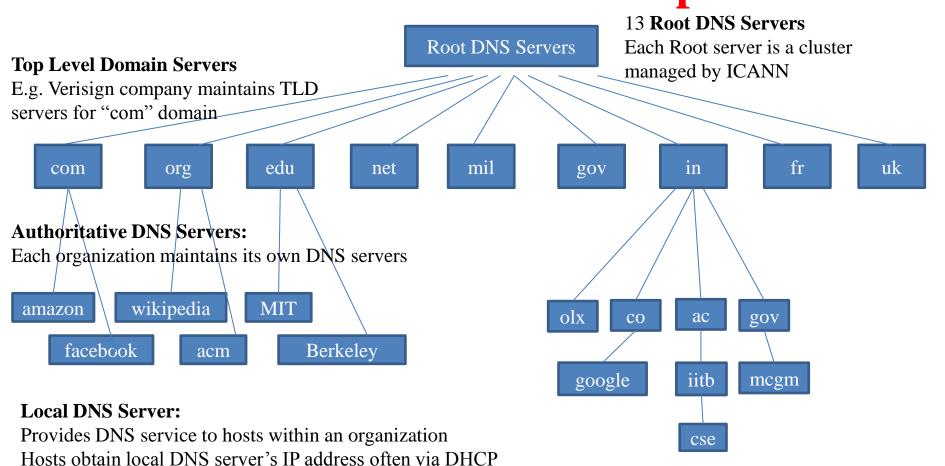
Domain Name Service (DNS)

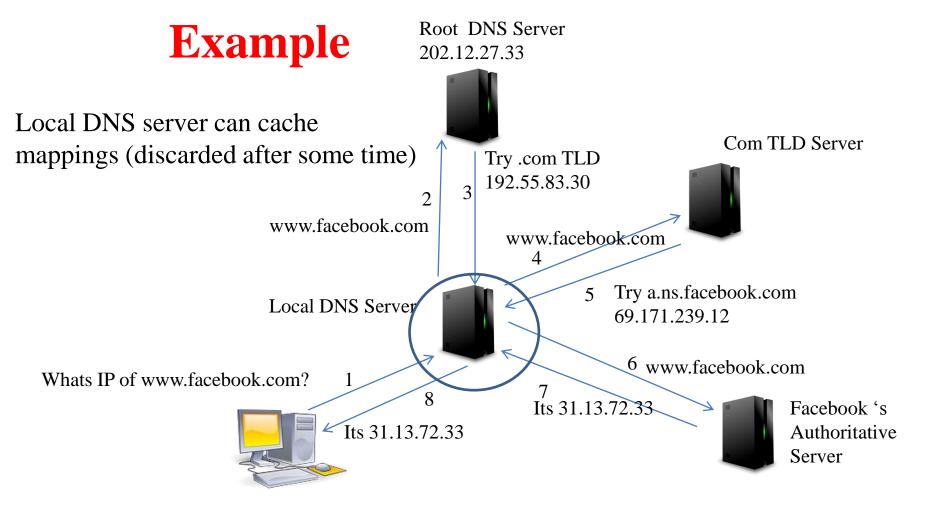
Kameswari Chebrolu

Break



Hierarchical and Distributed Implementation





DNS Server Database

- Store Resource Records (RRs)
- Four Tuple: [Name, Value, Type, TTL]
- Type=A; Name: Hostname; Value: IP Address
 - E.g. [star.c10r.facebook.com, 31.13.72.33, A, 17]
- Type=NS; Name: Domain; Value: host-name of the authoritative name server
 - E.g. [facebook.com, a.ns.facebook.com, NS, 172797]

DNS Database

- Type=CNAME; Name: Hostname; Value: Canonical hostname
 - E.g. [www.facebook.com, star.c10r.facebook.com, CNAME, 2362]
- Type=MX; Name: Hostname; Value: Canonical name of the mail server
 - E.g. [facebook.com, msgin.t.facebook.com, MX, 300]

Rules

bothom, I Paddru

- An authoritative name server (for a given host) will always contain type A record of that host
- A non-authoritative name server will contain a type NS record for the domain and the type A record of the domain's authoritative server
 - [facebook.com, a.ns.facebook.com, NS, 172797]
 - [a.ns.facebook.com, 69.171.239.12, A, 172575]

DNS Message Format

Query/reply; Authoritative flag; Recursion desired; Recursion available

Flags
Number of answer RRs
Number of additional RRs ~
ns
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1

DNS runs over UDP and uses port 53

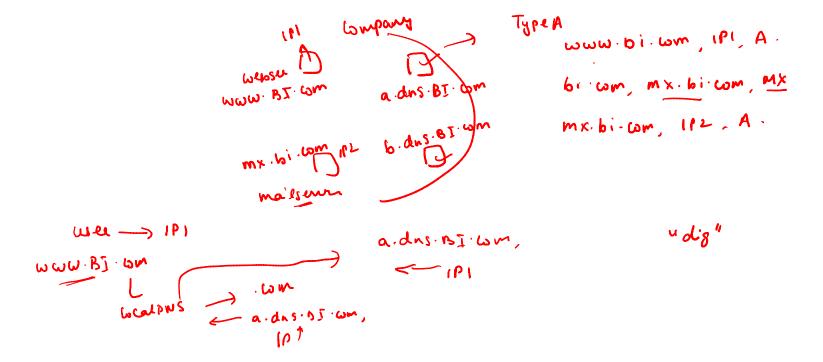
Inserting Records

- BI com
- Register domain name with a Registrar
- Provide names and IP addresses of your primary and secondary authoritative DNS servers to Registrar
 - 4 entries (type NS and A) entered in the TLD (or higher up) server

 where the true is the true in the TLD (or higher adms bit to be done in the TLD).

Inserting Records

• Within your authoritative server, provide type A and type MX entries for you web and email server



Summary

- DNS a core Internet functionality implemented at application layer
 - Provides many services
- Employs a hierarchical distributed architecture for scalability purposes
- Database maintains resource-records which are retrieved to enable communication