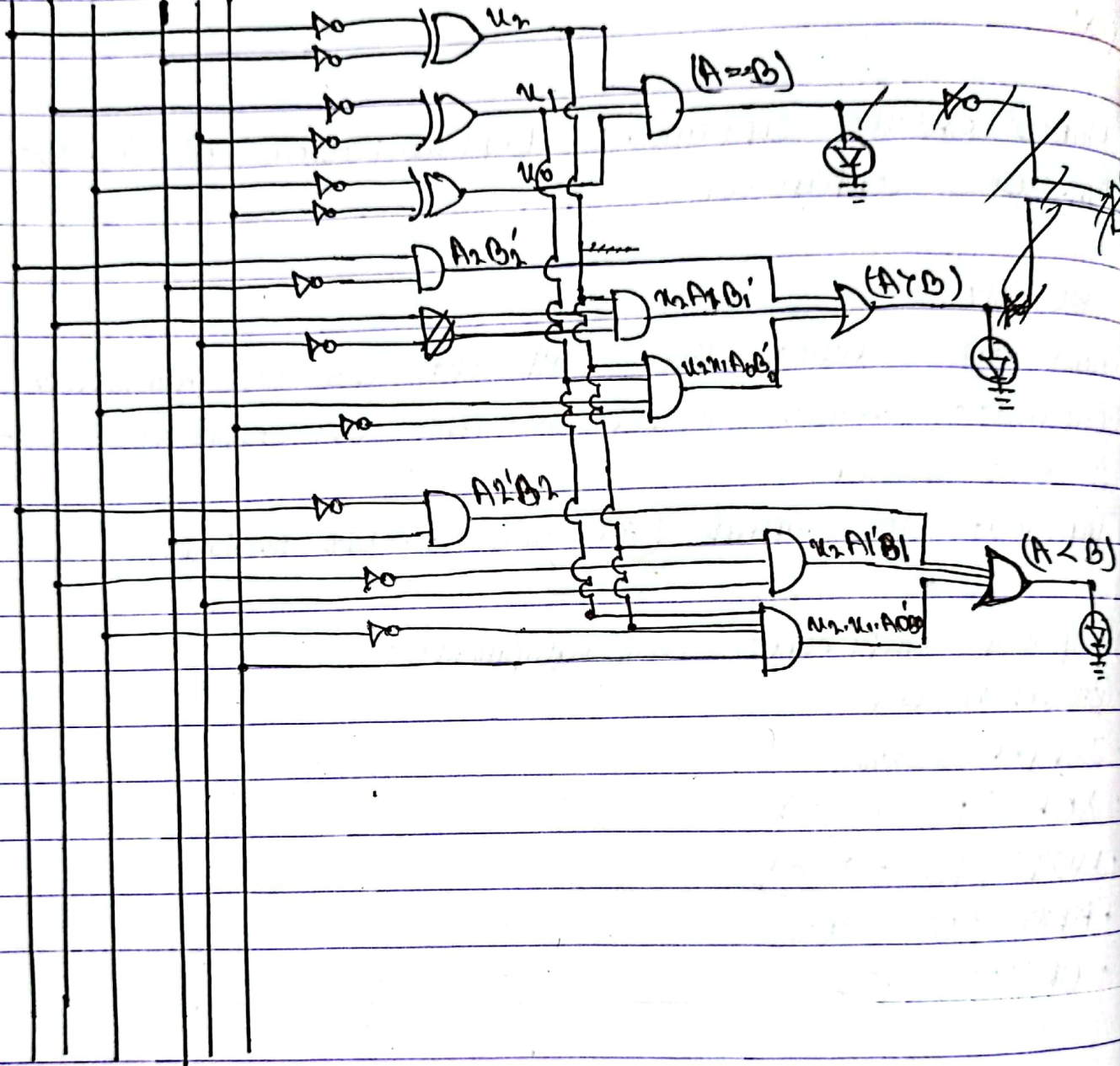
- Draw the circuit that will act as a Magnitude Comparator. Circuit should be able to compare two 3 bits numbers
- Implement the circuit (for two 3-bit numbers)

(3) Required components and equipments:

- Breadboard
- Jumper wiring
- XOR (IC 7486)
- NOT (IC 7404)
- AND (IC 7408)
- OR (IC 7432)

(4) Experimental Setup

A2 A1 A0 B2 B1 B0



(B) Results and Discussions

(a) $A = B$

When the 3 inputs for A and 3 inputs for B are equal to one another ($A_2 = B_2, A_1 = B_1, A_0 = B_0$), the LED light glows. The light glows because when $A = B = 1$ and $A = B = 0$, for these inputs, the output always is 1 in reference to the truth table for XOR.

(b) $A \geq B$

If $A_2 \geq B_2$ or $A_2 = B_2$ and $A_1 \geq B_1$ or $A_2 = B_2$ and $A_1 = B_1$ and $A_0 \geq B_0$, the light glows. For $A_2 \geq B_2$, the output is 1 and the other 2 outputs are either 1 or 0. According to the truth table for OR gate, the output is always 1 for any inputs except for all 0's. ~~As~~ This case occurs in all the above scenarios, ^{as well,} where the outputs from the AND gates which are the inputs to the OR gates, provide with either ~~1 or 0, 1, 1 or 1~~ any inputs except 000. Thus, the light glows.

(c) $A < B$

If $A_2 < B_2$ or ($A_2 = B_2$ and $A_1 < B_1$) or ($A_2 = B_2$ and $A_1 = B_1$ and $A_0 < B_0$), the light glows. For $A_2 < B_2$, the output is 0 and the other 2 outputs are either 1 or 0. According to the truth table for OR gates, the

Output is always 1 for any inputs except for all 0's. This case occurs in all the above scenarios as well, where the outputs from AND gates, which are the inputs to the OR gate, provide any inputs except 000.

- If the circuit for $A \geq B$ and $A = B$ are used connected together using a NOR gate, the output will give the result for $A < B$.