

# Introduction to Python

## Detailed Features of Python with Examples

### 1. Simple and Easy to Learn

Python's syntax is clean and easy to read, making it ideal for beginners.

Example:

```
print("Hello, World!")
```

### 2. Interpreted Language

Python is interpreted, meaning each line is executed one by one, making debugging easier.

Example:

```
a = 10
```

```
b = 5
```

```
print(a + b)
```

### 3. High-Level Language (HLL)

Python abstracts low-level details like memory management, allowing developers to focus on logic.

Example:

```
name = "Alice"
```

```
print(name.upper())
```

### 4. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)

Python supports classes, objects, inheritance, encapsulation, and polymorphism.

Example:

```
class Dog:
```

```
    def __init__(self, name):
```

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```
self.name = name
```

```
def bark(self):  
    print(f"{self.name} says Woof!")
```

```
dog1 = Dog("Buddy")  
dog1.bark()
```

## 5. Dynamically Typed

You don't need to declare variable types; Python decides the type at runtime.

Example:

```
x = 10    # integer  
x = "Hello" # now it's a string
```

## 6. Portable / Cross-platform

Python code runs on different platforms like Windows, macOS, and Linux without changes.

Example:

```
print("Runs anywhere!")
```

## 7. Extensive Standard Library

Python includes modules for math, file I/O, networking, web services, etc.

Example:

```
import math  
print(math.sqrt(25))
```

## 8. Open Source

# Introduction to Python

Python is freely available and modifiable. You can contribute to its development.

## 9. Large Community and Ecosystem

A huge community provides support, libraries, and frameworks like Django, Pandas, TensorFlow.

## 10. Embeddable and Extensible

You can use Python code inside C/C++ programs and vice versa for performance-critical tasks.

## 11. GUI Programming Support

Python offers GUI libraries like Tkinter, PyQt, and Kivy for desktop apps.

Example:

```
import tkinter as tk
```

```
window = tk.Tk()
```

```
label = tk.Label(window, text="Hello GUI")
```

```
label.pack()
```

```
window.mainloop()
```

## 12. Integration with Other Technologies

Python works with databases, web servers, cloud platforms, and APIs, making it highly versatile.