

Assignment III
DATABASE DESIGN Z511
FNU ANIRUDH

QUESTION 1

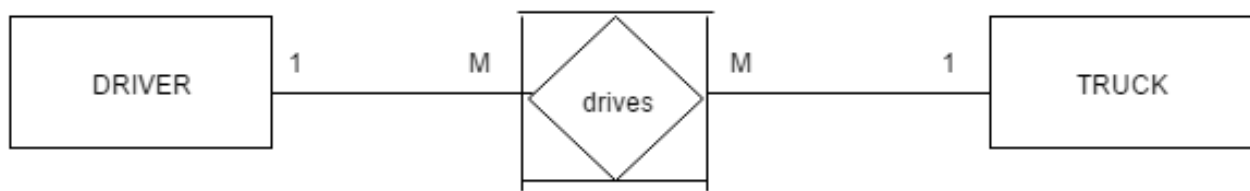
Entity integrity is an integrity rule which states that every table must have a primary key and that the column or columns chosen to be the primary key should be unique and not NULL.

Referential integrity is a concept for ensuring that relationships between database tables remain consistent. In other words, references to data must be valid. A relationship between two database tables, called a referenced table and a referencing table, is created by using a foreign key.

Importance of Defining Entity integrity and referential integrity in Database:-

1. Improved Data Quality
2. Data Reliability
3. Faster Development
4. Fewer Bugs
5. Consistency across Applications

QUESTION 2



QUESTION 3

STUDENT U INSTRUCTOR

| NAME | NUMBER |
|-------|--------|
| Susan | 123 |
| Sam | 234 |
| Mary | 321 |
| Dan | 255 |

STUDENT \cap INSTRUCTOR

| NAME | NUMBER |
|------|--------|
| Mary | 321 |

STUDENT - INSTRUCTOR

| NAME | NUMBER |
|-------|--------|
| Susan | 123 |
| Sam | 234 |

STAFF \bowtie INSTRUCTOR (NATURAL JOIN)

| | | |
|---------|--------|------|
| Adm | Number | Name |
| Janitor | 255 | Dan |
| Dean | 321 | Mary |

STAFF \bowtie INSTRUCTOR (LEFT OUTER JOIN)

| | | |
|-----------|--------|------|
| Adm | Number | Name |
| Secretary | 123 | NULL |
| Janitor | 255 | Dan |
| Dean | 321 | Mary |

STAFF \bowtie INSTRUCTOR (RIGHT OUTER JOIN)

| | | |
|---------|--------|------|
| Adm | Number | Name |
| Janitor | 255 | Dan |
| Dean | 321 | Mary |

QUESTION 4

TABLE CHARTER

| | |
|---------------|--|
| PRIMARY KEY | CHAR_TRIP |
| SUPER KEY | CHAR_TRIP + CHAR_DATE+ CHAR_PILOT |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | AC_NUMBER, CUS_CODE (present in Tables AIRCRAFT, CUSTOMER) |
| SECONDARY KEY | CHAR_DATE + CHAR_PILOT |

TABLE AIRCRAFT

| | |
|---------------|--|
| PRIMARY KEY | AC_NUMBER |
| SUPER KEY | AC_NUMBER + MOD_CODE |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | MOD_CODE (Also present in table MODEL) |
| SECONDARY KEY | MOD_CODE + AC_TTAF |

TABLE MODEL

| | |
|---------------|---|
| PRIMARY KEY | MOD_CODE |
| SUPER KEY | MOD_MANUFACTURER + MOD_NAME + MOD_SEATS |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | MOD_CODE (Also present in table AIRCRAFT) |
| SECONDARY KEY | MOD_NAME + MOD_SEATS |

TABLE PILOT

| | |
|---------------|--|
| PRIMARY KEY | EMP_NUM |
| SUPER KEY | EMP_NUM + PIL_LICENSE + PIL_MED_TYPE |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | EMP_NUM (Also present in Table EMPLOYEE) |
| SECONDARY KEY | PIL_MED_TYPE + PIL_MED_DATE |

TABLE EMPLOYEE

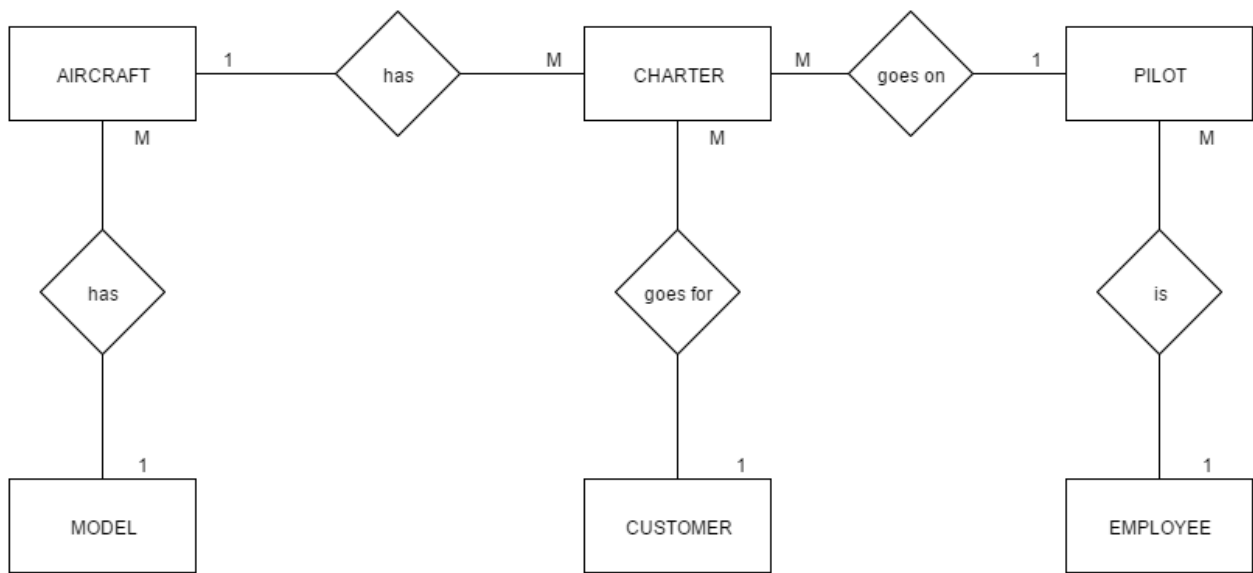
| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| PRIMARY KEY | EMP_NUM |
| SUPER KEY | EMP_NUM + EMP_LNAME |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | EMP_NUM (Also present in Table PILOT) |
| SECONDARY KEY | EMP_LNAME + EMP_DOB |

TABLE CUSTOMER

| | |
|---------------|--|
| PRIMARY KEY | CUS_CODE |
| SUPER KEY | CUS_CODE + CUS_LNAME |
| CANDIDATE KEY | None |
| FOREIGN KEY | CUS_CODE (Also present in Table CHARTER) |
| SECONDARY KEY | CUS_LNAME + CUS_PHONE |

Note: - If we assume Phone Numbers to be unique then CUS_PHONE alone can be secondary key.

QUESTION 5



REFERENCES

1. Database Systems: Design, Implementation, & Management by Rob and Coronel.