



Experiment – 6

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Semester: 5 Section: 703/B

Subject: Web and Mobile Security LAB Subject Code: 20CSP-338

Aim: Perform Penetration testing on a web application to gather

Information about the system (Foot Printing).

Objective: To perform penetration testing and foot printing on any

Web Application

Software/Hardware Requirements: Kali Linux, D-tech tools or any pen Testing tools and any platform using Python 2.7 Tools to be used:

- 1. D-Tech
- 2. NMAP
- 3. Metasploit
- 4. Wire Shark

Introduction: Web application penetration testing is the practice of simulating attacks on a system in an attempt to gain access to sensitive data, with the purpose of determining whether a system is secure.

Description:

D-TECT is an All-In-One Tool for Penetration Testing. This is specially programmed for Penetration Testers and Security Researchers to make their job easier, instead of launching different tools for performing different task Steps/Method/Coding:

- 1.Install kali Linux virtual machine and D-tech tools Open Terminal.
- 2.:~\$ git clone https://github.com/bibortone/D-Tech.git

:~\$ 1s

Check that D-tech tool is available on your system





- 3.:∼\$ cd D-tech and press Enter
- 4.:~/D-Tech\$ ls
- 5:~/D-Tech\$ python d-tech.py(run the tools)

Get menu after run the tools

- 1. Word press username enumerator
- 2. Sensitive file detector
- 3. Cross-Site Scripting [XSS] Scanner:
- 4. SQL Injection [SQLI] Scanner:
- 5. Sub-domain Scanner:
- 6. Same Site Scripting detection:
- 7. Port scanner
- 8. Word press scanner

Step 6- [+] select any option from menu

- >Enter 4 next
- [+] enter domain

Demo.testfire.net

- [+] checking Status.....
- [] Not vulnerable
- [+]exit or launch again?(e/a) **Output**

screenshot:





```
File Actions Edit View Help

meh@kali;-$ git clone https://github.com/bibortone/D-Tech.git
fatal: destination path 'D-Tech' already exists and is not an empty direct
ory.
meh@kali:-$ ls
Desktop Downloads Music Public Videos
Documents D-Tech Pictures Templates
meh@kali:-$ cd D-Tech
meh@kali:-$ moduleBS.pyc Screenshots
d-tect.py moduleBS.py README.md
meh@kali:-/D-Tech$
meh@kali:-/D-Tech$
meh@kali:-/D-Tech$
meh@kali:-/D-Tech$
python d-tect.py
```





```
meh@kali: -/D-Tech
File Actions Edit View Help
        Sub-Domain Scanner
  3.
        Port Scanner
  5.
        Wordpress Scanner
        Cross-Site Scripting [ XSS ] Scanner
  6.
  7.
        Wordpress Backup Grabber
        SQL Injection [ SQLI ] Scanner
  8.
[+] Select Option
   > 3
[+] Enter Domain
    e.g, site.com
    > yahoo.com
[+] Checking Status ...
[i] Site is up!
[+] Target Info:
  URL: http://yahoo.com
  IP: 74.6.143.26
[+] Checking if any Cloudflare is blocking access...
[+] Checking Redirection
[i] Host redirects to https://in.yahoo.com/?p≈us
    Set this as default Host? [Y/N]:
    > Y
```





```
File Actions Edit View Help

[+] Target Info:

URL: http://demo.testfire.net

IP: 65.61.137.117

[+] Checking if any Cloudflare is blocking access...

[+] Checking Redirection

[+] URL isn't redirecting

[+] Interesting Headers Found:

| server : Apache-Coyote/1.1

[i] Information from Headers:

| Server : Apache-Coyote/1.1

[!] X-Frame-Options header Missing

[!] Page might be vulnerable to Click Jacking

[!] http://demo.testfire.net

[i] About ClickJacking: [ https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking ]

[+] [ SQLI ] Scanner Started...

[!] Not Vulnerable

[+] [ E]xit or launch [A]gain? (e/a)a
```

```
File Actions Edit View Help
 Server : ATS
[+] Subdomain Scanner Start!
[+] Progress 1 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
   Subdomain: mail.yahoo.com
   Nameserver: edge.gycpi.b.yahoodns.net
   IP: 106.10.236.37
[+] Progress 3 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
  Subdomain: blog.yahoo.com
   Nameserver: src.g03.yahoodns.net
  IP: 106.10.248.150
[+] Progress 4 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
   Subdomain: forum.yahoo.com
   Nameserver: src.g03.yahoodns.net
  IP: 106.10.248.150
[+] Progress 15 / 1904 ...
```





Learning Outcomes:

Finally, as a penetration tester, you should collect and log all vulnerabilities in the system.

Don't ignore any scenario considering that it won't be executed by the end-users. If you are a penetration tester, please help our readers with your experience, tips, and sample test cases on how to perform Penetration Testing effectively.