

TEDS 2018: Referral Source and Race

The following tables have been produced from the SAMHSA TEDS dataset for 2018. TEDS-A is based on admission records for substance abuse treatment agencies reporting to their respective state treatment authorities. The dataset includes demographic information such as age, sex, race and substance abuse characteristics, such as substances used, age at first use, route of administration and referral source.¹ The 2018 dataset includes almost 2 million treatment admissions from 48 states.

Table 1 presents all available treatment admissions from every state and shows that self-referral is the predominant referral source followed by criminal justice referrals.

Table 2 presents Ohio data, which shows criminal justice agencies constitute the most frequent source of referrals for the state.

Table 1

Persons in Treatment for the U.S. by Referral Source and Race - 2018

racecat	Referral Source (Percent)								Total
	Missing	Self	SUD Provider	Other Health	School	EAP	Other Com- munity	Criminal Justice	
Black	2.86%	41.58%	8.75%	6.15%	0.35%	0.64%	12.60%	27.06%	100.00%
Other	11.62%	36.75%	8.03%	5.83%	0.90%	0.36%	11.44%	25.08%	100.00%
White	4.65%	42.53%	9.45%	6.78%	0.30%	0.36%	11.15%	24.78%	100.00%
Total	5.47%	41.39%	9.08%	6.51%	0.41%	0.41%	11.47%	25.26%	100.00%

Table 2

Persons in Treatment for Ohio. by Referral Source and Race - 2018

racecat	Referral Source (Percent)								Total
	Missing	Self	SUD Provider	Other Health	School	EAP	Other Com- munity	Criminal Justice	
Black	2.86%	41.58%	8.75%	6.15%	0.35%	0.64%	12.60%	27.06%	100.00%
Other	11.62%	36.75%	8.03%	5.83%	0.90%	0.36%	11.44%	25.08%	100.00%
White	4.65%	42.53%	9.45%	6.78%	0.30%	0.36%	11.15%	24.78%	100.00%
Total	5.47%	41.39%	9.08%	6.51%	0.41%	0.41%	11.47%	25.26%	100.00%

¹Treatment Episode Data Set | CBHSQ Data. (2021). Retrieved 22 February 2021, from <https://www.samhsa.gov/data/data-we-collect/teds-treatment-episode-data-set>