[CENG 315 All Sections] Algorithms

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Description

<u>a Submission</u>

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Submission view

THF5

★ Available from: Friday, December 9, 2022, 11:59 AM
 Due date: Friday, December 9, 2022, 11:59 PM
 Requested files: the5.cpp, test.cpp (Download)
 Type of work: A Individual work

Problem:

In this exam, you are given a maze consisting of various rooms connected to each other via a direct door. In one of those rooms, there is a secret treasure and your purpose is to find that treasure. You do not know in which room the treasure is placed. Therefore starting from the entrance, you search for the treasure walking through room-by-room. During the search, you print the path that you follow until you reach the treasure.



In the mysterious maze, you may encounter with strange items. Find the treasure ©

Here are the details of the problem structure:

- The maze is actually a connected undirected graph. Each room is a node of the graph. If a room is connected to an other room, there is an edge between those two rooms.
- Each room is defined in the type of *Struct Room*. This structure has 3 components:
 - o int id: Each room has a unique id.
 - char content: Shows the content of the room. All rooms have the content of '-' character except the room containing the treasure. That room has the content of '*' character representing the treasure.
 - $\circ \ \textit{vector} < \textit{Room*} > \textit{neighbors} : \textit{Holds a pointer for the rooms which are connected to the current room via a door.}$
- If a Room Y is defined as a neighbor to Room X, then you can be sure that Room X is also defined as a neighbor to Room Y in its neighborhood vector.
- The rooms of the maze will be given to the function as in the type of vector<Room*>.
- You are expected to return the path as vector of ids of rooms which are visited.

Here are the details of how to search/traverse the maze:

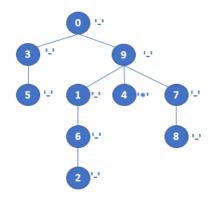
• You will actually do a kind of DFS. You will start from the first room (first means the firstly defined room, not the room with the first id) to traverse. You will pass to one of its neighbor rooms, and then to one of the neighbors of it, and to one of the neighbors of it, and so on. As you pass through a new room each time, you will add the id of that room to the output path. Upto here, it is exactly DFS.

- When you come to an end, that is a room with no unvisited neighbor, then you should turn back. While going back, you should also add the ids of the rooms that you need to visit one more time into the output path. For instance, assume that Room 5 is neighbor to Room 12 and assume that you come to Room 5 at some point and have not visited Room 12, yet. Also assume Room 12 is not neighbor to any other nonvisited room. Then, in your output path a pattern like the following have to exist: 5, 12, 5. That means "you pass through Room 5, then Room 12, then you turn back to Room 5 again since there is not left any nonvisited room neighbor to Room 12. In short, in addition to usual DFS output, you are expected to print the nodes at each time you visit.
- When you find the treasure (The Room whose content is '*'), you should turn back totally. That is, you need to go back over the route that you follow. You should not go into any new room. During the going back, you again add the ids of the rooms that you visit.
- For the neighbor selection, you need to follow the order in which the rooms are defined as a neighbor for that Room. For instance, if the neighbors of Room 5 are ordered as <Room 12, Room 7, Room 9> inside the neighbor vector, then you should select Room 12 first. After completing Room 12, you should continue from Room 7 and next from Room 9. Assume that Room 7 was visited before. Then you should follow Room 9 after completing the Room 12 and its neighbors. In other words, you should skip Room 7.
- There will always be exactly one room including the treasure.

Example IO:

Please pay attention to the ordering of the neighbors for each node. It affects the resulting path!

EXAMPLE-1



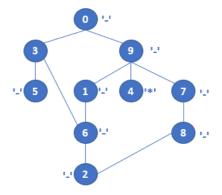
Rooms:

```
(id: 0, content: '-', neighbors: {3, 9}}
(id: 1, content: '-', neighbors: {6, 9}}
(id: 2, content: '-', neighbors: {6, 9}}
(id: 3, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 5}}
(id: 4, content: '*-', neighbors: {9}}
(id: 5, content: '-', neighbors: {3}}
(id: 6, content: '-', neighbors: {1, 2}}
(id: 7, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 9}}
(id: 8, content: '-', neighbors: {7}}
(id: 9, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 1, 4, 7}}

Path:

{0, 3, 5, 3, 0, 9, 1, 6, 2, 6, 1, 9, 4, 9, 0}
```

EXAMPLE-2

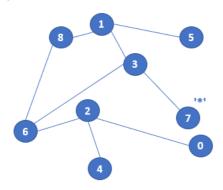


Rooms:

```
{id: 0, content: '-', neighbors: {3, 9}}
{id: 1, content: '-', neighbors: {6, 9}}
{id: 2, content: '-', neighbors: {6, 8}}
{id: 3, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 5, 6}}
{id: 4, content: '-', neighbors: {9}}
{id: 5, content: '-', neighbors: {3}}
{id: 6, content: '-', neighbors: {1, 2, 3}}
{id: 7, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 9}}
{id: 8, content: '-', neighbors: {2, 7}}
{id: 9, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 1, 4, 7}}

Path:
{0, 3, 5, 3, 6, 1, 9, 4, 9, 1, 6, 3, 0}
```

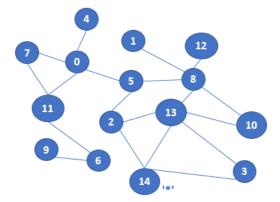
EXAMPLE-3



Rooms:

```
{id: 0, content: '-', neighbors: {2}} {id: 1, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 5, 3}} {id: 2, content: '-', neighbors: {6, 4, 0}} {id: 3, content: '-', neighbors: {1, 7, 6}} {id: 4, content: '-', neighbors: {2}} {id: 5, content: '-', neighbors: {1}} {id: 6, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 3, 2}} {id: 7, content: '-', neighbors: {3}} {id: 8, content: '-', neighbors: {1, 6}} Path: {0, 2, 6, 8, 1, 5, 1, 3, 7, 3, 1, 8, 6, 2, 0}
```

EXAMPLE-4



Rooms:

```
{id: 0, content: '-', neighbors: {7, 4, 11, 5}}
{id: 1, content: '-', neighbors: {8}}
{id: 2, content: '-', neighbors: {13, 5, 14}}
{id: 3, content: '-', neighbors: {14, 13}}
{id: 4, content: '-', neighbors: {0}}
{id: 5, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 8, 2}}
{id: 6, content: '-', neighbors: {9, 11}}
{id: 7, content: '-', neighbors: {11, 0}}
{id: 8, content: '-', neighbors: {10, 5, 1, 12, 13}}
{id: 9, content: '-', neighbors: {6}}
{id: 10, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 13}}
{id: 11, content: '-', neighbors: {0, 6, 7}}
{id: 12, content: '-', neighbors: {8}}
{id: 13, content: '-', neighbors: {8, 2, 3, 14, 10}}
{id: 14, content: '*', neighbors: {3, 2, 13}}
Path:
\{0, 7, 11, 6, 9, 6, 11, 7, 0, 4, 0, 5, 8, 10, 13, 2, \textcolor{red}{\textbf{14}}, 2, 13, 10, 8, 5, 0\}
```

Constraints:

• Maximum number of nodes in a maze graph will be 10000.

Evaluation:

After your exam, black box evaluation will be carried out. You will get full points if your function returns the correct result without exceeding time limit.

Specifications:

- There are only 1 task to be solved in 12 hours in this take home exam.
- You will implement your solutions in the5.cpp file.
- Do not change the first line of the5.cpp, which is #include "the5.h"
- <iostream>, <climits>, <vector>, <string>, <stack>, <queue> are included in "the5.h" for your convenience.
- Do not change the arguments and return types of the function maze_trace(). (You should change return value, on the other hand.)
- Do **not** include any other library or write include anywhere in your **the5.cpp** file (not even in comments)

Compilation:

- You are given test.cpp file to test your work on ODTÜClass or your locale. You can and you are encouraged to modify this file to add different test cases.
- If you want to test your work and see your outputs you can compile and run your work on your locale as:

```
>g++ test.cpp the5.cpp -Wall -std=c++11 -o test
> ./test
```

- You can test your the5.cpp on virtual lab environment. If you click run, your function will be compiled and executed with test.cpp. If you click evaluate, you will get a feedback for your current work and your work will be temporarily graded for limited number of inputs.
- The grade you see in lab is not your final grade, your code will be re-evaluated with completely different inputs after the exam.

The system has the following limits:

- a maximum execution time of 32 seconds
- a 192 MB maximum memory limit
- · an execution file size of 1M.
- Solutions with longer running times will not be graded.
- If you are sure that your solution works in the expected complexity constrains but your evaluation fails due to limits in the lab environment, the constant factors may be the problem.

vector<int> maze_trace(vector<Room*> maze);

Requested files

the5.cpp

```
#include "the5.h"

/*

in the5.h "struct Room" is defined as below:

struct Room {
    int id;
    char content;
    vector<Room*> neighbors;
}

/*

vector<int> maze_trace(vector<Room*> maze) {
    vector<int> path;
    //your code here
    //your code here
    return path; // this is a dummy return value. YOU SHOULD CHANGE THIS!
}
```

test.cpp

```
// this file is for you for testing purposes, it won't be included in evaluation.
        #include <iostream>
#include <random>
        #include <ctime>
        #include <cstdlib>
#include "the5.h"
        void randomGraph(vector<Room*>& maze, int size) {
 10
 11
              int numOfVerts = size;
              int degree = 4;
int numOfEdges = (degree * numOfVerts) / 3;
numOfEdges = rand() % numOfEdges;
numOfEdges = numOfEdges < numOfVerts ? numOfVerts : numOfEdges;</pre>
 12
 13
14
 15
16
 17
18
               for (int i = 0; i < numOfVerts; i++)
 19
                    Room* room = new Room;
room->id = i;
room->content = '-';
 20
 21
 22
 23
24
                     maze.push_back(room);
 25
 26
 27
              int r = rand() % numOfVerts;
maze[r]->content = '*';
 28
 29
30
               // generate edges
 31
32
              vector<vector<int>> edges;
              for (int i = 0; i < numOfEdges; ) {
  int v1 = rand() % numOfVerts;
  int v2 = rand() % numOfVerts;</pre>
 33
34
 35
36
                    if (v1 == v2)
 37
38
                           continue;
 39
40
                     else {
                           bool retry = false;
for (int j = 0; j < edges.size(); j++) {
   if ((edges[j][0] == v1 && edges[j][1] == v2) || (edges[j][0] == v2 && edges[j][1] == v1)) {</pre>
 41
42
 43
44
                                        retry = true;
 45
46
                                       break;
                                 }
 47
48
                          }
 49
50
                           if (retry)
                           if (maze[v1]->neighbors.size() == degree || maze[v2]->neighbors.size() == degree)
 51
52
53
54
55
56
                           vector<int> edge;
                           edge.push_back(v1);
edge.push_back(v2);
                           edges.push_back(edge);
maze[v1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[v2]);
 57
58
59
60
                           maze[v2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[v1]);
 61
62
                    }
              }
 63
64
               // define components
              vector<vector<int>> components; // disconnected subgraphs
for (int i = 0; i < numOfVerts; i++) {</pre>
 65
66
 67
68
                     vector<int> component;
                    component;
component.push_back(i);
component.push_back(i);
 69
 70
71
72
                     components.push_back(component);
              }
              for (int i = 0; i < numOfEdges ; i++) {
   int v1 = edges[i][0];
   int v2 = edges[i][1];
   if (components[v1][0] == components[v2][0])</pre>
 73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
                           continue;
                    else {
  int c1 = components[v1][0];
  int c2 = components[v2][0];
 81
82
                           for (int c = 1; c < components[c2].size(); c++) {</pre>
                                 components[c1].push_back(components[c2][c]);
components[components[c2][c]][0] = c1;
 83
 85
                          }
                    }
87
88
              }
 89
              vector<int> component ids;
              for (int i = 0; i < numOfVerts; i++) {
  if (components[i][0] == i)
    component_ids.push_back(i);</pre>
 91
92
93
94
95
               // make connected
              // make commetted
for (int i = 1; i < component_ids.size(); i++) {
  int c1 = component_ids[0];
  int c2 = component_ids[i];</pre>
 96
 97
98
99
                    int ind1 = rand() % (components[c1].size()-1) + 1;
int ind2 = rand() % (components[c2].size()-1) + 1;
100
101
                     int v1 = components[c1][ind1];
103
                     int v2 = components[c2][ind2];
105
                     maze[v1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[v2]);
107
                     maze[v2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[v1]);
108
                     for (int c = 1; c < components[c2].size(); c++)</pre>
109
                            components[c1].push_back(components[c2][c]);
111
```

```
113
114
115
             void manualGraph(vector<Room*>& maze, int size)
116
117
118
                        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
119
                                 Room* room = new Room;
room->id = i;
room->content = '-';
120
121
122
123
                                 maze.push_back(room);
124
125
                       // Do not forget to change the size at the beginning of the test()
126
127
                       // EXAMPLE-1
128
129
130
                       maze[4]->content = '*';
131
                       maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
132
133
134
135
136
                       maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
                       maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[5]);
maze[4]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[5]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
137
138
139
140
141
142
                       maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
143
144
                       maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
145
146
147
148
149
                       maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
150
151
152
                       // EXAMPLE-2
153
154
                       maze[4]->content = '*';
155
156
                       maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
                       maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
157
158
                       maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
159
160
                       maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
161
162
                       maze[3]-neighbors.push_back(maze[5]);
maze[3]-neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
maze[4]-neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[5]-neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[6]-neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[6]-neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
163
164
165
166
167
168
                       maze[6] ->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[9]);
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
169
170
171
172
                       maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[4]);
173
174
175
176
177
                        maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
178
179
180
                       // EXAMPLE-3
181
182
                       maze[7]->content = '*';
183
                        maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
                       maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[5]);
185
186
                       maze[1]-neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[4]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[4]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
187
188
189
190
191
192
                       maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
maze[4]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
maze[5]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
193
195
196
197
199
                       maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[1]);
200
201
                       maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
202
203
204
                        // EXAMPLE-4
                       maze[14]->content = '*';
205
                       maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[4]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[11]);
maze[0]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[1]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[13]);
207
208
209
210
211
212
                      maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[2]->neighbors.push_back(maze[5]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[14]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[14]);
maze[3]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[5]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[5]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[5]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[11]);
maze[6]->neighbors.push_back(maze[11]);
maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[11]);
213
214
215
216
217
219
220
221
223
                        maze[7]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
```

```
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[10]);
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[5]);
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[12]);
maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[12]);
225
226
227
228
                maze[8]->neighbors.push_back(maze[13]);
maze[9]->neighbors.push_back(maze[6]);
229
230
231
232
                maze[10]->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[10]->neighbors.push_back(maze[13]);
233
                maze[11]->neighbors.push_back(maze[0]);
maze[11]->neighbors.push back(maze[6]);
234
                maze[11] ->neighbors.push_back(maze[7]);
maze[12] ->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[13] ->neighbors.push_back(maze[8]);
maze[13] ->neighbors.push_back(maze[2]);
235
236
237
238
                maze[13]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
maze[13]->neighbors.push_back(maze[14]);
maze[13]->neighbors.push_back(maze[10]);
239
240
241
242
                maze[14]->neighbors.push_back(maze[3]);
243
                maze[14]->neighbors.push_back(maze[2])
244
                maze[14]->neighbors.push_back(maze[13]);
245
        }
246
247
248
249
         void printGraphInLine(vector<Room*> maze){
250
                std::cout << "{\n";
for(int i = 0; i < maze.size(); i++){
    std::cout << " ROOM " << i << "," << std::endl;
    std::cout << " content: '" << maze[i]->content << "'," << std::endl;
    std::cout << " neighbors: ";
    for (int j = 0; j < maze[i]->neighbors.size(); j++) {
        std::cout << maze[i]->neighbors.size() - 1)
        std::cout << std::endl;
    else</pre>
251
252
253
254
255
256
257
258
259
                              else
260
                                    std::cout << ", ";
261
262
                      }
263
264
                std::cout << "}" << std::endl;
265
266
         }
267
268
         void printVectorInLine(vector<int> output) {
269
270
                for(int i = 0; i < output.size(); i++) {</pre>
271
                       std::cout << output[i];
if (i == output.size() - 1)</pre>
272
273
                              continue;
274
                       else
                             std::cout << ", ";
275
276
277
                std::cout << endl;
278
279
        }
280
281
282
         void test(){
   clock_t begin, end;
283
284
285
                double duration;
286
287
                int size = 15:
               int size = 15;
vector<int> path;
vector<Room*> maze;
//randomGraph(maze, size);
manualGraph(maze, size);
288
289
290
291
292
                if ((begin = clock() ) ==-1)
    std::cerr << "clock error" << std::endl;</pre>
293
294
295
296
                path = maze_trace(maze);
297
                if ((end = clock() ) ==-1)
    std::cerr << "clock error" << std::endl;</pre>
298
299
300
                duration = ((double) end - begin) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
std::cout << "Duration: " << duration << " seconds." << std::end1;</pre>
301
302
303
304
                 std::cout << "Given maze: "<< std::endl;</pre>
305
                printGraphInLine(maze);
                std::cout << "\nNumber of Rooms: \n" << size << std::endl;</pre>
307
308
                std::cout << "\nMaze Trace: " << std::endl;
std::cout << "\nReturned path :";</pre>
309
310
311
                printVectorInLine(path);
312
                                                                   ·----";
313
                std::cout <<
                std::cout << "\n" << std::endl;
314
315
316
        }
317
318
         int main()
319
320
                 srandom(time(0));
                test();
return 0;
321
         }
323
```

VPL

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