

# **Health AI: Health Classification System**

## **Final Project Report**

**Prepared For:** Smart-Internz Applied Data Science Guided Project

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## Abstract

Health AI is a machine learning-based web application that classifies fetal health into Normal, Suspect, or Pathological categories using cardiotocography (CTG) data from the `fetal_health.csv` dataset (2126 records, 21 features). An optimized XGBoost model, integrated with a Flask web interface, achieves a test accuracy of  $\sim 90\%$  and a macro F1-score of  $\sim 0.85$ . The system provides a user-friendly platform for healthcare providers and expectant parents, with API support for medical system integration, enhancing prenatal care efficiency.

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1	Project Overview	4
1.2	Objectives	4
<b>2</b>	<b>Project Initialization and Planning Phase</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1	Problem Statement	4
2.2	Proposed Solution	4
2.3	Initial Project Planning	5
<b>3</b>	<b>Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	Data Collection Plan and Raw Data Sources	5
3.2	Data Quality Report	5
<b>4</b>	<b>Model Development Phase</b>	<b>5</b>
4.1	Model Selection Report	5
4.2	Initial Model Training Code, Validation, and Evaluation	5
<b>5</b>	<b>Model Optimization and Tuning Phase</b>	<b>7</b>
5.1	Tuning Documentation	7
5.2	Model Performance	7
5.3	Final Model Selection	7
<b>6</b>	<b>Results</b>	<b>7</b>
6.1	Output Description	7
<b>7</b>	<b>Advantages &amp; Disadvantages</b>	<b>8</b>
7.1	Advantages	8
7.2	Disadvantages	8
<b>8</b>	<b>Conclusion</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Future Scope</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Appendix</b>	<b>8</b>
10.1	Source Code	8
10.2	Project Resources	9

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Project Overview

Health AI automates fetal health classification using CTG data, leveraging an XG-Boost model deployed via a Flask application. The dataset (`fetal_health.csv`) contains 2126 records with 21 features (e.g., baseline value, accelerations) and a target variable (`fetal_health`: 1=Normal, 2=Suspect, 3=Pathological). The system includes a web interface (`index.html`, `result.html`) and API, supporting prenatal care decision-making.

## 1.2 Objectives

- Achieve a macro F1-score  $> 0.85$  for fetal health classification.
- Develop an intuitive web interface for CTG input and prediction display.
- Provide API support for medical system integration.
- Reduce specialist workload through automated CTG analysis.

# 2 Project Initialization and Planning Phase

## 2.1 Problem Statement

PS No.	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Expectant parent	Monitor my baby's health	I lack medical expertise	CTG data is complex	Anxious about fetal safety
PS-2	Obstetrician	Assess fetal health quickly	Manual CTG analysis is slow	It requires specialized skills	Overwhelmed by workload
PS-3	Midwife	Provide accurate prenatal care	I can't interpret CTG data reliably	Limited access to tools	Insecure about patient outcomes

Table 1: Problem Statements for Health AI

## 2.2 Proposed Solution

Health AI employs an XGBoost model trained on preprocessed CTG data, integrated into a Flask web application. Key features include data preprocessing (`StandardScaler`, stratified sampling), model training, and a web interface for user input and predictions.

User Story	Task	Story Points	Priority
USN-1	Preprocess CTG dataset with scaling and splitting	2	High
USN-2	Train XGBoost model on preprocessed data	3	High
USN-3	Integrate XGBoost model with Flask application	3	High
USN-4	Develop web form for CTG input and prediction display	2	High

Table 2: Product Backlog for Health AI

## 2.3 Initial Project Planning

# 3 Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

## 3.1 Data Collection Plan and Raw Data Sources

The dataset was sourced from the Kaggle Repository (<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/andrewmvd/fetal-health-classification>), containing 2126 records in CSV format (~47 KB) with 21 CTG features and a target variable.

## 3.2 Data Quality Report

Dataset	Data Quality Issue	Severity	Resolution Plan
fetal_health	ClassImbalance	High	Stratified sampling, class weights
fetal_health	Potential Outliers	Moderate	Identify and cap using IQR
fetal_health	Missing Values (if any)	Low	Impute with mean or remove rows

Table 3: Data Quality Issues for Health AI

# 4 Model Development Phase

## 4.1 Model Selection Report

**Selected Model: XGBoost** due to its superior test accuracy (~90%) and macro F1-score (~0.85).

## 4.2 Initial Model Training Code, Validation, and Evaluation

Section	Description
Data Overview	The dataset contains 2126 records with 21 CTG features and a target variable ( <i>fetal<sub>h</sub>health</i> : 1 = <i>Normal</i> , 2 = <i>Suspect</i> , 3 = <i>Pathological</i> ).
Scaling	Features scaled using <code>StandardScaler</code> , saved as <code>scaler.pkl</code> .
Handling Class Imbalance	Stratified 80%-20% train-test split, class weights in XGBoost.
Outlier Detection	Outliers identified using IQR, capped or removed.
Target Adjustment	<code>fetal_health</code> adjusted from 1,2,3 to 0,1,2 for XGBoost.

Table 4: Data Preprocessing Steps for Health AI

Model	Description
Logistic Regression	Linear model with multinomial loss, suitable for balanced datasets. Limited for complex relationships.
Random Forest	Ensemble of decision trees, robust to class imbalance. Less efficient for large datasets.
XGBoost	Gradient boosting model, excels in handling class imbalance and complex feature interactions.

Table 5: Models Evaluated for Health AI

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
import joblib

df = pd.read_csv('data/fetal_health.csv')
X = df.drop('fetal_health', axis=1)
y = df['fetal_health']
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
joblib.dump(scaler, 'scaler.pkl')
y_adjusted = y - 1
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled,
                                                    y_adjusted, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, stratify=y_adjusted)
model = XGBClassifier(use_label_encoder=False, eval_metric='mlogloss',
                      random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
joblib.dump(model, 'Health AI_model.pkl')
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

```
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=['Normal',
    'Suspect', 'Pathological']))
```

Model	Performance Metrics
XGBoost	Test Accuracy: ~90%, Macro F1-Score: ~0.85

Table 6: XGBoost Performance

## 5 Model Optimization and Tuning Phase

### 5.1 Tuning Documentation

```
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
param_grid = {
    'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300],
    'max_depth': [3, 6, 9],
    'learning_rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.3],
    'subsample': [0.7, 0.8, 1.0]
}
grid_search = GridSearchCV(XGBClassifier(use_label_encoder=False,
    eval_metric='mlogloss', random_state=42), param_grid, cv=5,
    scoring='f1_macro', n_jobs=-1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
joblib.dump(grid_search.best_estimator_, 'Health AI_model.pkl')
```

Optimized parameters: n\_estimators=200, max\_depth=6, learning\_rate=0.1, subsample=0.8.

### 5.2 Model Performance

Model	Test Accuracy	Macro F1-Score
XGBoost (Baseline)	~88%	~0.82
XGBoost (Optimized)	~90%	~0.85

Table 7: Optimized XGBoost Performance

### 5.3 Final Model Selection

The optimized XGBoost model was selected for its improved accuracy and F1-score, enhancing performance on minority classes (Suspect, Pathological).

## 6 Results

### 6.1 Output Description

The Flask application (app.py) provides:

- `index.html`: Form for inputting 21 CTG features.
- `result.html`: Displays prediction (e.g., “Normal”), numeric value (1, 2, 3), and message (e.g., “Consult a healthcare provider”).
- API: Returns JSON with `fetal_health` prediction.

Example: Input `baseline value=120` yields “Normal (1)” with “Normal fetal health” message.

### FetalAI: Predict Fetal Health

Enter the fetal health metrics below to predict the health status (Normal, Suspect, or Pathological).

#### Fetal Heart Rate Metrics

Baseline Value (bpm): 120	Accelerations: 0.005
Fetal Movement: 0.01	Uterine Contractions: 0.004
Light Decelerations: 0.003	Severe Decelerations: 0
Prolonged Decelerations: 0	

#### Variability Metrics

Abnormal Short-Term Variability: 30	Mean Value of Short-Term Variability: 1.2
Percentage of Time with Abnormal Long-Term Variability: 10	Mean Value of Long-Term Variability: 8

#### Histogram Metrics

Histogram Width: 70	Histogram Min: 60
Histogram Max: 130	Histogram Number of Peaks: 3
Histogram Number of Zeroes: 0	Histogram Mode: 120
Histogram Mean: 118	Histogram Median: 119
Histogram Variance: 20	Histogram Tendency: 0

Predict

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### FetalAI: Prediction Result

Fetal Health: Normal (1)

Normal fetal health.

Back to Form



## 7 Advantages & Disadvantages

### 7.1 Advantages

- High accuracy (~90%) for reliable fetal health predictions.
- User-friendly web interface accessible to non-experts.
- API support for medical system integration.
- Effective handling of class imbalance via XGBoost.

### 7.2 Disadvantages

- Limited to three health categories, potentially missing nuanced cases.
- Requires valid numerical inputs without robust validation.
- XGBoost offers limited interpretability compared to simpler models.

## 8 Conclusion

Health AI successfully delivers an automated fetal health classification system, achieving high accuracy and usability. It streamlines prenatal care, reduces specialist workload, and supports timely interventions, with potential for clinical and research applications.

## 9 Future Scope

- Add SHAP or LIME for model interpretability.
- Enhance input validation in the Flask app.
- Expand dataset with diverse CTG scenarios.
- Deploy on a cloud platform using Docker.

## 10 Appendix

### 10.1 Source Code

Files: `app.py`, `train_model.py`, `index.html`, `result.html`, `Health AI_model.pkl`, `scaler.pkl`, `requirements.txt`.

## 10.2 Project Resources

- **GitHub Repository:** <https://github.com/aniketpatil-9232/Health-AI>
- **Project Demo:** [https://drive.google.com/file/d/1pbmh\\_BuzVtQurGciI\\_p-OAhba0JXGQ3p/view?usp=sharing](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1pbmh_BuzVtQurGciI_p-OAhba0JXGQ3p/view?usp=sharing)