Project 1: Finding Lane Lines on the Road

The goals / steps of this project are the following:

- * Make a pipeline that finds lane lines on the road
- * Reflect on your work in a written report

Input images:

Are in the folder \test_images

solidWhiteCurve.jpg, solidWhiteRight.jpg, solidYellowCurve.jpg, solidYellowCurve2.jpg, solidYellowLeft.jpg, whiteCarLaneSwitch.jpg

Output images:

Are in the folder \test_images

solidWhiteCurvelane.jpg, solidWhiteRightlane.jpg, solidYellowCurvelane.jpg, solidYellowCurve2lane.jpg, solidYellowLeftlane.jpg, whiteCarLaneSwitchlane.jpg



Image pipeline: imagepipeline(image)

Purpose of this pipeline Is to detects lane in an image and draw lines to connect the complete lane

Steps involved achieving the above-mentioned goals:

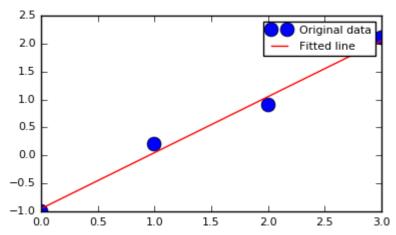
- Converted the images to grayscale cv2.cvtColor(image,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
- 2. Reduce image noise by applying Guassian smoothing to image cv2.GaussianBlur(gray,(kernel_size, kernel_size),0)
- 3. Detect edges in the image by running Canny edge detector cv2.Canny(blur_gray, low_threshold, high_threshold)
- 4. Extract the region of the interested in the image, which is projection in front of the vehicle lane it is defined by the quadruple polygon points cv2.fillPoly(mask, vertices, ignore_mask_color)
- 5. Detect line segment which intersects at a common point and draw the line with red color and thickness 2

In order to draw a single line on the left and right lanes modified the draw_lines() function as explained below.

- 1. First separate the line segments by their slope ((y2-y1)/(x2-x1))
- 2. Separate the array of (x,y) point into x and y points array
- 3. Apply liner regression on the arrangement

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & 1 \\ \vdots & 1 \\ \vdots & 1 \\ x_n & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

4. Fit a line through data-points for both left and right lines using linear regression, which uses numpy API: numpy.linalg.lstsq (it is the line that minimizes the sum of the squares of the distance from each data point to the line)



From this technic will find the, line y = mx + b, by calculating values of m and c returned by numpy.linalg.lstsq

- 5. Since we have the line from previous step, we can find the beginning and ending point of the line
 - Top left point
 - Top right point
 - Bottom left point
 - Bottom right point
- 6. Draw the line for left and right lane with color red connecting top (x,y) and bottom (x,y), Using open cv line function

Draw the left line

cv2.line(img, (bottom_left_point[0], bottom_left_point[1]), (top_left_point[0], top_left_point[1]), [255, 0, 0], thickness)

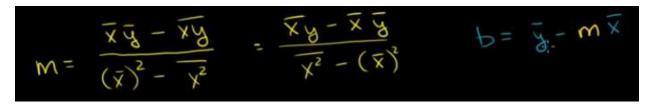
Draw the right line

cv2.line(img, (bottom_right_point[0], bottom_right_point[1]), (top_right_point[0], top_right_point[1]), [255, 0, 0], thickness)

Formulas used for linear regression:

Line = y = mx + b

M = slope and b = y intersect



Potential shortcomings with current pipeline

1. Region Extraction problem:

Triangle points are fine-tuned for all the example images and video, but limitations are

- Detects the White or yellow car at the end of the line driving in middle of the line
- Line at the end will mix few y axis pixels because it is not quadruple polygon
- Line drawing towards farthest y the x is bit inside from the actual Lane because of triangle apex
- It will not filter out If the image or video with white or yellow objects other than Lane are closer to the current lane at beginning point(y)

2. External Conditions problem:

- Some shadow in the lanes
- Lane marking is missing for distance less or equal to y axis Region of interest
- Traffic sign boards on the road edge will be detected also if they are close to end lane

Improvements to your pipeline

- **1.** Draw dynamic quadruple polygon to extract region of interests, which solved problem described in above problem 1.
- 2. Discard other objects which is yellow and white in color
- **3.** Filter the image to only include yellow and white pixels at first step
- **4.** Use data from Navigation, curvature clothoids information to adjust the line drawing accuracy

Updates after view

1. Solved Region Extraction problem:

Changed from 3 points to quadruple polygon to extract region of interest

2. Fine-tuned threshold, min_line_length, max_line_gap values of HoughLinesP to further extend the line drawing and it also improved the drawing at the center