

Statistical Inference Project

Part1

Question1

```
set.seed(31)
```

```
# set lambda to 0.2
```

```
lambda <- 0.2
```

```
# 40 samples
```

```
n <- 40
```

```
# 1000 simulations
```

```
simulations <- 1000
```

```
# simulate
```

```
simulated_exponentials <- replicate (simulations, rexp(n, lambda))
```

```
# calculate mean of exponentials
```

```
means_exponentials <- apply(simulated_exponentials, 2, mean
```

```
# distribution mean
```

```
analytical_mean <- mean(means_exponentials)
```

analytical_mean

```
## [1] 4.993867
```

```
# analytical mean
```

```
theory_mean <- 1/lambda
```

```
theory_mean
```

```
# visualization
```

```
hist(means_exponentials, xlab = "mean", main = "Exponential Function  
Simulations")
```

```
abline(v = analytical_mean, col = "red")
```

```
abline(v = theory_mean, col = "orange")
```

Answer 1

The analytics mean is 4.993867 the theoretical mean 5. The center of distribution of averages of 40 exponentials is very close to the theoretical center of the distribution.

Question 2

Show how variable it is and compare it to the theoretical variance of the distribution.

```
# standard deviation of distribution
```

```
standard_deviation_dist <- sd(means_exponentials)
```

```
standard_deviation_dist
```

```
## [1] 0.7931608
```

```
# standard deviation from analytical expression
```

```

standard_deviation_theory <- (1/lambda)/sqrt(n)
standard_deviation_theory
## [1] 0.7905694
# variance of distribution
variance_dist <- standard_deviation_dist^2
variance_dist
## [1] 0.6291041

# variance from analytical expression
variance_theory <- ((1/lambda)*(1/sqrt(n)))^2
variance_theory
## [1] 0.625

```

Answer 2

Standard Deviation of the distribution is 0.7931608 with the theoretical SD calculated as 0.7905694. The Theoretical variance is calculated as $(1\lambda * 1n\sqrt{2})^2 = 0.625$. The actual variance of the distribution is 0.6291041