# Fundamentals of Computer Science ETHICS and PROFESSIONALISM

Based on material by Tony Jenkins

- What are ethics and professionalism?
- Examples of ethical codes
- Relevance to your area
- BCS The Chartered Institute for IT

- Ethics addresses questions about morality, right and wrong, doing the right thing
- Most professions have an code of conduct or a set of rules outlining the responsibilities of an individual or organisation
- 'Most professionals agree that building and maintaining a comprehensive ethics and compliance program and strong ethical culture are essential to good business.' <a href="https://www.ethics.org/services">www.ethics.org/services</a>

The week before Christmas, Harry comes bounding into the office, distributing woolly hats for all the staff, and dropping hints about a special present for Tony.

"The boss wanted me to give you more than a hat this year," he says "as a thank you

for all the business you've put our way over the years," and he hands Tony an envelope, containing 2 tickets for an all-expenses paid trip to Iceland over New Year.



- You sit down at a PC in JG109.
- It has been left logged in by the previous user.
- What do you do?



#### **Professionalism**

Your job is to develop software for an automatic sprinkler system in a new building.

It fails (you missed a semicolon) and the building

burns down.



#### **Ethical Codes in Professions**

#### Medical Ethics

- The British Medical Association confidentiality, consent, doctor-patient relationship, health records <a href="https://www.bma.org.uk/advice/employment/ethics">https://www.bma.org.uk/advice/employment/ethics</a>
  <a href="https://bma.org.uk/practical-support-at-work/ethics/medical-students-ethics-tool-kit/key-concepts">https://bma.org.uk/practical-support-at-work/ethics/medical-students-ethics-tool-kit/key-concepts</a>
- Nursing and Midwifery Council The Code covers standards of conduct, performance and ethics <a href="http://www.nmc-uk.org/Publications/Standards/The-code/Introduction/">http://www.nmc-uk.org/Publications/Standards/The-code/Introduction/</a>

#### The Law

- The Solicitors Regulation Authority (SRA) deals with all regulatory and disciplinary matters, and sets, monitors and enforces standards for solicitors across England and Wales <a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/handbook/code/content.page">www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/handbook/code/content.page</a>
- Code of Ethics for Police Officers <a href="http://www.college.police.uk/What-we-do/Ethics/Pages/Code-of-Ethics.aspx">http://www.college.police.uk/What-we-do/Ethics/Pages/Code-of-Ethics.aspx</a>

#### Teachers' Standards

 Includes teachers' personal and professionalism conduct https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teachers-standards

#### **Ethical Codes in Professions**

# Ethical codes vary across industries and organisations have their own specific codes

- Compliance, Integrity and Anticorruption
- Conflicts of Interest
- Employee, Client and Vendor Information
- Employment Practices
- Environmental Issues
- Internet, social networking and social media
- Relationships with third parties

# **Ethics related to Computing**

- Business ethics concerns questions such as
  - the limits on managers in the pursuit of profit
  - the duty of 'whistleblowers' to the general public as opposed to their employers
- Product development
  - Safety and risk
- BCS The Chartered Institute for IT has code of conduct for its members
- Sets out how an IT professional should behave in a professional, legal and ethical way:
  - www.bcs.org/upload/pdf/conduct.pdf



#### **BCS - Code of Conduct**

- sets out the professional standards required by BCS as a condition of membership
- applies to all members, irrespective of their membership grade, the role they fulfil, or the jurisdiction where they are employed or discharge their contractual obligations
- governs the conduct of the individual, not the nature of the business or ethics of any Relevant Authority

#### **BCS - Code of Conduct**

The code covers four areas:

- Public Interest
- 2. Professional Competence and Integrity
- 3. Duty to Relevant Authority
- 4. Duty to the Profession

#### **Public Interest**

Would you

Clone yourself?



- Trust robotic cars to share our road?
- Recruit team members based solely on technical ability?
- Develop a website that cannot be used by users with visual impairments?

Write software to extract personal information from a dating site?

## **Professional Competence and Integrity**

#### Would you:

- Claim experience you do not have in order to get a job?
- Develop your skills on an ongoing basis?
- Keep up to date with relevant legal developments?
- Develop and test all software to the best of your ability?
- Accept bribes or other unethical inducement?

# **Duty to Relevant Authority**

"Relevant Authority" means employer or client, that has authority over the professional.

#### Would you:

- Give a customer alternative facts about your product?
- Avoid any conflict of interest when working on a project?
- Take advantage of a client's lack of knowledge of IT?
- Treat all your colleagues and subordinates equally?

# **Duty to the Profession**

#### Would you:

- Uphold the reputation of the IT profession?
- Improve professional standards?
- Seek to develop professionally, and encourage others to do the same?

#### In a nutshell...

#### Computing ethical issues are wide-ranging

- Computer crime, responsibility for computer failure
- Privacy, sharing data
- Cyber bullying, sexting
- Hacking, unauthorised access, viruses, sabotage
- Face recognition via CCTV
- Automatic number plate recognition
- Log files and their use
- Giving back to open source

#### Now...

- All projects have ethical and legal aspects
- Reflect on the examples given
- Start working on your Killer Robot Presentation <a href="http://www.onlineethics.org/Resources/Cases/killerrobot.aspx">http://www.onlineethics.org/Resources/Cases/killerrobot.aspx</a>
- Refer to the BCS Code of Conduct