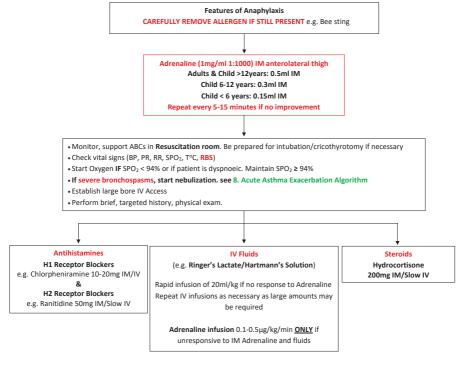
7. Anaphylaxis Algorithm

This clinical pathway is intended to supplement, rather than substitute for, professional judgment and may be changed depending upon a patient's individual needs. Failure to comply with this pathway does not represent a breach of the standard

A patient meets the definition of anaphylaxis when ANY 1 of the following 3 criteria are fulfilled:

- 1. Acute onset of mucocutaneous signs AND 1 of the following:
 - · respiratory compromise (wheezing-bronchospasm, dyspnoea, stridor, hypoxemia),
 - · hypotension (syncope), or
 - hypotonia.
- 2. Rapid onset of 2 of the following after exposure to likely allergen:
 - · mucocutaneous signs,
 - · respiratory compromise,
 - · hypotension, or
 - · persistent gastrointestinal symptoms.
- 3. Hypotension after exposure to a known allergen.

Patients with simple allergic reactions who DO NOT meet the criteria for anaphylaxis may be managed similarly WITHOUT the use of adrenaline.



Patients with suspected anaphylaxis should be observed for at least 6 hours. Patients who are **NOT HIGH-RISK** should be discharged in the care of others. Before discharge from the hospital, all patients with anaphylactic reactions **must be**;

- Given clear indications for immediate return to the emergency department (ED).
- · Considered for treatment with antihistamines and oral steroids for 3 days to decrease the chance of further reaction

