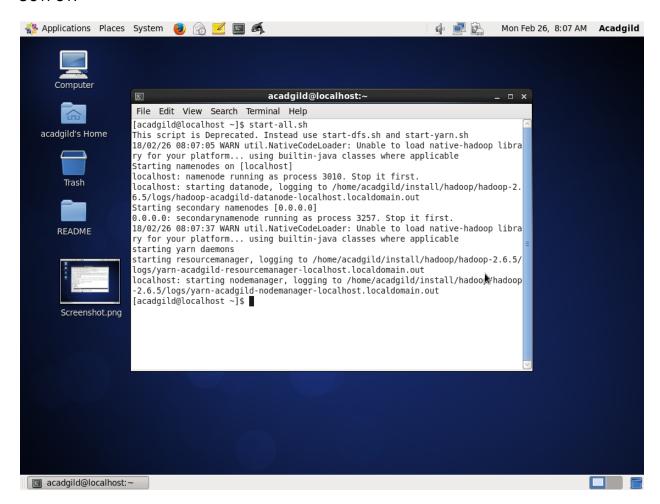
# 1) Start Hadoop single node on AcadGild VM. The command is start-all.sh.

COMMAND:-

#### start-all.sh

#### **EXPLANATION:-**

Starts all Hadoop daemons, the namenode, datanodes, the jobtracker and tasktrackers.



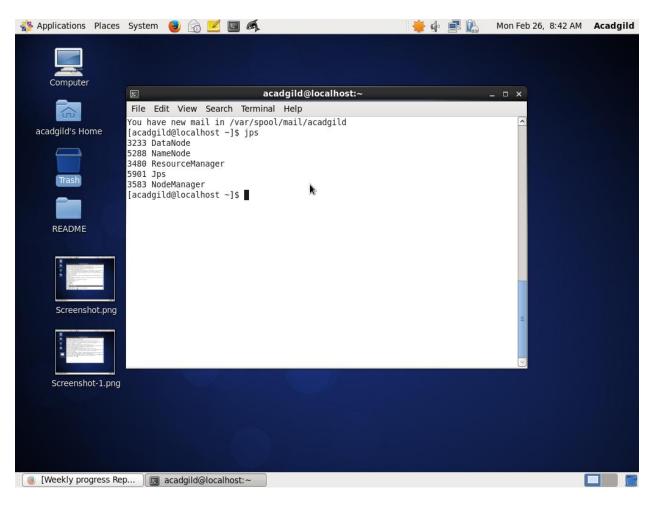
# 2) Run a JPS command to see if all Hadoop daemons are running.

COMMAND:-

jps

# **EXPLANATION:-**

**jps command** is used to check all the **Hadoop** daemons like NameNode, DataNode, ResourceManager, NodeManager etc. which are running on the machine.



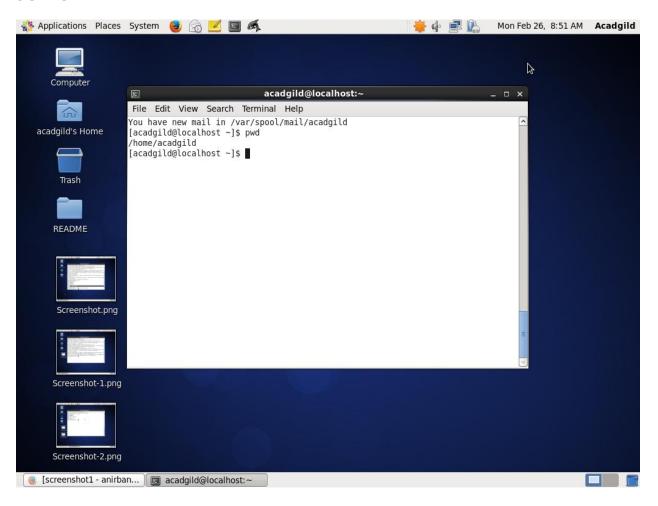
# 3) Run few Unix commands like pwd, Is -Is, etc.

# COMMAND:-

pwd

# **EXPLANATION:-**

In **Unix**-like operating systems, the **pwd** command writes the full pathname of the current working directory to the standard output.

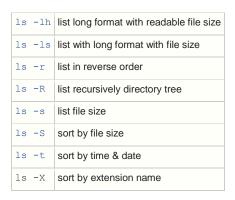


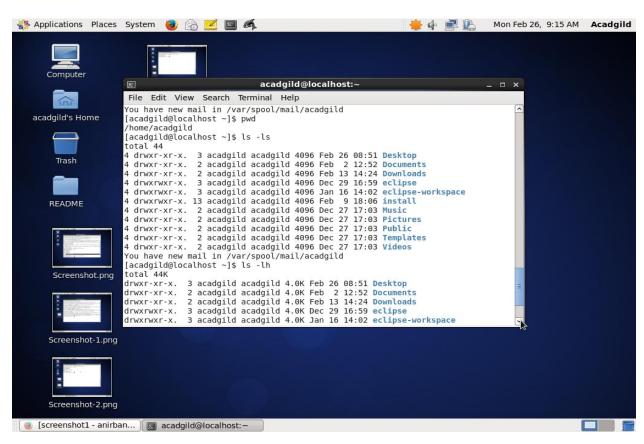
# COMMAND:-

ls -lh, ls -ls, ls -r, ls -R, ls -s, ls -S, ls -t, ls -X etc.

#### **EXPLANATION:-**

ls is a Linux shell command that lists directory contents of files and directories.





4) Create a file from the terminal using nano editor (example: nano test.txt), and add some content in it. Cat it to see if the content is saved.

#### COMMAND:-

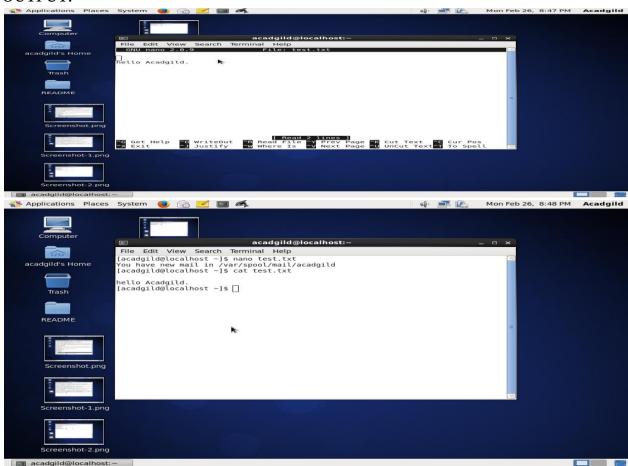
nano test.txt

EXPLANATION:-(i)here we create test.txt file.

- (ii)then write some contents like:-"hello Acadgild".
- (iii)then press ctrl+x.
- (iv) then press Y.
- (v) then press Enter(←)

content saved in test.txt.

show the content of the test.txt by , cat test.txt



5)Open the hdfs web page by typing *localhost:50070* in the browser. Check all the details of the HDFS.

COMMAND:-

localhost:50070

note:-after starting the server ,i.e:-start-all.sh,type "localhost:50070" at the browser Url.

#### **EXPLANATION:-**

The **Hadoop** Distributed File System (**HDFS**) is designed to store very large data sets reliably, and to stream those data sets at high bandwidth to user applications. In a large cluster, thousands of servers both host directly attached storage and execute user application tasks.

