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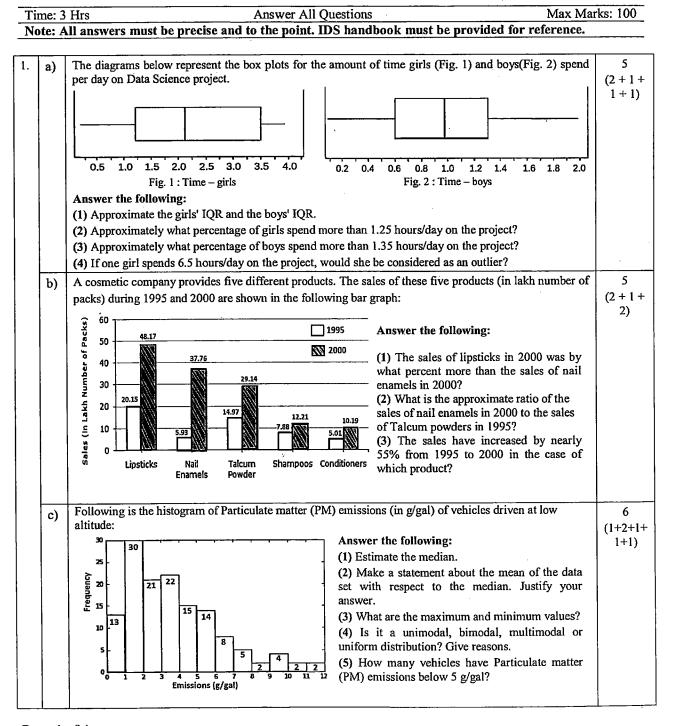
PES University, Bangalore

(Established under Karnataka Act No. 16 of 2013)

UE15CS203

END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT (ESA) B.TECH. III SEMESTER-Dec. 2016

UE15CS203 – Introduction to Data Science



						SRN						
	d)	The number	of students in	a class who	have answered corre	ectly, wrongly, or	not atte	mpted each	question	4	百	
	-	The number of students in a class who have answered correctly, wrongly, or not attempted each question in an exam, are listed in the table below. The marks for each question are also listed. There is no negative										
		or partial marking.										
			Q. No.	Marks	Correctly answered		gly No		_			
			1	2	21	17		6	4		Ì	
			2	3	15	27		<u>2</u> 4	1			
			3	2	11 23	18		3	-			
		•	5	5	31	12		1	1		İ	
		What is the			ined by the class in th				J		ļ	
		TT HAL IS LIFE	avorage or are	marko oota			•					
												
2.	a)	(1) Suppose you were told that scores on an examination were normally distributed with a mean								5		
		range of 800, and a standard deviation of 100. A student with a score of 600 has performed								(3+2))	
		what percent of the students taking the test?										
	(2) A shidest with a 7 Spare of 200 has newformed below approximately what now							nt of the stu	dents		i	
		(2) A student with a Z-Score of -2.00 has performed below approximately what percent of the students taking the test?										
	b)	(1) A group of college students are making prank calls. They are dialing numbers randomly and the								5		
		probability that someone answers the phone on any given call is 0.6. If they make ten calls, what is the								(2+1-	+	
		probability that exactly seven people will answer the call?								2)		
		(2) A telephone operator receives calls at a rate of 0.3 per minute. Let X denote the number of calls										
		received in a given 3-minute period. (a) The distribution of the random variable X is (choose one)										
		(i) Binomial (ii) Hypergeometric (iii) Negative binomial (iv) Poisson										
		(b) Find the probability that exactly 1 call arrives in a given 3-minute period.										
	c)								arrive is	6 (2+4)	、 l	
		uniformly distributed on the interval (0, 15).								(2 + 4)	'	
		(1) Find the	e probability tl	hat the waiti	ng time is between 5	and 11 minutes.						
		(1) Find the probability that the waiting time is between 5 and 11 minutes.										
ł		(2) Suppose that waiting times on different mornings are independent. What is the probability that the										
		waiting time is less than 5 minutes on exactly 4 of 10 mornings?										
		A fair six-sided die is tossed. You win Rs.20 if the result is a "1," you win Rs.10 if the result is a "1,"							"ć" h	4		
	d)	A fair six-si	ided die is toss	ed. You wit	1 KS. 20 II the result is	a i, you win k	cs. IU II u	ne result is a	i o, bui	(1+2-	4	
		otherwise ye	ou lose Rs. IV.	Let A Tepre	sent the amount won	OI IOSL.				1)	•	
		(1) Is X a di	iscrete random	variable or	continuous random v	ariable?				~		
			own the probab									
		(3) Find E(2		•								
<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>							<u>.</u>			
<u>_</u>	l ->	Tot V	V L	dom verial	les such that, for each	i=lton V - C	eom(n)	Find the M	Eofn	4		
3.	a)	Let Λ_1, Λ_2 ,	An de n ran	idom variad	ies such mat, tot each	1 → 1 10 11, A _i ~ U	com(p).	THE RICHARD	or p.	7		
	1.5	(1) 7	donta d-:	a a statistis	project in which they	dron tou namach.	ıtina cal	diere off a b	uilding	6		
	b)									(2+2	+	
		and try to get them to land in a hula-hoop target. They count the number of soldiers that succeed and the										
			drops total. In a report analyzing their data, they write the following:									
		"We constructed a 95% confidence interval estimate of the proportion of jumps in which the soldier lain the target, and we got [0.50, 0.81]. We can be 95% confident that the soldiers land in the target between 50% and 81% of the time. Because the army desires an estimate with greater precision than the										
1												
1												
	1	(a narrower confidence interval) we would like to repeat the study with a larger sample size, or repeat										
			tions with a hi		ence level."							
1	1	Is there ar	ny error in the	e report?						<u> </u>		

		SRN										
		 (2) Answer the following: a) Is it appropriate to use Student's t distribution to find Confidence Interval of mean for the following data: 10, 12, 5, 7, 9, 6. Justify your answer. b) Make necessary changes in above data if required and write python code to find mean, SD and confidence interval for the mean of the data using t table. [Max no of lines in the code: 6] 										
	c)	 Based on a large sample of 100 capacitors of a certain type, a 95% confidence interval for the mean capacitance, in μF, was computed to be (0.213, 0.241). (1) Find a 90% confidence interval for the mean capacitance of this type of capacitor. 	6 (3 + 3)									
		(2) How large a sample is needed so that a 95% confidence interval will specify the mean to within ±0.01?										
	d)	An article reports that out of 10,500 surgeries, 850 resulted in complications within six months of surgery. A surgeon claims that the rate of complications is less than 8.5%. With what level of confidence can this claim be made?										
4.	a)	The manager at Orion mall Hypercity Store assumes the Store's employees are honest. However, the have been many shortages from the cash register lately. There is only one employee who could have taken money during these periods. Realizing that the shortages might have resulted from the employer inadvertently giving incorrect change to customers, the employer does not know whether to forget the situation or accuse the employee of theft.										
		 (1) In words, what are the null and alternative hypotheses? Explain. (2) What constitutes a Type I error in this problem? (3) What constitutes a Type II error in this problem? (4) Which do you think is more serious in this problem— Type I or Type II? Explain. 										
	b)	A reading coordinator in a large public school system suspects that poor readers may test lower in IQ than children whose reading is satisfactory. He draws a random sample of 30 fifth grade students who are poor readers. Historically fifth grade students in the school system have had an average IQ of 105. The sample of 30 has mean 101.5 and standard deviation 1.42. Test the appropriate hypothesis at the 2% level.	4									
• .	c)	Use Mann-Whitney test to solve the following: A new post-surgical treatment is being compared with a standard treatment. Seven subjects receive the new treatment, while seven others (the controls) receive the standard treatment. The recovery times, in days, are as follows: Treatment (X): 12 13 15 19 20 21 27 Control (Y): 18 23 24 30 32 35 40 Can you conclude that the mean rate differs between the treatment and control? [State null and alternate hypotheses]	5									
	d)	Write pseudocode or Python code assuming a certain number of equal width intervals, N, to check whether the given data in file "height.csv" is sampled from a normal population, using Chi square goodness-of-fit test. [State appropriate null and alternate hypotheses]	5									
5.	a)	Answer the following: (1) A researcher carefully computes the correlation coefficient between two variables and gets r = 1.12. What does this value mean?	5 (1+1+ 1+2)									

