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In [1]: pip install pandas opencv-python

Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (1.2.4)
Requirement already satisfied: opencv-python in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (4.5.2.54)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from opencv-python) (1.20.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2021.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\dell\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas) (1.15.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [2]: import cv2    # import open-cv module
img = cv2.imread('colourpic 1.jpg')    # read image from device

In [3]: import pandas as pd    # import pandas module
#Reading csv file with pandas and giving names to each column
index=["color","color_name","hex","R","G","B"]    # indexing the csv file data
csv = pd.read_csv('colors.csv', names=index, header=None)    # read colors csv file

In [4]: clicked = False
r = g = b = xpos = ypos = 0    # initialize the color and position variables

In [5]: def draw_function(event, x,y,flags,param):
    if event == cv2.EVENT_LBUTTONDOWN:
        global b,g,r,xpos,ypos, clicked
        clicked = True
        xpos = x
        ypos = y
        b,g,r = img[y,x]
        b = int(b)
        g = int(g)
        r = int(r)

In [6]: cv2.namedWindow('image')    # window caption
cv2.setMouseCallback('image',draw_function)

In [7]: def getColorName(R,G,B):
    minimum = 10000
    for i in range(len(csv)):
        d = abs(R- int(csv.loc[i,"R"])) + abs(G- int(csv.loc[i,"G"]))+ abs(B- int(csv.loc[i,"B"]))
        if(d<=minimum):
            minimum = d
            cname = csv.loc[i,"color_name"]
    return cname

In [ ]: while(1):
    cv2.imshow("image",img)
    if (clicked):
        #cv2.rectangle(image, startpoint, endpoint, color, thickness) -1 thickness fills rectangle entirely
        cv2.rectangle(img,(20,20), (750,60), (b,g,r), -1)

        #Creating text string to display ( Color name and RGB values )
        text = getColorName(r,g,b) + ' R='+ str(r) + ' G='+ str(g) + ' B='+ str(b)

        #cv2.putText(img,text,start,font(0-7), fontScale, color, thickness, lineType, (optional bottomLeft bool) )
        cv2.putText(img, text,(50,50),2,0.8,(255,255,255),2,cv2.LINE_AA)

        #For very light colours we will display text in black colour
        if(r+g+b>=600):
            cv2.putText(img, text,(50,50),2,0.8,(0,0,0),2,cv2.LINE_AA)
            clicked=False

        #Break the loop when user hits 'esc' key
        if cv2.waitKey(20) & 0xFF ==27:
            break
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()

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