COMMON CSS PROPERTIES

CSS Comment	/* comment */			
CSS Rule Syntax	<pre>selector { property: value; }</pre>			
Example: Targets all tags to change text color to red	<pre>p { color: red; }</pre>			
FONT PROPERTIES				
Specify font for an element	font-family: "Times New Roman", Times, serif; font-family:			
Set font size for an element	<pre>font-size: 12px; font-size: [large small]; font-size: 200%;</pre>			
Set font to normal or italic	<pre>font-style: italic; font-style: normal;</pre>			
Set font to normal or bold	<pre>font-weight: bold; font-weight: normal;</pre>			
Set to small-caps or normal	<pre>font-variant: small-caps; font-variant: normal;</pre>			
Shorthand	font: style, variant, weight, size/height, family			
TEXT PROPERTIES				
Set the color of text	color: red;			
Set space between characters	letter-spacing: normal;			
Set space between lines	<pre>line-height: 1.6px; line-height: 80%;</pre>			
Specify horizontal alignment of text	text-align: center; text-align: right; text-align: left; text-align: justified;			
Specify under or overlines	text-decoration: none; text-decoration: overline; text-decoration: underline; text-decoration: overline underline; text-decoration: line-through;			
Set text to uppercase, lowercase or capitalize	text-transform: uppercase; text-transform: lowercase; text-transform: capitalize;			
Set how text overflow displays	text-overflow: clip; text-overflow: hidden;			

BACKGROUND PROPERTIES		
Set the background color	background-color: red;	
Set an image as a background	<pre>background-image: url("path/to/img.jpg");</pre>	
Set how background image is displayed	<pre>background-repeat: [no-repeat repeat]; background-repeat: [repeat-y repeat-x];</pre>	
Set starting position of background image	<pre>background-position: [center right left]; background-position: x% y%; background-position: x_pos y_pos;</pre>	
Background shorthand	background: color, image, position, size, repeat, origin, clip, attachment	
BORDER PROPERTIES		
Set color of border for element	border-color: red;	
Set style of border lines	<pre>border-style: none hidden dotted dashed double single groove ridge inset outset initial inherit</pre>	
Set width for border lines	border-width: [medium thin thick] border-width: 10px;	
Border shorthand property	border: width, style, color	
SPACING PROPERTIES		
Padding: space between content and border	<pre>padding: all-sides padding: top-bottom, right-left padding: top, right-left, bottom padding: top, right, bottom, left</pre>	
Space between elements	margin: top, right, bottom, left	
SIZING PROPERTIES		
Set height of an element	height: [auto initial inherit] height: [15px % of parent]	
Set width of an element	<pre>width: [auto initial inherit px % of parent]</pre>	
Set maximum width/height	<pre>max-width: [none length initial inherit]; max-height: [none length initial inherit];</pre>	
Set minimum width/height	<pre>min-height: [none length initial inherit]; max-width: [none length initial inherit];</pre>	
LIST PROPERTIES		
Set style of list marker	list-style-type: [circle square initial inherit]	
Set image as list marker	<pre>list-style-image: url('/path/to/img.jpg');</pre>	
	list style position. [outsidelinsidelinitial]	
Set position of list markers	list-style-position: [outside inside initial]	

CSS COLORS

Specify using color name	<pre>color: red; color: darkgrey; color: MediumSeaGreen;</pre>
Specify using rgb: Example:	rgb(red, green, blue) color: rgb(255,0,255) color: rgb(50, 100, 150) rgb(90, 90, 90)
Specify using rgba: A = Alpha: 0: fully transparent 1: fully opaque	rgba(red, green, blue, alpha) color: rgba(255, 0, 0, 0.3); color: rgba(255, 0, 0, 1);
Specify using hexadecimal Example:	<pre>#rrggbb color: 009900; color: ff22aa;</pre>
Three-digit hex code: Equivalent to ff0000: Equivalent to ffcc99:	<pre>#rgb color: f00; color: #fc9;</pre>
Specify using hsl Hue = degree from 0 – 360 0: red, 120: green, 240: blue Saturation = 0 – 100% 0 = grey, 100 = full color Lightness = 0 – 100% 0 = black, 100% = white	hsl(hue, saturation, lightness) color: hsl(0, 100%, 50%); color: hsl(100, 50%, 25%); color: hsl(240, 75%, 50%); color: hsl(360, 50%, 60%); color: hsl(300, 20%, 50%);

CSS UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

Relative in CSS2, absolute in CSS3 (1/96th of an inch)	px
Value of the font-size property of the element it is used on.	em
Value relative to the parent element	%
Value relative to the x-height of the current font	ex
Value relative to width of "0" (zero) of the current font	ch
Value relative to font-size of the root element	rem
Value from 0 – 100, relative to 1% of the width/height of viewport	vw/vh
Absolute value of an inch, centimeter and millimeter	in/cm/mm
Absolute value of a point (pt = $1/72$ of an inch) & pica (pc = $\frac{1}{7}$ of an inch)	pt/pc

SELECTORS

Universal (all) selector	* { }
Element selector: Selects all p tags	p { }
Grouped selector: Selects all p, div, and h1 tags	p, div, h1 { }
Class selector: Selects all elements with class name 'cl1'	.cl1 { }
Selects only p elements with the class name 'c1'	p.cl1 { }
Id selector: Selects element with id name 'id1'	#id1 { }
Selects only a div element with the id name 'id1'	div#id1 { }
Attribute selector: Selects elements with attribute	[attribute]
Example: Targets elements with href attribute	HTML: Link CSS: [href] { }
Select specific tag with given attribute	tag[attribute]
Example: Matches img tags with alt attribute	img[alt]
Matches attributes set to value	[attribute="value"]
~=: Matches attribute value containing 'example'	[attribute~="example"]
^=: Matches attribute value beginning with 'example'	[attribute^="test"]
\$=: Matches attributes value ending with 'example'	[attribute\$="test"]

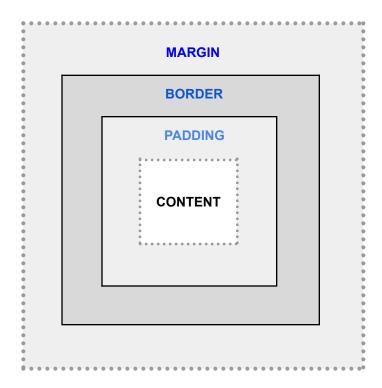
combinators

Descendant: All elements contained within another	parent descendant { }
Example: Selects all elements within <div> elements</div>	div p { }
Child: Element that is a direct child of specified element	parent>child { }
Example: Selects elements that are directly inside div	div>p { }
Adjacent Sibling: Targets elements directly after another	sib1+sib2 { }
Example: Selects all <h2> tags directly after <h1> tags</h1></h2>	h2+h1 { }
General Sibling: Targets all elements after another	sib1~sib2 { }
Example: Selects all tags after <h2> tags</h2>	h2~p { }

pseudo selectors

Syntax	<pre>selector:pseudo-class { property: value; }</pre>
Hover: Targets elements with mouseover	element:hover
Example: Targets all p tags with the class 'target' when they are being hovered over	p.target:hover { }
Example: Targets all p tags within a div when the div element is being hovered over	div:hover p { }
<a> tag: Unvisited link Visited link Mouse-over link Selected (click-down) link	a:link a:visited a:hover /* after link & visited */ a:active /* after hover */
<input/> tag: Input elements that are checked Input elements that are disabled Input elements that are enabled (default) Input elements that have focus (clicked on) Input elements within a specific range Input elements with an invalid value Input elements with a valid value Input elements with a required attribute Input elements without a required attribute	<pre>input:checked input:disabled input:enabled input:focus input:in-range input:invalid input:valid input:required input:optional</pre>
Elements that are the first child	element:first-child
Example: Matches first <i> inside a tag</i>	p i:first-child
Elements that are the last child	element:last-child
Elements that are the only child of its parent	element:only-child
Every child element whose index is odd	element:nth-child(odd)
Every child element whose index is even	element:nth-child(even)
Every element that is the first element of its parent	p:first-of-type
Every element that is the last element of its parent	p:last-of-type
Every element that is the only element of its parent	p:only-of-type

BOX MODEL



ELEMENT WIDTH:

- LeftMargin
- + LeftBorder
- + LeftPadding
- + Width
- + RightPadding
- + RightBorder
- + RightMargin

ELEMENT HEIGHT:

TopMargin

- + TopBorder
- + TopPadding
- + Height
- + BottomPadding
- + BottomBorder
- + BottomMargin

INHERITANCE