Methods in Java:

The action we perform to execute the logic is done by methods. Methods are of two types:
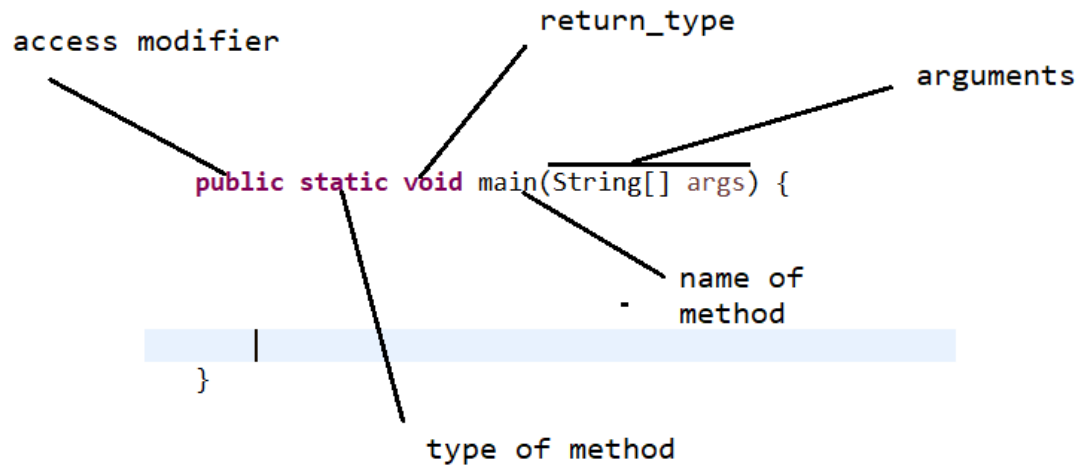
Syntax to define a method:

```
//      Syntax:
//      accessmodifier type_of_method return_type name_of_method (arguments)
//      {
//
//      }
```

a. Main method

b. Regular method

a. main method: This is a method which is responsible to decide the actual sequence of execution of java program.

b. Regular method:

There are two types of regular method:

i. static method:

ii. non static method

i. Static method:

syntax:

```
//      Syntax:
//      accessmodifier type_of_method return_type name_of_method (arguments)
//      {
//
//      }
```

- To call static method we have to call it directly by name of method.

Example:

```
public static void methodOne()
        {

                System.out.println("executing method one");


        }
public static void methodTwo()
        {

                System.out.println("executing method two");
                System.out.println("Static method");


        }


        public static void main(String[] args) {

                methodOne();

                methodTwo();

        }
```