



Experiment No. -3

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Branch: CSE **Semester:** 5th

Subject Name: Machine Learning Lab

Section/Group: 20BCS_WM-703 / B **Date of Performance:** 06th Sep, 2022

Subject Code: 20CSP-317

Aim/Overview of the practical:

Implement Linear Regression.

Apparatus/Simulatorused:

- Jupyter Notebook/GoogleCollab
- Python
- Pand as Library
- Seaborn Library
- Standard Dataset







Code and Output:



In [5]: cars_data

Out[5]:

	Price	Age	KM	FuelType	HP	MetColor	Automatic	CC	Doors	Weight
0	13500	23.0	46986.0	Diesel	90.0	1.0	0	2000	three	1165
1	13750	23.0	72937.0	Diesel	90.0	1.0	0	2000	3	1165
2	13950	24.0	41711.0	Diesel	90.0	NaN	0	2000	3	1165
3	14950	26.0	48000.0	Diesel	90.0	0.0	0	2000	3	1165
4	13750	30.0	38500.0	Diesel	90.0	0.0	0	2000	3	1170
***	395	1300	8555	199	898	899	37/5	1995	385	Sett
1431	7500	NaN	20544.0	Petrol	86.0	1.0	0	1300	3	1025
1432	10845	72.0	NaN	Petrol	86.0	0.0	0	1300	3	1015
1433	8500	NaN	17016.0	Petrol	86.0	0.0	0	1300	3	1015
1434	7250	70.0	NaN	NaN	86.0	1.0	0	1300	3	1015
1435	6950	76.0	1.0	Petrol	110.0	0.0	0	1600	5	1114

1436 rows x 10 columns

In [6]: cars=cars_data.copy()

In [7]: cars.drop_duplicates(keep='first',inplace=True)

In [9]: cars

Out[9]:

	Unnamed: 0	Price	Age	KM	FuelType	HP	MetColor	Automatic	cc	Doors	Weight
0	0	13500	23.0	46986	Diesel	90	1.0	0	2000	three	1165
1	1	13750	23.0	72937	Diesel	90	1.0	0	2000	3	1165
2	2	13950	24.0	41711	Diesel	90	NaN	0	2000	3	1165
3	3	14950	26.0	48000	Diesel	90	0.0	0	2000	3	1165
4	4	13750	30.0	38500	Diesel	90	0.0	0	2000	3	1170
	5446	117	5986	5660	9210	see	i i i	589	-46	3496	222
1431	1431	7500	NaN	20544	Petrol	86	1.0	0	1300	3	1025
1432	1432	10845	72.0	??	Petrol	86	0.0	0	1300	3	1015
1433	1433	8500	NaN	17016	Petrol	86	0.0	0	1300	3	1015
1434	1434	7250	70.0	??	NaN	86	1.0	0	1300	3	1015
1435	1435	6950	76.0	1	Petrol	110	0.0	0	1600	5	1114

1436 rows x 11 columns



```
In [11]: cars_omit.isnull().sum()
Out[11]: Price
         Age
                      0
         FuelType
         HP
         MetColor
         Automatic
         CC
         Doors
         Weight
                      0
         dtype: int64
In [12]: cars_omit=pd.get_dummies(cars_omit,drop_first=True)
In [14]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
          from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
In [15]:
         # MODEL BUILDING WITH OMITTED DATA
         # Separating input and output features
         x1 = cars_omit.drop(['Price'], axis='columns', inplace=False)
          y1 = cars_omit['Price']
```



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In [16]: # Splitting data into test and train
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x1, y1, test_size=0.3, random_state = 3)
       print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape)
       (767, 15) (329, 15) (767,) (329,)
In [24]: # -----
       # LINEAR REGRESSION WITH OMITTED DATA
       # Setting intercept as true
       lgr=LinearRegression(fit_intercept=True)
In [25]: # Model
          model_lin1=lgr.fit(X_train,y_train)
In [26]: # Predicting model on test set
          cars_predictions_lin1 = lgr.predict(X_test)
In [27]: # Computing MSE and RMSE
          lin_mse1 = mean_squared_error(y_test, cars_predictions_lin1)
          lin_rmse1 = np.sqrt(lin_mse1)
          print(lin_rmse1)
          4844.550770469122
In [28]:
          # R squared value
          r2 lin test1=model lin1.score(X test,y test)
          r2_lin_train1=model_lin1.score(X_train,y_train)
          print(r2_lin_test1,r2_lin_train1)
```

-0.49794311219235876 0.9929299667779579



```
10000
             8000
             6000
             4000
             2000
                0
            -2000
            -4000
            -6000
                              5000
                                     10000
                                             15000
                                                     20000
In [30]: # ==========
         # MODEL BUILDING WITH IMPUTED DATA
         cars_imputed = cars.apply(lambda x:x.fillna(x.median()) \
                           if x.dtype=='float' else \
                           x.fillna(x.value counts().index[0]))
         cars_imputed.isnull().sum()
```

```
In [29]: # Regression diagnostics- Residual plot analysis
         residuals1=y_test-cars_predictions_lin1
         sns.regplot(x=cars_predictions_lin1, y=residuals1, scatter=True,
                     fit reg=False)
         residuals1.describe()
Out[29]: count
                   334.000000
         mean
                 4293.567433
         std
                  2247.236266
         min
                 -5747.588323
         25%
                 3470.908983
         50%
                  4638.141910
         75%
                  5645.491231
         max
                  9747.071200
         Name: Price, dtype: float64
```







```
In [31]: # Converting categorical variables to dummy variables
        cars imputed=pd.get dummies(cars imputed,drop first=True)
In [33]:
        # MODEL BUILDING WITH IMPUTED DATA
        # Separating input and output feature
        x2 = cars imputed.drop(['Price'], axis='columns', inplace=False)
        y2 = cars imputed['Price']
In [34]:
        # Plotting the variable price
        prices = pd.DataFrame({"1. Before":y2, "2. After":np.log(y2)})
        prices.hist()
    In [36]:
            # LINEAR REGRESSION WITH IMPUTED DATA
              # Setting intercept as true
            lgr2=LinearRegression(fit intercept=True)
    In [37]: # Model
            model_lin2=lgr2.fit(X_train1,y_train1)
    In [38]: # Predicting model on test set
            cars_predictions_lin2 = lgr2.predict(X_test1)
    In [39]: # Computing MSE and RMSE
            lin_mse2 = mean_squared_error(y_test1, cars_predictions_lin2)
            lin_rmse2 = np.sqrt(lin_mse2)
            print(lin rmse2)
            1946.4094207402252
```

In [40]:	<pre># R squared value r2_lin_test2=model_lin2.score(X_test1,y_test1) r2_lin_train2=model_lin2.score(X_train1,y_train1) print(r2_lin_test2,r2_lin_train2)</pre>						
	0.7155594432226939 0.9833549973827853						
In [43]:	# Final output						
	print("Metrics for models built from data where missing values were omitted") print("R squared value for train from Linear Regression= %s"% r2_lin_train1) print("R squared value for test from Linear Regression= %s"% r2_lin_test1) print("RMSE value for test from Linear Regression= %s"% lin_rmse1) print("Metrics for models built from data where missing values were imputed") print("R squared value for train from Linear Regression= %s"% r2_lin_train2) print("R squared value for test from Linear Regression= %s"% r2_lin_test2) print("RMSE value for test from Linear Regression= %s"% lin_rmse2)						
	Metrics for models built from data where missing values were omitted R squared value for train from Linear Regression= 0.9929299667779579 R squared value for test from Linear Regression= -0.49794311219235876 RMSE value for test from Linear Regression= 4844.550770469122 Metrics for models built from data where missing values were imputed R squared value for train from Linear Regression= 0.9833549973827853 R squared value for test from Linear Regression= 0.7155594432226939 RMSE value for test from Linear Regression= 1946.4094207402252						

Evaluation Grid(To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			

