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from random import seed
from random import randrange
from random import random
from csv import reader
from math import exp
# Load a CSV file
def load_csv(filename):
  dataset = list()
  with open(filename, 'r') as file:
    csv reader = reader(file)
    for row in csv_reader:
      if not row:
        continue
      dataset.append(row)
  return dataset
# Convert string column to float
def str column to float(dataset, column):
  for row in dataset:
    row[column] = float(row[column].strip())
# Convert string column to integer
def str_column_to_int(dataset, column):
  class_values = [row[column] for row in dataset]
  unique = set(class values)
  lookup = dict()
  for i, value in enumerate(unique):
    lookup[value] = i
  for row in dataset:
    row[column] = lookup[row[column]]
  return lookup
# Find the min and max values for each column
def dataset minmax(dataset):
  minmax = list()
  stats = [[min(column), max(column)] for column in zip(*dataset)]
  return stats
# Rescale dataset columns to the range 0-1
def normalize_dataset(dataset, minmax):
  for row in dataset:
    for i in range(len(row)-1):
      row[i] = (row[i] - minmax[i][0]) / (minmax[i][1] - minmax[i][0])
# Split a dataset into k folds
def cross_validation_split(dataset, n_folds):
  dataset_split = list()
  dataset_copy = list(dataset)
  fold_size = int(len(dataset) / n_folds)
  for i in range(n_folds):
    fold = list()
    while len(fold) < fold_size:</pre>
      index = randrange(len(dataset conv))
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. unu unge ( ten ( uu cube c_copy / )
      fold.append(dataset copy.pop(index))
    dataset split.append(fold)
  return dataset_split
# Calculate accuracy percentage
def accuracy_metric(actual, predicted):
  correct = 0
  for i in range(len(actual)):
    if actual[i] == predicted[i]:
      correct += 1
  return correct / float(len(actual)) * 100.0
# Evaluate an algorithm using a cross validation split
def evaluate algorithm(dataset, algorithm, n folds, *args):
  folds = cross_validation_split(dataset, n_folds)
  scores = list()
  for fold in folds:
    train set = list(folds)
    train_set.remove(fold)
    train_set = sum(train_set, [])
    test_set = list()
    for row in fold:
      row_copy = list(row)
      test_set.append(row_copy)
      row_copy[-1] = None
    predicted = algorithm(train_set, test_set, *args)
    actual = [row[-1] for row in fold]
    accuracy = accuracy_metric(actual, predicted)
    scores.append(accuracy)
  return scores
# Calculate neuron activation for an input
def activate(weights, inputs):
  activation = weights[-1]
  for i in range(len(weights)-1):
    activation += weights[i] * inputs[i]
  return activation
# Transfer neuron activation
def transfer(activation):
  return (exp(activation)-exp(-activation))/(exp(activation)+exp(-activation))
# Forward propagate input to a network output
def forward_propagate(network, row):
  inputs = row
  for layer in network:
    new inputs = []
    for neuron in layer:
      activation = activate(neuron['weights'], inputs)
      neuron['output'] = transfer(activation)
      new_inputs.append(neuron['output'])
    inputs = new_inputs
  return inputs
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def transfer derivative(output):
  return 1- output**2
# Backpropagate error and store in neurons
def backward propagate error(network, expected):
  for i in reversed(range(len(network))):
    layer = network[i]
    errors = list()
    if i != len(network)-1:
      for j in range(len(layer)):
        error = 0.0
        for neuron in network[i + 1]:
          error += (neuron['weights'][j] * neuron['delta'])
        errors.append(error)
    else:
      for j in range(len(layer)):
        neuron = layer[j]
        errors.append(expected[j] - neuron['output'])
    for j in range(len(layer)):
      neuron = layer[j]
      neuron['delta'] = errors[j] * transfer_derivative(neuron['output'])
# Update network weights with error
def update_weights(network, row, l_rate):
  for i in range(len(network)):
    inputs = row[:-1]
    if i != 0:
      inputs = [neuron['output'] for neuron in network[i - 1]]
    for neuron in network[i]:
      for j in range(len(inputs)):
        neuron['weights'][j] += l_rate * neuron['delta'] * inputs[j]
      neuron['weights'][-1] += l_rate * neuron['delta']
# Train a network for a fixed number of epochs
def train_network(network, train, l_rate, n_epoch, n_outputs):
  for epoch in range(n_epoch):
    for row in train:
      outputs = forward_propagate(network, row)
      expected = [0 for i in range(n_outputs)]
      expected[row[-1]] = 1
      backward propagate error(network, expected)
      update weights(network, row, 1 rate)
# Initialize a network
def initialize_network(n_inputs, n_hidden, n_outputs):
  network = list()
  hidden_layer = [{'weights':[random() for i in range(n_inputs + 1)]} for i in range(n_hid
  network.append(hidden_layer)
  output_layer = [{'weights':[random() for i in range(n_hidden + 1)]} for i in range(n_out
  network.append(output layer)
  return network
# Make a prediction with a network
def predict(network, row):
  outputs = forward propagate(network, row)
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return outputs.index(max(outputs))
# Backpropagation Algorithm With Stochastic Gradient Descent
def back propagation(train, test, 1 rate, n epoch, n hidden):
  n_inputs = len(train[0]) - 1
  n_outputs = len(set([row[-1] for row in train]))
  network = initialize_network(n_inputs, n_hidden, n_outputs)
  train_network(network, train, l_rate, n_epoch, n_outputs)
  predictions = list()
  for row in test:
    prediction = predict(network, row)
    predictions.append(prediction)
  return(predictions)
# Test Backprop on Seeds dataset
seed(1)
# load and prepare data
filename = 'iris.csv'
dataset = load_csv(filename)
dataset = dataset[1:]
for i in range(len(dataset[0])-1):
  str_column_to_float(dataset, i)
# convert class column to integers
str_column_to_int(dataset, len(dataset[0])-1)
# normalize input variables
minmax = dataset_minmax(dataset)
normalize_dataset(dataset, minmax)
# evaluate algorithm
n_folds = 5
l_rate = 0.1
n_{epoch} = 500
n_hidden = 5
scores = evaluate_algorithm(dataset, back_propagation, n_folds, l_rate, n_epoch, n_hidden)
print('Scores: %s' % scores)
print('Mean Accuracy: %.3f%%' % (sum(scores)/float(len(scores))))
```