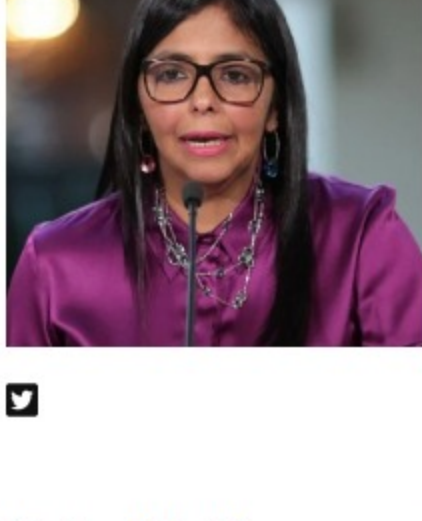


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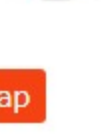
delcy rodriguez

04-29-1970



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PEOPLE



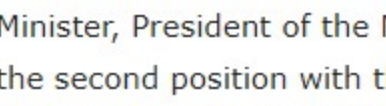
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ORGANIZATIONS

relationship map



Minister (E) of Economy and Finance, appointed on September 8, 2020 in accordance with Official Gazette No. 41,960. Vice President of the Republic, announced by Nicolás Maduro on June 14, 2018 through her official Twitter account. Days after this appointment, she was sanctioned by the European Union and was prohibited from traveling to this territory. She appeared as president of the National Constituent Assembly, chosen on August 4, 2017. Director of the National System of Orchestras, appointed on April 4, 2018 by Nicolás Maduro. She was Chancellor of the Republic, appointed to this position on December 26, 2014 and replaced on June 21, 2017. Vice President of the Political Area, since September 4, 2015. He directed International Affairs of Petróleos de Venezuela (PDVSA) from June 4, 2015 to May 3, 2018 in Gaceta 41,389, when it was announced that he was no longer part of the structure. He previously held the Ministry of Communication and Information, from August 2013 to October 2014.



Profile

A distant and low-profile figure during the government of former President Hugo Chávez, but whose political and media relevance gained a lot of strength when **Nicolás Maduro** appointed her Minister of Communication in 2013. Since then, she has been Foreign Minister, President of the National Constituent Assembly (ANC) and, since June 2018, holds the second position with the greatest political weight in the country: the Executive Vice-Presidency of the Republic.

Delcy Eloina Rodríguez Gómez was born in Caracas in 1969. She is the daughter of the former left-wing militant and founder of the former Socialist League, Jorge Rodríguez, assassinated on July 25, 1976 in the Directorate of Intelligence and Prevention Services (Disip). And she is the sister of the current Minister of Communication, Jorge Rodríguez Gómez.

She is a lawyer graduated from the Central University of Venezuela (UCV), an institution where she was a student leader and later a professor. Likewise, she completed a specialization in Labor Law in Paris, France, and was a professor at the UCV and a member of the Venezuelan Association of Labor Lawyers.

The Minister's Sister

The Rodríguez brothers, Delcy and Jorge, have followed the same steps: leftist militants, student leaders, UCV graduates and key figures in the government cabinets of Chávez and Maduro. In fact, both have been Ministers of Communication and Vice Presidents of the Republic. However, in addition to the fraternal and ideological bond, they share the same objective: "The revolution is our revenge for the death of our father," Delcy said in June 2018, in an interview with José Vicente Rangel.



In 2003, the year in which her brother catapulted into the public sphere by presiding over the National Electoral Board, Delcy was director of International Affairs of the Ministry of Energy and Mines, led by the current dissident of the Maduro government, Rafael Ramírez.

Two years later, as part of the continuous casting within the cabinet, Delcy Rodríguez moved to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as Vice Chancellor for Europe during the administration of Ali Rodríguez Araque.

In 2006, she assumed the Ministry for the Office of the Presidency and became the first to reach that position in the government of Hugo Chávez. According to the Tal Cual newspaper, however, after only seven months (between February and August), she left there for "defying" President Chávez. A year later, while her brother was vice president, she returned to the cabinet occupying the general coordination of the Vice Presidency of the Republic.

The Minister of Communication

As Minister of Communication and Information in the Maduro government, Delcy Rodríguez became one of the most important spokespersons for the so-called "Bolivarian revolution."

However, during his tenure, one of the biggest media crises in the history of Venezuela occurred: censorship, violations of freedom of expression, a shortage of newsprint and sales of traditional media such as El Universal, Grupo Últimas Noticias and Globovisión to unknown businessmen, which led to substantial changes in their editorial lines, which were previously critical of the government.

In fact, from October 2013 to August 2014, the non-governmental organization Ipy's Venezuela registered 30 alerts directly involving the minister.

According to reports from the Venezuelan Press and Society Institute, for the month of January 2014 at least 21 print media had difficulties acquiring foreign currency to import newsprint. In statements she offered in May of that same year, the then minister acknowledged that there were irregularities in the process, but denounced that some media bought the material at a preferential dollar (6.30 at that time) and resold it at black market prices. She never said which media she was referring to.

2014 was also marked by street protests against the Maduro government. In February of that year, Rodríguez insulted CNN journalist Fernando del Rincón, accusing him of being a "beater of women" and of "making stupidity the script of a program", regarding his coverage of the demonstrations. In addition, under his management, the government turned off the signal of the Colombian channel, NTN24, for transmitting the incidents of the demonstrations.

On October 13, 2014, she was removed from the position and replaced by Jacqueline Faría. She however, would not stay away from the government for long. A month later, in November 2014, she ran as a candidate to be a magistrate of the Supreme Court of Justice.

Delcy the Chancellor

On December 26, Delcy Eloina withdrew her candidacy: that day she was appointed Chancellor of the Republic, replacing Rafael Ramírez. And the following year, on June 4, she was appointed director of International Affairs of Petróleos de Venezuela (PDVSA).

As chancellor of the Republic, Rodríguez had a controversial performance. In 2016, after Mercosur decided to suspend Venezuela from that organization, the minister publicly denounced that "Macri's henchmen" had attacked her when she tried to enter a meeting of the economic bloc to which she had not been invited.

His office issued at least one communiqué almost every month rejecting the declarations of some figure from the international community on the situation in Venezuela. In this context, he maintained verbal confrontations with the governments of Uruguay, Peru, Argentina, Brazil, Mexico, Spain, Colombia, Chile and the United States.

All these frictions peaked in April 2017, when in an extraordinary session of the Organization of American States (OAS), a majority of 18 countries approved a resolution specifying that in Venezuela there was an "unconstitutional rupture of the democratic order" and then began the application of the Democratic Charter to the country. Only at the end of that same month, at the request made by a group of countries to convene a meeting of foreign ministers and discuss the situation in Venezuela, did Rodríguez raise the possibility -for the first time since Venezuela is a member of the organization- of for the country to definitively withdraw from the OAS.

Subsequently, on April 4, 2018, she was also appointed as director of the National System of Orchestras that was born during the first term of Carlos Andrés Pérez, and grew steadily during the administrations of Luis Herrera Campins, Jaime Lusinchi, Pérez II and Raphael Caldera. During these years of the Bolivarian revolution, she has received financing not only from the country but also from bilateral and multilateral organizations such as CELAC, ALBA, and the IDB, as well as special assignments from ministries, mayors, governors, banks, and public and private companies. It has been accused of being a govismo flag for propaganda purposes in the international arena to export the revolutionary ideal.

A sanctioned vice president

On June 14, 2018, and replacing Tarek El Aissami, Delcy was appointed Executive Vice President of the Republic. Days after this appointment, she was sanctioned by the European Union, she was prohibited from traveling to this territory and the freezing of her assets was activated.

On July 11, 2018, the Swiss government also sanctioned her for considering that her actions as president of the "illegitimate" National Constituent Assembly (ANC), including the usurpation of functions by the Constituent Assembly and the elaboration of laws used against opposition leaders

On September 3, 2018, through a press conference, the vice president assured that there is no humanitarian crisis caused by the Government of Nicolás Maduro and stated that Venezuela is the country with the second lowest flow of emigrants in South America. However, her data contradicts the figure from the International Organization for Migration, which estimates that 2.3 million Venezuelans left the country to escape the political and economic crisis, between 2015 and mid-2018.

On September 25, 2018, Rodríguez was sanctioned by the United States Office of Foreign Assets Control (Ofac) "for her relationship with those sanctioned, members of the Government of President Nicolás Maduro and with the president of the National Constituent Assembly (ANC).), Diosdado Cabello", according to the Treasury Department press release.

On April 3, 2019, the vice president of the Maduro government announced, at the head of the newly created Electric General Staff, that the **National Electric Corporation (Corpoelec)** will be intervened and restructured, with the aim of solving electrical failures.

On July 31, 2019, Delcy Rodríguez accused Guaidó's representatives, Carlos Vecchio and José Ignacio Hernández, of planning "an international fraud operation" against Venezuelan assets, reported El Pitazo.

On August 7, 2019, the Swiss government added 18 officials of the Nicolás Rodríguez Maduro to its list of sanctions, for "for violating human rights and undermining the rule of law and democratic institutions." Among those sanctioned is the name of Rodríguez.

On August 21, 2019, Rodríguez will travel to Russia to meet with the Foreign Minister of that country, Sergei Lavrov, according to a spokesman for the Russian Foreign Ministry.

His name is among the 18 Maduro government officials sanctioned by the European Union. The EU measures imply a ban on travel to community territory and the freezing of assets "for having violated democratic principles, the rule of law and democracy."

His name is among the 25 Maduro government officials sanctioned by the Swiss government on October 11, 2019.

His name appears among the officials and businessmen, related to the Maduro government, sanctioned by the TIAR on December 3, 2019. The sanctions include the freezing of accounts and the prohibition to enter the territory of the member countries of the Treaty.

On September 15, 2020, Rodríguez presented the new structure of the Ministry of Economy and Finance, which will be divided into five vice ministries: Anti-blockade policies, Productive economy, Finance, Banking and insurance system, and Foreign trade and investment promotion.

On October 2, 2020, Rodríguez reported the arrival of 2,000 doses of Sputnik V, the vaccine of Russian origin that is in phase III of clinical trials.

"We are formally receiving the first batch of Sputnik V vaccines so that the Ministry of People's Power for Health and the Presidential Commission, under the indication and instruction of President Nicolás Maduro, begin phase III and their clinical trials in Venezuela," Rodríguez said according to *reviewed Efecto Cocuyo* .

On October 18, 2020, Rodríguez reported that the country will begin to receive local and foreign investments, within the framework of the Anti-Blockade Law, without disclosing the origin of the funds.

On September 22, 2021, Rodríguez declared that the failure presented in the **Banco de Venezuela (BDV)** platform was caused by "cybernetic terrorism", and the attack was "planned in the United States". In addition, he justified that the more than five days that the platform was out of service served to preserve the data of the more than 14 million savers.

On November 18, 2022, Rodríguez reported that, after meeting in Geneva with the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, **Volker Turk** , he extended an invitation to visit Venezuela.

The vice president also met with Francesco Rocca, president of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), to review the cooperation agenda between that international organization and Venezuela.



Basic data			▼
NAMES	LAST NAME 1	SURNAME 2	
Delcy Eloina	Rodríguez	Gómez	
SHORT NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE	
Delcy Rodríguez	04-29-1970	Venezuela	

Government SECTOR

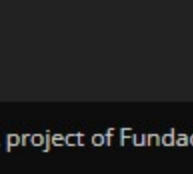
Family	two▼
nearby	13▼
Studies	1▼
Public charges	6▼
Political parties	two▼
Generic connection	two▼
Positions in Public Entity	1▼

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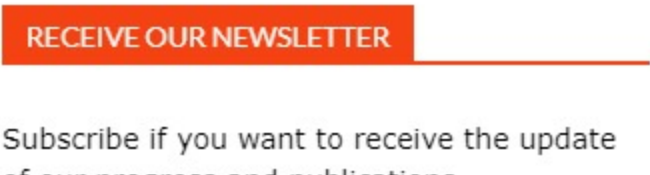
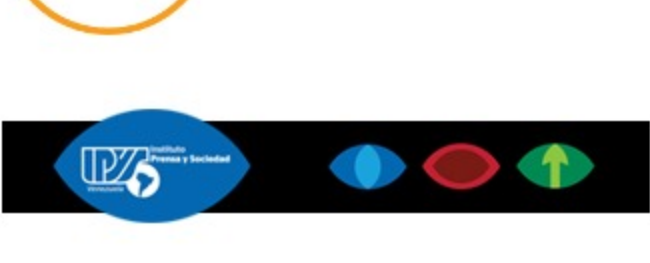
Meet in #PoderopediaVe the profile of Hugbel Roa, the AN/6D deputy who was appointed territorial vice president of the #Psv in Nueva Esparta poderopediave.org/persona/hug...

6:59 p.m. December 9, 2022

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