

A Deep Learning Framework for Light Field Reconstruction From Focus-Defocus Pair: A minimal hardware approach

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Resolution Trade-off with Light Field Imaging

 Due to bandwidth limitation, capturing 4D light field on a 2D sensor poses resolution trade-off

Solution: Multiplex or sub-sample angular rays and reconstruct back computationally

- Compressive light field, programmable aperture, view synthesis
- This often requires specific hardware requiremens

Our solution: Light field from focus-defocus pair No additional hardware

Disparity EPI consistency

D(x, u) = D(x + kD(x, u), u + k)

Overall Loss function

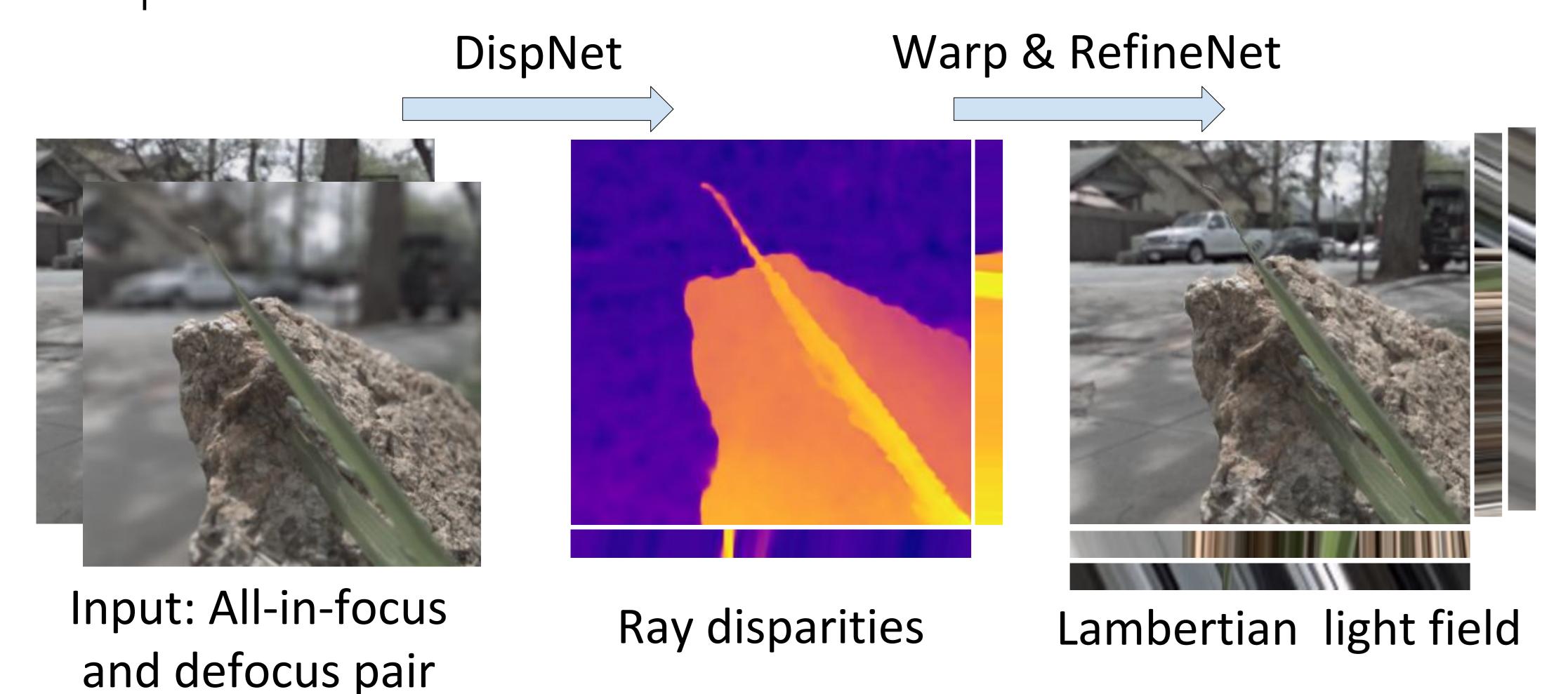
 $\mathcal{L}_{rec} + \mathcal{L}_{ref} + \lambda_{dc} \mathcal{L}_{dc} + \lambda_{tv} \mathcal{L}_{tv}$

4D light field

angular *vs* spatial

Light Field Reconstruction Pipeline

 We breakdown the LF reconstruction from focus-defocus pair into two steps -



Lambertian Light Field Synthesis

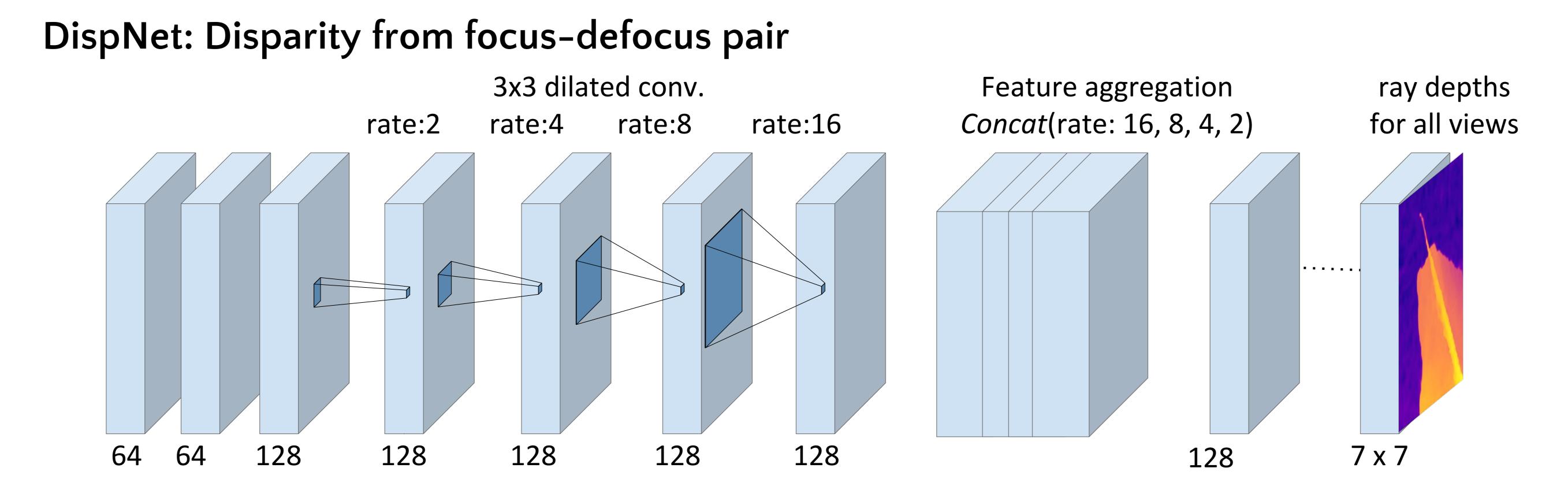
$$\tilde{L}(x,q) = L(x+qD(x,q),0)$$

Non-Lambertian Light Field Refinement $r = f(\tilde{L}, D, I_d)$

 $L_r(x, u) = r(x, u) + \tilde{L}(x, u)$

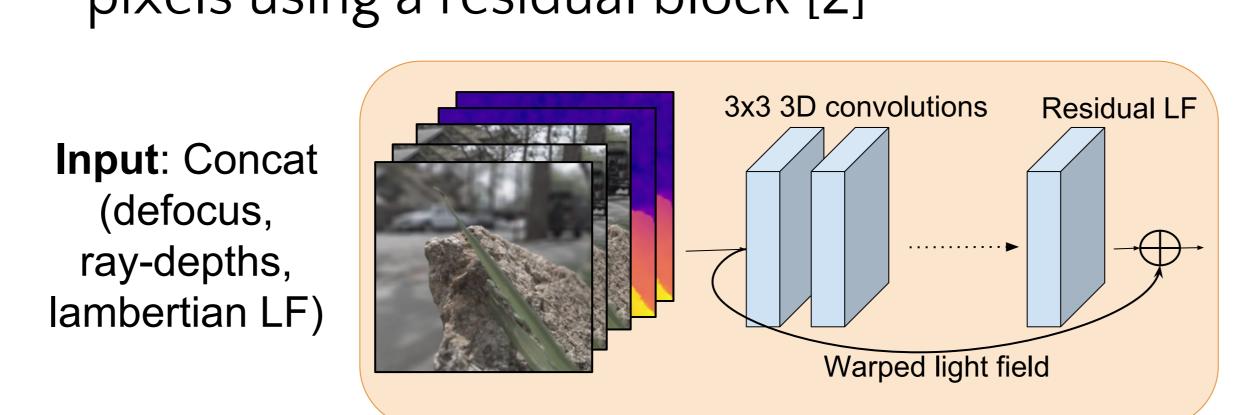
*This block is adapted from single image LF synthesis work [2]

Proposed CNN Architectures



RefineNet: non-lambertian LF

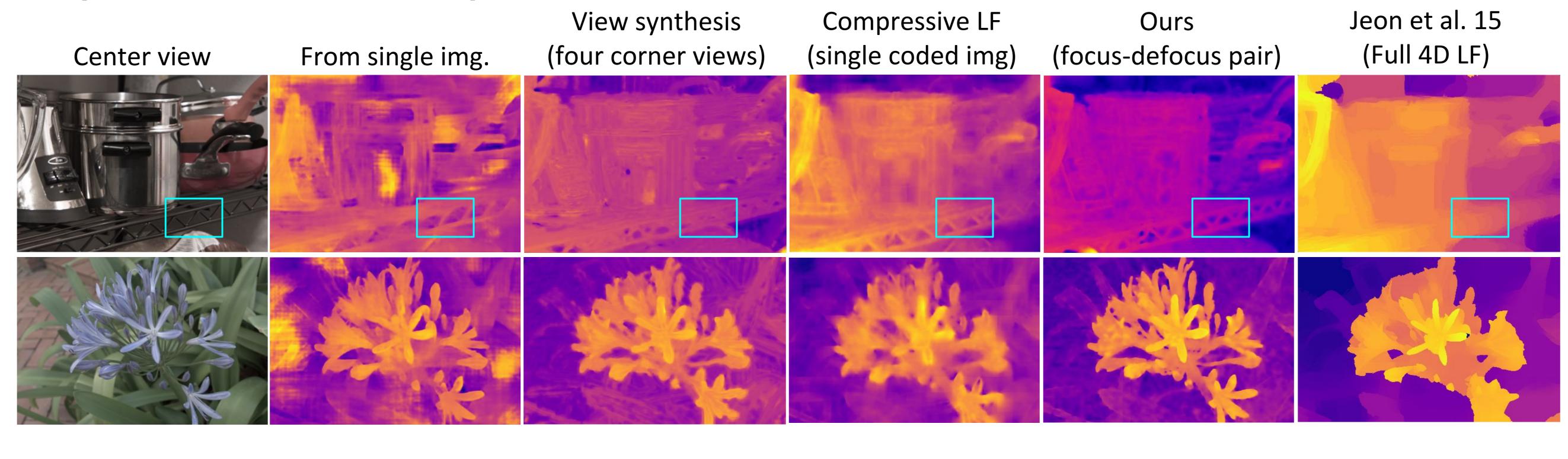
 Predicts non-lambertian LF and occluded pixels using a residual block [2]



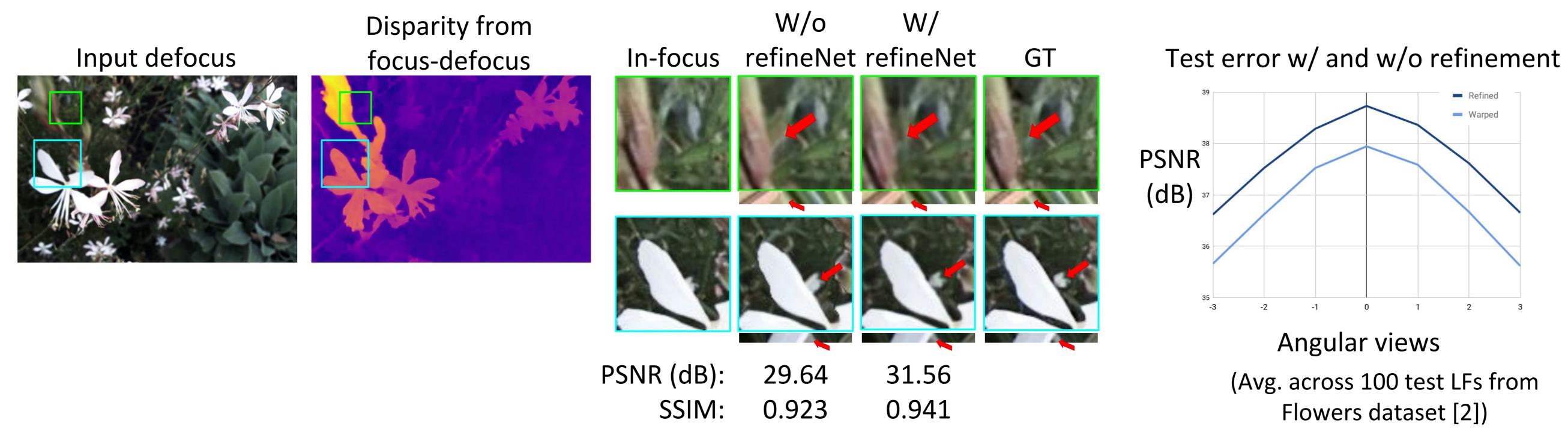
Challenges with disparity estimation

- Depth disambiguation from just focus-defocus pair
- Variation of focal plane
- Textureless regions
 - Does not affect the lambertian LF reconstruction

Disparity estimation comparison



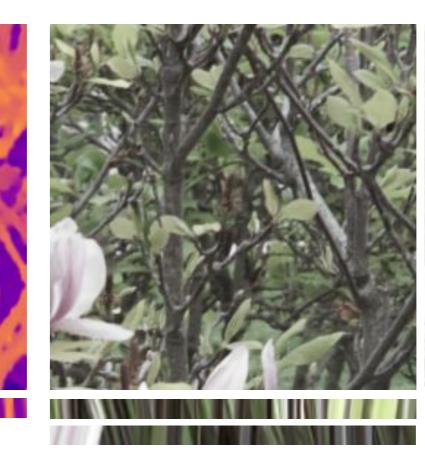
Non-lambertian light field reconstruction



Results

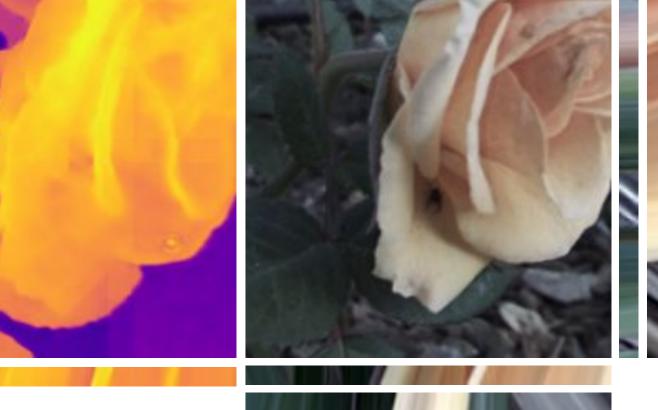






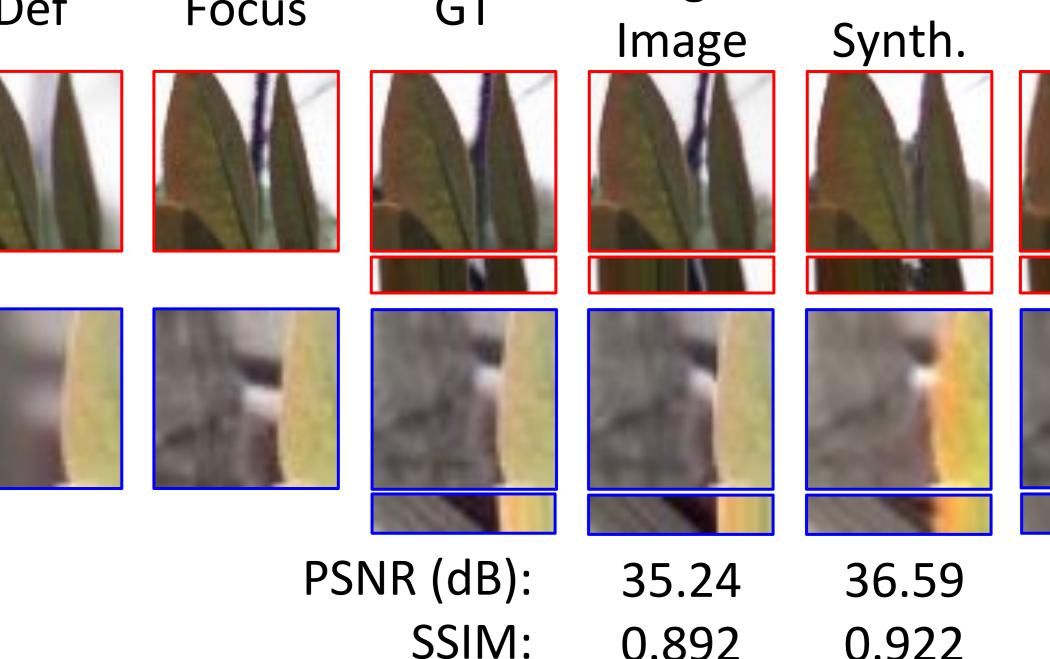


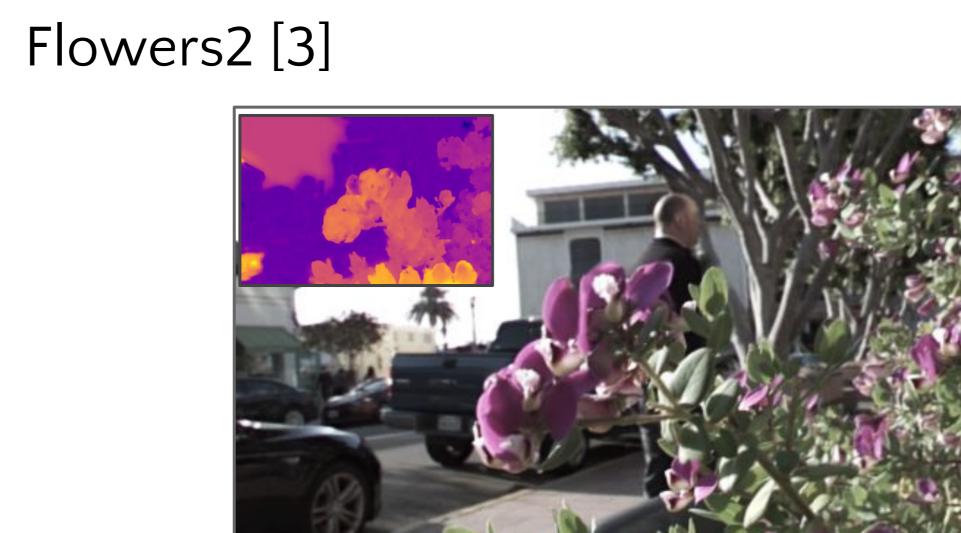




Approach	30 Test LFs [3]	Reflective_29	Occlusions (7, 25, 47)	Miscellaneous (1,2,21,22,29,43,56)
Single Image [2]	35.55 dB, 0.930	35.45 dB, 0.942	33.08dB, 0.855	35.03 dB, 0.927
View Synthesis [3]	37.56 dB, 0.960	37.47 dB, 0.974	34.74 dB, 0.924	35.85 dB, 0.951
Compressive LF [1]	37.29 dB, 0.951	37.67 dB, 0.972	33.95 dB, 0.911	36.22 dB, 0.944
Ours (Foc-Defocus)	37.41 dB, 0.955	39.56 dB, 0.981	35.39 dB, 0.936	37.12 dB, 0.960
Direct regression				











References

- 1. Vadathya, Anil Kumar, et al. "Learning light field reconstruction from a single coded image." In ACPR 2017.
- 2. Srinivasan, Pratul P., et al. "Learning to synthesize a 4d rgbd light field from a single image." In ICCV 2017.
- 3. Kalantari, Nima. K., et al. "Learning-based view synthesis for light field cameras". In SIGGRAPH ASIA, 2016.

