Anirudh Iyengar Kaniyar Narayana Iyengar

in linkedin.com/in/anirudhiyengar-kn ↑ anirudh6415 ✓ akaniyar@asu.edu → 480-919-4286 Portfolio

Education

MS in Robotics and Autonomous Systems - AI

January 2023 – December 2024

Arizona State University

Tempe, AZ

• Relevant Coursework: Artificial Intelligence, Data Visualization, Intro Digital Image Processing, Image Analytics & Informatics, Applied Linear Algebra, Perception in Robotics, Modeling and Control of Robots.

B.Tech in Computer Science and Engineering

August 2016 – May 2020

Dayananda Sagar University

Bengaluru, KA

Technical Skills

Languages: Python, C, C++, SQL, HTML, MATLAB, Bash, R, CSS, Javascript, D3 is.

Frameworks: PyTorch, Docker, Kubernetes, Git, SciPy, PySpark, Scikit-Learn, OpenCV, mmdetection, NumPy, TensorFlow, Huggingfaces, mmsegmentation, VScode, Jupiter, Detectron2, Pandas, Open AI API.

Tools/Platforms: CVAT, Tableau, ClearML, NLTK, Jira, Jenkins, AWS Quick Sight, MySQL, AWS Sagemaker, AWS S3, SQLAlchemy, SQL server management studio, VScode, Jupyter, Git.

Experience

Synapse Labs June 2024 - Present

Machine Learning Engineer

Scottsdale, AZ

- Automated an end-end pipeline for payment reconciliation using OCR algorithms and LLMs by achieving 80% reconciliation rate.
- Leveraged EC2, S3, Quicksight, PySpark, SQLAlchemy for processing 1 million data processing and visualization.
- Contributed dashboards towards presenting complex technical insights to drive strategic business outcomes.

JLiang Lab - Arizona State University

July 2023 - July 2024

Research Aide and Teaching Assistant - Computer Vision

Tempe, AZ

- Collaborated with Valleywise Health on deep learning models for lung disease zero-shot learning, localization, segmentation, long-tail classification, and regression with the mmdetection and Detectron2 frameworks.
- Applied transfer learning and contrastive learning to achieve 9th position in the Long-Tail Classification challenge.
- Served as a Teaching Assistant for CSE/BMI 591/BME 598: Image Analytics & Informatics (Spring 2024) under Dr. Jianming Liang by advising and guiding students on advancements in medical image processing.

CAIR, DRDO Lab

Student Trainee - Computer Vision

Bengaluru, KA

- Processed a total of 389 image pairs, including 194 training image pairs and 195 test image pairs of stereo image datasets for KITTI 2012, and KITTI 2015.
- Appraised GWC-Net a generative adversarial network(GAN) for depth estimation.
- Demonstrated the effectiveness of GWC-Net by improving the 5% accuracy of real-time depth estimation on multiple datasets.

Projects

Integration of RAG with Open Source LLM and LangChain [Python, PyTorch]

March 2024 - April 2024

- Accelerated data preparation by cleaning 50 deep learning papers, yielding precise text files for analysis.
- Employed Qdrant vector database and BGE-large-en-v1. embedding model in a pipeline, enhancing source generation accuracy by 2% with LangChain and LLM (BERT) integration.
- Optimized RAG's access to local vector database for seamless Q&A and research summary.

Sentiment Analysis Assisted Time Series Stock Prediction [Python, PyTorch, SQL]

- Hypothesized and currently developing an advanced stock prediction model using natural language processing to analyze financial news impact on stock movements precisely.
- Currently developing and incorporating LSTM and large language models (LLMs) for enhancing stock price forecasting.

Detection For Autonomous Driving using Argoversehd [Python, PyTorch, ClearML]

May 2023 - June 2023

- Optimized object detection for autonomous driving scenarios leveraging the Argoversehd traffic dataset.
- Fine-tuned YOLOv8 model for vehicles, persons, traffic signals, and road signs. Achieved a 1.5% higher mean Average Precision (mAP) than the original Argoversehd implementation and visualized using ClearML tool.

Anytime Stereo Image Depth Estimation using KITTI2012 [Python and PyTorch]

- Engineered an innovative approach using a Unet model that incorporated a disparity network and residual map for each layer of the decoder, Improved the performance by aggregating 2 decoders in the model one after the other.
- Successfully predicted disparity images in real-time for each layer of the decoder, resulting in 5% performance better than the original implementation.