

DEFAULT Constraint

helps us assign a particular default value to every row of a column

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- a value different from the default can be stored in a field where the DEFAULT constraint has been applied, only if specifically indicated.

Customers					
customer_id	first_name	last_name	email_address	$number_of_complaints$	
1	John	McKinley	john.mackinley@365careers.com	0	
2	Elizabeth	McFarlane	e.mcfarlane@365careers.com	2	
3	Kevin	Lawrence	kevin.lawrence@365careers.com	1	
4	Catherine	Winnfield	c.winnfield@365careers.com	0	



```
CREATE TABLE customers
(
    customer_id INT,
    first_name VARCHAR(255),
    last_name VARCHAR(255),
    email_address VARCHAR(255),
    number_of_complaints INT DEFAULT 0,
PRIMARY KEY (customer_id)
);
```

Customers						
customer_id	first_name	last_name	gender	email_address	number_of_complaints	
1	John	McKinley	M	john.mackinley@365careers.com	0	

Customers					
customer_id	first_name	last_name	gender	email_address	number_of_complaints
1	John	McKinley	M	john.mackinley@365careers.com	0
2					

Customers						
customer_id	first_name	last_name	gender	email_address	number_of_complaints	
1	John	McKinley	M	john.mackinley@365careers.com	0	
2	Peter	Figaro	M			

Data Definition Language

- Data Definition Language (DDL)
- CREATE
- ALTER
- DROP