FindElements() and handling the dropdown:

findElements(): It is a method which is used to locate multiple webElements over a webpage by using single locator.

It is generally used to handle the common component by using loops.

The return type of findElements is **List<WebElement>**.

findElement() vs findElements():

findElement is used to locate single webElement over the webpage where as findElements is used to locate multiple webElements over a webpage.

Return type of findElement is WebElement and return type of findElements is **List<WebElement>**.

Handling of drop down using findElements:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

System. setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "E:\\desktop\\Katraj\\15 Jan\\Selenium\\chromedriver.exe");

WebDriver driver = **new** ChromeDriver();// <u>chrome</u> browser will get open

```
driver.manage().window().maximize();// to maximize
the window
          driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/signup");
     List<WebElement> daydropdown =
driver.findElements(By.xpath("//select[@id='day']//option"));
//
          for(WebElement value:daydropdown)
//
               String d = value.getText();
//
//
               System.out.println(d);
//
//
               if(d.equals("18"))
//
//
                    value.click();
//
//
//
          int numberofoptions = daydropdown.size();// size
method is used to get the total number of webelements that we
have located.
          for(int i=0; i<numberofoptions; i++ )</pre>
```

String dayvalue = daydropdown.get(i).getText();

System. out. println(dayvalue);

Handling of dropdown:

There are 2 types of dropdown:

- 1. Dropdown with Select tag
- 2. Bootstrap dropdown
- 1. Dropdown with Select tag: A dropdown whose tag name is Select then that particular dropdown is known as dropdown with select tag.

To handle the dropdown we have to Select Class:

First way using selectByVisibleText(String value):

browser will get open

```
WebElement day =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='day']"));
```

```
Select sel = new Select(day);
          sel.selectByVisibleText("20");
Second way: selectByValue:
System. setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
"E:\\desktop\\Katraj\\15 Jan\\Selenium\\chromedriver.exe");
          WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();// <u>chrome</u>
browser will get open
          driver.manage().window().maximize();// to maximize
the window
          driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/signup");
WebElement month =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='month']"));
          Select selmonth = new Select(month);
          selmonth.selectByValue("8");
Third way: selectByIndex():
System. setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
"E:\\desktop\\Katraj\\15 Jan\\Selenium\\chromedriver.exe");
          WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();// <u>chrome</u>
browser will get open
          driver.manage().window().maximize();// to maximize
```

the window

```
driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/signup");
WebElement year = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='year']"));
Select selyear = new Select(year);
selyear.selectByIndex(10);
```

Bootstrap dropdown: To handle the bootstrap dropdown we have to first click on the dropdown and select the individual option to select it by finding the locator.

To detect the bootstrap dropdown we need to check the tagname if it is not 'Select' then it is bootstrap dropdown

Example:

```
\label{lement} driver.findElement(By. xpath("//*[@id='select-item-select-0-4']")).click(); \\ \}
```