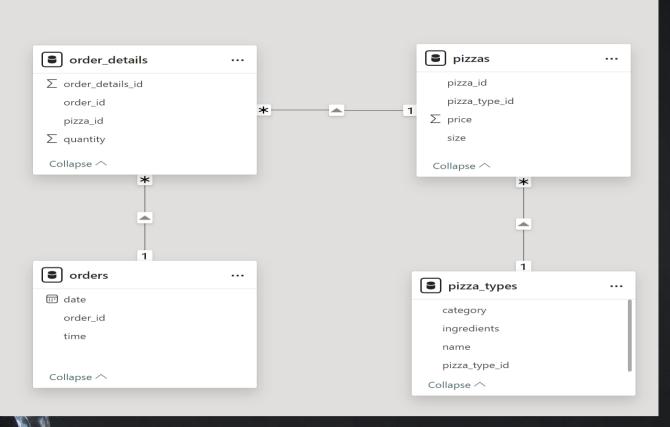


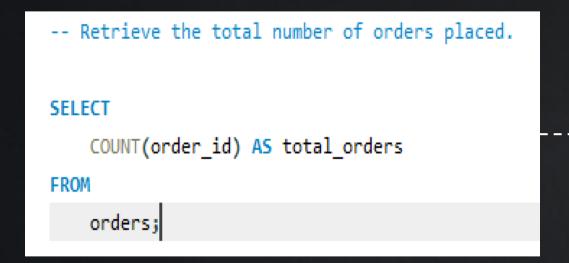


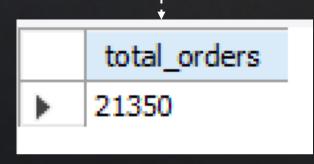
#### DATABASE SCHEMA





#### 1) Retrieve the total number of orders placed.





## 2) Calculate the total Revenue generated from the pizza sales.

```
-- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT

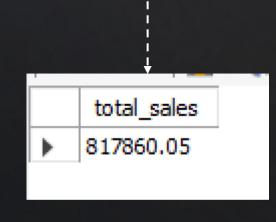
ROUND(SUM(od.quantity * p.price), 2) AS total_sales

FROM

orders_details od

JOIN

pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id;
```



#### 3) Identify the highest price pizza.

```
SELECT
    pt.name, p.price AS highest_price
FROM
    pizza_types pt
        JOIN
    pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY p.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

	name	highest_price
•	The Greek Pizza	35.95

#### 4) Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

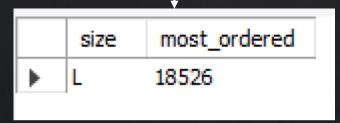
SELECT
    p.size, COUNT(od.order_details_id) AS order_count

FROM
    orders_details od
        JOIN
    pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

GROUP BY p.size

ORDER BY order_count DESC

LIMIT 1;
```



## 5) List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

SELECT
    pz.name, SUM(od.quantity) AS total_quantities

FROM
    pizza_types pz
        JOIN
    pizzas p ON pz.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details od ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

GROUP BY pz.name

ORDER BY total_quantities DESC

LIMIT 5;
```

	name	total_quantities
•	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

#### 6) join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category

	category	quantity
•	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

## 7) determine the distribution of orders by an hour of the day

```
-- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

SELECT

HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(order_time)

ORDER BY hour;
```

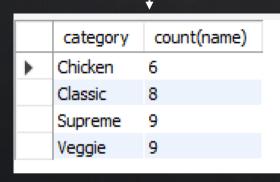
		▼
	hour	order_count
	9	1
	10	8
	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
▶	23	28

#### 8) Join the relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
-- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

SELECT
category, COUNT(name)

FROM
pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```



## 9) Group by order by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered by per day

```
-- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

SELECT

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS average_ordered_pizza_per_day

FROM

(SELECT

o.order_date, SUM(od.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

orders o

JOIN orders_details od ON o.order_id = od.order_id

GROUP BY o.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

average\_ordered\_pizza\_per\_day

138

#### 10) Determine the top 3 most ordered pizzas type based on revenue

```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

SELECT

pz.name, ROUND(SUM(od.quantity * p.price), 2) AS revenue

FROM

pizza_types pz

JOIN

pizzas p ON pz.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id

JOIN

orders_details od ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

GROUP BY pz.name

ORDER BY revenue DESC

LIMIT 3;
```

	name	revenue
<b>&gt;</b>	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	•	

# 11) Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type (name or category) to total revenue timestamp

```
-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

SELECT

pz.category,

ROUND((SUM(od.quantity * p.price) / (SELECT

ROUND(SUM(od.quantity * p.price), 2) AS total_sales

FROM

orders_details od

JOIN

pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id)) * 100,

2) AS revenue

FROM

pizza_types pz

JOIN

pizzas p ON pz.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id

JOIN

orders_details od ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

GROUP BY pz.category

ORDER BY revenue DESC

i
```

	category	revenue
•	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

#### 12) Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time

```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

select order_date,round(sum(revenue) over (order by order_date),2) as cumulative_revenue

from

(SELECT

    o.order_date,
    sum(od.quantity * p.price) as revenue
    from orders_details od join pizzas p on
    od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    join orders o on o.order_id = od.order_id

group by o.order_date) as sales;
```

		+
	order_date	cumulative_revenue
<b>&gt;</b>	2015-01-01	2713.85
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.35
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.3
	2015-01-14	32358.7
	2015-01-15	34343.5
	2015-01-16	36937.65
	2015-01-17	39001.75
	2015-01-18	40978.6

## 13) Determine the top 3 most ordered pizzas type based on revenue for each pizza category

```
SELECT name , revenue
FROM

(SELECT
    category, name, revenue,
    RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rank_
FROM

(SELECT pz.category, pz.name, SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types pz
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON pz.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details od ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    GROUP BY pz.category,pz.name) AS an) AS bn
WHERE rank_<=3;</pre>
```

	<b>+</b>	
	name	revenue
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5

