## PES University, Bengaluru (Established under Karnataka Act No. 16 of 2013)

**UE18CS312** 

### **NOVEMBER 2020: IN SEMESTER ASSESSMENT B Tech FIFTH SEMESTER TEST - 2**

# UE18CS312 (4 credit subject) - Data Analytics Scheme and Solutions

	Time: 90 M	inutes	An	swer All Qu	estions	Max	Marks: 40	
a)	Suggest the briefly explain (i) Mrs. Pa complex busines: (ii) One of recomm following (iii) appl 2 marks each (i) Cont following (iii) Know (iii) Know (iii) Know (iiii) Lamark following (iiii) Know (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	most appropring the reason in the reason in tell has started and wants in the first feather than the teams In the reason in the reason areas in the reason areas in the cold start' scewledge based (conversational matches from ike or a constraint)	riate recomment is most apped a new home to know where weeks. It companies appecialization they are keep to apartment commender apartment contains and style or contains they are seen all style or contains and style or contains the backend to based systematics.	nender syste propriate. ne-kitchen ca nat items sh shes to deve s with intern n domain ( n on (iv) other nmender system system (coll complex like) der system drop down in l) because si	em for each of the atering business for each of the atering business for each of the atering business for the shall be atering business for the shall be atering to a state of the atering to a state of	or those in he e/ advertise the class prostudents, ba languages such as musically are not available to the most vically know what they	cenarios and er apartment to get good ject that will sed on the they know c, art, etc.).  The of cuisine allable in this gation-based appropriate what they are do not want	4 (2+
ļ			worded for a	any other one	tions bosed on th	a atropath of	the retionals	
b)	Partial/ full cr presented. Use Manhatt	redit may be a	o determine v	whether Krea	tions based on th			3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented. Use Manhatt	redit may be a can distance to and (ii) 3-NN fr	o determine vom the follov	whether Kreaving data:	acher is given a f			3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented. Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a	redit may be a	o determine v	whether Krea		ree meal at th		3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented. Use Manhatt	tan distance to and (ii) 3-NN fr	o determine vom the follow	whether Kreaving data:	acher is given a f	ree meal at th		3
b)	Partial/ full or presented.  Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a	can distance to and (ii) 3-NN fr	o determine vom the follow  Grumpy  0	whether Kreaving data:  Clean 0	Gluttonous	Free meal		3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented.  Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a  Dobby  Winky	can distance to the can di	Grumpy 0 0	whether Kreaving data:  Clean 0 1	Gluttonous  1 1	Free meal  1 0		3
b)	Partial/ full or presented.  Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a  Dobby  Winky  Bogrod	can distance to and (ii) 3-NN from Can cook	Grumpy 0 0 0 0 0	whether Kreaving data:  Clean 0 1	Gluttonous  1 1 0	Free meal 1 0 1		3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented.  Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a  Dobby  Winky  Bogrod  Alguff  Kreacher  Solution: (1 n Distance(Dob Distance(Wir Distance(Bog Distance(Alg	can distance to and (ii) 3-NN from Can cook	Grumpy  O 0  O 1  1  1  Occe computation  O = 3 (Doby = 2 (Winky))  The computation  O = 2 (Alguff = 2	whether Kreaving data:  Clean  0  1  1  1  tion) = free meal) = no free meadod = free meadod = free meadod	Gluttonous 1 1 0 1 0	Free meal  1  0  1  0		3
b)	Partial/ full cr presented.  Use Manhatt on (i) 1-NN a  Dobby  Winky  Bogrod  Alguff  Kreacher  Solution: (1 n Distance(Dob Distance(Wir Distance(Bog Distance(Alg  1 mark: 1-NN	can distance to and (ii) 3-NN from Can cook  1 1 1 0 1 mark for distance to the cook of th	Grumpy  O 0  O 1  Ince computation  O = 2 (Winky r) = 1 (Bogro = 2 (Alguff = 1)	whether Kreaving data:  Clean  0  1  1  1  tion) = free meal) = no free meadod = free meadod = free meadod	Gluttonous 1 1 0 1 0	Free meal  1  0  1  0		3

Does not drink hot chocolate  $\rightarrow$  Does not drink cold coffee

#### Solution:

(1 mark) support count(Coffee and Cocoa) = 50, support count(only cold coffee) = 100, support count(only cocoa) = 750, support count (neither cold coffee nor hot chocolate = 100
 (1 mark) support (do not drink hot chocolate → do not drink cold coffee) = 100/1000 = 0.1
 (1 mark) confidence(do not drink hot chocolate → do not drink cold coffee) = 100/200 = 0.5

Full credit can be given if support and confidence and computed correctly, even if the partial computation of support counts is not explicitly shown or shown in the form of a contingency matrix.

- 2. a) Given the following ratings (on a scale of 1-5, where 1 is the worst and 5 is the best) for various movies, answer the following questions:
  - (i) Which two individuals' ratings would you consider to predict Snoopy's rating for the movie Avengers based on collaborative filtering?
  - (ii) Compute the rating Snoopy is likely to give the Avengers using collaborative filtering.

	Harry Potter	Lord of the Rings	Avengers	Black Panther
Charlie Brown	3	4	5	NA
Snoopy	5	4	?	5
Pattie	2	NA	NA	5
Marcy	2	3	4	NA

(Hint: You may use the following proximity measure: cosine\_similarity( $\mathbf{a}$ , $\mathbf{b}$ ) = ( $\mathbf{a}$ <sup>T</sup> $\mathbf{b}$ )/( $||\mathbf{a}||$ .|| $\mathbf{b}||$ ))

#### Solution:

- (i) (1 mark) Charlie Brown and Marcy since both of watched and rated two movies in common with Snoopy and have also watched and rated the Avengers.
- (ii) (1 mark) similarity between Snoopy and Charlie Brown = 31/(5\*6.4) = 0.96875 (**note:** here, we take into consideration only HP and LotR for computation of similarity since they are the common movies watched and rated by Charlie Brown and Snoopy) (1 mark) similarity between Snoopy and Marcy = 22/(6.4\*3.6056) = 0.9534
- (1 mark) computing the average rating: (5\*0.96875 + 4\*0.9534)/(0.96875+0.9534) = 4.5 (can be rounded up to 5 and still get credit)
- b) With a schematic diagram, briefly explain how the following points are labeled in an iteration of DBSCAN:
  - (i) Core point
  - (ii) Noise point

#### Solution:

(1 mark) - A point with minPts or more points within eps distance of it is called a core point

(1 mark) – A point that is within eps of a core point but does not have minPts or more points within eps radius from it is called a border point; a point that is neither core nor border is called a noise point

(1 mark) - schematic diagram of core point and noise point

c) The word 'delicious' appears three times in a food review of a total of 100 words. Assuming there are a 1000 reviews in all and 'delicious' is found in 100 of them, briefly explain the feature "TF-IDF" and compute its value for the word 'delicious' for this data.

#### Solution:

1 mark: Term frequency (TF) is the number of times a word appears in a document

1 mark: Inverse document frequency (IDF) is the inverse of the number of documents in which the word appears out of all the documents there are

TF-IDF is the product of the two.

1 mark: (3/100)\*(1000/100) = 0.3

OR if  $log_{10}$  is used for IDF (3/100)\*1 = 0.03

Any other variation of the formula can be given credit based on how reasonable it is.

3

4

3

3.	a)	Briefly explain any two challenges posed by sparse data and any two ways of dealing with (storing, processing, etc.) sparse data.	4 (2+2)
		Solution (1 mark each):	
		challenges – (i) storage (most of the entries are zero's)	
		<ul> <li>(ii) processing (most of the entries are zero's, so most similarity measures like SMC may be overwhelmed by how many common entries there are, masking the real similarity)</li> </ul>	
		Two ways to deal with sparse data to overcome the challenges  (i) Nonzero values can be stored with row major or column major indices	
		(ii) Similarity measures like Jaccard can be used instead of SMC to give more	
	b)	importance to presence, rather than absence of values	2
	b)	In the scenarios given below, identify whether the omitted third variable is confounding or not (briefly justify your answer).	3
		(i) Variable 1: revenue from a course on deep learning,	
		Variable 2: no. of promotion mails sent about the course, Variable 3: gender of the registrants	
		(ii) Variable 1: revenue from a course on fitness and self-defense Variable 2: no. of promotion mails sent about the course, Variable 3: gender of the registrants	
		Solution (open ended, based on the strength of the justification)	
		1.5 marks each – possible answer choices could be:	
		Scenario (i) not a confounding variable – both male and female students would be interested in learning deep learning (alternatively, is a confounding variable because there is a higher concentration of male students in STEM courses and they are more likely to sign up for this)	
		Scenario (ii) is a confounding variable – female students are more fitness-aware or would sign up for a self-defense course whereas male students are either not into fitness or would rather sign up for a weight training or training for a specific sport (alternatively, is not a confounding variable since both genders are aware of fitness and would want to learn self-defense)	
	c)	If the market share for the current month between StarSports and ESPN is $\mathbf{u}_0$ =[0.4 0.6], what would the market share be <b>after two months</b> if it is known that 30% of those who watch StarSports will switch to ESPN every month and 20% of those who watch ESPN will switch to StartSports every month. Write the transition probability matrix <b>P</b> clearly. [Hint: you can use use $\mathbf{u}_2 = \mathbf{u}_1 \mathbf{P} = ((\mathbf{u}_0 \mathbf{P}) \mathbf{P})$ to compute the state of $\mathbf{u}$ after 2 months.]	3
		Solution (1 mark): P = 0.7 0.3	
		0.2 0.8	
		After one month: $\mathbf{u}_1 = \mathbf{uP} = 0.4*0.7 + 0.6*0.2$ = 0.3*0.4+0.8*0.6 = 0.28+0.12 0.12+0.48 = [0.4 0.6]	
		Therefore, $\mathbf{u}_2 = \mathbf{u}_1 \mathbf{P} = [0.4 \ 0.6] \ (2 \ \text{marks})$	
4.	a)	TagE is a food manufacturining company that plans on increasing its price for the most popular noodles by Rs. 10 and increasing the net weight from 70g to 100g. As a consultant Data Analyst suggest:	4 (2+2)
		<ul><li>(i) any two performance indicators that can be used to measure the impact of this change</li><li>(ii) how would you design an A/B test to help TagE get some feedback on this proposal before they implement the change in all their manufacturing plants?</li></ul>	
		Solution (2 marks each) open ended; possible answers could be:  (i) 2 performance indicators: total #packets sold, total revenue from sales (compared	
		with previous number of packets sold and previous revenue from sales)  (ii) Identify different regions based on sale figures; in every local region, for about half the locations introduce the change, the other half serves as a control group. Use the two groups to track the difference for the same period of time with all other conditions being the same	

Given the state transition probability matrix P below, identify the absorbing states and write P 3 in the Canonical form. Also compute the Fundamental matrix F of P. (Hint:  $\mathbf{F} = (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{Q})^{-1}$ , where I is the identity matrix and  $\mathbf{Q}$  is the matrix of probabilities of transitions between non-absorbing states) Α В С D P = 0 0.3 0.3 0.4 0 1 0 0 В С 0 0 1 0 D 0.8 0.1 0.1 0 Solution: (1 mark) B and C are absorbing states (1 mark) The canonical form is В C D 1 0 В 0 0 C 0 1 0 0 Α 0.3 0.3 0 0.4 D 0.1 0.1 8.0 0 (1 mark) F = inverse(I-Q) = inverse of the following matrix -0.4 1 8.0-1.47 0.59 1.18 1.47 (Full credit can be given even if the solution stops at the penultimate step.) In the context of evaluating recommender systems, briefly explain what each of the following c) 3 mean: (i) Coverage (ii) Novelty (iii) Diversity Solution (1 mark each) (i) Novelty - how likely is a user to get a recommendation they did not expect (ii) Coverage - (any one) the fraction of users for whom at least k ratings can be

predicted or the fraction of items for which the ratings of at least k users can be predicted or the fraction of items that are recommended to at least one user

(iii) Diversity – if k predictions are made, they must not all be of the same type (i.e., if 3 movies are recommended, then at least one must be from a different genre)