# TOGAF®

Version 9.1 Enterprise Edition

# Module F12 TOGAF Reference Models

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#### **Preliminary** Architecture Vision B. Architecture Business Change Architecture Management C. G. Requirements Information Implementation Systems Management Governance **Architectures** F. D. Technology Migration Planning Architecture E. Opportunities and Solutions

#### TOGAF Reference Models

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# Roadmap

Part I - Introduction
Preface, Executive Overview, Core Concepts, Definitions
and Release Notes
Part II – Architecture Development Method
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ADM Phase Narratives
Part III – ADM Guidelines and Techniques
Guidelines for Adapting the ADM Process
Techniques for Architecture Development
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Architectural Artifacts
Architecture Deliverables
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Enterprise Continuum
Architecture Partitioning
Architecture Repository
Tools for Architecture Development
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Foundation Architecture: Technical Reference Model
Integrated Information Infrastructure Reference Model
Part VII – Architecture Capability Framework
Architecture Board
Architecture Compliance
Architecture Contracts
Architecture Governance
Architecture Maturity Models
Architecture Skills Framework

 Part VI, TOGAF Reference Models, Chapter 43 and 44





# Module Objectives

The aim of this module is to introduce the two TOGAF Reference models:

- The TOGAF Technical Reference Model (TRM)
- The Integrated Information Infrastructure Reference Model (III-RM).

And the relationship of the III-RM to the concept of Boundaryless Information Flow<sup>TM</sup>



#### TOGAF Foundation Architecture

A Foundation Architecture is an architecture of building blocks and corresponding standards that supports all the Common Systems Architectures and, therefore, the complete enterprise operating environment.

- TOGAF provides the TRM as a Foundation Architecture.
- The ADM supports specialization of such Foundation Architectures in order to create organization-specific models.
- The TRM is an example of a Foundation architecture (an architecture of generic services and functions) on which other, more specific architectures can be based.



#### The Architecture Continuum

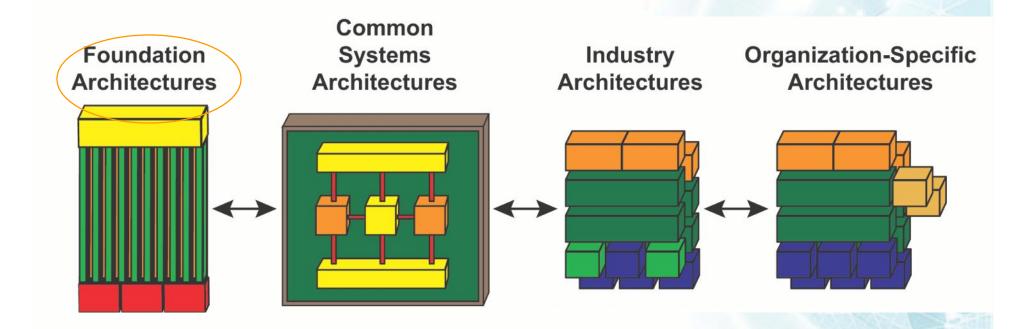
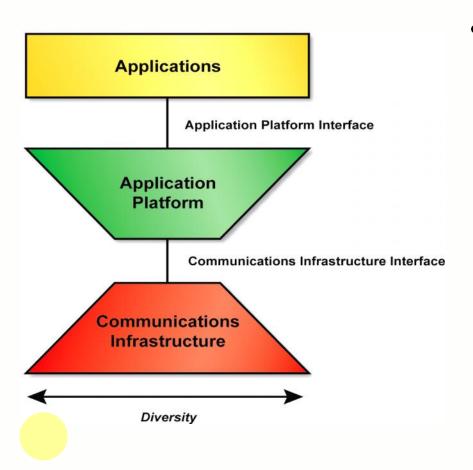


Figure 1



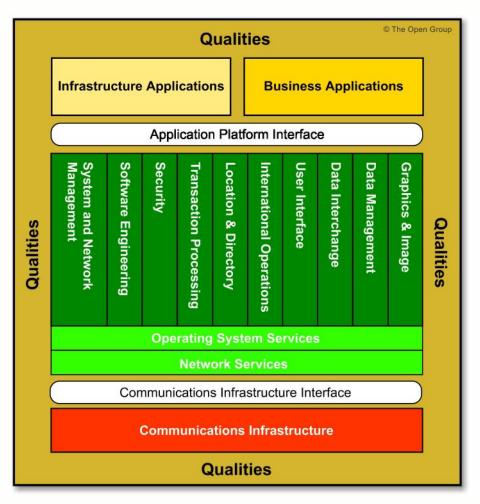
#### TRM Components



- The TRM has two main components:
  - A taxonomy that defines terminology and provides a coherent description of the components and conceptual structure of an information system
  - An associated TRM graphic that provide a visual representation as an aid to understanding



#### Summary of the TRM

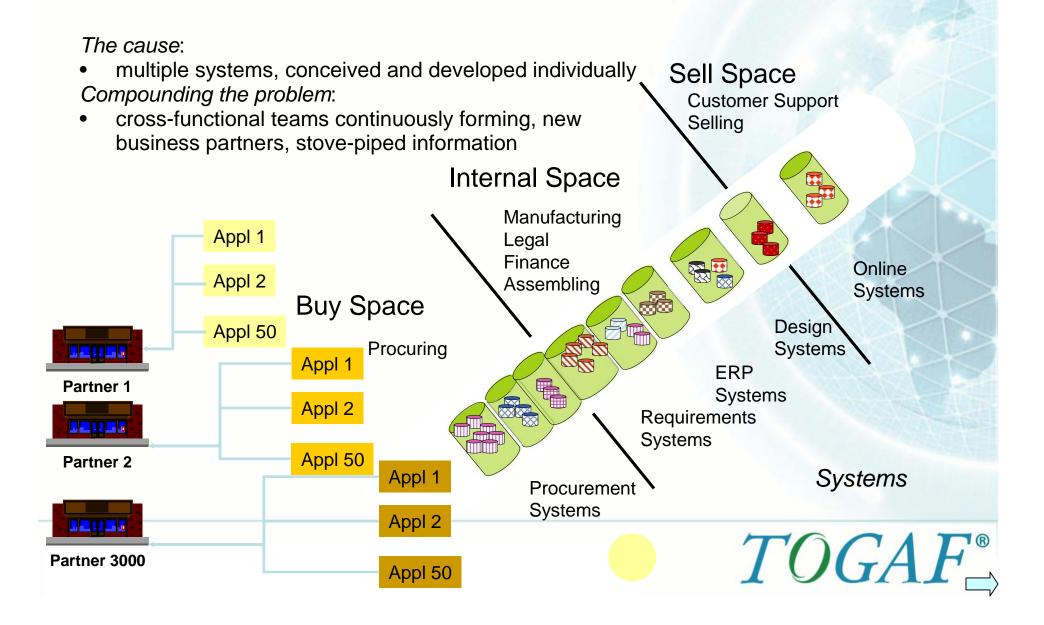


The TOGAF Technical Reference Model provides a model and core taxonomy of generic platform services

- It is a Foundation Architecture
- It can be used to build any system architecture
- A taxonomy defines consistent terminology



#### A common problem



#### Customer problem statement

- "I could run my business better if I could gain operational efficiencies improving
  - the many different business processes of the enterprise
    - · both internal, and
    - spanning the key interactions with suppliers, customers, and partners using
  - integrated information, and access to that information."

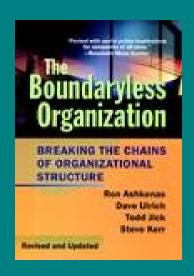
Source: "The Interoperable Enterprise" http://www.opengroup.org/cio/iop/index.htm



#### A Shared Vision

#### Boundaryless Information Flow™

- achieved through global interoperability
- □ in a secure, reliable and timely manner



Boundaryless does not mean there are no boundaries – it means that boundaries are permeable to enable business.

Vision



#### How Important...

- Not having Boundaryless Information Flow where systems interoperate, i.e. easily exchange information and use that information to improve operations, is causing organizations real pain \*
  - 100s of millions in lost opportunities
  - Billions spent to make systems interoperate or to recover from mistakes
  - The risks are not only financial but deal with lost lives
    - Hospitals, 911/999 systems, Critical infrastructure, Air Traffic Control...



<sup>\*</sup> respondents to survey taken at conference

# Integrated Information Infrastructure Reference Model

- A model of the key components for developing, managing, and operating an integrated information infrastructure.
  - Supporting "Boundaryless Information Flow™"
- A model of a set of applications that sit on top of an application platform.
- An expanded subset of the TOGAF Technical Reference Model, <u>using different orientation</u>.



#### The Architecture Continuum

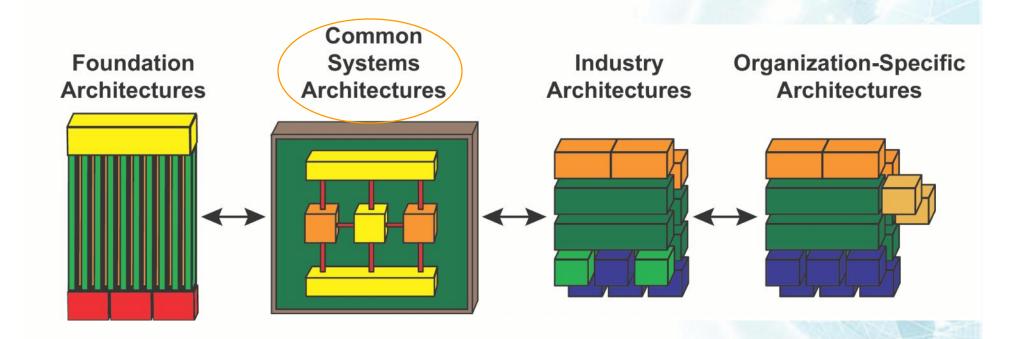
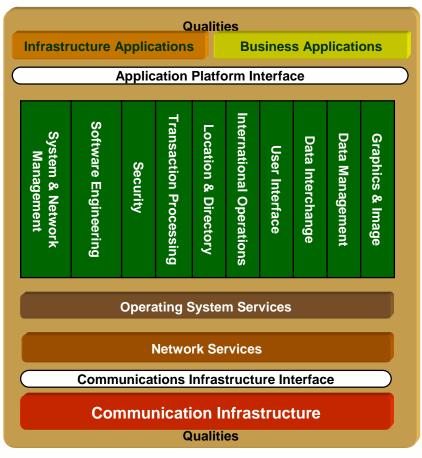


Figure 1

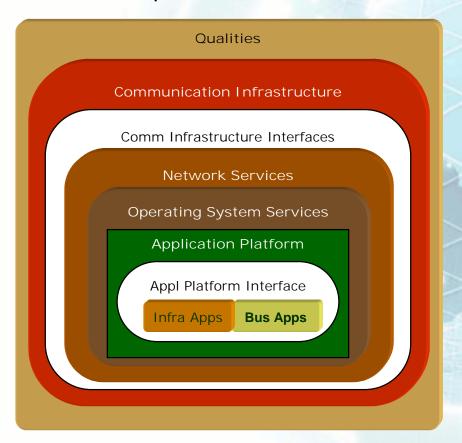


#### **TOGAF TRM Orientations**

#### Side View



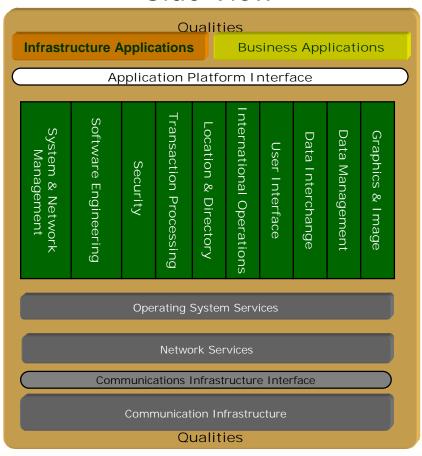
#### Top Down View



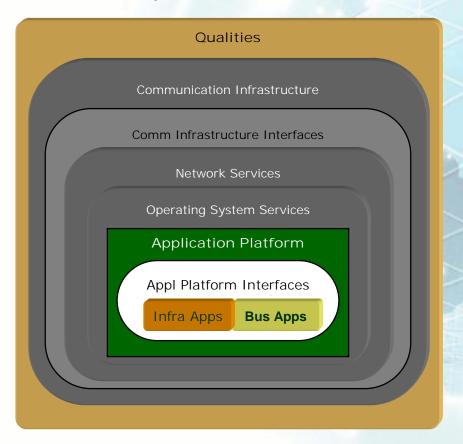


# Boundaryless Information Flow Focus

#### Side View

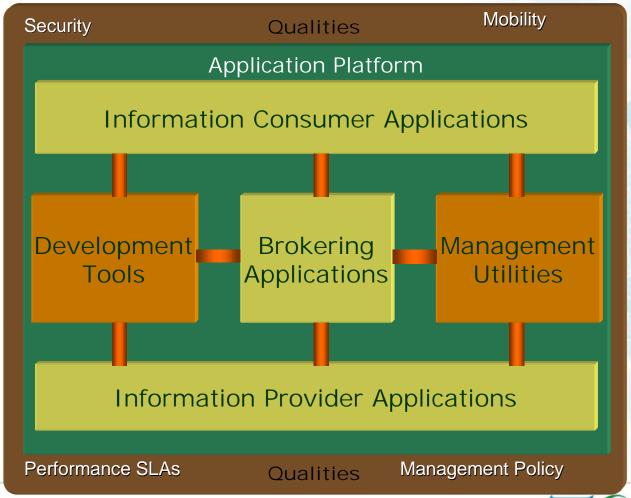


#### Top Down View





# Integrated Information Infrastructure Reference Model – High-level Model





# Components of the III-RM

#### The III-RM has 2 main components:

- 1. A **taxonomy**, which defines terminology, and provides a coherent description of the components and conceptual structure of an integrated information infrastructure
- 2. An associated **III-RM graphic**, which provides a visual representation of the taxonomy, and the inter-relationship of the components, as an aid to understanding



# Summary of the III-RM

- The III-RM is an example of a Common Systems Architecture
- The focus is on applications
- The III-RM has 2 main components: a taxonomy, and an associated graphic.
- A key driver for the III-RM is the Need for Boundaryless Information Flow: getting information to the right people at the right time in a secure, reliable manner
- The infrastructure that enables this vision is called the "integrated information infrastructure".



#### Test Yourself Question

- Which of the following best describes the purpose of the TRM?
- A. To provide a framework for IT governance
- B. To provide a visual model and taxonomy for an information system
- C. To provide a list of standards
- D. To provide a software development method
- E. To provide a system engineering viewpoint in a possible solution



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