# Adult Triage Criteria

(Adapted from the Canadian ED Triage and Acuity Scale)

#### LEVEL I: RESUSCITATION

Conditions that are life or limb threatening (or with imminent risk of deterioration) needing immediate aggressive intervention.

Conditions that are potential threat to life, function or limb, requiring rapid medical

#### Time to doctor: IMMEDIATE

- Usual presenta 1. Cardiac and/or pulmonary arrest
- 2. Major trauma
- 3. Shock states
- Unconscious patients
- 5. Severe respiratory distress
- 6. Status epilepticus
- 7. Acute coronary syndrome/ chest pain
- 8. CVA / stroke
- 9. DKA/ HHS 10. Shock states (Trauma haemorrhagic / septic
- shock) BP <90/60
  - Temp<360C or >380C
- PR<60bpm or >100bpm
   RR<16bpm or >24bpm
- 11. Hypertensive Emergencies
  - BP >180/110mmHg with

blurred vision / vomiting / CVA / confusion

RESUSCITATION

12. GI bleed 13. Severe asthmatic attack

- · SPO2 <90%
- Single word speech Confusion
- · Silent chest
- 14. Deranged blood glucose levels (<3mmol/l or >18mmol/l with confusion / seizures / diaphoresis)
- 15. Pregnancy related complications
- - Presenting fetal parts
     Prolapsed cord
  - · Vaginal bleeding (esp. 3rd trimester except show)
  - · Absent fetal movements
- Eclampsia 16. Severe head injury (GCS: 3-8/15)
- 17. Drug / substance abuse / intoxication with haemodynamic instability

TRIAGE I

IMMEDIATE

## LEVEL II: EMERGENT intervention Time to doctor < 15min

Usual presentations

- 1. Altered mental state
- 2. Head injury (mild / moderate with GCS of 9-15) 3. Neonates
- 4. Eye pain/injuries
- Drug and/or substance overdose / intoxication / withdrawal with stable vitals
- 6. Asthma (moderate) 7. Anaphylaxis
- 8. Heavy vaginal bleeding /acute pelvic or lower abdominal pain 9. Sepsis/pyrexia
- 10. Severe vomiting and/or diarrhoea
- (haemodynamically unstable)

- 11. Acute psychosis / extreme agitation
- 12. Severe abdominal / groin pain / acute abdomen
- 13. Severe hypertension or
- hypotension (BP > 180/110 mmHg or < 90/60 mmHg)
- Abuse / neglect / assault (physical / sexual)
   Patients on chemotherapy
- 16. Acute pain severe (pain score 8-10/10) 17. Seizure disorder

**MINUTES** 

LESS HRGENT

### LEVEL III: URGENT

Conditions could potentially progress to a serious problem requiring emergency intervention. May be associated with significant discomfort or affecting ability to function at work or activities of daily living.

#### Time to doctor < 30min

Usual presentations:

- Asthma, mild
  - Acute pain moderate (pain score 4-7/10) Vomiting or diarrhoea with dehydration
- 4. Dialysis( or transplantation patients)

  5. Other diabetic - associated conditions e.g. neuropathy,

## nephropathy, retinopathy.

#### LEVEL IV: LESS URGENT

Conditions could potentially progress to a serious problem requiring emergency intervention. May be associated with significant discomfort or affecting ability to function at work or activities of daily living.

#### Time to doctor ≤ 1 hour

- Usual presentations: 1. Minor trauma with soft tissue injuries
- 2. Headache (pain score 0-3/10)
- 4. Ear ache
- 5. Back pain, chronic

- 6. URTI symptoms with fever Vomiting and/or diarrhea with no signs of dehydration HOUR
- 8. Acute pain mild (pain score 0-3/10)

#### LEVEL V: NOT URGENT

Problem with or without evidence of deterioration

Time to doctor ≤ 2 hours

- 1. Sore Throat/URTI without fever
- 2. Abdominal pain without vomiting
- 3. Diarrhoea or vomiting alone without dehydration

## NON EMERGENT

HOURS

