Unicode

- For every language there are different codes and those codes combined are called as unicode.

- It can be termed as unique code or universal code.

- For representing UTF(Unicode Transformation Format) is followed called as UTF-8 or UTF-16 and UTF-32. This type of formats are followed.

- UTF-8 means allows 1 byte also 2,4

- UTF-32-4 bytes

- Where to find unicode

- Unicode.org—>code—>select any.

How to use unicode
```
s='\u03b1'
s
 'α'
s='\u03b1\u0B32\u03B3'
s
 'αβγ'
```


Every code represents unique alphabet. Each of these is called code byte.
For any language we can visit any website and choose codes

```
s='\u0915\u0916\u0917'
s
'कखग'
s='u0041'
s
'u0041'
s='\u0041'
s
'A'
s='\x41'
s
'A'
```