

PROJECT BASED LEARNING

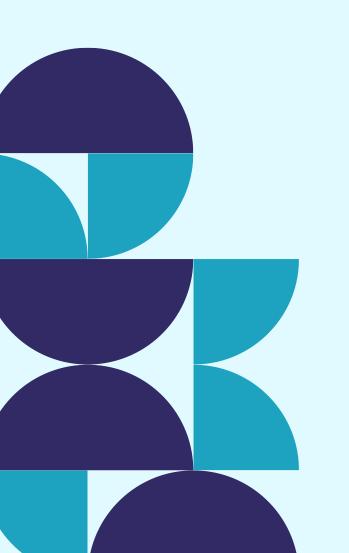
COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH – 21LEH101T

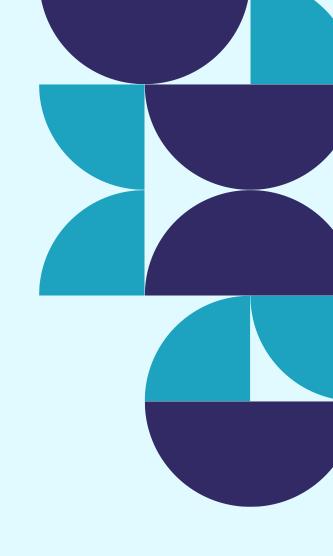
SUBMITTED BY:

TEAM GLADIATORS
NETWORKING AND COMMUNICATION

SUBMITTED TO:

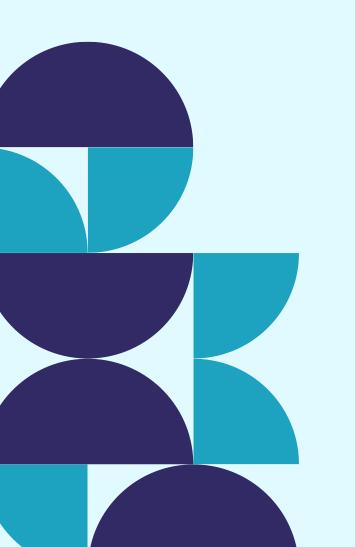
DR. POONAM PRASAD ASSISTANT PROFESSOR JEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH AND FOREIGN LANGUAGES SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY





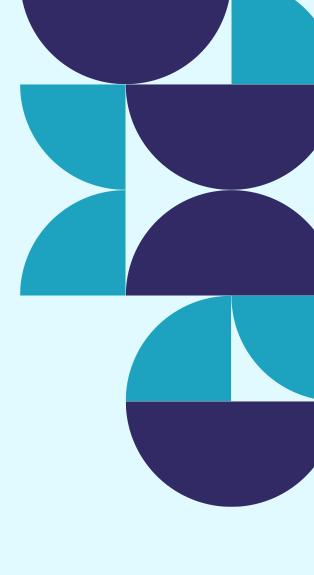
TEAM MEMBERS

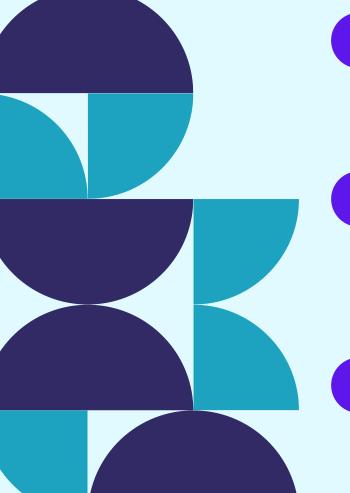
- 1.Devansh Goenka (RA2411030010219) The Palace of Illusions: A Symbol of Unsustainable Luxury (SDG 12)
- 2.Harsh Tambekar (RA2411030010223) Draupadi's Role in the Cycle of Consumption and Conflict
- **3.Awanish Kumar (RA2411030010230)** The Game of Dice: Greed and the Consequences of Overindulgence
- **4.Ramesh Chettiar (RA2411030010263)** Indraprastha's Fall: The Cost of Unsustainable Living
- **5.Ambesh Singh (RA2411030010266)** Kurukshetra War: Environmental Devastation and Climate Impact (SDG 13)
- **6.Vivan Sanghvi (RA2411030010267)** The Impact of War on Natural Resources and Climate
- **7.Dwij Vishwakarma (RA2411030010276)** Draupadi's Regret: Understanding the Cost of Destruction
- **8.Anish Mall (RA2411030010288)** Lessons on Sustainability and Climate Action from the Novel

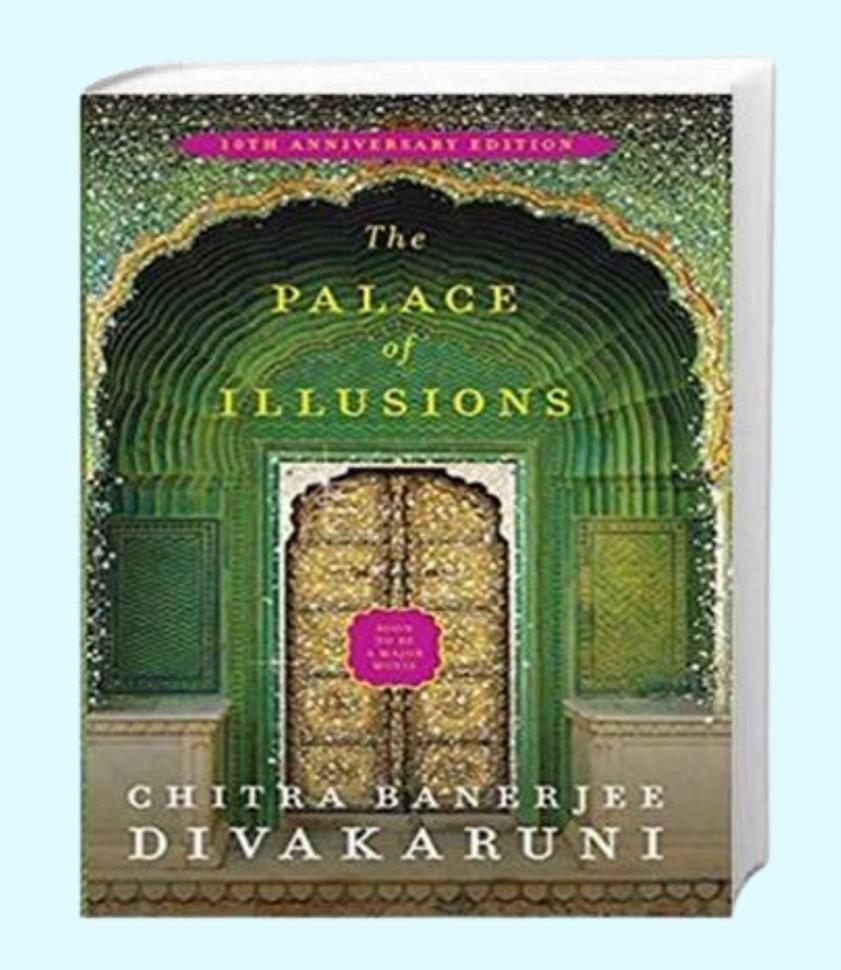


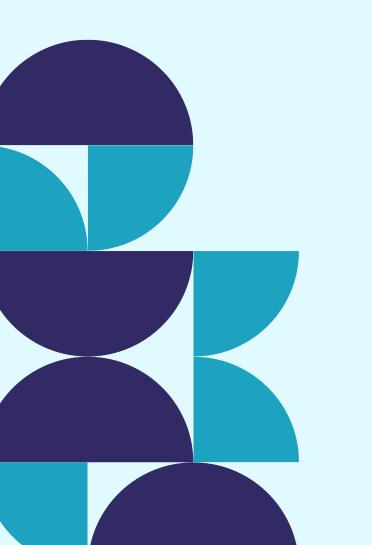
INTRODUCTION

- Novel: "The Palace of Illusions" by Chitra Banerjee
 Divakaruni
- A feminist retelling of the Mahabharata
- Highlights power, materialism, war, and sustainability
- Aligns with SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption) and SDG 13 (Climate Action)
- Depicts dangers of overconsumption, greed, and environmental destruction
 - Analysis of sustainability, ethical consumption, and climate responsibility



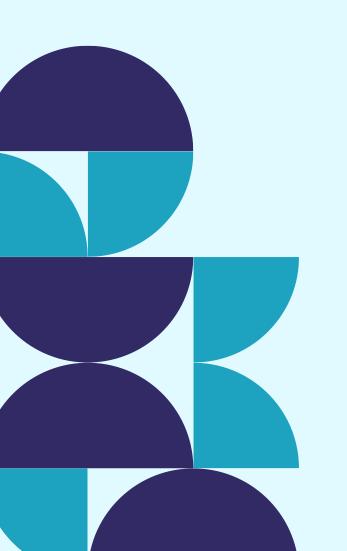






THE PALACE OF ILLUSIONS - A SYMBOL OF UNSUSTAINABLE LUXURY

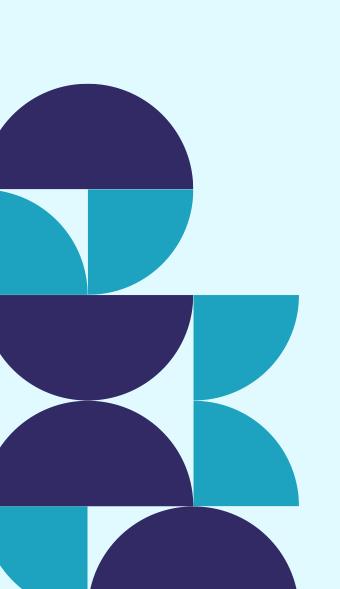
- Built by Maya, representing grandeur, ambition, and wealth
- Causes jealousy and resentment (Duryodhana)
- Leads to conflict and instability
- SDG 12: Highlights issues of unchecked materialism
- Emphasizes responsible resource management

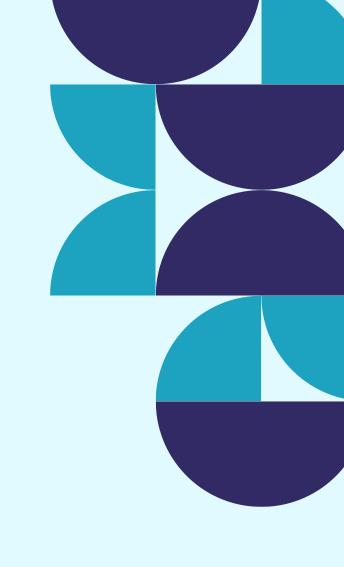




DRAUPADI'S ROLE IN CONSUMPTION AND CONFLICT

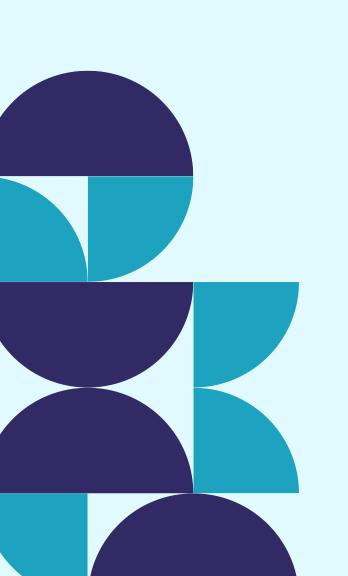
- Proud of her palace, fueling a sense of superiority
- Publicly humiliates Duryodhana, leading to revenge and war
- Symbolizes how excessive consumption fuels global tensions
- SDG 12: Warns against economic disparity and unsustainable pride

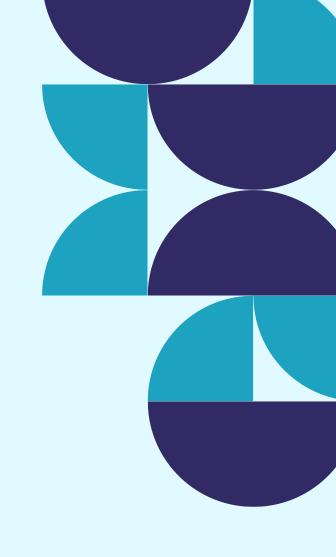




THE GAME OF DICE-GREED AND OVERINDULGENCE

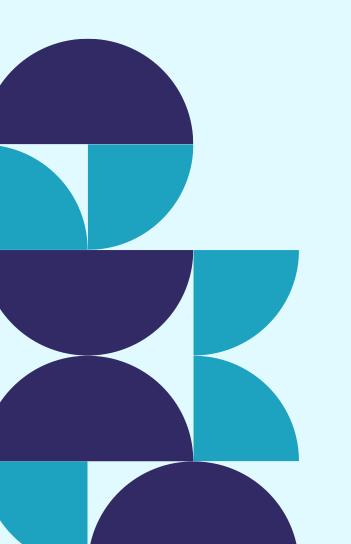
- Yudhishthira gambles everything due to overconfidence and greed
- Leads to catastrophic loss and destruction
- SDG 12: Promotes mindful consumption and self-discipline
- Unchecked greed leads to societal downfall





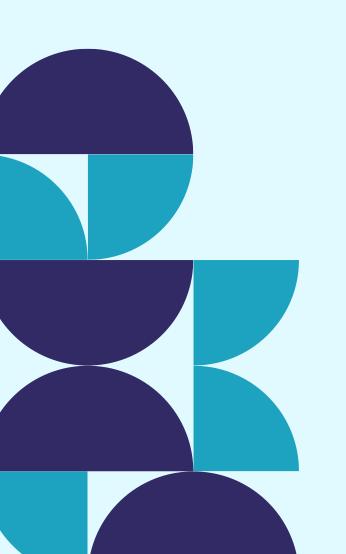
INDRAPRASTHA'S FALL-COST OF UNSUSTAINABLE LIVING

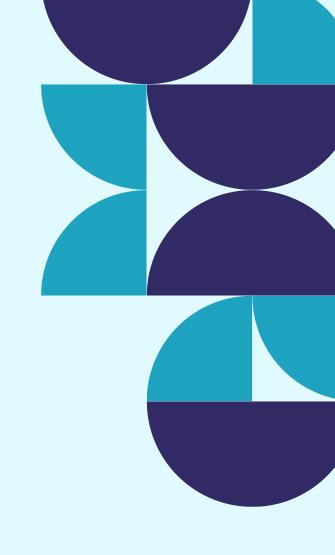
- A once-thriving city collapses due to conflict and greed
- Mirrors modern environmental and economic crises
- SDG 12: Promotes sustainable urban development
- Societies built on excess and greed are doomed to fail



KURUKSHETRAWAR -ENVIRONMENTAL DEVASTATION (SDG 13)

- War leads to destruction of land, rivers, and forests
- SDG 13: Highlights climate impact of war and human conflict
- Reflects deforestation, pollution, and habitat destruction
- Unsustainable warfare has long-term environmental consequences

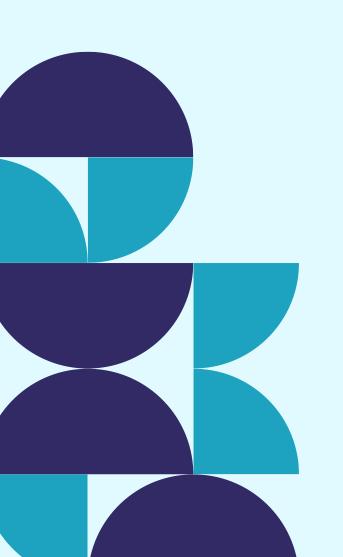




WAR'S IMPACT ON RESOURCES AND CLIMATE

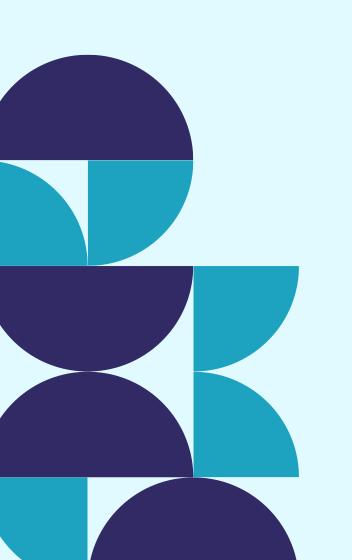


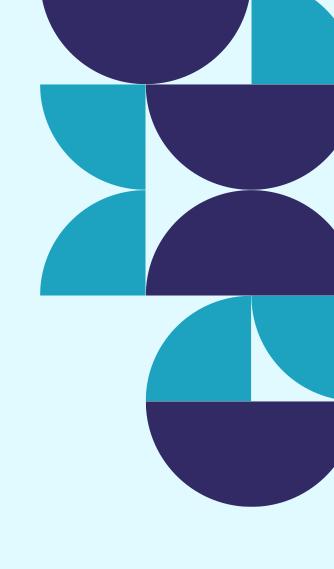
- Wars deplete forests, contaminate water, and destroy land
- Mirroring real-world issues of deforestation and pollution
- UN (2015): Climate change is worsened by human activities
- SDG 13: Calls for climate action and conservation



DRAUPADI'S REGRET - COST OF DESTRUCTION

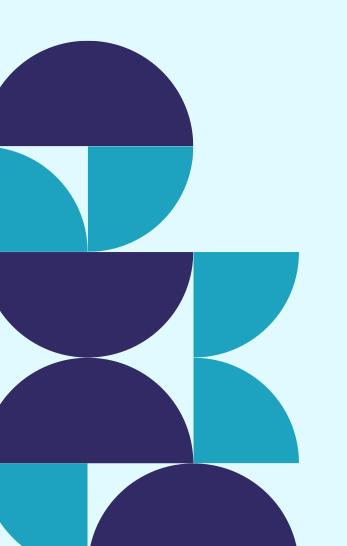
- Loses her sons, kingdom, and people she loved
- Represents irreversible consequences of war and greed
- SDG 13: Urges immediate action for sustainability
- A warning against unchecked ambition and power struggles





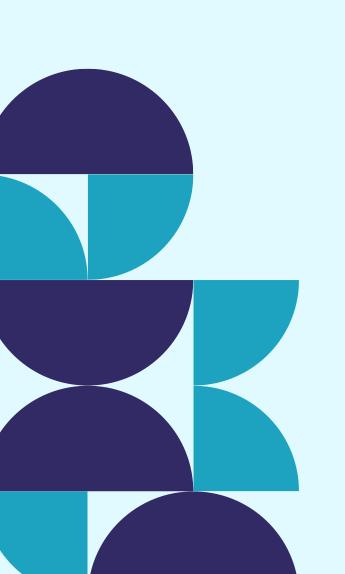
LESSONS ON SUSTAINABILITY AND CLIMATE ACTION

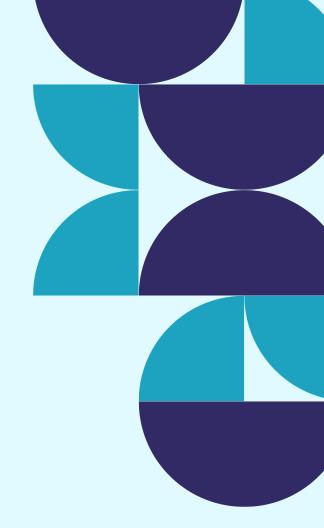
- SDG 12: Responsible consumption and ethical governance
- SDG 13: Climate-consciousness and sustainability
- Overconsumption and war lead to downfall
- Importance of resource conservation and responsible governance



CONCLUSION

- The novel as a cautionary tale on materialism and war
- Reinforces SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption) & SDG 13 (Climate Action)
- Highlights need for ethical governance and sustainability
- Learning from history to build a sustainable future





REFERENCES

- Divakaruni, C. B. (2008). The Palace of Illusions. Anchor Books.
- United Nations (2015). Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Retrieved from https://sdgs.un.org/goals
- Nussbaum, M. (2000). Women and Human Development: The Capabilities Approach. Cambridge University Press.

