

# CODES CONVERSION

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There are many methods or techniques which can be used to convert code from one format to another. We'll demonstrate here the following

- Binary to BCD Conversion
- BCD to Binary Conversion
- BCD to Excess-3
- Excess-3 to BCD

## Binary to BCD Conversion

Steps

- **Step 1** -- Convert the binary number to decimal.
- **Step 2** -- Convert decimal number to BCD.

Example – convert  $11101_2$  to BCD.

### Step 1 – Convert to Decimal

Binary Number –  $11101_2$

Calculating Decimal Equivalent –

Step	Binary Number	Decimal Number
Step 1	$11101_2$	$((1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0))_{10}$
Step 2	$11101_2$	$16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 1_{10}$
Step 3	$11101_2$	$29_{10}$

Binary Number –  $11101_2$  = Decimal Number –  $29_{10}$

### Step 2 – Convert to BCD

Decimal Number –  $29_{10}$

Calculating BCD Equivalent. Convert each digit into groups of four binary digits equivalent.

Step	Decimal Number	Conversion
Step 1	$29_{10}$	$0010_2 \ 1001_2$
Step 2	$29_{10}$	$00101001_{\text{BCD}}$

Result

$(11101)_2 = (00101001)_{\text{BCD}}$

# BCD to Binary Conversion

Steps

- **Step 1** -- Convert the BCD number to decimal.
- **Step 2** -- Convert decimal to binary.

Example – convert 00101001<sub>BCD</sub> to Binary.

## Step 1 - Convert to BCD

BCD Number – 00101001<sub>BCD</sub>

Calculating Decimal Equivalent. Convert each four digit into a group and get decimal equivalent for each group.

Step	BCD Number	Conversion
Step 1	00101001 <sub>BCD</sub>	0010 <sub>2</sub> 1001 <sub>2</sub>
Step 2	00101001 <sub>BCD</sub>	2 <sub>10</sub> 9 <sub>10</sub>
Step 3	00101001 <sub>BCD</sub>	29 <sub>10</sub>

BCD Number – 00101001<sub>BCD</sub> = Decimal Number – 29<sub>10</sub>

## Step 2 - Convert to Binary

Used long division method for decimal to binary conversion.

Decimal Number – 29<sub>10</sub>

Calculating Binary Equivalent –

Step	Operation	Result	Remainder
Step 1	29 / 2	14	1
Step 2	14 / 2	7	0
Step 3	7 / 2	3	1
Step 4	3 / 2	1	1
Step 5	1 / 2	0	1

As mentioned in Steps 2 and 4, the remainders have to be arranged in the reverse order so that the first remainder becomes the least significant digit *LSD* and the last remainder becomes the most significant digit *MSD*.

Decimal Number – 29<sub>10</sub> = Binary Number – 11101<sub>2</sub>

Result

(00101001)<sub>BCD</sub> = (11101)<sub>2</sub>

## BCD to Excess-3

Steps

- **Step 1** -- Convert BCD to decimal.
- **Step 2** -- Add  $3_{10}$  to this decimal number.
- **Step 3** -- Convert into binary to get excess-3 code.

Example – convert  $1001_{\text{BCD}}$  to Excess-3.

### Step 1 – Convert to decimal

$$1001_{\text{BCD}} = 9_{10}$$

### Step 2 – Add 3 to decimal

$$9_{10} + 3_{10} = 12_{10}$$

### Step 3 – Convert to Excess-3

$$12_{10} = 1100_2$$

Result

$$(1001)_{\text{BCD}} = (1100)_{\text{XS-3}}$$

### Excess-3 to BCD Conversion

Steps

- **Step 1** -- Subtract  $0011_2$  from each 4 bit of excess-3 digit to obtain the corresponding BCD code.

Example – convert  $10011010_{\text{XS-3}}$  to BCD.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Given XS-3 number} = 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0 \\ \text{Subtract } (0011)_2 = 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1 \\ \hline \text{BCD} = 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1 \end{array}$$

Result

$$(10011010)_{\text{XS-3}} = (01100111)_{\text{BCD}}$$

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