# Data Profiling, Cleaning and Ingestion using MapReduce

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## **Objective**

To perform data profiling, cleaning, and ingestion on a dataset containing incident-related information. Specifically, we aimed to:

- Filter and clean data based on specific criteria.
- Compute profiling statistics to understand data quality and characteristics.
- Save the cleaned dataset and profiling statistics for further analysis.

#### **Dataset Overview**

## Fire Department and Emergency Medical Services Dispatched Calls for Service

• Link: Dataset Link

• Ownership: Publicly accessible data from the City of San Francisco.

• Data Size: 2.7 GB

These dataset is periodic, and being updated regularly.

The dataset consisted of the following columns:

- Call Number: A unique 9-digit number assigned by the 911 Dispatch Center (DEM) to this call. These number are used for both Police and Fire calls.
- Unit ID: Unit Identifier. For example E01 for Engine 1 or T01 for Truck 1.
- Unit ID: Unit Identifier. For example E01 for Engine 1 or T01 for Truck 1.
- Incident Number: A unique 8-digit number assigned by DEM to this Fire incident.
- Call Type: Type of call the incident falls into.
- Call Date: Date the call is received at the 911 Dispatch Center. Used for reporting purposes.
- Watch Date: Watch date when the call is received. Watch date starts at 0800 each morning and ends at 0800 the next day.
- Received DtTm: Date and time of call is received at the 911 Dispatch Center.
- Entry DtTm: Date and time the 911 operator submits the entry of the initial call information into the CAD system
- **Dispatch DtTm:** Date and time the 911 operator dispatches this unit to the call.
- **Response DtTm:** Date and time this unit acknowledges the dispatch and records that the unit is en route to the location of the call.
- On Scene DtTm: Date and time the unit records arriving to the location of the incident

- Transport DtTm: If this unit is an ambulance, date and time the unit begins the transport to the hospital
- Hospital DtTm: If this unit is an ambulance, date and time the unit arrives to the hospital.
- Call Final Disposition: Disposition of the call (Code). For example TH2: Transport to Hospital Code 2, FIR: Resolved by Fire Department
- Available DtTm: Date and time this unit is not longer assigned to this call and it is available for another dispatch.
- Address: Address of intersection or call box point associated with incident (obfuscated address to protect caller privacy)
- City: City of incident
- Zipcode of Incident: Zip code of incident
- Battalion: Emergency Response District (There are 10 Fire Emergency Response Districts).
- Station Area: Fire Station First Response Area associated with the address of the incident.
- **Box:** Fire box associated with the address of the incident. A box is the smallest area used to divide the City. Each box is associated with a unique unit dispatch order. The City is divided into more than 2,400 boxes.
- Original Priority: Initial call priority (Code 2: Non-Emergency or Code 3:Emergency).
- **Priority:** Call priority once all information has been asssessed (Code 2: Non-Emergency or Code 3:Emergency).
- Final Priority: Final call priority (Code 2: Non-Emergency or Code 3:Emergency).
- ALS Unit: Does this unit includes ALS (Advance Life Support) resources? Is there a paramedic in this unit?
- Call Type Group: Call types are divided into four main groups: Fire, Alarm, Potential Life Threatening and Non Life Threatening.
- **Number of Alarms:** There are five levels of fire alarms (1-5). The number of alarms indicates the number of resources required in an incident. This number is a combination of engines, trucks, rescue squads, chiefs and EMS units.
- Unit Type: Type of unit responding
- Unit sequence in call dispatch: A number that indicates the order this unit was assigned to this call.
- Fire Prevention District: Bureau of Fire Prevention District associated with this address
- Supervisor District: Supervisor District number
- Neighborhoods Analysis Boundaries: San Francisco Neighborhood associated with the incident address.
- **RowID:** Unique identifier used for managing data updates. It is the concatenation of Call Number and Unit ID separated by a dash.
- case\_location: Latitude and Longitude for the call
- data\_as\_of: Timestamp when the record (row) was last updated in the source system.
- data loaded at: time the data was loaded into the Open Data Portal

## **Data Acquisition and Access**

- Storage: Data will be stored on distributed file system, HDFS, to accommodate storage needs and allow team-wide accessibility.
- **Permissions**: As these datasets are public, no additional permissions are required beyond accessing and downloading from the respective government data portals.
- Access Time: Instant access; no approval needed for these publicly hosted datasets.

# **Data Profiling and Cleaning Approach**

We focused on profiling and cleaning the dataset, ensuring that data is structured, consistent, and free of erroneous entries. MapReduce and other technologies taught in the course were used to profile, clean, and transform the data.

### **Profiling**

- Purpose: Characterize each data column to understand its content, distribution, and structure.
   This includes identifying column data types, ranges, unique values, and possible data issues.
- Tools: MapReduce jobs will be written to process large datasets and output profiles on each column.

#### Steps Taken for Data Filtering, Transformation, and Analysis

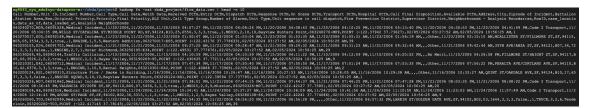
• Filter Columns: Created the FilterColumns.java program, including a Mapper (FilterColumnsMapper.java) and a Reducer (FilterColumnsReducer.java) to filter specific columns from the input data. The columns filtered for further analysis are as follows:

Call Number, Incident Number, Call Type, Call Date, Received DtTm, Response DtTm, On Scene DtTm, Transport DtTm, Hospital DtTm, Call Final Disposition, Address, City, Zipcode of Incident, Battalion, Station Area, Box, Final Priority, ALS Unit, Call Type Group, Number of Alarms, Unit Type, Neighborhoods - Analysis Boundaries

- Filter and Transform: Created the FilterAndTransform.java program with a Mapper (FilterAndTransformMapper.java) and a Reducer (FilterAndTransformReducer.java) to apply transformations to the filtered data. The transformation applied was to convert mmddyyyy to yyyymmdd and then taking only a subset of the dates, Jan 1st 2014 to October 31st 2024 (20140101 to 20241031). This was done using the Call Date column. Also, in the city column, we find there are multiple names referring to San Francisco, (such as SFO, SAN FRANCISCO, San Francisco), we combine them to refer to San Francisco.
- Value Counts: To get to know the value counts of each of the selected columns, I wrote the ValueCounts.java program along with the corresponding Mapper (ValueCountsMapper.java) and Reducer (ValueCountsReducer.java) to calculate the frequency of unique values in a specified column. The function was written such that apart from the 2 standard arguments of input path and output path, another argument was added which took in the parameter of column name for which the value count is required.

#### **Outputs**

#### **Original Data:**



#### **Filter Columns:**



# **Filter and Transform Columns:**

Call Bears, Inclinant Number, Coll Type, Call Date, Section of Date, Secti

# **Value Counts: Call Type**

"Extrication / Entrapped	(Machinery	636	
Administrative 201			
Aircraft Emergency 23	36		
Alarms 407765			
Assist Police 441			
Citizen Assist / Service (			
Confined Space / Structure Collapse 555			
Electrical Hazard 14			
Elevator / Escalator Rescu	ue 10676		
Explosion 1062			
Fuel Spill 3073			
Gas Leak (Natural and LP (	Gases) 21610		
HazMat 1176			
High Angle Rescue 81	19		
Industrial Accidents 79			
Lightning Strike (Investig	gation)	15	
Marine Fire 228			
Medical Incident 23			
Mutual Aid / Assist Outsid		470	
Odor (Strange / Unknown)	3015		
Oil Spill 5			
Other 55174			
Outside Fire 52995			
Smoke Investigation (Outs:	ide) 7626		
Structure Fire / Smoke in	Building	262659	
Suspicious Package 10	09		
Traffic Collision 13			
Train / Rail Fire 12	29		
Train / Rail Incident 89	96		
Vehicle Fire 11310			
Water Rescue 22121			
Watercraft in Distress 64	40		

### **Value Counts: Call Final Disposition**

Against Medical Advice 62486 CHP 790 Cancelled 84212 Code 2 Transport Code 3 Transport 1555078 157174 Duplicate 1038 Fire 868966 Gone on Arrival 13043 Medical Examiner 48194 Multi-casualty Incident 421 No Merit 160880 Other 181642 Patient Declined Transport 174690 SFPD 20674 Unable to Locate 75525

#### **Value Counts: Call Type Group**

Alarm 780915
Fire 129772
Non Life-threatening 815349
Potentially Life-Threatening 1649296

### Value Counts: Unit Type

AIRPORT 1778 BLS 11490 CHIEF 243206 CP 35315 ENGINE 1171193 Fire 6 INVESTIGATION 3036 MEDIC 1025677 PRIVATE 329392 RESCUE CAPTAIN 108944 RESCUE SQUAD 48551 SUPPORT 87254 TRUCK 331527

# Value Counts: Neighborhooods - Analysis Boundaries

Bayview Hunters	Point	182161	
Bernal Heights	58914		
Castro/Upper Man	rket	84680	
Chinatown Excelsior	63025		
Excelsior	64271		
Financial Distr		h Beach	244692
Glen Park	17286		
Golden Gate Park	ĸ	27139	
Haight Ashbury Hayes Valley Inner Richmond	47562		
Hayes Valley	81797		
Inner Richmond	39130		
Inner Sunset	47852		
Japantown Lakeshore	34682		
Lakeshore	47708		
Lincoln Park			
Lone Mountain/US	SF	46250	
Marina 66337			
	2362		
Mission 313973			
Mission Bay			
Nob Hill Noe Valley	113069		
Noe Valley	36150		
None 2722			
North Beach			
Oceanview/Merced		ide	42629
Outer Mission			
Outer Richmond			
Pacific Heights	63650		
Portola 32821			
Portola 32821 Potrero Hill	37521		
Presidio	23304		
Presidio Heights	3	27498	
Russian Hill Seacliff	55252		
Seacliff	6092		
South of Market			
Sunset/Parkside			
	499062		
Treasure Island			
Twin Peaks			
Visitacion Valle		41495	
		73328	
Western Addition	n	118398	