

Question 1:

```
list=["Apple","Mango","Banana","Orange","Grapes"]
print(list[0])
print(list[-1])
print(list[1:-1])
```

Question 2:

```
dictionary = {'Alice': 21, 'Bob': 22, 'Charlie': 20, 'David': 23, 'Eve':
19, 'Frank': 24}
print(dictionary['Charlie'])
# Add new entry
dictionary["Jack"] = 67
print(dictionary)
```

Question 3:

```
def cal(lst):
    freq = {}
    for item in lst:
        freq[item] = freq.get(item, 0) + 1

    print("Repetitive elements are:")
    for key, value in freq.items():
        if value > 1:
            print(key)

# Example list
lst = [1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 7, 5, 5]
cal(lst)
```

Question 4:

```
def group(lst, size):  
    result = []  
    for i in range(0, len(lst), size):  
        result.append(lst[i:i + size])  
    return result  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]  
print(group(numbers, 3))
```

Question 5:

```
def lensort(strings):  
    n = len(strings)  
    for i in range(n):  
        for j in range(0, n - i - 1):  
            if len(strings[j]) > len(strings[j + 1]):  
                strings[j], strings[j + 1] = strings[j + 1], strings[j]  
    return strings  
  
words = ["apple", "pie", "banana", "kiwi", "orange"]  
print(lensort(words))
```

Question 6:

```
def extsort(files):  
  
    for i in range(len(files)):  
        for j in range(i + 1, len(files)):  
            ext_i = files[i].split('.')[-1] if '.' in files[i] else ''  
            ext_j = files[j].split('.')[-1] if '.' in files[j] else ''  
            if ext_i > ext_j:  
                files[i], files[j] = files[j], files[i]  
    return files  
  
filenames = ["report.doc", "data.csv", "image.png", "notes.txt",  
"archive.zip", "script.py"]  
print(extsort(filenames))
```

Question 7:

```
def write_table(file_name, num):  
    file = open(file_name, 'w')  
    for i in range(1, 11):  
        line = str(num) + " x " + str(i) + " = " + str(num * i) + "\n"  
        file.write(line)  
    file.close()  
  
# Example usage  
write_table("table.txt", 556)
```

Question 8:

```
file = open("text.txt", 'r', encoding='utf-8')  
contents = file.read()  
contents = ''.join(reversed(contents))  
print(contents)
```

Question 9:

```
with open('text.txt', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
    for line in file:
        print(line.rstrip()[::-1])
```

Question 10:

```
import sys
import textwrap

def wrap_lines(filename, width):
    try:
        with open(filename, 'r') as file:
            for line in file:
                # Remove trailing newline and wrap line
                wrapped = textwrap.wrap(line.rstrip(), width)
                for wrapped_line in wrapped:
                    print(wrapped_line)
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print(f"Error: File '{filename}' not found.")
    except ValueError:
        print("Error: Width must be a valid integer.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    if len(sys.argv) != 3:
        print("Usage: python wrap.py <filename> <width>")
    else:
        filename = sys.argv[1]
        try:
            width = int(sys.argv[2])
            wrap_lines(filename, width)
        except ValueError:
            print("Error: Width must be an integer.")
```

Question 11:

```
def square(n):  
    return n * n  
  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]  
squared = custom_map(square, numbers)  
print(squared)  # Output: [1, 4, 9, 16]
```

Question 12:

```
def custom_filter(func, iterable):  
    return [item for item in iterable if func(item)]  
  
def is_even(n):  
    return n % 2 == 0  
  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]  
evens = custom_filter(is_even, numbers)  
print(evens)
```

Question 13:

```
def triplet(n):  
    result = []  
    for a in range(n):  
        for b in range(a, n):  
            c = a + b  
            if c < n:  
                result.append((a, b, c))  
    return result
```

Question 14:

```
def parse_csv(filename):
    rows = []
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        for line in file:
            # Strip newline and split by comma
            rows.append(line.strip().split(','))
    return rows
```

Question 15:

```
import string

def mutate(word):
    mutations = set()
    letters = string.ascii_lowercase

    # Insert a character
    for i in range(len(word) + 1):
        for c in letters:
            mutations.add(word[:i] + c + word[i:])

    # Delete a character
    for i in range(len(word)):
        mutations.add(word[:i] + word[i+1:])

    # Replace a character
    for i in range(len(word)):
        for c in letters:
            if c != word[i]:
                mutations.add(word[:i] + c + word[i+1:])

    # Swap two consecutive characters
    for i in range(len(word) - 1):
        swapped = list(word)
        swapped[i], swapped[i+1] = swapped[i+1], swapped[i]
        mutations.add(''.join(swapped))
```

```

        return mutations

def nearly_equal(a, b):
    return b in mutate(a)

print(nearly_equal("cat", "cta")) # True (swap)
print(nearly_equal("cat", "cut")) # True (replace 'a' with 'u')
print(nearly_equal("cat", "cats")) # True (insert 's')
print(nearly_equal("cat", "at")) # True (delete 'c')
print(nearly_equal("cat", "dog")) # False

```

Question 16:

```

from collections import Counter
import os

def count_character_frequency(filename):
    with open(filename, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        content = file.read()
        frequency = Counter(content)
    return frequency

file_path = "C:/Users/23103212/pYHTON/sixteen.py"
print("Current working directory:", os.getcwd())

# Count and print character frequencies
freq = count_character_frequency(file_path)
for char, count in freq.items():
    print(f"{repr(char)}: {count}")

```

Question 17:

```
from collections import defaultdict

def group_anagrams(words):
    anagram_dict = defaultdict(list)

    for word in words:

        key = ''.join(sorted(word))
        anagram_dict[key].append(word)

    return [group for group in anagram_dict.values() if len(group) > 1]

words = ['eat', 'ate', 'tea', 'hello', 'silent', 'listen', 'enlist',
'world']

anagram_groups = group_anagrams(words)
for group in anagram_groups:
    print(group)
```