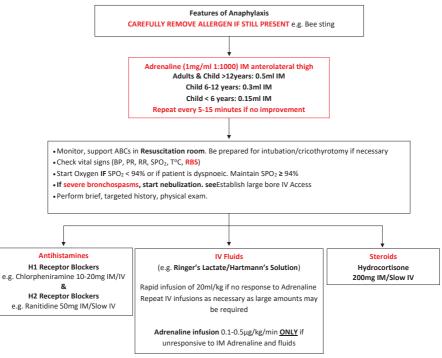
8. Anaphylaxis Algorithm

This clinical pathway is intended to supplement, rather than substitute for, professional judgment and may be changed depending upon a patient's individual needs. Failure to comply with this pathway does not represent a breach of the standard

A patient meets the definition of anaphylaxis when ANY 1 of the following 3 criteria are fulfilled:

- 1. Acute onset of mucocutaneous signs AND 1 of the following:
 - · respiratory compromise (wheezing-bronchospasm, dyspnoea, stridor, hypoxemia),
 - · hypotension (syncope), or
 - · hypotonia.
- 2. Rapid onset of 2 of the following after exposure to likely allergen:
 - · mucocutaneous signs,
 - · respiratory compromise,
 - hypotension, or
 - · persistent gastrointestinal symptoms.
- 3. Hypotension after exposure to a known allergen.

Patients with simple allergic reactions who **DO NOT** meet the criteria for anaphylaxis may be managed similarly **WITHOUT** the use of adrenaline.



Patients with suspected anaphylaxis should be observed for at least 6 hours. Patients who are **NOT HIGH-RISK** should be discharged in the care of others. Before discharge from the hospital, all patients with anaphylactic reactions **must be**;

- · Given clear indications for immediate return to the emergency department (ED).
- · Considered for treatment with antihistamines and oral steroids for 3 days to decrease the chance of further reaction

