

# Java Course Track Prequel

1. Your application is going to allow you to manage music Tracks. Do your work in the **StudentWork** module/project.
  - A. Your application is going to handle media Tracks. So the first thing you need to do is create a **Track** class. Your Track class should have the following properties:
    1. Id – should be unique and of type **int**
    2. Artist – a **String**
    3. Album – a **String**
    4. Duration – of type **java.time.Duration**. More on how to use Duration below.
    5. Date – of type **java.time.LocalDate**. More on how to use LocalDate below.
    6. Format – can have one of the following values: CD, MP3 or OGG.

**java.time.Duration:** Initialize with a String in the following form:

- 10 minutes 30 seconds => “PT10M30S”
- 2 hours, 22 minutes and 30 seconds => “PT2H22M30S”
- **Duration duration = Duration.parse(“PT10M30S”);** //10 min 30 sec
- **Duration duration2 = Duration.ofSeconds(22);** // 22 seconds
- **Duration duration3 = Duration.ofHours(2);** // 2 hours

**java.time.LocalDate:** Create like this:

- **LocalDate date = LocalDate.of(2000, 10, 10);**

or from a String:

- **LocalDate date = LocalDate.parse(“2000-10-10”);**

To get the number of years between some date and now:

- **long numYears = date.until(LocalDate.now(), ChronoUnit.YEARS);**

Check out the javadocs to find other ways to work with Duration and LocalDate.

- B. You have to write a **service** and **dao** for your application. The **TrackService** class should allow you to
1. Retrieve a Track using a Track id.
  2. Retrieve all tracks.
  3. Insert a track.
  4. Update a track.
  5. Delete a track
- C. Create a **TrackDAO** to be the keeper of the data. You will have to decide what Collection class you want to use to store your tracks.
- D. Write some code to test your classes. This can be either in the form of a main method or unit tests.
2. Add functionality to your TrackDAO to generate sequential id numbers for Tracks when they are created.
  3. Make your Track class sortable by 'natural order'. You can decide what that order should be. Write code to create and sort a list of 5 Tracks.
  4. Sort your list using some order other than the natural order. Use Lambda expressions.
  5. Write a method called **findBy** that takes a list of Tracks and returns a list of Tracks that match search criteria that you specify as a second argument. Use the appropriate Java interface for filtering.
6. Springify your application.
- A. Make your TrackService and TrackDAO into beans. You can use either **@Service**, **@Repository**, **@Autowired**, etc, or create an **@Configuration** file with **@Bean** methods.
- B. Have your main class create an **AnnotationConfigApplicationContext**. Make sure it can find your configuration. (Note that there is already an application class called **PlaylistApp** in the *app* package which has been

commented out. You can uncomment and use that one if you want, but you will have to have all the pieces in place before it will run)

C. Get a reference to your TrackService bean from the context using **context.getBean(...)** and invoke operations on it.

7. Create a second DAO (Homework for Extra Credit)

A. Create a copy of your current DAO with some appropriate name.

1. Have the create method in your new DAO change the name of the customer in some way to mark that they come from the new DAO. This will be useful for debugging.

B. Put your two DAOs into separate profiles

1. Use the **@Profile** annotation.

C. Change your application code to set an active profile to choose one or the other of your DAOs.

1. AnnotatedConfigApplicationContext context = ...

2. context.getEnvironment().setActiveProfiles("dev")

3. context.scan(packages if any)

4. context.register(ConfigClasses if any)

5. context.refresh()

**D.** In Unit tests you can set the profile by using **@ActiveProfiles**