

# Tuning the SOC gap and M point higher order Van Hove singularities in the surface bands of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

Anirudh Chandrasekaran

Loughborough University

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## Loading the Library

We first load the library by executing the following:

```
In[1]:= AppendTo[$Path, StringDelete[NotebookDirectory[], "/Sr2RuO4"] <> "Package"];  
<< BandUtilities`
```

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## Outline of the strategy

We will begin by loading and interpolating the tight-binding models for various values of  $\theta$  and then separately load and interpolate through the models with nematic term added. We will then interpolate linearly between the nematicity free model and the model with the nematic term to generate a continuously tunable model.

# Interpolating between the Wannier90 files

## Ingredients needed for symmetrization

```
In[3]:= ρ = {{0, -1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
(*The matrix part of the C4 rotation about one of the Ru atoms.*)
Uρ = {{0, -1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, -1}};
(*Representation of C4 rotation in the d-orbital space.*)

rxy = {{0, 1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1}}; (*x↔y reflection.*)
Urxy = {{-1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, -1}};
(*Representation of the x↔y reflection.*)

c0 = {1/4, 3/4, 0}; (*Location of one of the Ru atoms,
which we shall use as the centre of the C4 rotation.*)

AtomLocations =
  {{3/4, 1/4, 0}, {3/4, 1/4, 0}, {3/4, 1/4, 0}, {1/4, 3/4, 0}, {1/4, 3/4, 0}, {1/4, 3/4, 0}};
(*Location of the basis atoms in the fractional
coordinates within the unit cell.*)

SymmetryList = {}; (*This is a multidimensional list which we shall
construct below. Each element is a sublist corresponding to a particular
symmetry. First element of the sublist is real space symmetry's matrix part,
second element is the translation part and the third element is
its representation in the Hilbert space. Our point group is D4,
or D8 in some people's notation.*)
Do[
  AppendTo[SymmetryList,
    {MatrixPower[ρ, i], (c0 - MatrixPower[ρ, i].c0) // Simplify,
    ArrayFlatten[IdentityMatrix[2]⊗MatrixPower[Uρ, i]]}];

  AppendTo[SymmetryList,
    {MatrixPower[ρ, i].rxy, (c0 - MatrixPower[ρ, i].c0) // Simplify,
    ArrayFlatten[IdentityMatrix[2]⊗MatrixPower[Uρ, i]].
    ArrayFlatten[{{0, 1}, {1, 0}}⊗Urxy]}];
  , {i, 1, 4}];
```

## Interpolation with symmetrization

We now interpolate between the Wannier90 data for 13 different rotations of the RuO octahedra: 0° through 12° to generate a continuously  $\theta$  dependent Hamiltonian, whilst ensuring that the interpolated model has the right symmetry (for which we are feeding the list SymmetryList):

```

In[11]:= FileLocn = NotebookDirectory[] <> "unrenormalized2/";

W90Data = LoadInterpolateTBMs[{FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_0deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_1deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_2deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_3deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_4deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_5deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_6deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_7deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_8deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_9deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_10deg.dat",
  FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_11deg.dat", FileLocn <> "Sr2Ru04_12deg.dat"},
{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}, "Symmetries" → SymmetryList,
"OrbitalCentres" → AtomLocations, "ParameterSymbol" → "θ"];

HamItn1[k1_, k2_, θ_] = W90Data[[1]];

Invalid or no lattice vectors provided! Using unit vectors.
Tight-binding data files loaded.
Space dimension: 3
Number of orbitals: 6
Number of supercells: 49
Number of models/data-files to interpolate: 13
Number of lines in the data files:
{741, 853, 853, 853, 845, 853, 853, 853, 853, 853, 853, 853}
Interpolating between the Hamiltonians.
Valid symmetrization scheme provided! We will symmetrize the loaded Hamiltonian.
Number of supercells after symmetrization: 79

```

---

## Phenomenological spin orbit term

We now construct the phenomenological SOC terms:

```
In[14]:= Lx = {{0, 0, 1}, {0, 0, 0}, {-1, 0, 0}};
Ly = {{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1}, {0, -1, 0}};
Lz = {{0, -1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}};
```

$$H_{\text{upup}} = \frac{1}{2} L_z;$$

$$H_{\text{updown}} = \frac{1}{2} (L_x + i L_y);$$

$$H_{\text{downup}} = \frac{1}{2} (L_x - i L_y);$$

$$H_{\text{downdown}} = -\frac{1}{2} L_z;$$

```
Zero2 = ConstantArray[0, {3, 3}];
```

```
HSOC = Join[Join[Hupup, Zero2, Hupdown, Zero2, 2],
Join[Zero2, Hupup, Zero2, Hupdown, 2], Join[Hdownup, Zero2,
Hdowndown, Zero2, 2], Join[Zero2, Hdownup, Zero2, Hdowndown, 2]];
```

## Reconstructing the full interpolated Hamiltonian

The full Hamiltonian incorporating SOC with tunable SOC strength and tunable  $\theta$ . A version for the  $\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}$  unit cell that is tailor made for fitting to the ARPES data is also defined (since the bulk has one Ru atom per unit cell, its Brillouin zone has twice the area of the default surface band BZ, which is also 'rotated' by 45°).

```
In[23]:= Hamiltonian1[k1_, k2_, theta_, lambda_] =
0.5 (ArrayFlatten[IdentityMatrix[2] @ Hamlt1[k1, k2, theta]] +
lambda HSOC + ComplexExpand[ConjugateTranspose[
ArrayFlatten[IdentityMatrix[2] @ Hamlt1[k1, k2, theta]] + lambda HSOC]]);
```

We can check the eigenvalues at a high symmetry point to see if the symmetrisation was successful, and has eliminated the weak splitting of degeneracies at the high symmetry points

## Loading and interpolating the nematic models

```
In[24]:= FileLocn2 = NotebookDirectory[] <> "renormalized/";
```

```
W90Data2 = LoadInterpolateTBMs[
  {FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_1theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_1theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_2theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_3theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_4theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_5theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_6theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_7theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_8theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_9theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_10theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <> "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_11theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat",
   FileLocn2 <>
    "Sr2Ru04_EXP_Monolayer_12theta_0phi1_0phi2_hr_sym_soc_nem.dat"}],
  {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}, "ParameterSymbol" → "θ";
```

```
Hamiltonian2[k1_, k2_, θ_] = W90Data2[[1]];
```

Invalid or no lattice vectors provided! Using unit vectors.

Tight-binding data files loaded.

Space dimension: 3

Number of orbitals: 12

Number of supercells: 49

Number of models/data-files to interpolate: 13

Number of lines in the data files:

```
{1723, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1707, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1723, 1723}
```

Interpolating between the Hamiltonians.

No valid symmetrization scheme  
provided! We will not symmetrize the loaded Hamiltonian.

## Comparing the nematic and symmetric models

For the sake of plotting, let us define the Hamiltonians evaluated at  $\theta = 8^\circ$  with and without the nematic term

```
In[27]:= HamTemp[k_] := 1000 × 0.2444 Hamiltonian1[k[[1]] - k[[2]], k[[1]] + k[[2]], 8, 0.175]
HamTempNem[k_] := 1000 Hamiltonian2[k[[1]] - k[[2]], k[[1]] + k[[2]], 8]
```

Using these the bands can be generated

```

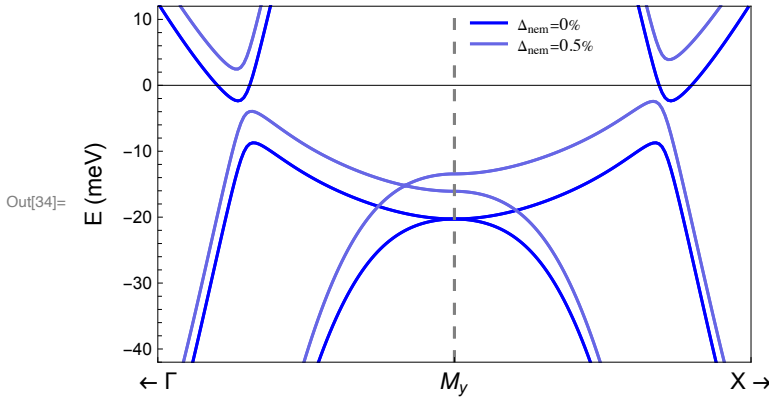
In[29]:= HSymmPts =
  {{0,  $\pi - 3.869 \times 0.36$ }, " $\leftarrow \Gamma$ "}, {{0,  $\pi$ }, " $M_y$ "}, {{ $3.869 \times 0.36$ ,  $\pi$ }, " $X \rightarrow$ "};
Bnd1 = GenerateBandStructure[HamTemp, HSymmPts];
Bnd2 = GenerateBandStructure[HamTempNem, HSymmPts];

In[32]:= plt1 = PlotBandStructure[Bnd1, {-42, 12},
  "AspectRatio"  $\rightarrow \frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel"  $\rightarrow \{(*Label*) "E \text{ (meV)}", (*Font Size*)$ 
    12,  $(*Font Color*)$ Black,  $(*Font Family*)$ "Arial"},
  "xLabel"  $\rightarrow \{12, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ , "yTicks"  $\rightarrow \{9, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ ,
  "LineThickness"  $\rightarrow 0.005$ , "LineColorScheme"  $\rightarrow \{\text{RGBColor}[0, 0, 1]\}$ ,
  "PlotKeyLegend"  $\rightarrow \{\text{Style}["\Delta_{nem}=0\%", \text{FontSize} \rightarrow 9, \text{FontFamily} \rightarrow \text{"Times"}],$ 
    Scaled[{0.51, 1.01 - 1 / 17.}]}];

plt2 = PlotBandStructure[Bnd2, {-42, 12},
  "AspectRatio"  $\rightarrow \frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel"  $\rightarrow \{(*Label*) "E \text{ (meV)}", (*Font Size*)$ 
    12,  $(*Font Color*)$ Black,  $(*Font Family*)$ "Arial"},
  "xLabel"  $\rightarrow \{12, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ , "yTicks"  $\rightarrow \{9, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ ,
  "LineThickness"  $\rightarrow 0.005$ , "LineColorScheme"  $\rightarrow \{\text{RGBColor}[0.4, 0.4, 0.9]\}$ ,
  "PlotKeyLegend"  $\rightarrow \{\text{Style}["\Delta_{nem}=0.5\%", \text{FontSize} \rightarrow 9, \text{FontFamily} \rightarrow \text{"Times"}],$ 
    Scaled[{0.51, 1.01 - 2 / 17.}]}];

```

Show[plt1, plt2]



The degeneracy at the  $M_y$  point has been lifted which is to be expected since the nematic term breaks the  $r_{xy}$  reflection symmetry that causes the degeneracy.

## A continuously $\theta(^{\circ})$ and $\Delta_{nem}(\%)$ tuned model

We will linearly interpolate between the nematicity free model and the nematic model for  $\Delta_{nem} = 0.5\%$  (which corresponds to the QPI best fit). This can be obtained as follows:

$$H(\mathbf{k}, \Delta) = H_0(\mathbf{k}) + \Delta \frac{(H_{0.5}(\mathbf{k}) - H_0(\mathbf{k}))}{0.5 - 0} = (1 - 2\Delta) H_0(\mathbf{k}) + 2\Delta H_{0.5}(\mathbf{k}).$$

```

In[35]:= HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k1_, k2_,  $\theta$ _,  $\Delta$ _] =
  (1 - 2  $\Delta$ ) 1000  $\times$  0.2444 Hamiltonian1[k1 - k2, k1 + k2,  $\theta$ , 0.175] +
  1000  $\times$  2  $\Delta$  Hamiltonian2[k1 - k2, k1 + k2,  $\theta$ ];

HamItnTuned[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], k[[4]]]

HamTempNem2[k_] :=
  HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], 8, 1(*Nematicity set to 1%*)]

```

## Checking the interpolation

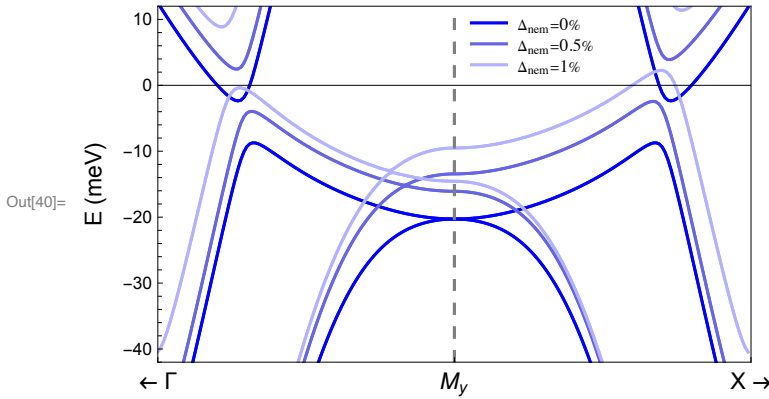
```

In[38]:= Bnd3 = GenerateBandStructure[HamTempNem2, HSymmPts];

In[39]:= plt3 = PlotBandStructure[Bnd3, {-42, 12},
  "AspectRatio"  $\rightarrow \frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel"  $\rightarrow \{(*Label*) "E \text{ (meV)}", (*Font Size*)$ 
  12,  $(*Font Color*)$  Black,  $(*Font Family*)$  "Arial"},
  "xLabel"  $\rightarrow \{12, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ , "yTicks"  $\rightarrow \{9, \text{Black}, \text{"Arial"}\}$ ,
  "LineThickness"  $\rightarrow 0.005$ , "LineColorScheme"  $\rightarrow \{\text{RGBColor}[0.7, 0.7, 1]\}$ ,
  "PlotKeyLegend"  $\rightarrow \{\text{Style}["\Delta_{nem}=1\%", \text{FontSize} \rightarrow 9, \text{FontFamily} \rightarrow \text{"Times"}],$ 
  Scaled[{0.51, 1.01 - 3 / 17.}]\}];

```

```
Show[plt1, plt2, plt3]
```



We can see that the interpolation scheme has worked.

## Iterating through $\Delta_{nem}$ and hunting for HOS

Let us outline the strategy that we shall adopt below. We iterate through a few values of  $\Delta_{nem}$  including 0%, 0.5%, 1% and 2%. At each  $\Delta_{nem}$ , we will try to tune the M point singularity and the SOC gap critical points to a HOS. We note down the  $\theta_{crit}$  and the series expansion of the four bands.

Now the bands(points) of interest are 5&6 (M point), 7&8 (M point), 7&8 (SOC gap) and 9&10 (SOC gap). For 5&6 (M point) and 7&8 (M point), tuning to HOS is simpler. We are already at a critical point, namely the high symmetry M point. We compute  $\det(\text{Hes})$  as a function of  $\delta\theta$  and set it to zero to solve for  $\delta\theta$ . If we repeat this a few times we get  $\theta_{crit}$ . But for the SOC gap critical points, we have to adopt a different strategy since the location of the critical point is not fixed and changes

with  $\theta$  and  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$ .

We will use a two-pronged strategy: first we choose a range of  $\theta$  to investigate, say  $8^\circ$  to  $10^\circ$ . We locate the  $\mathbf{k}_{\text{VHS}}$  for the angles at the end points of the range and compute the Hessian determinant. If they are of opposite sign, we expect the Hessian determinant to vanish somewhere in between. We will then use binary search to locate this  $\theta_{\text{crit}}$ . We have to do this separately for both the bands, and on either sides of the SOC gap (which have been made inequivalent by the nematic term).

Firstly, we have to identify the range of  $\mathbf{k}$  in which the SOC critical points seem to exist by plotting the dispersion for  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0\%, 0.5\%, 1\%$  and  $2\%$  and  $\theta = 7^\circ, 8^\circ, \dots, 11^\circ$ . This is needed since we need to identify a suitable range for the LocateCriticalPoint routine to work to find the actual  $\mathbf{k}_{\text{VHS}}$ .

## Evolution of the band-structure

We plot a spaghetti plot showing the evolution of the band-structure with  $\theta$  for different choices of  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (0%, 1% and 2%).

```
In[41]:= HSymmPtsNoLabel =
  {{{{0,  $\pi - 3.869 \times 0.35$ }, ""}, {{0,  $\pi$ }, ""}, {{ $3.869 \times 0.35$ ,  $\pi$ }, ""}}};
AngleList = {7, 8, 9, 10, 11};

OpacityList = {0.1, 0.2, 0.35, 0.5, 1};
ColourChoice = { $\frac{67}{255}$ ,  $\frac{49}{255}$ ,  $\frac{12}{255}$ } (*{ $\frac{45}{255}$ ,  $\frac{38}{255}$ ,  $\frac{87}{255}$ }*);
(*This for one choice of colour scheme -
  with a fixed colour and varying transparency given by the alpha channel.*)
```

1)  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0 \times \%$

```
In[46]:= BandDataList1 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], angle, 0.];

  Sow[GenerateBandStructure[HamCurr, HSymmPts]];
, {angle, AngleList}]];
```



```

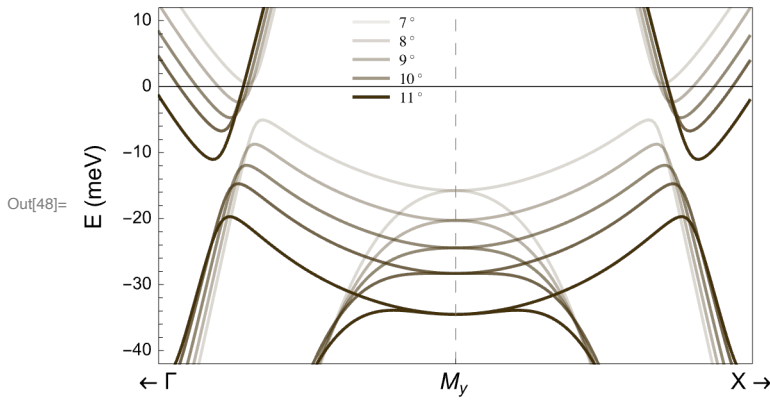
In[47]:= BandPlotList1 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  Sow[PlotBandStructure[BandDataList1[[i]], {-42, 12}(*meV range*),
    "AspectRatio" →  $\frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel" → {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)
      12, (*Font Color*)Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"},
    "xLabel" → {12, Black, "Arial"}, "yTicks" → {9, Black, "Arial"},
    "LineThickness" → 0.005, "LineColorScheme" → {RGBColor[ColourChoice[[1]],
      ColourChoice[[2]], ColourChoice[[3]], OpacityList[[i]]},
    "PlotKeyLegend" → {Style[ToString[AngleList[[i]]]°, FontSize → 8,
      FontFamily → "Times"], Scaled[{0.31, 1.01 - i / 19.}]}]]];
  , {i, 1, Length[AngleList]}]]];

```

```

In[48]:= SpaghettiPlot1 = Show[BandPlotList1]

```



2)  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.5 \times \%$

```

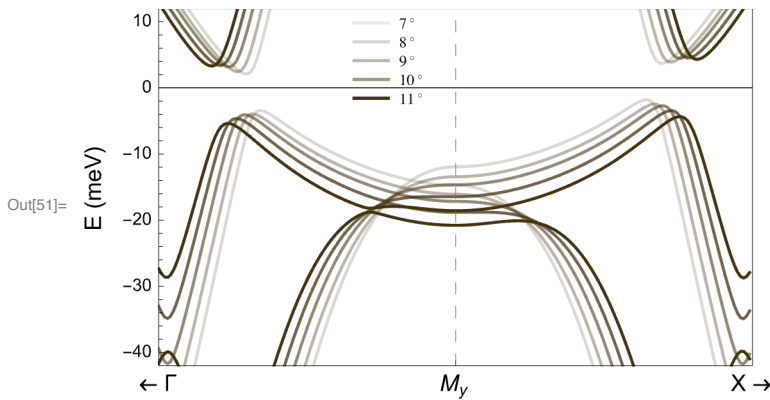
In[49]:= BandDataList2 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], angle, 0.5];

  Sow[GenerateBandStructure[HamCurr, HSymmPts]];
  , {angle, AngleList}]];

In[50]:= BandPlotList2 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  Sow[PlotBandStructure[BandDataList2[[i]], {-42, 12}(*meV range*),
    "AspectRatio" →  $\frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel" → {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)
      12, (*Font Color*)Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"},
    "xLabel" → {12, Black, "Arial"}, "yTicks" → {9, Black, "Arial"},
    "LineThickness" → 0.005, "LineColorScheme" → {RGBColor[ColourChoice[[1]],
      ColourChoice[[2]], ColourChoice[[3]], OpacityList[[i]]},
    "PlotKeyLegend" → {Style[ToString[AngleList[[i]]]°, FontSize → 8,
      FontFamily → "Times"], Scaled[{0.31, 1.01 - i / 19.}]}]]];
  , {i, 1, Length[AngleList]}]]];

```

```
In[51]:= SpaghettiPlot2 = Show[BandPlotList2]
```



3)  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1 \times \%$

```
In[52]:= BandDataList3 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
```

```
    HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], angle, 1.];
```

```
    Sow[GenerateBandStructure[HamCurr, HSymmPts]];
```

```
    , {angle, AngleList}]]];
```

```
In[53]:= BandPlotList3 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
```

```
    Sow[PlotBandStructure[BandDataList3[[i]], {-25, 25}(*meV range*),
```

```
        "AspectRatio" →  $\frac{3}{5}$ , "yLabel" → {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)
```

```
        12, (*Font Color*)Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"},
```

```
        "xLabel" → {12, Black, "Arial"}, "yTicks" → {9, Black, "Arial"},
```

```
        "LineThickness" → 0.005, "LineColorScheme" → {RGBColor[ColourChoice[[1]],
```

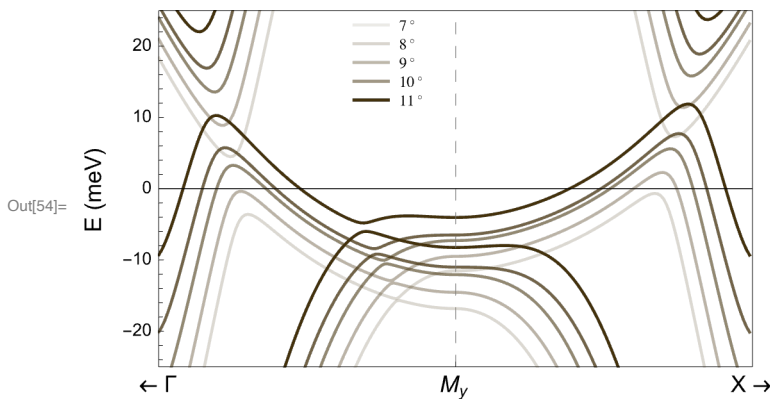
```
        ColourChoice[[2]], ColourChoice[[3]], OpacityList[[i]]},
```

```
        "PlotKeyLegend" → {Style[ToString[AngleList[[i]] °, FontSize → 8,
```

```
        FontFamily → "Times"], Scaled[{0.31, 1.01 - i / 19.}]]];
```

```
    , {i, 1, Length[AngleList]}]]];
```

```
In[54]:= SpaghettiPlot3 = Show[BandPlotList3]
```



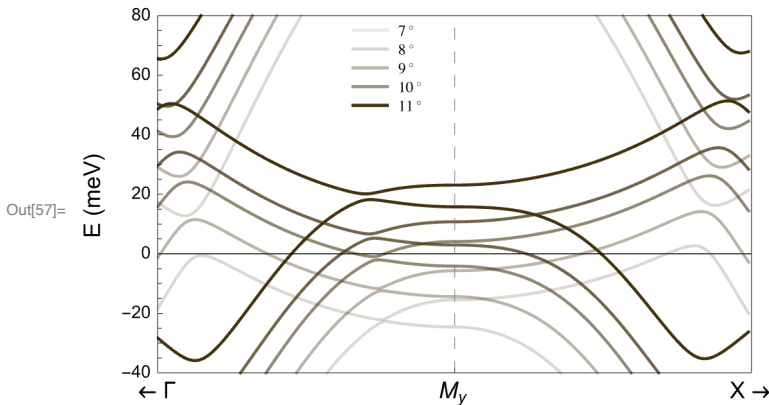
3)  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 2 \times \%$

```
In[55]:= BandDataList4 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], angle, 2.];

  Sow[GenerateBandStructure[HamCurr, HSymmPts]];
, {angle, AngleList}]];

In[56]:= BandPlotList4 = First@Last@Reap[Do[
  Sow[PlotBandStructure[BandDataList4[[i]], {-40, 80} (*meV range*),
    "AspectRatio" -> 3/5, "yLabel" -> {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)
      12, (*Font Color*)Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"},
    "xLabel" -> {12, Black, "Arial"}, "yTicks" -> {9, Black, "Arial"},
    "LineThickness" -> 0.005, "LineColorScheme" -> {RGBColor[ColourChoice[[1]],
      ColourChoice[[2]], ColourChoice[[3]], OpacityList[[i]]},
    "PlotKeyLegend" -> {Style[ToString[AngleList[[i]]], FontSize -> 8,
      FontFamily -> "Times"], Scaled[{0.31, 1.01 - i / 19.}]}]];
, {i, 1, Length[AngleList]}]];

In[57]:= SpaghettiPlot4 = Show[BandPlotList4]
```



```
In[64]:= NumberForm[{1000.3, 34.56123, 0.0034, 1.4596}, {3, 3}]
```

NumberForm : Requested number precision is lower than number of digits shown; padding with zeros.

```
Out[64]//NumberForm=
{1000.000, 34.600, 0.003, 1.460}
```

## Evolution of the nature of the critical points in the SOC gap

In this section, we look at the evolution of the nature of the critical points as we change  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  and  $\theta$ , that is whether they are maxima, minima or saddles.

## SOC gap upper VHS - Band 9

```

In[65]:= Do[
  Print[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$ =", Delt, "%:"];

  Do[

    HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta$ Curr, Delt];

    kVHSTrialLow = {0.6  $\times$  3.869  $\times$  0.36,  $\pi$  // N};
    kVHSTrialUp = {3.869  $\times$  0.36,  $\pi$  // N};

    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHS, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurr, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False,
      "SanityChecks"  $\rightarrow$  True, "MaxIterations"  $\rightarrow$  24, "Resolution"  $\rightarrow$   $10^{-2}$ ];

    If[CritPtFound == True,
      TaylorPoly =
        Chop[Total[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr, kVHS, 9, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False] [[1]] /.
          {p1  $\rightarrow$   $k_x$ , p2  $\rightarrow$   $k_y$ },  $10^{-2}$ ];

      Print["\t", " $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr, ",  $k_{\text{crit}}$  = ",
        NumberForm[kVHS, {4, 2}], ", Tayl = ", NumberForm[TaylorPoly, {4, 2}]];
    ,
      Print["Critical point could not be found for  $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr];
    ]

    , { $\theta$ Curr, 8, 11, 1}];

    , {Delt, {0, 0.5, 1, 2}}];

```

$\Delta_{nem}=0\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, k_{crit} = \{1.02, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -2.36 + 529.00 k_x^2 - 9.48 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, k_{crit} = \{1.06, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -4.72 + 503.40 k_x^2 + 4.03 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, k_{crit} = \{1.10, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -6.73 + 483.80 k_x^2 + 16.24 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, k_{crit} = \{1.14, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -11.04 + 472.70 k_x^2 + 26.86 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=0.5\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, k_{crit} = \{1.01, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 3.89 + 508.00 k_x^2 - 10.08 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, k_{crit} = \{1.05, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 4.46 + 485.60 k_x^2 + 3.54 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, k_{crit} = \{1.09, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 4.52 + 468.00 k_x^2 + 15.86 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, k_{crit} = \{1.13, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 4.30 + 458.10 k_x^2 + 26.58 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=1\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, k_{crit} = \{1.07, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 11.38 + 416.20 k_x^2 - 13.27 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, k_{crit} = \{1.11, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 15.79 + 403.50 k_x^2 - 0.81 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, k_{crit} = \{1.14, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 18.87 + 398.80 k_x^2 + 10.21 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, k_{crit} = \{1.18, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 23.71 + 404.70 k_x^2 + 19.48 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=2\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, k_{crit} = \{1.25, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 29.07 + 404.80 k_x^2 - 21.41 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, k_{crit} = \{1.28, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 42.04 + 404.60 k_x^2 - 12.77 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, k_{crit} = \{1.31, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 51.90 + 414.00 k_x^2 - 5.23 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, k_{crit} = \{1.34, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 67.46 + 432.80 k_x^2 + 1.15 k_y^2$$

We see that all the HOS points indeed likely lie in the range  $[8^\circ, 11^\circ]$  since the coefficient of  $k_y^2$  changes sign from - to + in this range for all the values of  $\Delta_{nem}$ . Also, **the critical point changes from an ordinary saddle to an ordinary minimum** as we increase  $\theta$  at each  $\Delta_{nem}$ . Now for band 8 (downward dispersing):

## SOC gap lower VHS - Band 8

```

In[66]:= Do[
  Print[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$ =", Delt, "%:"];

  Do[

    HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta$ Curr, Delt];

    kVHSTrialLow = {0.5  $\times$  3.869  $\times$  0.35,  $\pi$  // N};
    kVHSTrialUp = {0.95  $\times$  3.869  $\times$  0.35,  $\pi$  // N};

    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHS, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurr, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False,
      "SanityChecks"  $\rightarrow$  False, "MaxIterations"  $\rightarrow$  35, "Resolution"  $\rightarrow$   $10^{-2}$ ];

    If[CritPtFound == True,
      TaylorPoly =
        Chop[Total[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr, kVHS, 8, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False] [[1]] /.
          {p1  $\rightarrow$   $k_x$ , p2  $\rightarrow$   $k_y$ },  $10^{-2}$ ];

      Print["\t", " $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr, ",  $k_{\text{crit}}$  = ",
        NumberForm[kVHS, {3, 2}], ", Tayl = ", NumberForm[TaylorPoly, {4, 2}]];
    ,
      Print["Critical point could not be found for  $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr];
    ]

    , { $\theta$ Curr, 8, 12, 1}];

    , {Delt, {0, 0.5, 1, 1.5}}];

```

$\Delta_{nem}=0\%$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\theta = 8, k_{crit} &= \{0.94, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -8.71 - 417.40 k_x^2 - 12.35 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 9, k_{crit} &= \{0.98, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -11.91 - 400.30 k_x^2 + 1.12 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 10, k_{crit} &= \{1.02, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -14.71 - 388.40 k_x^2 + 13.20 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 11, k_{crit} &= \{1.06, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -19.70 - 382.80 k_x^2 + 23.35 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 12, k_{crit} &= \{1.10, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -20.80 - 380.60 k_x^2 + 30.68 k_y^2\end{aligned}$$

$\Delta_{nem}=0.5\%$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\theta = 8, k_{crit} &= \{0.93, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -2.43 - 395.90 k_x^2 - 12.99 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 9, k_{crit} &= \{0.97, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -2.70 - 381.50 k_x^2 + 0.59 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 10, k_{crit} &= \{1.01, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -3.43 - 371.80 k_x^2 + 12.79 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 11, k_{crit} &= \{1.05, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -4.34 - 367.70 k_x^2 + 23.10 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 12, k_{crit} &= \{1.09, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = -5.34 - 366.50 k_x^2 + 30.63 k_y^2\end{aligned}$$

$\Delta_{nem}=1\%$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\theta = 8, k_{crit} &= \{0.97, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 2.27 - 310.20 k_x^2 - 16.77 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 9, k_{crit} &= \{1.01, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 5.60 - 304.00 k_x^2 - 4.49 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 10, k_{crit} &= \{1.05, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 7.73 - 304.80 k_x^2 + 6.01 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 11, k_{crit} &= \{1.09, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 11.88 - 313.60 k_x^2 + 13.99 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 12, k_{crit} &= \{1.14, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 12.20 - 329.70 k_x^2 + 18.32 k_y^2\end{aligned}$$

$\Delta_{nem}=1.5\%$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\theta = 8, k_{crit} &= \{1.05, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 7.28 - 293.30 k_x^2 - 20.74 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 9, k_{crit} &= \{1.09, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 14.80 - 292.90 k_x^2 - 10.70 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 10, k_{crit} &= \{1.13, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 20.46 - 301.10 k_x^2 - 2.82 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 11, k_{crit} &= \{1.17, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 30.37 - 318.80 k_x^2 + 2.29 k_y^2 \\ \theta = 12, k_{crit} &= \{1.22, 3.14\}, \text{Tayl} = 32.64 - 346.60 k_x^2 + 4.02 k_y^2\end{aligned}$$

Here too we see that for all the  $\Delta_{nem}$  the HOS likely lies in the range  $[8^\circ, 12^\circ]$ . Also, we see that **the critical point changes from an ordinary maximum to an ordinary saddle** as we increase  $\theta$  at each  $\Delta_{nem}$  up to 1.5%.

## Evolution of the nature of the critical points at the M point

When  $\Delta_{nem} = 0$ , we have a pair of degenerate bands that are  $90^\circ$  rotated with respect to each other. However, when  $\Delta_{nem} \neq 0$ , the bands weakly split in energy. Since  $\Delta_{nem}$  is small, we might still reasonably expect the bands to weakly preserve the  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rotation that was previously present. Nevertheless we will analyse the evolution of the Taylor expansion for both these bands separately.

## Lower VHS

```
In[68]:= Do[
  Print[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$ =", Delt, "%:"];

  Do[

    HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta$ Curr, Delt];

    TaylorPoly = Chop[
      Total[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr, {0,  $\pi$  // N}, 6, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False][[1]] /.
        {p1  $\rightarrow$   $k_x$ , p2  $\rightarrow$   $k_y$ }, 10-5];

    Print["\t", " $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr,
      ", Tayl = ", Chop[NumberForm[TaylorPoly, {4, 2}], 10-2]];

    , { $\theta$ Curr, 8, 12, 1}];

  , {Delt, {0.25, 0.5, 1, 1.75}}];
```



$\Delta_{nem}=0.25\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -17.79 - 27.37 k_x^2 + 16.37 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -20.48 - 11.56 k_x^2 + 15.70 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -23.32 + 3.42 k_x^2 + 15.00 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -27.47 + 17.37 k_x^2 + 14.25 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -29.83 + 30.01 k_x^2 + 11.50 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=0.5\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -16.08 - 27.77 k_x^2 + 16.56 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -17.16 - 12.08 k_x^2 + 15.90 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -18.82 + 2.79 k_x^2 + 15.21 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -20.78 + 16.61 k_x^2 + 14.48 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -22.94 + 29.09 k_x^2 + 11.79 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=1\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -14.55 - 31.37 k_x^2 + 17.08 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -12.07 - 16.50 k_x^2 + 16.56 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -11.02 - 2.50 k_x^2 + 16.04 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -8.26 + 10.39 k_x^2 + 15.50 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -9.65 + 21.84 k_x^2 + 13.23 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{nem}=1.75\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -14.45 - 38.72 k_x^2 + 18.60 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -6.16 - 26.19 k_x^2 + 18.44 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -0.57 - 14.58 k_x^2 + 18.34 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = 9.72 - 4.16 k_x^2 + 18.30 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = 9.88 + 4.74 k_x^2 + 17.04 k_y^2$$

We notice that the critical point evolves from a **saddle to a minimum** as  $\theta$  increases for each  $\Delta_{nem}$  since the sign of the coefficient of  $k_x^2$  changes from - to + while the coefficient of  $k_y^2$  remains positive throughout.

## Upper VHS

```

In[69]:= Do[
  Print[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$ =", Delt, "%:"];

  Do[

    HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta$ Curr, Delt];

    TaylorPoly = Chop[
      Total[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr, {0,  $\pi$  // N}, 8, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False][[1]] /.
        {p1  $\rightarrow$   $k_x$ , p2  $\rightarrow$   $k_y$ }, 10-5];

    Print["\t", " $\theta$  = ",  $\theta$ Curr,
      ", Tayl = ", Chop[NumberForm[TaylorPoly, {4, 2}], 10-2]];

    , { $\theta$ Curr, 8, 12, 1}];

  , {Delt, {0.25, 0.5, 1, 1.75}}];

```

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}=0.25\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -16.47 + 16.03 k_x^2 - 27.76 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -19.23 + 15.38 k_x^2 - 11.94 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -22.13 + 14.69 k_x^2 + 3.08 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -26.36 + 13.96 k_x^2 + 17.05 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -28.81 + 11.23 k_x^2 + 29.73 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}=0.5\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -13.44 + 15.87 k_x^2 - 28.57 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -14.66 + 15.25 k_x^2 - 12.83 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -16.46 + 14.60 k_x^2 + 2.09 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -18.58 + 13.90 k_x^2 + 15.97 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -20.91 + 11.25 k_x^2 + 28.53 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}=1\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -9.51 + 15.74 k_x^2 - 33.11 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = -7.29 + 15.28 k_x^2 - 18.13 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = -6.51 + 14.81 k_x^2 - 3.98 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = -4.05 + 14.34 k_x^2 + 9.05 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = -5.78 + 12.15 k_x^2 + 20.67 k_y^2$$

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}=1.75\%$ :

$$\theta = 8, \text{ Tayl} = -6.53 + 16.39 k_x^2 - 41.95 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 9, \text{ Tayl} = 1.36 + 16.32 k_x^2 - 29.18 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 10, \text{ Tayl} = 6.50 + 16.30 k_x^2 - 17.30 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 11, \text{ Tayl} = 16.34 + 16.37 k_x^2 - 6.57 k_y^2$$

$$\theta = 12, \text{ Tayl} = 15.99 + 15.23 k_x^2 + 2.68 k_y^2$$

In this case as well, the critical point evolves from a **saddle to a minimum** as  $\theta$  increases for each  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  since the coefficient of the  $k_x^2$  term remains positive while the coefficient of the  $k_y^2$  term change sign from - to +. Furthermore, we notice that as we expected, there is only a weak breaking of the  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rotation when we compare the series expansion of the lower and upper VHS at the M point. For example the series expansion at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.25\%$  and  $\theta = 9^\circ$  for the pair of bands respectively reads

$$-20.48 - 11.56 k_x^2 + 15.70 k_y^2$$

$$-19.23 + 15.38 k_x^2 - 11.94 k_y^2$$

These are still “approximately” related by the transformation  $(k_x, k_y) \rightarrow (-k_y, k_x)$ .

## Using binary search to find HOVHs in the SOC gap

### Band 9, part 1

```
In[78]:= NoIterns = 5;
          CurrResIn = 10-2;
```

```

kVHSTrialLow = {0.6 × 3.869 × 0.36, π // N};
kVHSTrialUp = {3.869 × 0.36, π // N};

HosListBand9 = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand9];

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], Delt];

  NoTry = 0;
  HOSFound = False;
  HOSPossible = True;
  θmax = 11;
  θmin = 8;

  (*Print["Binary search initiated for Δnem = ", Delt];*)

  While[NoTry ≤ 14 && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,
    HamCurrUp[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], θmax, Delt];
    HamCurrDown[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], θmin, Delt];

    (*We compute the Hessian determinant for θmax*)
    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHSmax, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurrUp, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
      "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

    TaylorPolyMax = TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrUp, kVHSmax, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

    If[CritPtFound == False,
      HOSPossible = False;
    ];

    TaylorPolyMax = Chop[TaylorPolyMax, CurrResln];

    (*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmax, TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

    HesDetMax = (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
      (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

    (*We now compute the Hessian determinant for θmin*)
    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHSmin, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurrDown, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
      "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

```

```

TaylorPolyMin =
  TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrDown, kVHSmin, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

If[CritPtFound == False,
  HOSPossible = False;
];

TaylorPolyMin = Chop[TaylorPolyMin, CurrResIn];

(*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmax, TaylorPolyMax[[1]];*)

HesDetMin = (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
  (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

(*Now we begin the binary search if the
  Hessian determinants computed above are opposite in sign*)
If[Sign[HesDetMax] == -Sign[HesDetMin] && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,

  ømid = 0.5 (ømax + ømin);
  HamCurrMid[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], ømid, Delt];

  (*Finding true kVHS1:*)
  {kVHSmid, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrMid, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
    "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

  TaylorPolyMid =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrMid, kVHSmid, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResIn];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmax, TaylorPolyMax[[1]];*)

  HesDetMid = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResIn];

```

```

HesDet = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
  (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

If[Chop[HesDet, 1.] == 0,
  HOSFound = True;
  ,
  If[Sign[HesDet] == Sign[HesDetMax],
    θmax = θmid;
    ,
    If[Sign[HesDet] == Sign[HesDetMin],
      θmin = θmid;
    ]
  ]
];

NoTry++;
,
If[HOSFound == False,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
  HOSPossible = False;
]
];
];

If[HOSFound == True,
  AppendTo[HosListBand9, {Delt, θmid, NoTry, kVHSmid}];
  ,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
];
, {Delt, 0, 2, 0.25}]

```

Since the list was constructed with a parallelized Do loop, we need to sort it

```
In[86]:= HosListBand9 = SortBy[HosListBand9, First];
```

We are now in a position to examine the series expansion of the HOVHS for the critical tuning situations obtained above

```

In[168]:= Do[
  HamCurrHOS[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], hosdata[[2]], hosdata[[1]]];
  TaylorPolyHOS =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrHOS, hosdata[[4]], 9, 4, "Messages" → False];

  Print[" $\Delta_{nem}$  = ", hosdata[[1]],
    ". Binary search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
  Print["\t", " $\theta_{crit}$ =", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}], ", Tayl = ",
    NumberForm[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]] /. {p1 → kx, p2 → ky}, 10-2], {6, 2}]];
  DiagnoseHOS[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]], 10-2]];
  Print[
    "*****"
    , {hosdata, HosListBand9}]

 $\Delta_{nem}$  = 0.. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.
   $\theta_{crit}$ =8.70, Tayl =
  -4.09 + 510.83 kx2 - 4716.23 kx3 + 23497.90 kx4 - 116.26 kx ky2 + 1997.04 kx2 ky2 - 73.75 ky4
Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:
Polynomial has a cusp (A3) catastrophe.

*****

 $\Delta_{nem}$  = 0.25. Binary search converged after 7 iterations.
   $\theta_{crit}$ =8.68, Tayl =
  -0.22 + 524.97 kx2 - 5211.00 kx3 + 29212.00 kx4 + 0.05 kx3 ky - 118.23 kx ky2 + 2195.08 kx2 ky2 - 74.55 ky4
Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:
Polynomial has a cusp (A3) catastrophe.

*****

 $\Delta_{nem}$  = 0.5. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.
   $\theta_{crit}$ =8.73, Tayl =
  4.23 + 491.34 kx2 - 4475.94 kx3 + 22621.60 kx4 + 0.08 kx3 ky - 111.84 kx ky2 + 1914.84 kx2 ky2 - 74.38 ky4
Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:
Polynomial has a cusp (A3) catastrophe.

*****

 $\Delta_{nem}$  = 0.75. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.
   $\theta_{crit}$ =8.86, Tayl =
  9.57 + 440.23 kx2 - 3323.17 kx3 + 12723.50 kx4 + 0.04 kx3 ky - 104.19 kx ky2 + 1462.58 kx2 ky2 - 72.74 ky4
Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:
Polynomial has a cusp (A3) catastrophe.

*****

 $\Delta_{nem}$  = 1.. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

```

$\theta_{\text{crit}}=9.07$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$16.11 + 402.83 k_x^2 - 2464.46 k_x^3 + 6242.84 k_x^4 - 0.02 k_x^3 k_y - 103.28 k_x k_y^2 + 1117.78 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 68.83 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25$ . Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}=9.36$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 24.22 + 385.65 k_x^2 - 1930.96 k_x^3 +$

$$2457.90 k_x^4 + 0.01 k_x^2 k_y - 0.09 k_x^3 k_y - 110.85 k_x k_y^2 + 892.90 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 62.33 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5$ . Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}=9.74$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 33.82 + 386.60 k_x^2 - 1607.31 k_x^3 - 124.87 k_x^4 +$

$$0.01 k_x^2 k_y - 0.14 k_x^3 k_y - 126.96 k_x k_y^2 + 742.99 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 0.01 k_x k_y^3 - 53.18 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.75$ . Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}=10.26$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 44.42 + 402.43 k_x^2 - 1405.95 k_x^3 - 2426.43 k_x^4 -$

$$0.01 k_x^2 k_y - 0.03 k_x^3 k_y - 151.17 k_x k_y^2 + 623.55 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 0.01 k_x k_y^3 - 41.76 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 2.$  Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}=10.85$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$62.25 + 429.31 k_x^2 - 1253.64 k_x^3 - 5084.61 k_x^4 + 0.09 k_x^3 k_y - 183.41 k_x k_y^2 + 515.60 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 28.19 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

In[95]:= `HosListBand9[All, 1 ;; 2]`

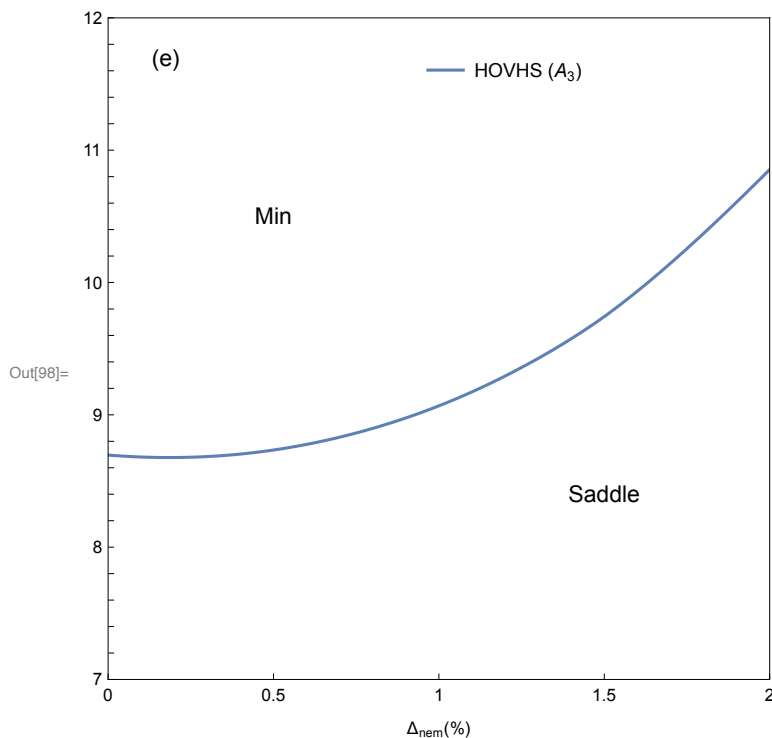
Out[95]= `{{0., 8.6958}, {0.25, 8.67969}, {0.5, 8.73389}, {0.75, 8.86279}, {1., 9.06787},  
{1.25, 9.35791}, {1.5, 9.7417}, {1.75, 10.2559}, {2., 10.8535}}`



```

In[96]:= FitFunc1 = Interpolation[HosListBand9[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand9 = ListPlot[HosListBand9[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PanelE = Show[Plot[FitFunc1[x], {x, 0, 2},
  FrameLabel → {" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}(\%)$ ", (*" $\theta(^{\circ})$ "*)None}, PlotLegends → Placed[
    {Style["HOVHS ( $A_3$ )", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 10]}, {0.6, 0.92}},
  PlotRange → {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame → True, AspectRatio → 1,
  FrameTicks → {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}, Graphics[
    Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {1.5, 8.4}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Min", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.5, 10.5}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["(e)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]
  (*,PlotBand9*)]

```



## Band 8, part 1

```

In[107]:= NoIterns = 5;
CurrResIn = 10-2;
kVHSTrialLow = {0.5 × 3.869 × 0.35,  $\pi$  // N};
kVHSTrialUp = {0.95 × 3.869 × 0.35,  $\pi$  // N};

HosListBand8 = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand8];

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], DelT];

  NoTry = 0;
  HOSFound = False;
  HOSPossible = True;

```

```

 $\theta_{\max} = 12;$ 
 $\theta_{\min} = 8;$ 

(*Print["Binary search initiated for  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} =$ ",Delt];*)

While[NoTry  $\leq$  18 && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,
  HamCurrUp[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\max}$ , Delt];
  HamCurrDown[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\min}$ , Delt];

  (*We compute the Hessian determinant for  $\theta_{\max}$ *)
  (*Finding true kVHS:*)
  {kVHSmax, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrUp, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False,
    "SanityChecks"  $\rightarrow$  True, "MaxIterations"  $\rightarrow$  28, "Resolution"  $\rightarrow 10^{-2}$ ];

  TaylorPolyMax = TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrUp, kVHSmax, 8, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False];
  TaylorPolyMax = Chop[TaylorPolyMax, CurrResln];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMax = (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}]  $\times$  D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1  $\rightarrow$  0, p2  $\rightarrow$  0} // Simplify;

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
    (*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\max}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} =$ ",Delt,"."];*)
  ];

  (*We now compute the Hessian determinant for  $\theta_{\min}$ *)
  (*Finding true kVHS:*)
  {kVHSmin, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrDown, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False,
    "SanityChecks"  $\rightarrow$  True, "MaxIterations"  $\rightarrow$  28, "Resolution"  $\rightarrow 10^{-2}$ ];

  TaylorPolyMin =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrDown, kVHSmin, 8, 2, "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False];
  TaylorPolyMin = Chop[TaylorPolyMin, CurrResln];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMin = (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}]  $\times$  D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1  $\rightarrow$  0, p2  $\rightarrow$  0} // Simplify;

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;

```

```

(*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\min}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} =$ ",Delt,"."];*)
];

(*Now we begin the binary search if the
Hessian determinants computed above are opposite in sign*)
If[Sign[HesDetMax] == -Sign[HesDetMin] && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,

 $\theta_{\text{mid}} = 0.5 (\theta_{\text{max}} + \theta_{\text{min}});$ 
HamCurrMid[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\text{mid}}$ , Delt];

(*Finding true kVHS1:*)
{kVHSmid, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
  HamCurrMid, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages" → False,
  "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 28, "Resolution" →  $10^{-2}$ ];

TaylorPolyMid =
  TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrMid, kVHSmid, 8, 2, "Messages" → False];
TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResln];

(*Print[" $k_{\text{crit,max}} =$ ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]];*)

HesDetMid = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
  (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

If[CritPtFound == False,
  HOSPossible = False;
  (*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\text{mid}}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}} =$ ",Delt,"."];*)
];

If[Chop[HesDetMid, 1.] == 0,
  HOSFound = True;
  ,
  If[Sign[HesDetMid] == Sign[HesDetMax],
     $\theta_{\text{max}} = \theta_{\text{mid}}$ ;
    ,
    If[Sign[HesDetMid] == Sign[HesDetMin],
       $\theta_{\text{min}} = \theta_{\text{mid}}$ ;
    ]
  ]
];

NoTry++;
,
If[HOSFound == False,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];

```

```

        HOSPossible = False;
    ]
];
];

If[HOSFound == True,
    AppendTo[HosListBand8, {Delt, 0mid, NoTry, kVHSmid}];
    ,
    Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
];
, {Delt, 0, 1.5, 0.25}]

```

```
In[128]:= HosListBand8 = SortBy[HosListBand8, First];
```

```
In[167]:= Do[
    HamCurrHOS[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], hosdata[[2]], hosdata[[1]]];
    TaylorPolyHOS =
        TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrHOS, hosdata[[4]], 8, 4, "Messages" → False];

    Print[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = ", hosdata[[1]],
        ". Binary search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
    Print["\t", " $\theta_{\text{crit}}$ =", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}], ", Tayl = ",
        NumberForm[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]] /. {p1 → kx, p2 → ky}, 10-2], {6, 2}]];
    DiagnoseHOS[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]], 10-2]];
    Print[
        "*****"
    , {hosdata, HosListBand8}]

```

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = 0.. Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}$ =8.91, Tayl =  
 $-11.66 - 401.64 k_x^2 - 4209.66 k_x^3 - 25725.60 k_x^4 + 117.43 k_x k_y^2 + 1457.44 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 86.96 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = 0.25. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}$ =8.88, Tayl =  
 $-6.94 - 414.45 k_x^2 - 4642.84 k_x^3 - 31225.00 k_x^4 + 121.33 k_x k_y^2 + 1605.98 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 88.42 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = 0.5. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\theta_{\text{crit}}$ =8.96, Tayl =  
 $-2.70 - 382.06 k_x^2 - 3966.23 k_x^3 - 24498.20 k_x^4 + 113.62 k_x k_y^2 + 1381.22 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 87.38 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.75$ . Binary search converged after 5 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.13$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$1.66 - 334.73 k_x^2 - 2939.67 k_x^3 - 14578.00 k_x^4 + 101.17 k_x k_y^2 + 1040.56 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 84.05 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.$  Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.39$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$6.87 - 302.99 k_x^2 - 2204.97 k_x^3 - 8045.38 k_x^4 - 0.02 k_x^3 k_y + 91.00 k_x k_y^2 + 807.63 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 78.27 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.80$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$13.44 - 294.24 k_x^2 - 1773.94 k_x^3 - 3998.47 k_x^4 - 0.09 k_x^3 k_y + 83.39 k_x k_y^2 + 688.22 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 69.12 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5$ . Binary search converged after 6 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=10.56$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 22.82 - 310.42 k_x^2 - 1508.70 k_x^3 - 360.33 k_x^4 -$

$$0.01 k_x k_y - 0.01 k_x^2 k_y + 0.14 k_x^3 k_y + 71.60 k_x k_y^2 + 648.09 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 0.02 k_x k_y^3 - 54.10 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 2-determinate. Its determinacy is either 2 or 1  
and its codimension is 1. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

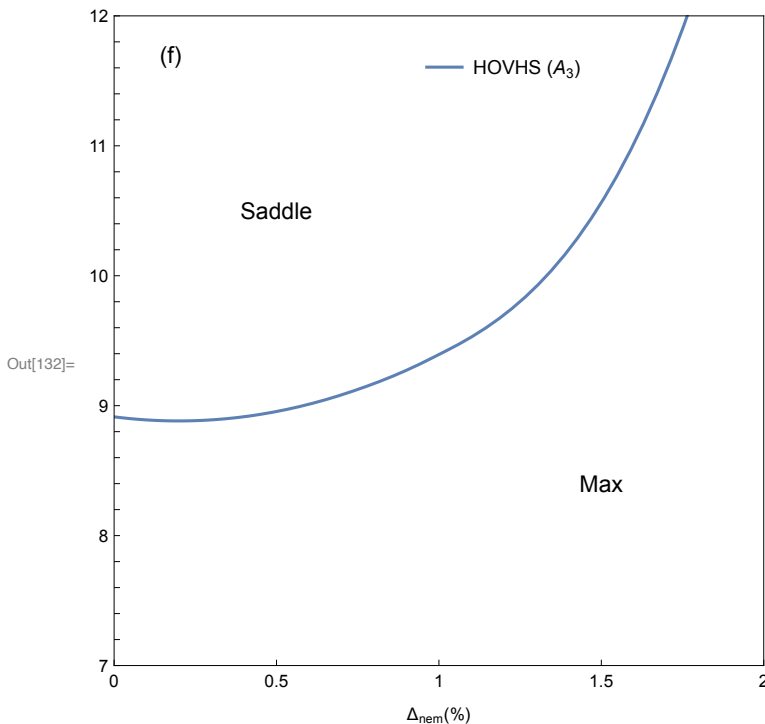
Point singularity has a finite determinacy but cannot identified by name!

\*\*\*\*\*

```

In[130]:= FitFunc2 = Interpolation[HosListBand8[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand8 = ListPlot[HosListBand8[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PanelF = Show[Plot[FitFunc2[x], {x, 0, 2},
  FrameLabel → {" $\Delta_{nem}(\%)$ ", ("  $\theta(^{\circ})$ "*)None}, PlotLegends → Placed[
    {Style["HOVHS ( $A_3$ )", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 10]}, {0.6, 0.92}],
  PlotRange → {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame → True, AspectRatio → 1,
  FrameTicks → {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}, Graphics[
    Text[Style["Max", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {1.5, 8.4}], Graphics[
    Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.5, 10.5}],
    Graphics[Text[Style["(f)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]
  (*,PlotBand8*)]

```



## Band 9, part 2

```

In[118]:= NoIters = 5;
CurrResIn = 10-2;
kVHSTrialLow = {0,  $\pi - 3.869 \times 0.36$ };
kVHSTrialUp = {0,  $\pi - 0.6 \times 3.869 \times 0.36$ };

HosListBand9p2 = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand9p2];

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], Delt];

  NoTry = 0;
  HOSFound = False;
  HOSPossible = True;

```

```

θmax = 11;
θmin = 8;

(*Print["Binary search initiated for Δnem = ",Delt];*)

While[NoTry ≤ 14 && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,
  HamCurrUp[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], θmax, Delt];
  HamCurrDown[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], θmin, Delt];

  (*We compute the Hessian determinant for θmax*)
  (*Finding true kVHS:*)
  {kVHSmax, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrUp, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
    "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

  TaylorPolyMax = TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrUp, kVHSmax, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMax = Chop[TaylorPolyMax, CurrResln];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMax = (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

  (*We now compute the Hessian determinant for θmin*)
  (*Finding true kVHS:*)
  {kVHSmin, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrDown, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
    "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

  TaylorPolyMin =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrDown, kVHSmin, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMin = Chop[TaylorPolyMin, CurrResln];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMin = (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -

```

```

(D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

(*Now we begin the binary search if the
Hessian determinants computed above are opposite in sign*)
If[Sign[HesDetMax] == -Sign[HesDetMin] && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,

  θmid = 0.5 (θmax + θmin);
  HamCurrMid[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], θmid, Delt];

  (*Finding true kVHS1:*)
  {kVHSmid, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrMid, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 9, "Messages" → False,
    "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 24, "Resolution" → 10-2];

  TaylorPolyMid =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrMid, kVHSmid, 9, 2, "Messages" → False];

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResln];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmid, TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMid = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
  ];

  TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResln];

  HesDet = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

  If[Chop[HesDet, 1.] == 0,
    HOSFound = True;
  ,
  If[Sign[HesDet] == Sign[HesDetMax],
    θmax = θmid;
  ,
  If[Sign[HesDet] == Sign[HesDetMin],
    θmin = θmid;
  ]
]

```



```

]
];

NoTry++;
,
If[HOSFound == False,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
  HOSPossible = False;
]
];
];

If[HOSFound == True,
  AppendTo[HosListBand9p2, {Delt, 0mid, NoTry, kVHSmid}];
,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
];
, {Delt, 0, 2, 0.25}]

```

```
In[126]:= HosListBand9p2 = SortBy[HosListBand9p2, First];
```

```
In[166]:= Do[
  HamCurrHOS[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], hosdata[[2]], hosdata[[1]]];
  TaylorPolyHOS =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrHOS, hosdata[[4]], 9, 4, "Messages" → False];

  Print["Δnem = ", hosdata[[1]],
    ". Binary search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
  Print["\t", "θcrit=", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}], ", Tayl = ",
    NumberForm[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]] /. {p1 → kx, p2 → ky}, 10-2], {6, 2}]];
  DiagnoseHOS[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]], 10-2]];
  Print[
    "*****"]
, {hosdata, HosListBand9p2}]

```

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

θ<sub>crit</sub>=8.70, Tayl =  
 $-4.09 - 73.75 k_x^4 + 116.26 k_x^2 k_y + 510.83 k_y^2 + 1997.04 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 4716.23 k_y^3 + 23497.90 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.25. Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

θ<sub>crit</sub>=8.64, Tayl =  
 $-0.88 - 73.87 k_x^4 + 123.15 k_x^2 k_y + 546.36 k_y^2 + 2294.10 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 5496.38 k_y^3 - 0.06 k_x k_y^3 + 30376.60 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.5$ . Binary search converged after 5 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=8.66$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$2.83 - 73.08 k_x^4 + 120.97 k_x^2 k_y + 531.17 k_y^2 + 2084.18 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 4968.16 k_y^3 - 0.10 k_x k_y^3 + 24333.20 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.75$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=8.75$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$7.37 - 70.86 k_x^4 + 116.16 k_x^2 k_y + 491.11 k_y^2 + 1644.82 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 3853.39 k_y^3 - 0.08 k_x k_y^3 + 13891.20 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.$  Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=8.92$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$13.15 - 66.45 k_x^4 + 117.07 k_x^2 k_y + 460.17 k_y^2 + 1281.90 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 2955.17 k_y^3 - 0.02 k_x k_y^3 + 6573.65 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.18$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$20.68 - 59.43 k_x^4 + 126.62 k_x^2 k_y + 448.43 k_y^2 + 1034.66 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 2371.82 k_y^3 + 0.06 k_x k_y^3 + 1964.09 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5$ . Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.54$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 30.18 - 49.76 k_x^4 + 145.12 k_x^2 k_y +$

$$455.23 k_y^2 + 0.01 k_x k_y^2 + 860.97 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 2001.61 k_y^3 + 0.16 k_x k_y^3 - 1502.14 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.75$ . Binary search converged after 8 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=10.03, \text{ Tayl} = 41.06 - 37.73 k_x^4 + 172.51 k_x^2 k_y + 0.02 k_x^3 k_y + 478.47 k_y^2 + 0.01 k_x k_y^2 + 713.88 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 1757.47 k_y^3 + 0.18 k_x k_y^3 - 4928.18 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 2..$  Binary search converged after 6 iterations.

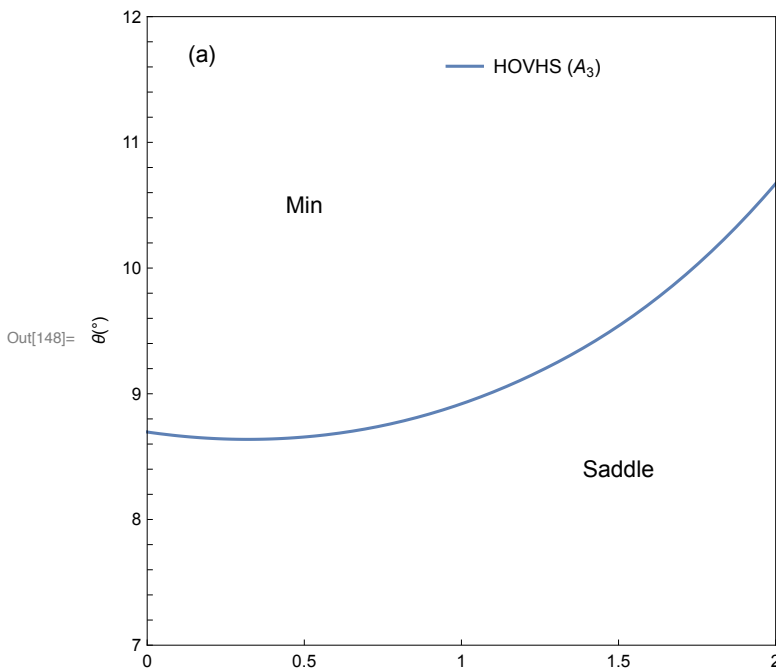
$$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=10.67, \text{ Tayl} = 55.76 - 23.62 k_x^4 + 209.31 k_x^2 k_y + 0.01 k_x^3 k_y + 516.06 k_y^2 + 554.24 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 1576.22 k_y^3 - 0.08 k_x k_y^3 - 9202.16 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

```
In[146]:= FitFunc3 = Interpolation[HosListBand9p2[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand9p2 = ListPlot[HosListBand9p2[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PanelA = Show[(*PlotBand9,*)Plot[FitFunc3[x], {x, 0, 2},
  FrameLabel -> {(*"Δnem(%)")None, "θ(°)"}, PlotLegends -> Placed[
    {Style["HOVHS (A3)", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 10]}, {0.6, 0.92}},
  PlotRange -> {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame -> True, AspectRatio -> 1,
  FrameTicks -> {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}, Graphics[
    Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12], {1.5, 8.4}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Min", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12], {0.5, 10.5}]],
  Graphics[
    Text[Style["(a)", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]]
```



## Band 8, part 2

```
In[133]:= NoIterns = 5;
CurrResIn = 10-2;
```

```

kVHSTrialLow = {0,  $\pi - 0.95 \times 3.869 \times 0.35$ };
kVHSTrialUp = {0,  $\pi - 0.5 \times 3.869 \times 0.35$ };

HosListBand8p2 = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand8p2];

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], Delt];

  NoTry = 0;
  HOSFound = False;
  HOSPossible = True;
   $\theta_{\max}$  = 12;
   $\theta_{\min}$  = 8;

  (*Print["Binary search initiated for  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = ",Delt];*)

  While[NoTry ≤ 18 && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,
    HamCurrUp[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\max}$ , Delt];
    HamCurrDown[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\min}$ , Delt];

    (*We compute the Hessian determinant for  $\theta_{\max}$ *)
    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHSmax, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurrUp, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages" → False,
      "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 28, "Resolution" →  $10^{-2}$ ];

    TaylorPolyMax = TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrUp, kVHSmax, 8, 2, "Messages" → False];
    TaylorPolyMax = Chop[TaylorPolyMax, CurrResIn];

    (*Print["kcrit,max = ",kVHSmax,TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

    HesDetMax = (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
      (D[TaylorPolyMax[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

    If[CritPtFound == False,
      HOSPossible = False;
      (*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\max}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = ",Delt,"."];*)
    ];

    (*We now compute the Hessian determinant for  $\theta_{\min}$ *)
    (*Finding true kVHS:*)
    {kVHSmin, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
      HamCurrDown, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages" → False,
      "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 28, "Resolution" →  $10^{-2}$ ];

```

```

TaylorPolyMin =
  TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrDown, kVHSmin, 8, 2, "Messages" → False];
TaylorPolyMin = Chop[TaylorPolyMin, CurrResIn];

(*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmax, TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

HesDetMin = (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
  (D[TaylorPolyMin[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

If[CritPtFound == False,
  HOSPossible = False;
  (*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\min}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = ", Delt, "."];*)
];

(*Now we begin the binary search if the
  Hessian determinants computed above are opposite in sign*)
If[Sign[HesDetMax] == -Sign[HesDetMin] && HOSFound == False && HOSPossible == True,

   $\theta_{\text{mid}} = 0.5 (\theta_{\text{max}} + \theta_{\text{min}})$ ;
  HamCurrMid[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]],  $\theta_{\text{mid}}$ , Delt];

  (*Finding true kVHS1:*)
  {kVHSmid, CritPtFound} = LocateCriticalPoint[
    HamCurrMid, kVHSTrialLow, kVHSTrialUp, 8, "Messages" → False,
    "SanityChecks" → True, "MaxIterations" → 28, "Resolution" → 10-2];

  TaylorPolyMid =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrMid, kVHSmid, 8, 2, "Messages" → False];
  TaylorPolyMid = Chop[TaylorPolyMid, CurrResIn];

  (*Print["kcrit,max = ", kVHSmax, TaylorPolyMax[[1]]];*)

  HesDetMid = (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
    (D[TaylorPolyMid[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

  If[CritPtFound == False,
    HOSPossible = False;
    (*Print["Critical point not found for  $\theta_{\text{mid}}$  at  $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  = ", Delt, "."];*)
  ];

  If[Chop[HesDetMid, 1.] == 0,
    HOSFound = True;
    ,
    If[Sign[HesDetMid] == Sign[HesDetMax],

```

```

    θmax = θmid;
    ,
    If[Sign[HesDetMid] == Sign[HesDetMin],
      θmin = θmid;
    ]
  ]
];

NoTry++;

,
If[HOSFound == False,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
  HOSPossible = False;
]
];
];

If[HOSFound == True,
  AppendTo[HosListBand8p2, {Delt, θmid, NoTry, kVHSmid}];
  ,
  Print[Style["No HOS in the range!", Red]];
];
, {Delt, Append[Table[i, {i, 0, 1.5, 0.25}], 1.6]}]

```

```
In[140]:= HosListBand8p2 = SortBy[HosListBand8p2, First];
```

```

In[165]:= Do[
  HamCurrHOS[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], hosdata[[2]], hosdata[[1]]];
  TaylorPolyHOS =
    TaylorExpandBand[HamCurrHOS, hosdata[[4]], 8, 4, "Messages" → False];

  Print["Δnem = ", hosdata[[1]],
    ". Binary search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
  Print["\t", "θcrit=", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}], ", Tayl = ",
    NumberForm[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]] /. {p1 → kx, p2 → ky}, 10-2], {6, 2}]];
  DiagnoseHOS[Chop[Total[TaylorPolyHOS[[1]]], 10-2]];
  Print[
    "*****"
    , {hosdata, HosListBand8p2}]

```

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.. Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

θ<sub>crit</sub>=8.91, Tayl =  
 $-11.66 - 86.96 k_x^4 - 117.43 k_x^2 k_y - 401.64 k_y^2 + 1457.44 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 4209.66 k_y^3 - 25725.60 k_y^4$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.25$ . Binary search converged after 12 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=8.84$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$-7.58 - 88.03 k_x^4 - 125.54 k_x^2 k_y - 435.67 k_y^2 + 1696.36 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 4929.44 k_y^3 + 0.01 k_x k_y^3 - 32820.80 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.5$ . Binary search converged after 11 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=8.87$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$-4.08 - 86.54 k_x^4 - 121.31 k_x^2 k_y - 421.81 k_y^2 + 1536.27 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 4462.10 k_y^3 + 0.01 k_x k_y^3 - 26931.40 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.75$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.00$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$-0.46 - 82.65 k_x^4 - 110.74 k_x^2 k_y - 385.56 k_y^2 + 1209.01 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 3471.89 k_y^3 - 16446.60 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.$  Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.24$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$4.16 - 76.28 k_x^4 - 101.51 k_x^2 k_y - 360.68 k_y^2 + 969.41 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 2694.18 k_y^3 + 0.02 k_x k_y^3 - 8873.05 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=9.61$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

$$10.64 - 66.64 k_x^4 - 94.74 k_x^2 k_y - 356.79 k_y^2 + 843.98 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 2193.99 k_y^3 + 0.12 k_x k_y^3 - 3645.34 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5$ . Binary search converged after 9 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}}=10.40$ ,  $\text{Tayl} = 19.95 - 50.80 k_x^4 - 81.88 k_x^2 k_y -$

$$0.01 k_x^3 k_y - 378.00 k_y^2 + 801.88 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 1832.04 k_y^3 - 0.08 k_x k_y^3 + 1691.74 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.6$ . Binary search converged after 10 iterations.

$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.93$ ,  $\text{Tayl} =$

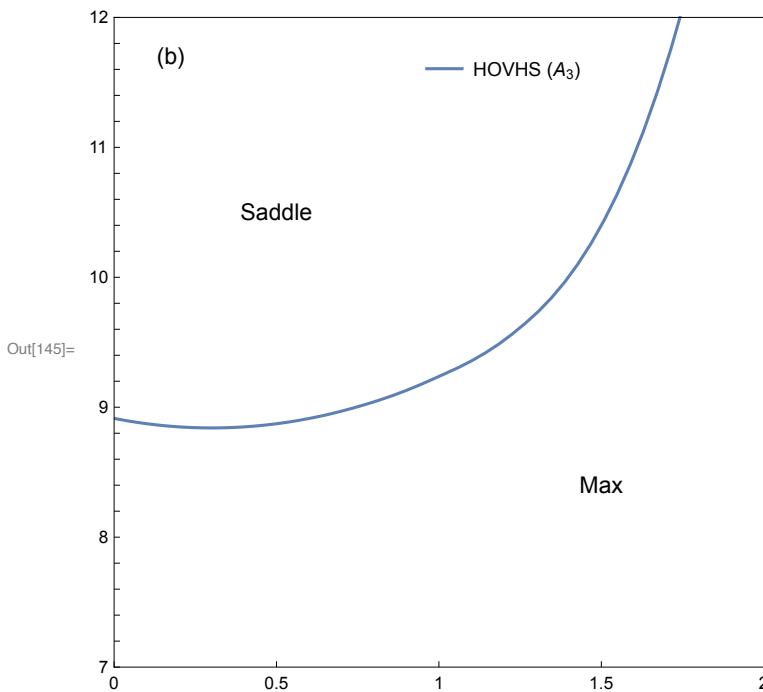
$$31.06 - 42.02 k_x^4 - 78.97 k_x^2 k_y - 397.35 k_y^2 + 854.97 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 1649.95 k_y^3 - 0.08 k_x k_y^3 + 5058.27 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3 and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

```
In[143]:= FitFunc4 = Interpolation[HosListBand8p2[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand8p2 = ListPlot[HosListBand8p2[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PanelB = Show[(*PlotBand9,*)Plot[FitFunc4[x], {x, 0, 2},
  FrameLabel -> {(*"Δnem(%)")None, (*"θ(°)"*)None}, PlotLegends -> Placed[
    {Style["HOVHS (A3)", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 10]}, {0.6, 0.92}},
  PlotRange -> {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame -> True, AspectRatio -> 1,
  FrameTicks -> {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Max", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12], {1.5, 8.4}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12],
    {0.5, 10.5}]], Graphics[
    Text[Style["(b)", FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]]
```



## Finding HOVHs at the M point

### Upper VHS - Bands 7 & 8

```
In[158]:= HosListBand8M = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand8M];
```



```

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], Delt];

   $\theta$ Curr = 10.5;
  CurrResln =  $10^{-2}$ ;
  HOSFound = False;
  NoTry = 1;

  While[NoTry  $\leq$  4 && HOSFound == False,
    TaylorPoly =
      Chop[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr(*The Hamiltonian*), {0,  $\pi$  // N,  $\theta$ Curr}
        (*the (k,t) point at which we are going to series expand.*), 8
        (*Band to series expand*), 2(*Degree of Taylor polynomial*),
        "Dimension"  $\rightarrow$  2(*k-space dimension*), "TuningDegree"  $\rightarrow$  2
        (*Degree of tuning parameter terms*),
        "TuningSymbol"  $\rightarrow$  " $\delta\theta$ "(*Symbols for the tuning parameters*),
        "Resolution"  $\rightarrow$   $10^{-4}$ (*Resolution below which we shall kill terms*),
        "SampleDirection"  $\rightarrow$  {0.333, 0.779, 0.1335}
        (*A sample k-vector that will be used for diagonalising symbolic
          matrices. This is not needed in principle since we will
          generate a random one in the routine if this is not provided*),
        "Messages"  $\rightarrow$  False(*YesMessage*)],  $10^{-6}$ ];

    HesDet = (D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}]  $\times$  D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
      (D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1  $\rightarrow$  0, p2  $\rightarrow$  0} // Simplify;

    If[Chop[ReplaceAll[HesDet, { $\delta\theta \rightarrow$  0}], CurrResln] == 0,
      HOSFound = True;
    ];

     $\delta\theta$ Solns = Solve[HesDet == 0,  $\delta\theta$ , Reals];

    MinSoln = 1;
    Do[
      If[Abs[ReplaceAll[ $\delta\theta$ ,  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[l]]]] < Abs[ReplaceAll[ $\delta\theta$ ,  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[MinSoln]]]],
        MinSoln = l;
      ],
      {l, 1, Length[ $\delta\theta$ Solns]};

     $\theta$ Curr =  $\theta$ Curr +  $\delta\theta$  /.  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[MinSoln]];
  ];

  If[HOSFound == True,
    TaylorPoly =
      Chop[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr(*The Hamiltonian*), {0,  $\pi$  // N,  $\theta$ Curr}

```

```
(*the (k,t) point at which we are going to series expand.*), 8
(*Band to series expand*), 4(*Degree of Taylor polynomial*),
"Dimension" → 2(*k-space dimension*), "TuningDegree" → 0
(*Degree of tuning parameter terms*),
"TuningSymbol" → "δθ"(*Symbols for the tuning parameters*),
"Resolution" → 10-4(*Resolution below which we shall kill terms*),
"SampleDirection" → {0.333, 0.779, 0.1335}
(*A sample k-vector that will be used for diagonalising symbolic
matrices. This is not needed in principle since we will
generate a random one in the routine if this is not provided*),
"Messages" → False(*YesMessage*)], 10-6];
```

```
AppendTo[HosListBand8M, {Delt, θCurr, NoTry, Total[
  Chop[ReplaceAll[TaylorPoly[[1]], {p1 → kx, p2 → ky, δθ → 0}], CurrResln]]}];
,
Print[Style["No HOS found in the range!", Red]];
];

, {Delt, 0, 1.75, 0.25}]
```

```
In[161]:= HosListBand8M = SortBy[HosListBand8M, First];
```

```
In[164]:= Do[
  Print["Δnem = ", hosdata[[1]],
    ". Search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
  Print["\t" <> "θcrit = ", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}],
    ", Tayl = ", NumberForm[hosdata[[4]], {3, 2}]];
  DiagnoseHOS[Chop[hosdata[[4]], 10-1]];
  Print[
    "*****"]

, {hosdata, HosListBand8M}]
```

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.84, \text{ Tayl} = -27.70 - 98.80 k_x^4 + 15.20 k_y^2 + 4.52 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 8.08 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.25. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.79, \text{ Tayl} = -21.40 + 14.90 k_x^2 - 6.01 k_x^4 + 1.98 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 98.60 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.5. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.85, \text{ Tayl} = -16.10 + 14.70 k_x^2 - 6.16 k_x^4 + 2.65 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 98.80 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 0.75$ . Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.03, \text{ Tayl} = -11.30 + 14.60 k_x^2 - 5.04 k_x^4 + 1.32 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 97.60 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.$  Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.30, \text{ Tayl} = -6.93 + 14.60 k_x^2 - 2.98 k_x^4 - 0.01 k_x^3 k_y - 1.37 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 95.10 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25$ . Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.68, \text{ Tayl} = -1.12 + 14.80 k_x^2 - 0.23 k_x^4 - 0.02 k_x^3 k_y - 5.33 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 91.10 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5$ . Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 11.09, \text{ Tayl} = 12.10 + 15.70 k_x^2 + 2.54 k_x^4 + 0.01 k_x^3 k_y - 10.30 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 84.20 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.75$ . Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 11.44, \text{ Tayl} = 33.90 + 17.20 k_x^2 + 5.17 k_x^4 - 0.03 k_x k_y + 0.08 k_x^3 k_y - 15.60 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 74.30 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

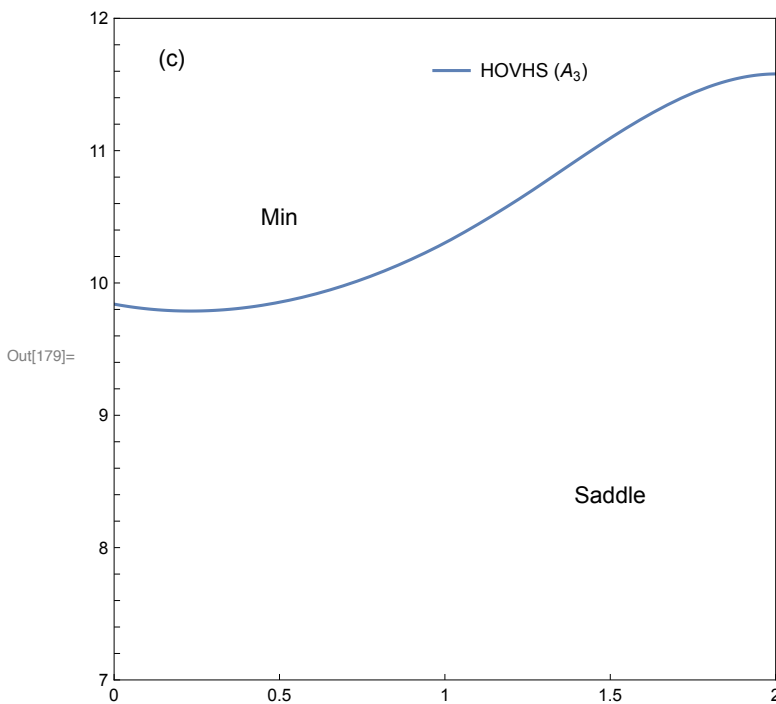
Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

```

In[177]:= FitFunc5 = Interpolation[HosListBand8M[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand8p3 =
  ListPlot[HosListBand8M[All, 1 ;; 2], AxesLabel → {" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}(\%)$ ", " $\theta(^{\circ})$ "},
    PlotLegends → Placed[{"HOVHS ( $A_3$ )"}, {0.5, 0.965}]];
PanelC = Show[(*PlotBand9,*)Plot[FitFunc5[x], {x, 0, 2},
  FrameLabel → {(*" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}(\%)$ ", " $\theta(^{\circ})$ "*)None, None}, PlotLegends → Placed[
    {Style["HOVHS ( $A_3$ )", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 10]}], {0.6, 0.92}],
  PlotRange → {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame → True, AspectRatio → 1,
  FrameTicks → {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}], Graphics[
    Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {1.5, 8.4}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Min", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.5, 10.5}]],
  Graphics[
    Text[Style["(c)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]]

```



## Lower VHS Bands 5 & 6

```

In[169]:= HosListBand6M = {};
SetSharedVariable[HosListBand6M];

ParallelDo[
  HamCurr[k_] := HamiltonianNemTunedmeV[k[[1]], k[[2]], k[[3]], Delt];

   $\theta$ Curr = 10.5;
  CurrResIn =  $10^{-2}$ ;
  HOSFound = False;
  NoTry = 1;

  While[NoTry ≤ 4 && HOSFound == False,

```

```

TaylorPoly =
Chop[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr(*The Hamiltonian*), {0,  $\pi$  // N,  $\theta$ Curr}
(*the (k,t) point at which we are going to series expand.*), 6
(*Band to series expand*), 2(*Degree of Taylor polynomial*),
"Dimension" → 2(*k-space dimension*), "TuningDegree" → 2
(*Degree of tuning parameter terms*),
"TuningSymbol" → " $\delta\theta$ "(*Symbols for the tuning parameters*),
"Resolution" →  $10^{-4}$ (*Resolution below which we shall kill terms*),
"SampleDirection" → {0.333, 0.779, 0.1335}
(*A sample k-vector that will be used for diagonalising symbolic
matrices. This is not needed in principle since we will
generate a random one in the routine if this is not provided*),
"Messages" → False(*YesMessage*)],  $10^{-6}$ ];

HesDet = (D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], {p1, 2}] × D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], {p2, 2}] -
(D[TaylorPoly[[1, 3]], p1, p2])2) /. {p1 → 0, p2 → 0} // Simplify;

If[Chop[ReplaceAll[HesDet, { $\delta\theta$  → 0}]] == 0,
HOSFound = True;
];

 $\delta\theta$ Solns = Solve[HesDet == 0,  $\delta\theta$ , Reals];

MinSoln = 1;
Do[
If[Abs[ReplaceAll[ $\delta\theta$ ,  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[l]]]] < Abs[ReplaceAll[ $\delta\theta$ ,  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[MinSoln]]]],
MinSoln = l;
], {l, 1, Length[ $\delta\theta$ Solns]};

 $\theta$ Curr =  $\theta$ Curr +  $\delta\theta$  /.  $\delta\theta$ Solns[[MinSoln]];
];

If[HOSFound == True,
TaylorPoly =
Chop[TaylorExpandBand[HamCurr(*The Hamiltonian*), {0,  $\pi$  // N,  $\theta$ Curr}
(*the (k,t) point at which we are going to series expand.*), 6
(*Band to series expand*), 4(*Degree of Taylor polynomial*),
"Dimension" → 2(*k-space dimension*), "TuningDegree" → 0
(*Degree of tuning parameter terms*),
"TuningSymbol" → " $\delta\theta$ "(*Symbols for the tuning parameters*),
"Resolution" →  $10^{-4}$ (*Resolution below which we shall kill terms*),
"SampleDirection" → {0.333, 0.779, 0.1335}
(*A sample k-vector that will be used for diagonalising symbolic
matrices. This is not needed in principle since we will
generate a random one in the routine if this is not provided*),

```

```

    "Messages" → False(*YesMessage*)], 10-6];

AppendTo[HosListBand6M, {Delt, θCurr, NoTry, Total[
    Chop[ReplaceAll[TaylorPoly[[1]], {p1 → kx, p2 → ky, δθ → 0}], CurrResIn]]]};
',
Print[Style["No HOS found in the range!", Red]];
];

, {Delt, 0, 1.75, 0.25}]

```

```
In[172]:= HosListBand6M = SortBy[HosListBand6M, First];
```

```

In[173]:= Do[
    Print["Δnem = ", hosdata[[1]],
        ". Search converged after ", hosdata[[3]], " iterations."];
    Print["\t" <> "θcrit = ", NumberForm[hosdata[[2]], {4, 2}],
        ", Tayl = ", NumberForm[hosdata[[4]], {3, 2}]];
    DiagnoseHOS[Chop[hosdata[[4]], 10-1]];
    Print[
        "*****"]

    , {hosdata, HosListBand6M}];

```

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.84, \text{ Tayl} = -27.70 - 98.80 k_x^4 + 15.20 k_y^2 + 4.52 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 8.08 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.25. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.76, \text{ Tayl} = -22.50 - 101.00 k_x^4 + 15.20 k_y^2 + 7.55 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 8.87 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.5. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.81, \text{ Tayl} = -18.30 - 100.00 k_x^4 + 15.40 k_y^2 + 6.40 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 8.20 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp (A<sub>3</sub>) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

Δ<sub>nem</sub> = 0.75. Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 9.95, \text{ Tayl} = -14.70 - 99.50 k_x^4 + 15.60 k_y^2 + 6.24 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 7.77 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1..$  Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.19, \text{ Tayl} = -11.20 - 98.20 k_x^4 + 0.02 k_x^3 k_y + 15.90 k_y^2 + 6.43 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 0.01 k_x k_y^3 - 7.26 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.25.$  Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.53, \text{ Tayl} = -7.09 - 96.30 k_x^4 + 0.03 k_x^3 k_y + 16.30 k_y^2 + 7.02 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 0.02 k_x k_y^3 - 6.81 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.5.$  Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 10.93, \text{ Tayl} = 2.20 - 93.30 k_x^4 + 0.01 k_x^3 k_y + 17.20 k_y^2 + 8.54 k_x^2 k_y^2 - 7.13 k_y^4$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

$\Delta_{\text{nem}} = 1.75.$  Search converged after 1 iterations.

$$\Theta_{\text{crit}} = 11.30, \text{ Tayl} = 21.30 - 88.10 k_x^4 - 0.07 k_x^3 k_y + 11.60 k_x^2 k_y^2 + 0.02 k_x k_y^3 - 8.72 k_y^4 + k_y (0.02 k_x + 18.80 k_y)$$

Polynomial has corank 1. It is 4-determinate. Its determinacy is either 4 or 3  
and its codimension is 2. Comparing with the known list of singularities:

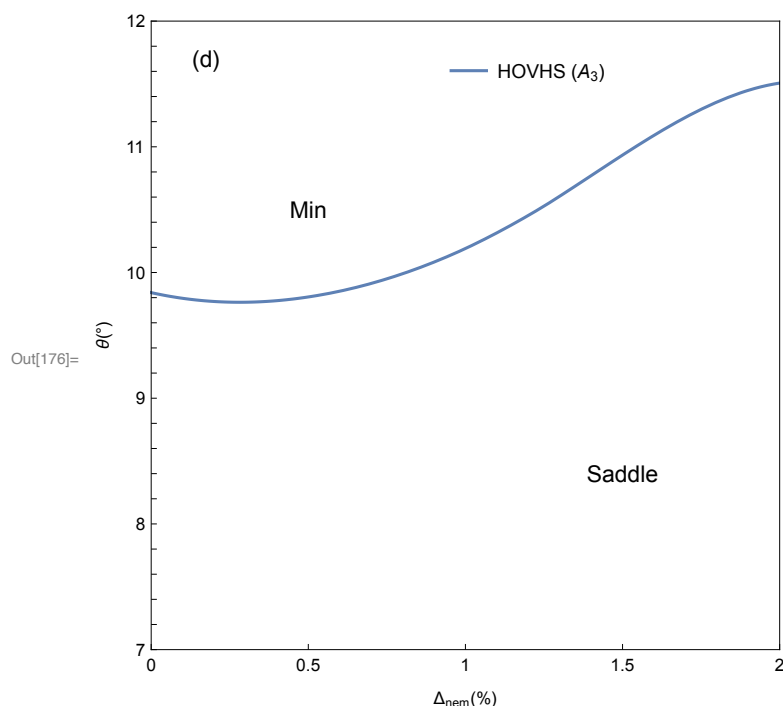
Polynomial has a cusp ( $A_3$ ) catastrophe.

\*\*\*\*\*

```

In[174]:= FitFunc6 = Interpolation[HosListBand6M[All, 1 ;; 2]];
PlotBand6 = ListPlot[HosListBand6M[All, 1 ;; 2], AxesLabel → {" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}(\%)$ ", " $\theta(^{\circ})$ "},
  PlotLegends → Placed[{"HOVHS ( $A_3$ )"}, {0.5, 0.965}]];
PanelD = Show[(*PlotBand9,*)Plot[FitFunc6[x],
  {x, 0, 2}, FrameLabel → {" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}(\%)$ ", " $\theta(^{\circ})$ "}, PlotLegends → Placed[
  {Style["HOVHS ( $A_3$ )", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 10]}, {0.6, 0.92}],
  PlotRange → {{0, 2}, {7, 12}}, Frame → True, AspectRatio → 1,
  FrameTicks → {{Automatic, None}, {{0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2}, None}}, Graphics[
  Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {1.5, 8.4}]],
  Graphics[Text[Style["Min", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.5, 10.5}]],
  Graphics[
  Text[Style["(d)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.175, 11.7}]]]

```



## Assembling the results

### Labeling the critical points of interest

```

In[180]:= Bnd4 = GenerateBandStructure[HamTempNem2, HSymmPts, "OrbitalProjection" → True,
  "OrbitalGrouping" → {{1, 4, 7, 10}, {2, 5, 8, 11}, {3, 6, 9, 12}}];

```

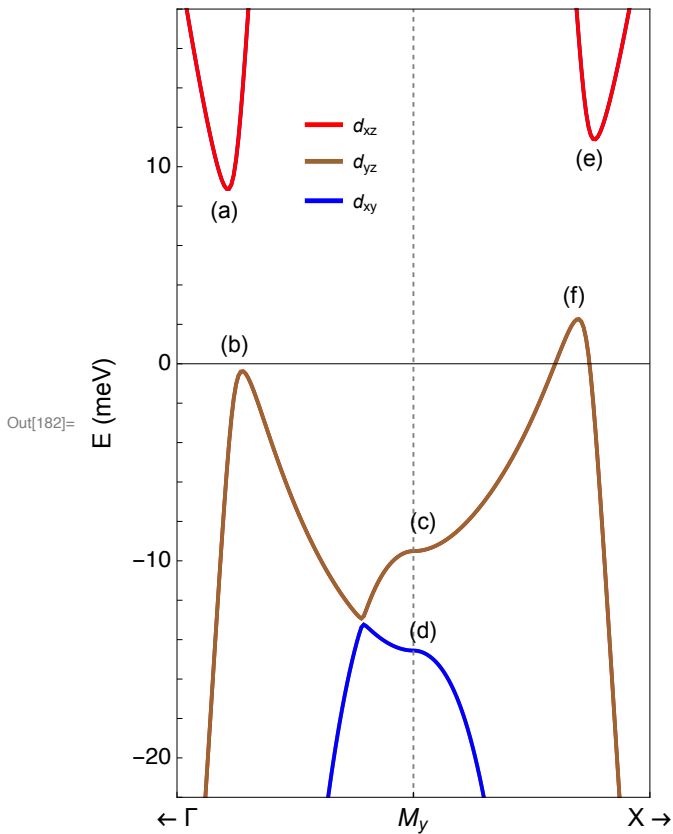


In[181]:= PltCritPts =

```
PlotBandStructure[Bnd3, (*{-0.042,0.012}*){-22, 18}, AspectRatio →  $\frac{5}{3}$ ,
  "yLabel" → {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)13, (*Font Color*)
    Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"}, "xLabel" → {13, Black, "Arial"},
  "yTicks" → {12, Black, "Helvetica"}, "LineThickness" → 0.008,
  "LineColorScheme" → {Red, Brown, Blue}, (*Dividing Lines*)"DividingLines" →
    {(*Dashing[.])*0.01, (*Color*)Gray, (*Thickness*)0.004},
  (*,Legend*)"PlotKeyLegend" → {{"dxz", "dyz", "dxy"}, {0.25, 0.8}}];
```

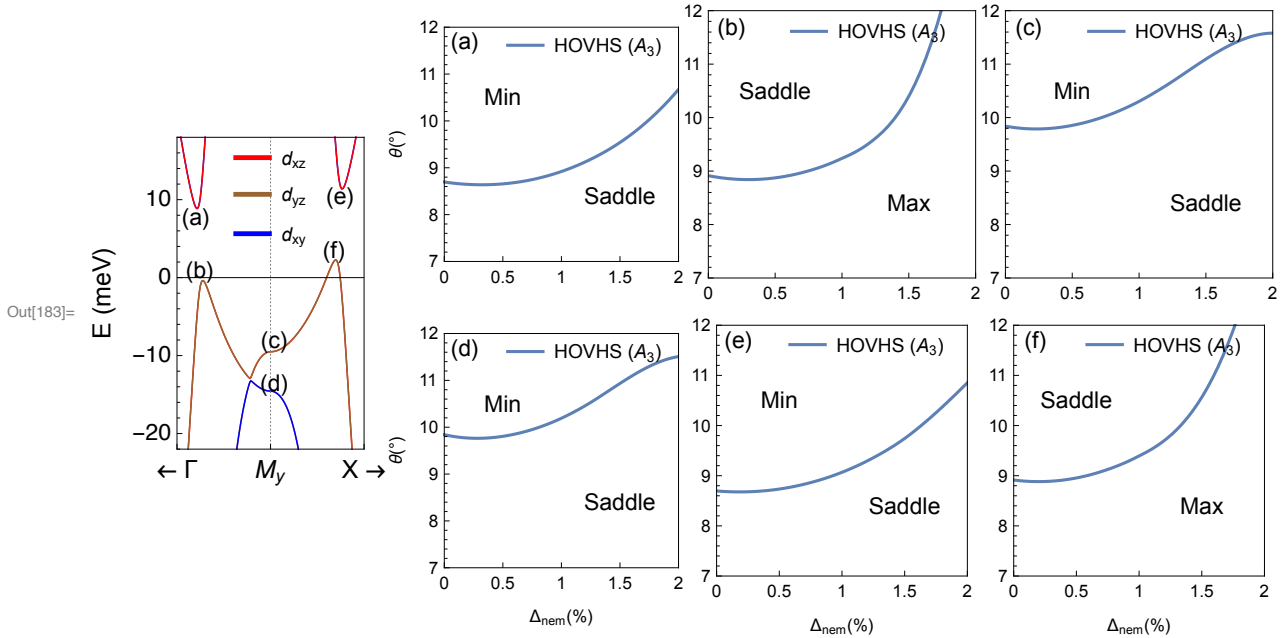
PanelCritPts = Show[PltCritPts,

```
Graphics[Text[Style["(a)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.28, 7.8}]],
Graphics[Text[Style["(b)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {0.34, 1}]],
Graphics[Text[Style["(c)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {1.45, -8}]],
Graphics[Text[Style["(d)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12],
  {1.45, -13.5}]], Graphics[
  Text[Style["(e)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {2.43, 10.42}]],
Graphics[Text[Style["(f)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → 12], {2.34, 3.5}]]]
```



## Phase diagrams for the critical points

```
In[183]:= Show[GraphicsGrid[{{PanelCritPts, PanelA, PanelB, PanelC},
  {SpanFromAbove, PanelD, PanelE, PanelF}},
  Spacings -> {Scaled[0.], Scaled[0.02]}], ImageSize -> Full]
```



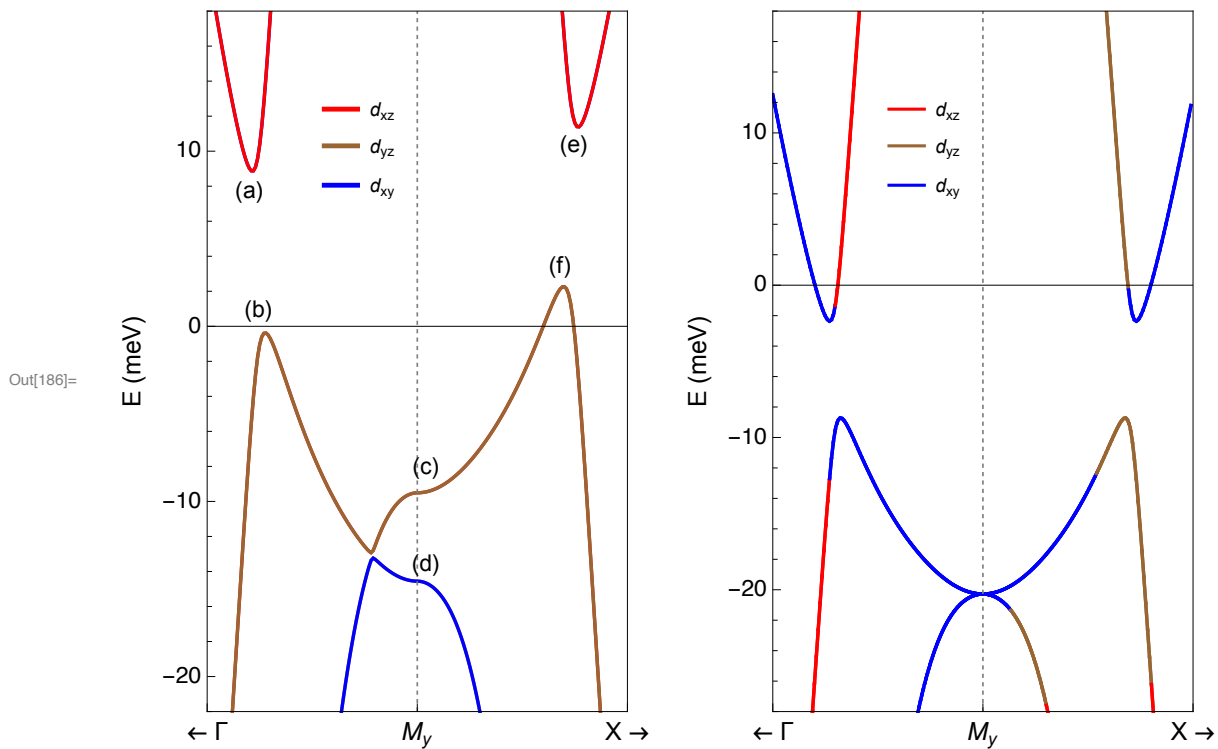
We can also examine the orbital-projected band structure in the absence of nematicity and compare with the nematic model

```
In[184]:= BndTemp = GenerateBandStructure[HamTemp, HSymmPts, "OrbitalProjection" -> True,
  "OrbitalGrouping" -> {{1, 4, 7, 10}, {2, 5, 8, 11}, {3, 6, 9, 12}}];
```

```
In[185]:= PltTemp =
```

```
PlotBandStructure[BndTemp, (*{-0.042, 0.012}*){-28, 18}, AspectRatio -> 5/3,
  "yLabel" -> {(*Label*)"E (meV)", (*Font Size*)13, (*Font Color*)
    Black, (*Font Family*)"Arial"}, "xLabel" -> {13, Black, "Arial"},
  "yTicks" -> {12, Black, "Helvetica"}, "LineThickness" -> 0.008,
  "LineColorScheme" -> {Red, Brown, Blue}, (*Dividing Lines*)"DividingLines" ->
    {(*Dashing[...])0.01, (*Color*)Gray, (*Thickness*)0.004},
  (*, Legend*)"PlotKeyLegend" -> {{"d_xz", "d_yz", "d_xy"}, {0.25, 0.8}}];
```

```
In[186]:= GraphicsRow[{PanelCritPts, PltTemp}]
```



The dominant orbitals seem to have changed. (Note that we have computed the total contribution of each type of orbital across both the Ru atoms and both spin species).

## Phase diagrams

We will now generate the phase diagram for the SOC gap singularities that is included in the manuscript

```
In[187]:=  $\theta_{\min} = 7;$ 
 $\theta_{\max} = 12 (*9.6*);$ 

 $cm = 72 / 2.54;$ 

TicsFontSize = 6;
AxesFontSize = 8;
RegionFontColour = LightGray;
FigLength = 3.5 cm;
LeftPadding = 0.5 cm;
RightPadding = 0.2 cm;
BottomPadding = 0.5 cm;
TopPadding = 0.15 cm;
xTicsLabeled = {{7, "7"}, {8, "8"}, {9, "9"}, {10, "10"}, {11, "11"}, {12, "12"}};
xTics = {7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12};
yTics = {0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2};
```

$$\text{VHsColour} = \left\{ \frac{(*125*)161}{255}, \frac{(*9*)93}{255}, \frac{(*184*)216}{255}, 1(*0.65*) \right\};$$

$$\text{MinColour} = \left\{ \frac{(*9*)59}{255}, \frac{(*73*)96}{255}, \frac{(*184*)196}{255}, 1(*0.65*) \right\};$$

$$\text{MaxColour} = \left\{ \frac{(*207*)242}{255}, \frac{(*17*)70}{255}, \frac{(*51*)70}{255}, 1(*0.65*) \right\};$$

```
PanA = ParametricPlot[
  {{v FitFunc3[u] + 0min (1 - v), u}, {(1 - v) FitFunc3[u] + 0max v, u}},
  {u, 0, 2}, {v, 0, 1}, PlotRange -> {{0min, 0max}, {0, 2}}, Frame -> True,
  PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[VHsColour], RGBColor[MinColour]}, AspectRatio -> 1,
  (*FrameTicks->{True,True},*) (*FrameLabel->{None,Style["Δnem (%)",
    FontFamily->"Arial",FontSize->AxesFontSize,FontColor->Black]},*),
  FrameTicksStyle -> {Directive[Black, FontFamily -> "Arial", TicsFontSize],
    {Directive[Black, FontOpacity -> 0, FontSize -> 0],
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity -> 0, FontSize -> 0]}}}, FrameTicks ->
  {True, {xTics, xTics}}, ImagePadding -> {{LeftPadding, RightPadding},
  {0.6 TopPadding, TopPadding}}, ImageSize -> FigLength];

PanAp2 = ParametricPlot[{FitFunc3[u], u}, {u, 0, 4}, Axes -> False, Frame -> False,
  PlotStyle -> {Black, Thickness[0.018]}, PlotRange -> {{0min, 0max}, {0, 2}},
  PlotLegends -> Placed[LineLegend[{Style["A3", FontFamily -> "Arial",
    FontSize -> TicsFontSize, FontColor -> RegionFontColour]},
  LegendMarkerSize -> {10, 1.3}], {{0.25, 0.92}, {0.5, 0.5}}];

Labeled[Show[PanA, PanAp2], {Style["Δnem (%)",
  FontFamily -> "Arial", FontSize -> AxesFontSize, FontColor -> Black], ""},
  {Left, Bottom}, Spacings -> {0, 0}, RotateLabel -> True]
```

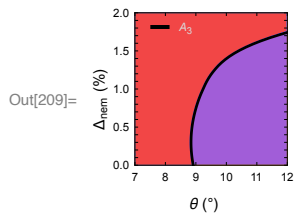
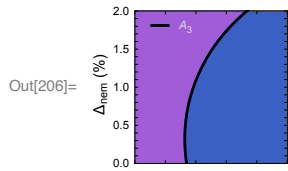
```
PanB = ParametricPlot[
  {{v FitFunc4[u] + 0min (1 - v), u}, {(1 - v) FitFunc4[u] + 0max v, u}},
  {u, 0, 2}, {v, 0, 1}, PlotRange -> {{0min, 0max}, {0, 2}}, Frame -> True,
  PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[MaxColour], RGBColor[VHsColour]}, AspectRatio -> 1,
  FrameTicksStyle -> {Directive[Black, FontFamily -> "Arial", TicsFontSize],
    {Directive[Black, FontFamily -> "Arial", TicsFontSize],
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity -> 0, FontSize -> 0]}}},
  FrameTicks -> {True, {xTicsLabeled, xTics}}, ImagePadding ->
  {{LeftPadding, RightPadding}, {BottomPadding, 0.6 TopPadding}},
  ImageSize -> FigLength];

PanBp2 = ParametricPlot[{FitFunc4[u], u}, {u, 0, 2},
  Axes -> False, Frame -> False, PlotStyle -> {Black, Thickness[0.018]},
  PlotLegends -> Placed[LineLegend[{Style["A3", FontFamily -> "Arial",
    FontSize -> TicsFontSize, FontColor -> RegionFontColour]},
  LegendMarkerSize -> {10, 1.3}], {{0.25, 0.92}, {0.5, 0.5}}];
```

```

Labeled[Show[PanB, PanBp2],
{Style[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (%)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → AxesFontSize,
  FontColor → Black], Style[" $\theta$  (°)", FontFamily → "Arial",
  FontSize → AxesFontSize, FontColor → Black]},
{Left, Bottom}, Spacings → {0, 0}, RotateLabel → True]

```



```

In[210]:= PanC = ParametricPlot[
  {{v FitFunc5[u] +  $\theta_{\min}$  (1 - v), u}, {(1 - v) FitFunc5[u] +  $\theta_{\max}$  v, u}},
  {u, 0, 2}, {v, 0, 1}, PlotRange → {{ $\theta_{\min}$ ,  $\theta_{\max}$ }, {0, 2}}, Frame → True,
  PlotStyle → {RGBColor[VHsColour], RGBColor[MinColour]}, AspectRatio → 1,
  (*FrameTicks→{True,True},*) (*FrameLabel→{None,Style[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (%)",
    FontFamily→"Arial",FontSize→AxesFontSize,FontColor→Black]},*)
  FrameTicksStyle → {{Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0]},
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0]},
    {Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0],
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0]}}},
  FrameTicks → {{yTics, yTics}, {xTics, xTics}},
  ImagePadding → {{LeftPadding, RightPadding}, {0.6 TopPadding, TopPadding}},
  ImageSize → FigLength];

PanCp2 = ParametricPlot[{FitFunc5[u], u}, {u, 0, 4}, Axes → False, Frame → False,
  PlotStyle → {Black, Thickness[0.018]}, PlotRange → {{ $\theta_{\min}$ ,  $\theta_{\max}$ }, {0, 2}},
  PlotLegends → Placed[LineLegend[{Style["A3", FontFamily → "Arial",
    FontSize → TicsFontSize, FontColor → RegionFontColour]},
    LegendMarkerSize → {10, 1.3}], {{0.25, 0.92}, {0.5, 0.5}}]];

Show[PanC, PanCp2]
(*Labeled[Show[PanA,PanAp2],
  {Style[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (%)",FontFamily→"Arial",FontSize→AxesFontSize,FontColor→Black],
  ""},{Left,Bottom},Spacings→{0, 0},RotateLabel→True]*)

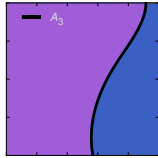
PanD = ParametricPlot[
  {{v FitFunc6[u] +  $\theta_{\min}$  (1 - v), u}, {(1 - v) FitFunc6[u] +  $\theta_{\max}$  v, u}},
  {u, 0, 2}, {v, 0, 1}, PlotRange → {{ $\theta_{\min}$ ,  $\theta_{\max}$ }, {0, 2}}, Frame → True,
  PlotStyle → {RGBColor[VHsColour], RGBColor[MinColour]}, AspectRatio → 1,
  FrameTicksStyle → {{Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0],
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0]},
    {Directive[Black, FontFamily → "Arial", TicsFontSize],
    Directive[Black, FontOpacity → 0, FontSize → 0]}}},
  FrameTicks → {{yTics, yTics}, {xTicsLabeled, xTics}},
  ImagePadding → {{LeftPadding, RightPadding}, {BottomPadding, 0.5 TopPadding}},
  ImageSize → FigLength];

PanDp2 = ParametricPlot[{FitFunc6[u], u}, {u, 0, 2},
  Axes → False, Frame → False, PlotStyle → {Black, Thickness[0.018]},
  PlotLegends → Placed[LineLegend[{Style["A3", FontFamily → "Arial",
    FontSize → TicsFontSize, FontColor → RegionFontColour]},
    LegendMarkerSize → {10, 1.3}], {{0.25, 0.92}, {0.5, 0.5}}]];

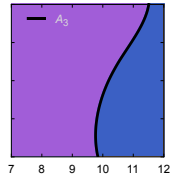
Show[PanD, PanDp2]

```

Out[212]=



Out[215]=



In[221]:= PhaseDiagramFinal =

```
GraphicsGrid[{{Labeled[Show[PanA, PanAp2, Graphics[Rotate[Text[
    Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor → RegionFontColour,
    FontSize → TicsFontSize], {8, 1}], 90 Degree]], Graphics[
    Text[Style["Minimum", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor → RegionFontColour,
    FontSize → TicsFontSize], {10.5, 1.0}]], ListPlot[{{9, 0.5}},
    PlotMarkers → {▲, 2.5}, PlotStyle → {LightGray, Thickness[0.02]}],
    Graphics[Text[Style["QPI", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
    RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {9.45, 0.5}]],
    ListPlot[{{8, 0.1}}, PlotMarkers → {"↓", 8}, PlotStyle → {LightGray}],
    Graphics[Text[Style["ARPES", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
    RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {7.9, 0.25}]]],
{Style[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (%)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → AxesFontSize,
    FontColor → Black]}, {Left},
    Spacings → {0.1, 0}, RotateLabel → True, ImageSize → FigLength]
,
    Labeled[Show[PanC, PanCp2,
    Graphics[Rotate[Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
    RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {8, 1}], 0 Degree]],
    Graphics[Rotate[Text[Style["Minimum", FontFamily → "Arial",
    FontColor → RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {11.2, 1.0}],
    90 Degree]], ListPlot[{{9, 0.5}}, PlotMarkers → {▲, 2.5},
    PlotStyle → {LightGray, Thickness[0.02]}], Graphics[
    Text[Style["QPI", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor → RegionFontColour,
    FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {9.45, 0.5}]],
    ListPlot[{{8, 0.1}}, PlotMarkers → {"↓", 8}, PlotStyle → {LightGray}],
    Graphics[Text[Style["ARPES", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
    RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {7.9, 0.25}]],
    ImageSize → FigLength], {Style["", FontSize → 0]}, {Right},
    Spacings → {0.1, 0}, RotateLabel → True]
}, {Labeled[Show[PanB, PanBp2,
    Graphics[Rotate[Text[Style["Maximum", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
    RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {8, 1}], 90 Degree]],
    Graphics[Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial",
    FontColor → RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {10.5, 1.0}]],
    ListPlot[{{9, 0.5}}, PlotMarkers → {▲, 2.5},
    PlotStyle → {LightGray, Thickness[0.02]}],
```

```

Graphics[Text[Style["QPI", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
  RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {9.45, 0.5}]],
ListPlot[{{8, 0.1}}, PlotMarkers → {"↓", 8}, PlotStyle → {LightGray}],
Graphics[Text[Style["ARPES", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
  RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {7.9, 0.25}]],
{Style[" $\Delta_{\text{nem}}$  (%)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → AxesFontSize,
  FontColor → Black], Style[" $\theta$  (°)", FontFamily → "Arial",
  FontSize → AxesFontSize, FontColor → Black]},
{Left, Bottom}, Spacings → {0.1, 0}, RotateLabel → True],
Labeled[Show[PanD, PanDp2,
Graphics[Rotate[Text[Style["Saddle", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
  RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {8, 1}], 0 Degree]],
Graphics[Rotate[Text[Style["Minimum", FontFamily → "Arial",
  FontColor → RegionFontColour, FontSize → TicsFontSize], {11.2, 1.0}],
  90 Degree]], ListPlot[{{9, 0.5}}, PlotMarkers → {▲, 2.5},
  PlotStyle → {LightGray, Thickness[0.02]}], Graphics[
  Text[Style["QPI", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor → RegionFontColour,
  FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {9.45, 0.5}]],
ListPlot[{{8, 0.1}}, PlotMarkers → {"↓", 8}, PlotStyle → {LightGray}],
Graphics[Text[Style["ARPES", FontFamily → "Arial", FontColor →
  RegionFontColour, FontSize → (TicsFontSize - 1)], {7.9, 0.25}]],
{Style[" $\theta$  (°)", FontFamily → "Arial", FontSize → AxesFontSize,
  FontColor → Black], Style["", FontSize → 0]}, {Bottom, Right},
Spacings → {0.1, 0}, RotateLabel → {True, True}}], Spacings → {0, -8}]

(*Export[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Phase_horiz.pdf",
Show[PhaseDiagramFinal, ImageSize → 4.5 cm]]*)

```

