

OCTOBER 2020: IN SEMESTER ASSESSMENT B Tech 5 SEMESTER

TEST – 1

UE18CS306B (2 credit subject) - Python Application Programming

Time: 1 Hr	Answer All Questions	Max Marks: 30
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1.	a)	<p>A Movie Theatre has a loyalty program that notifies all its patrons every time a new movie is released. Using the appropriate design pattern, write a program that emulates this scenario.</p> <p>We use the Observer pattern for this instance:</p> <pre> class Theatre: def __init__(self): self._listOfUsers = [] self.moviename = None def register(self, userObj): if userObj not in self._listOfUsers: self._listOfUsers.append(userObj) def unregister(self, userObj): self._listOfUsers.remove(userObj) def notifyAll(self): for objects in self._listOfUsers: objects.notify(self.moviename) #event handler def Newmovie(self, moviename): # User writes a movie. self.moviename = moviename # When submits the movie is published and notification is sent to all self.notifyAll() class Subscriber: def __init__(self): pass def notify(self): #OVERRIDE pass class User1(Subscriber): def notify(self,moviename): print ('User1 notified of a new movie: ',moviename)#banner class User2(Subscriber): def notify(self,moviename): print ('User2 notified of a new movie: ',moviename) </pre>	8
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		<pre> #client interaction if __name__ == "__main__": Theatre = Theatre() user1 = User1() user2 = User2() #subscription Theatre.register(user1) Theatre.register(user2) #event:new movie : published to all subscribers Theatre.Newmovie("Avengers : Infinity War") Theatre.unregister(user2) print() Theatre.Newmovie("Avengers : The End Game") </pre>	
	b)	<p>What is the output of the following code snippet?</p> <pre> def test(a, b = 0, c = 1): x = b while x<a: yield x x += c print(list(test(3))) </pre> <p>[0,1,2]</p>	2
2.	a)	<p>Create an email and password validation program that checks for the following criterion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Email can have any number of : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. lowercase letters, b. dots (.) and c. numbers d. with a 'gmail.com' extension [a-z]+\.[a-z0-9]*@gmail.com ii) The password must fulfill the following criterion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Must contain at least 1 Uppercase Letter [A-Z]+ b. Must contain at least 1 Lowercase letter [a-z]+ c. Must contain at least 1 Number [0-9]+ d. Must contain at least 1 Special character from the set [@ _ \$] 	10 4+4
3.	a)	<p>Write the output of the following code:</p> <pre> import threading, os, random, time lock = threading.Lock() def i_am_thread1(n): print('I am',threading.current_thread().name) lock.acquire() while(n): print(random.choice(range(0,10,2))) n-=1 lock.release() def i_am_thread2(n): print('I am',threading.current_thread().name) lock.acquire() while(n): print(random.choice(range(1,10,2))) n-=1 lock.release() if __name__ == '__main__': </pre>	4

	<pre> th1 = threading.Thread(target = i_am_thread1 , args = (2,),name = 'groot') th2 = threading.Thread(target = i_am_thread2 , args = (3,),name = 'rocket') th1.start() th2.start() th1.join() th2.join() print("Current thread count",threading.active_count())\ I am groot *2 even numbers I am rocket *3 odd numbers </pre>	
b)	<p>With a program, illustrate the Producer-Consumer Problem and how it can be avoided.</p> <pre> from threading import Thread, Lock, Condition from time import sleep import random buffer = [] #lock = Lock() condition = Condition() class ProducerThread(Thread):#start,run,join def run(self): nums = range(5)#0,1,2,3,4 global buffer while True: num = random.choice(nums)#selects a number at random from nums condition.acquire()#lock.acquire() buffer.append(num) print("Producer: Value Produced: ",num) condition.notify()#notification signal : it does not release the lock condition.release()#lock.release() sleep(random.random()) class ConsumerThread(Thread):#start,run,join def run(self): global buffer while True: condition.acquire()#lock.acquire() if not buffer: print("Consumer: Empty Buffer, consumer waits") condition.wait()#suspended at this line:until it receives the notification print("Consumer: Producer added a value and notified the consumer") num = buffer.pop(0) print("\t\t\tConsumer: value consumed: ",num) condition.release()#lock.release() sleep(random.random()) ProducerThread().start()#=> run() ConsumerThread().start() </pre>	6

