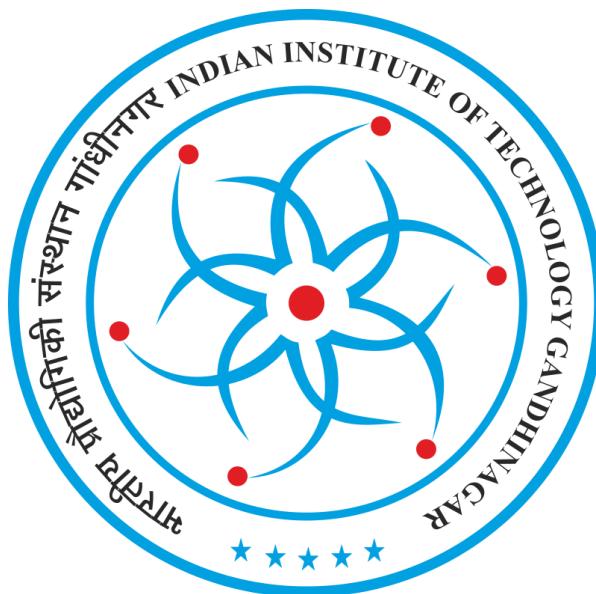


Indian Institute of Technology Gandhinagar
CS 432 Databases
Assignment 2

Labs Management

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1. Responsibility of G1:

After having discussion with TA, we made some modifications in our database. As Contact entity had a one to one relation with other entities, it would be better to have a separate attribute of contact for respective entities rather than making a new table for it. Therefore, the relations involved with Contact entity were also removed and replaced with Email_ID and Contact for every user.

Population of tables with data :

- Utilized the Faker and Random libraries in Python for generating diverse data for various entities.
- The generated data was written into CSV files for further use.
- The generated CSV files were imported into MySQL Workbench to populate corresponding tables.
- Ensured that primary keys were unique to prevent repetitions in the tables.
- Addressed total/partial/one-one/many-one/one-many/one-one participation constraints.
- Implemented appropriate data types for accurate table filling.

<[Link To Code](#)> Notebook written in Python script developed to generate data for each entity.

<[Link To SQL Code](#)> SQL file written in MySQL to create a database along with queries.

<[Link To Github Repo](#)> Github Repository containing all files

References:

- Faker Library Documentation. (<https://faker.readthedocs.io/en/master/>)
- Relational calculus ([LectureSlides](#))

- **Indexing:**

- Indexing in databases enhances search efficiency by creating a data structure that accelerates data retrieval.
- However, it comes with trade-offs, including increased storage and potential write performance reduction, as indexes need updating when the indexed columns are modified.
- We applied indexing where it was deemed beneficial for improving search efficiency, taking into account the trade-off of increased storage space due to indexing.

Note: It's important to note that this indexing decision aligns with the user experience and query patterns expected in the application. For instance, we created indexing for Staff_name in the entity Staff, where the staff members are predominantly identified and accessed by their names rather than numerical identifiers. However, it's always essential to strike a balance and consider the overall query workload and data modification operations when deciding on indexing strategies.

- **First_Name(Professor entity):**

Reason: Indexing the Name(First Name) attribute in the Professor entity can be beneficial for queries that involve searching for professors by their names. For example, queries like "List all professors in alphabetical order by name" can benefit from the index. Without an index, the database might need to scan the entire Professor table to find matching rows, leading to slower query execution times.

```
create index Prof_name on professor(First_Name);
```

SQL Query:

```
select * from staff where First_Name='Melissa';
```

Before Indexing:	0.004268 s
After Indexing:	.0012745 s

Prof Name (Before Indexing):

Timing (as measured at client side):
Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000**Timing (as measured by the server):**
Execution time: 0:00:0.00426800
Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00001800**Errors:**
Had Errors: NO
Warnings: 0**Rows Processed:**
Rows affected: 0
Rows sent to client: 1
Rows examined: 30**Temporary Tables:**
Temporary disk tables created: 0
Temporary tables created: 0**Joins per Type:**
Full table scans (Select_scan): 1
Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0
Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0
Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0
Joins using range (Select_range): 0**Sorting:**
Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0
Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0
Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0
Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0**Index Usage:**
No Index used**Other Info:**
Event Id: 1376
Thread Id: 50

Prof Name (After Indexing):

Timing (as measured at client side):
Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000**Timing (as measured by the server):**
Execution time: 0:00:0.00147450
Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000400**Errors:**
Had Errors: NO
Warnings: 0**Rows Processed:**
Rows affected: 0
Rows sent to client: 1
Rows examined: 1**Temporary Tables:**
Temporary disk tables created: 0
Temporary tables created: 0**Joins per Type:**
Full table scans (Select_scan): 0
Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0
Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0
Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0
Joins using range (Select_range): 0**Sorting:**
Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0
Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0
Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0
Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0**Index Usage:**
At least one Index was used**Other Info:**
Event Id: 1780
Thread Id: 50

- **Roll_Number (Student entity):**

Reason: Indexing the Roll number attribute of the Student entity can significantly improve query performance when filtering or sorting data based on this attribute. For example, queries like "Show student data for a student with Roll number X" or "List all students in ascending order of Roll numbers" can benefit from the index. Without an index, the database might have to scan the entire table to find matching rows, leading to slower query execution times.

```
create index student_name on students(Roll_Number);
```

SQL Query:

```
select * from students where First_Name='Ameya';
```

Before_Indexing:	0.00132 s
After_Indexing:	0.00033 s

Student Roll Number (Before Indexing)

Timing (as measured at client side):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000

Timing (as measured by the server):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00132430

Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000700

Errors:

Had Errors: NO

Warnings: 0

Rows Processed:

Rows affected: 0

Rows sent to client: 1

Rows examined: 1

Temporary Tables:

Temporary disk tables created: 0

Temporary tables created: 0

Joins per Type:

Full table scans (Select_scan): 0

Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0

Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0

Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0

Joins using range (Select_range): 0

Sorting:

Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0

Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0

Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0

Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0

Index Usage:

At least one Index was used

Other Info:

Event Id: 1379

Thread Id: 50

Student Roll Number (After Indexing)

Timing (as measured at client side):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000

Timing (as measured by the server):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00033450

Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000300

Errors:

Had Errors: NO

Warnings: 0

Rows Processed:

Rows affected: 0

Rows sent to client: 1

Rows examined: 1

Temporary Tables:

Temporary disk tables created: 0

Temporary tables created: 0

Joins per Type:

Full table scans (Select_scan): 0

Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0

Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0

Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0

Joins using range (Select_range): 0

Sorting:

Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0

Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0

Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0

Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0

Index Usage:

At least one Index was used

Other Info:

Event Id: 1787

Thread Id: 50

- **First_Name (Staff entity):**

Reason: Staff members are more likely to be identified with their names rather than numerical identifiers like Employee IDs. Indexing the staff_name attribute in the Staff entity improves optimizing queries that involve filtering or sorting based on the staff member's name.

```
create index staff_name_idx on staff(First_Name);
```

SQL Query:

```
select * from staff where First_Name='Melissa';
```

Before_Indexing:	0.00101 s
After_Indexing:	0.000476 s

Staff Name (Before Indexing)

Timing (as measured at client side):

Execution time: 0:00:0.01500000

Timing (as measured by the server):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00101450

Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000700

Errors:

Had Errors: NO

Warnings: 0

Rows Processed:

Rows affected: 0

Rows sent to client: 1

Rows examined: 50

Temporary Tables:

Temporary disk tables created: 0

Temporary tables created: 0

Joins per Type:

Full table scans (Select_scan): 1

Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0

Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0

Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0

Joins using range (Select_range): 0

Sorting:

Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0

Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0

Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0

Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0

Index Usage:

No Index used

Other Info:

Event Id: 1382

Thread Id: 50

Staff Name (After Indexing):

Timing (as measured at client side):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000

Timing (as measured by the server):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00047600

Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000300

Errors:

Had Errors: NO

Warnings: 0

Rows Processed:

Rows affected: 0

Rows sent to client: 1

Rows examined: 1

Temporary Tables:

Temporary disk tables created: 0

Temporary tables created: 0

Joins per Type:

Full table scans (Select_scan): 0

Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0

Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0

Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0

Joins using range (Select_range): 0

Sorting:

Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0

Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0

Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0

Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0

Index Usage:

At least one Index was used

Other Info:

Event Id: 1783

Thread Id: 50

- **Equipment_Name (Inventory entity)**

Reason: Indexing the Equipment_Name attribute is chosen to optimize queries where users search for tools or equipment by their names rather than their unique numerical identifiers (Item ID). It is user-friendly to search for a tool using its name rather than remembering or looking up its specific ID. Queries like "Get total number of beakers available" or "Know how much stock is remaining of a particular tool" can quickly locate records that match the specified name conditions.

```
create index Eqp_name on inventory(Equipment_Name);
```

SQL Query:

```
select * from inventory where Equipment_Name='Centrifuge';
```

Before_Indexing:	0.00369 s
After_Indexing:	0.00286 s

Equipment Name(Before Indexing):

Timing (as measured at client side):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00000000

Timing (as measured by the server):

Execution time: 0:00:0.00369440

Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000300

Errors:

Had Errors: NO

Warnings: 0

Rows Processed:

Rows affected: 0

Rows sent to client: 9

Rows examined: 120

Temporary Tables:

Temporary disk tables created: 0

Temporary tables created: 0

Joins per Type:

Full table scans (Select_scan): 1

Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0

Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0

Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0

Joins using range (Select_range): 0

Sorting:

Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0

Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0

Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0

Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0

Index Usage:

No Index used

Other Info:

Event Id: 1194

Thread Id: 88

Equipment Name (After Indexing):

Timing (as measured at client side):
Execution time: 0:00:0.01600000**Timing (as measured by the server):**
Execution time: 0:00:0.00286470
Table lock wait time: 0:00:0.00000500**Errors:**
Had Errors: NO
Warnings: 0**Rows Processed:**
Rows affected: 0
Rows sent to client: 9
Rows examined: 9**Temporary Tables:**
Temporary disk tables created: 0
Temporary tables created: 0**Joins per Type:**
Full table scans (Select_scan): 0
Joins using table scans (Select_full_join): 0
Joins using range search (Select_full_range_join): 0
Joins with range checks (Select_range_check): 0
Joins using range (Select_range): 0**Sorting:**
Sorted rows (Sort_rows): 0
Sort merge passes (Sort_merge_passes): 0
Sorts with ranges (Sort_range): 0
Sorts with table scans (Sort_scan): 0**Index Usage:**
At least one Index was used**Other Info:**
Event Id: 1201
Thread Id: 88

- **User Defined Data Types**

1. **ENUM:**

The ENUM data type is used to define a column that can have one of a predefined set of values. It allows you to specify a list of possible values, and any column of that type can only store one of those values.

- The ENUM type enforces data validation by allowing only specific values of the specified set. If you try to insert a value outside the specified set, MySQL will generate an error:

We have implemented ENUM for below attributes:

- **Lab_Name in Lab, Course Slot, Grants Entities and lab related relations :**

- It can take values from: ('Anatomy Lab', 'Biochemistry Lab', 'Biology Lab', 'Botany Lab', 'Chemistry Lab', 'Computer Lab', 'Ecology Lab', 'Engineering Lab', 'Genetics Lab', 'Geology Lab', 'Microbiology Lab', 'Neuroscience Lab', 'Physics Lab', 'Psychology Lab', 'Zoology Lab')
- Labs names need to be user defined as there are limited labs and we don't want our data to have any other lab than ours.

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `course_slot`;
/*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client      = @@character_set_client */;
SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
CREATE TABLE `course_slot` (
  `Time_ID` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  `Lab_Name` ENUM('Anatomy Lab', 'Biochemistry Lab', 'Biology Lab', 'Botany Lab', 'Chemistry Lab',
  'Computer Lab', 'Ecology Lab', 'Engineering Lab', 'Genetics Lab', 'Geology Lab', 'Microbiology Lab',
  'Neuroscience Lab', 'Physics Lab', 'Psychology Lab', 'Zoology Lab') NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`Time_ID`, `Lab_Name`),
  KEY `Lab_Name` (`Lab_Name`),
  CONSTRAINT `course_slot_fk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`Time_ID`) REFERENCES `time_slot` (`Time_ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `course_slot_fk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`Lab_Name`) REFERENCES `lab` (`Lab_Name`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

- **Dept_name in Department, Students entities and department related relations:**

- It can take values from the set: ('CE', 'CL', 'CSE', 'EE', 'ME', 'MSE')
- Department names need to be user defined as there are limited departments and we don't want our data to have any other departments.

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `department`;
/*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client      = @@character_set_client */;
SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
CREATE TABLE `department` (
  Dept_Name ENUM('CE', 'CL', 'CSE', 'EE', 'ME', 'MSE') NOT NULL,
  `No_of_Faculties` int DEFAULT '0',
  PRIMARY KEY (`Dept_Name`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

As mentioned above, it throws an error when we insert a department other than in our list.

```
INSERT INTO `students` VALUES (11637579,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',2021,'MA',0,'Project','CSE','tajne@iitgn.com',1234567890,9.99);
⑥ 475 17:02:53 INSERT INTO `students` VALUES (11637579,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',2021,'MA',0,'P... Error Code: 1265. Data truncated for column 'Degree' at row 1
```

- **Role in Staff entity**

- It can take values from the set: 'Assistant', 'Researcher', or 'Technician'
- You can easily filter or search for employees with a specific role without dealing with arbitrary codes or strings.

```
● DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `staff`;
● /*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client = @@character_set_client */;
● SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
● CREATE TABLE `staff` (
    `Employee_ID` bigint NOT NULL,
    `First_Name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
    `Middle_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
    `Last_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
    `Salary` float DEFAULT NULL,
    `Role` enum('Assistant','Researcher','Technician') DEFAULT NULL,
    `Lab_Name` ENUM('Anatomy Lab', 'Biochemistry Lab', 'Biology Lab', 'Botany Lab', 'Chemistry Lab', 'Computer Lab',
    'Ecology Lab', 'Engineering Lab', 'Genetics Lab', 'Geology Lab', 'Microbiology Lab', 'Neuroscience Lab',
    'Physics Lab', 'Psychology Lab', 'Zoology Lab') NOT NULL,
    `Email_ID` VARCHAR(255) CHECK (Email_ID REGEXP '^([A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Za-z]{2,})$'),
    `Contact` bigint DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`Employee_ID`),
    UNIQUE KEY `Employee_ID` (`Employee_ID`),
    CONSTRAINT `staff_chk_2` CHECK (((`Contact` >= 1000000000) and (`Contact` < 10000000000))),
    CONSTRAINT `staff_fk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`Lab_Name`) REFERENCES `lab` (`Lab_Name`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

2. User Defined DataType for Email:

```
`Email_ID` VARCHAR(255) CHECK (Email_ID REGEXP '^([A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Za-z]{2,})$'),
```

To verify that an email address is correct, we have used regular expressions. These will give errors if we don't specify email in a particular structure. These needs to be user defined as we don't need wrong email IDs in our database which would create problems going ahead in future.

Below is an example of inserting a faulty email along with the console giving us an error to do that.

```
INSERT INTO `students` VALUES(11637579,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',2021,'BTech',0,'Investigation','CSE','anthony.marquez@gmail.com',1234567890,9);
⑥ 477 17:26:27 INSERT INTO `students` VALUES(11637579,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',2021,'BTech',0,... Error Code: 3819. Check constraint 'students_chk_1' is violated.
```

Violated Constraint for Email ID.

3. JSON data type:

- JSON data type is beneficial while dealing with semi-structured data where the schema might vary and you want to store and query data in a flexible way.
- The JSON data type in MySQL allows you to store and manipulate JSON data in a structured way. You can also query and extract data from the JSON column using various JSON functions provided by MySQL.
- Vendor_Address in inventory entity:

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `inventory`;
/*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client      = @@character_set_client */;
SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
CREATE TABLE `inventory` (
  `ID` bigint NOT NULL,
  `Equipment_Name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  `Price` float DEFAULT NULL,
  `Vendor_Address` json DEFAULT NULL,
  `Vendor_Phone_Number` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Manufacturer_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Status` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Lab_Name` ENUM('Anatomy Lab', 'Biochemistry Lab', 'Biology Lab', 'Botany Lab', 'Chemistry Lab',
  'Computer Lab', 'Ecology Lab', 'Engineering Lab', 'Genetics Lab', 'Geology Lab', 'Microbiology Lab',
  'Neuroscience Lab', 'Physics Lab', 'Psychology Lab', 'Zoology Lab') NOT NULL,
  `Quantity` int DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`ID`),
  UNIQUE KEY `ID` (`ID`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

● Table Extension

We can perform table extension in many ways. We have two examples to show table extensions for our database. These are:

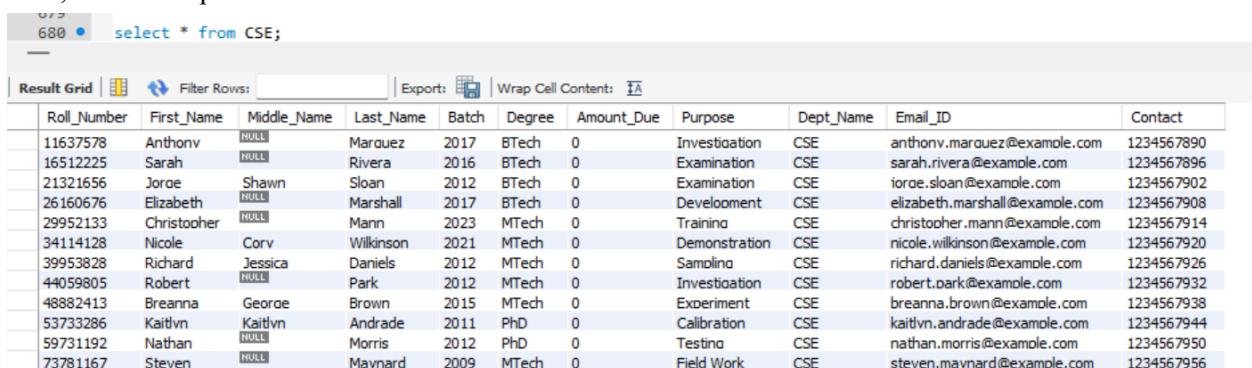
- Creating a sub table from an existing table
- Adding new columns which extends the table

First we create sub tables for students in different branches. The goal of this table addition is to improve database performance. The table extension makes it easier to organize and handle data. For instance, we may simply access a list of all students in a specific department or the number of students enrolled in each. This form of data analysis can be useful for making employment and statistical judgements.

Here are the queries for creating sub tables:

```
CREATE TABLE CSE AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'CSE');
CREATE TABLE EE AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'EE');
CREATE TABLE ME AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'ME');
CREATE TABLE CE AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'CE');
CREATE TABLE CL AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'CL');
CREATE TABLE MSE AS (SELECT * FROM students WHERE Dept_Name = 'MSE');
```

Here, is an example table from CSE sub-table:



The screenshot shows a MySQL query results grid. The query is:

```
680 • select * from CSE;
```

The results grid has the following structure:

	Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890	
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896	
21321656	Joroe	Shawn	Sloan	2012	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	joroe.sloan@example.com	1234567902	
26160676	Elizabeth	NULL	Marshall	2017	BTech	0	Development	CSE	elizabeth_marshall@example.com	1234567908	
29952133	Christoopher	NULL	Mann	2023	MTech	0	Training	CSE	christoopher.mann@example.com	1234567914	
34114128	Nicole	Corv	Wilkinson	2021	MTech	0	Demonstration	CSE	nicole.wilkinson@example.com	1234567920	
39953828	Richard	Jessica	Daniels	2012	MTech	0	Samolina	CSE	richard.daniels@example.com	1234567926	
44059805	Robert	NULL	Park	2012	MTech	0	Investigation	CSE	robert.park@example.com	1234567932	
48882413	Breanna	George	Brown	2015	MTech	0	Experiment	CSE	breanna.brown@example.com	1234567938	
53733286	Kaitlyn	Kaitlyn	Andrade	2011	PhD	0	Calibration	CSE	kaitlyn.andrade@example.com	1234567944	
59731192	Nathan	NULL	Morris	2012	PhD	0	Testing	CSE	nathan.morris@example.com	1234567950	
73781167	Steven	NULL	Mavnard	2009	MTech	0	Field Work	CSE	steven.mavnard@example.com	1234567956	

Second way to extend tables is to add new columns. The query to add a columns is:

```
ALTER TABLE students
ADD COLUMN GPA float;
```

Here, we add a new column for the GPA of students.

```

INSERT INTO `students` VALUES (11637579,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',2021,'BTech',0,'Project','CSE','tajne@iitgn.com',1234567890,9.99);

649 • select * from students where First_Name='Ameya';

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content: 
Roll_Number First_Name Middle_Name Last_Name Batch Degree Amount_Due Purpose Dept_Name Email_ID Contact GPA
11637579 Ameya NULL Tajne 2021 BTech 0 Project CSE tajne@iitgn.com 1234567890 9.99
NULL NULL

```

The new column GPA has been added.

Responsibility of G2:

Q1. Create a user named "user1" with the password "password1".

A user with the name 'user1' with password 'password1' was created using the following command.

To connect to as user1, in the Home Page of MySQL workbench > Add a new Connection and fill the necessary fields.

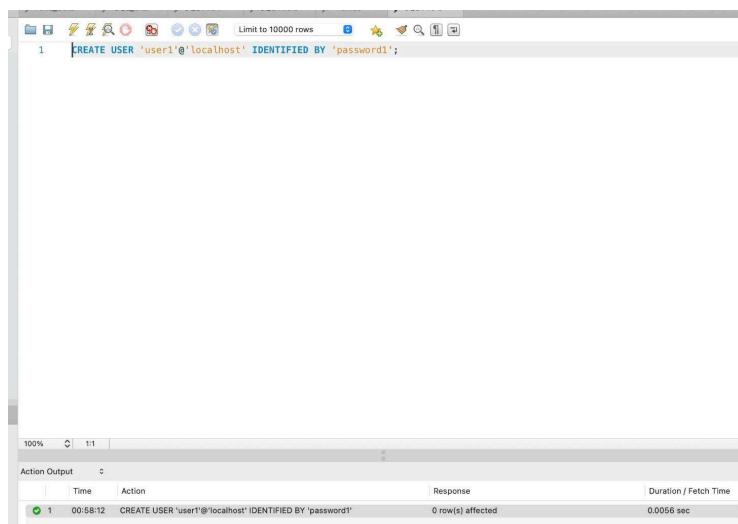


Fig. Adding new user[user1] through the root user.

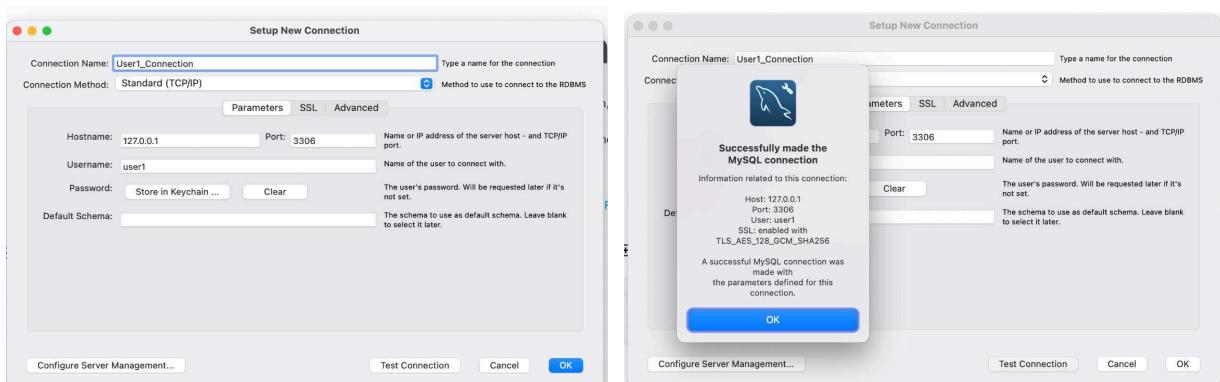


Fig. Connecting through the new User

Fig. Successfully connected as `user1`

Q2. Create Views on any of the two tables formed by G1 as view1 and view2. And make sure that views contain columns from at least two tables and one additional column with the user-defined data type

View 1:

View1 was created by joining 2 tables:

1. Inventory
2. accessed_tool

Here, vendor_Address is of the JSON type, a user-defined datatype.

```

1 • CREATE VIEW `view1` AS
2   SELECT inventory.ID, inventory.Equipment_Name, inventory.Vendor_Address, inventory.Price, inventory.Quantity, accessed_tool.accessed_tool_name
3   FROM inventory
4   join accessed_tool where inventory.ID=accessed_tool.ID;

```

Fig. Query to create view1

ID	Equipment_Name	Vendor_Address	Price	Quantity	Roll_Number	Quantity_Issued
1071836795	Fume Hood	{"Vendor_Add_City": "East Charlesmouth", "Ven...}	597.55	30	11637578	1
1075740988	Magnetic Stirrer	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Lake Stephanieview", "Ve...}	791.52	45	12278656	2
1255132186	Water Bath	{"Vendor_Add_City": "New Sarah", "Vendor_Ad...}	207.82	83	14790536	1
1327765137	Desiccator	{"Vendor_Add_City": "North Conniefort", "Vend...}	499.3	29	15216734	1
1408207556	Freezer	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Howardstad", "Vendor_Ad...}	903.67	28	15606155	1
1518960694	Pipette	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Jameifort", "Vendor_Ad...}	596.65	91	15823784	2
1646723846	Autoclave	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Meaganbury", "Vendor_A...}	240.25	19	16512225	1
1752873487	Gas Chromatograph	{"Vendor_Add_City": "North Tylerstad", "Vendor...}	498.81	68	16950074	1
1863431996	Bunsen Burner	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Lake Jennifer", "Vendor_A...}	987.92	9	17901162	1
1946080615	Homogenizer	{"Vendor_Add_City": "North Lisa", "Vendor_Ad...}	232.3	50	18222390	1
1981161062	Magnetic Stirrer	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Villeageschester", "Vendor...}	486.9	2	18611564	1
2026186089	Autoclave	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Smithchester", "Vendor_A...}	869.35	9	21258441	1
2153987310	Rotary Evaporator	{"Vendor_Add_City": "West Jessica", "Vendor_A...}	223.19	49	21321656	1
2647425042	Fume Hood	{"Vendor_Add_City": "East Shannonland", "Ven...}	15.57	63	21334196	2
2733023357	Vortex Mixer	{"Vendor_Add_City": "New Beeky", "Vendor_Ad...}	178.72	22	23465720	1
2805815877	Refrigerator	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Port Bridgemouth", "Vend...}	210.8	1	24002624	1
3578021385	Gel Electrophoresis	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Robertmouth", "Vendor_A...}	226.37	75	24728224	1
3698294903	Microtome	{"Vendor_Add_City": "New Logan", "Vendor_Ad...}	496.29	88	26088398	1
3887836424	Autoclave	{"Vendor_Add_City": "Brookscchester", "Vendor_...}	892.58	71	26160676	2

Fig. Viewing the data in View1

View 2:

View2 was created by joining 2 tables:

1. Lab
2. staff

Here, Role is an ENUM datatype, which is a user-defined datatype.

```

1 • CREATE VIEW `view2` AS
2   SELECT staff.Employee_ID, staff.First_Name, staff.Role, lab.Lab_Name, lab.Room_No, lab.Block_No
3   FROM staff
4   JOIN lab WHERE staff.Lab_Name=lab.Lab_Name;

```

Fig. Query to create view2

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a results grid. The query executed is:

```
1 •  SELECT * FROM lab_management.view2;
```

The results grid has columns: Employee_ID, First_Name, Role, Lab_Name, Room_No, and Block_No. The data includes rows for employees like Antonio, Charles, Ronald, Daniel, Larry, Shawn, Jennifer, Heather, Cody, Sara, Arthur, Christopher, Jessica, Robert, Carrie, Melissa, Christine, Justin, and Michael, distributed across Anatomy, Biochemistry, and Botany labs.

Fig. Viewing the data in View2

```
• CREATE TABLE `staff` (
  `Employee_ID` bigint NOT NULL,
  `First_Name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  `Middle_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Last_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Salary` float DEFAULT NULL,
  `Role` enum('Assistant','Researcher','Technician') DEFAULT NULL,
  `Lab_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Email_id` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  `Contact` bigint DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`Employee_ID`),
  UNIQUE KEY `Employee_ID` (`Employee_ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `staff_chk_1` CHECK (((`Contact` >= 1000000000) and (`Contact` < 10000000000))),
  CONSTRAINT `staff_fk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`Lab_Name`) REFERENCES `lab` (`Lab_Name`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

Fig. The SQL schema for staff table.

Q3. Grant "user1" the following permissions on "table1":

- SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE

We grant the permission using the root.

Note: The permissions need to be when logged in as the root user.

```

1 USE lab_management;
2 • GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE ON Lab_Department TO 'user1'@'localhost';
3 • SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost';

```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

Grants for user1@localhost

GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'user1'@'localhost'
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE ON `lab_management`.`lab_department` TO 'user1' @'localhost'

Result 1 Read Only

Action Output

	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1	01:00:54	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00030 sec
2	01:00:54	GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE ON Lab_Department TO 'user1'@'localhost'	0 row(s) affected	0.0017 sec
3	01:00:54	SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost'	2 row(s) returned	0.00020 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. Query to Grant permissions to **user1** on **Lab_Departments** Table

Q4. Grant "user1" the following permissions on "view1":

- SELECT

We grant the permission using the root.

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2 • GRANT SELECT ON view1 TO 'user1'@'localhost';
3
4 • SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost';

```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

Grants for user1@localhost

GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'user1'@'localhost'
GRANT SELECT ON `lab_management`.`view1` TO 'user1' @'localhost'

Result 1 Read Only

Action Output

	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1	23:54:06	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00029 sec
2	23:54:06	GRANT SELECT ON view1 TO 'user1'@'localhost'	0 row(s) affected	0.0019 sec
3	23:54:06	SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost'	3 row(s) returned	0.00028 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. Query to Grant permissions to **user1** on **view1**

Q5. Try to perform SELECT, UPDATE, and DELETE operations on "table1" and "view1" as "user1" and report your findings

Note: Before running the queries, connect as **user1** through the method demonstrated in Q1[G2].

SELECT:

We granted SELECT access of view1 and table1 to the user1 for selection so, as seen below, we could run the queries.

Table1:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The results grid displays the following data:

Dept_Name	Lab_Name
CSE	Anatomy Lab
ME	Biochemistry Lab
MSE	Biology Lab
CL	Botany Lab
EE	Chemistry Lab
CE	Computer Lab
CSE	Ecology Lab
ME	Engineering Lab
MSE	Genetics Lab
CL	Geology Lab
EE	Microbiology Lab
CE	Neuroscience Lab
CSE	Physics Lab
ME	Psychology Lab
MSE	Zoology Lab

Below the results grid, the action output shows the following log:

Action	Time	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1 01:04:11 USE lab_management		0 row(s) affected	0.00033 sec
2 01:04:11 SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000		15 row(s) returned	0.00056 sec / 0.000...
3 01:05:26 USE lab_management		0 row(s) affected	0.00025 sec
4 01:05:26 SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000		15 row(s) returned	0.00027 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. Select Query on **Lab_Department** as **user1**

View1:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The results grid displays the following data:

ID	Equipment_Name	Vendor_Address	Price	Quantity	Roll_Number	Quantity_Issued
107336795	Fume Hood	("Vendor_Add_City": "East Charlesmouth", "Ven...)	597.55	30	11637578	1
1075740988	Magnetic Stirrer	("Vendor_Add_City": "Lake Stephanieview", "Ven...)	791.52	45	12278656	2
1255132186	Water Bath	("Vendor_Add_City": "New Sarah", "Vendor_Ad...)	207.82	83	14790536	1
1327765137	Desiccator	("Vendor_Add_City": "North Conniefort", "Vendo...)	499.39	29	15216734	1
1408207558	Freezer	("Vendor_Add_City": "Howardstad", "Vendor_Ad...)	903.67	28	15606155	1
1581722553	Vortex Mixer	("Vendor_Add_City": "North Gisellefort", "Vend...)	240.05	35	16912225	2
1645722845	Autoclave	("Vendor_Add_City": "Magisaginbury", "Vendor_A...)	240.05	19	16912225	1
1752873487	Gas Chromatograph	("Vendor_Add_City": "North Tylerstad", "Vendor_...)	498.81	68	17901162	1
1863431996	Bunsen Burner	("Vendor_Add_City": "Lake Jennifer", "Vendor_...)	987.92	9	17901162	1
1949080615	Homogenizer	("Vendor_Add_City": "North Lise", "Vendor_Ad...)	232.3	50	18222390	1
1981161062	Magnetic Stirrer	("Vendor_Add_City": "Villegaschester", "Vend...)	486.9	2	18611564	1
2026186089	Autoclave	("Vendor_Add_City": "Smithchester", "Vendor_A...)	869.3	9	21258441	1
2153987310	Rotary Evaporator	("Vendor_Add_City": "West Jessica", "Vendor_A...)	223.19	49	21321656	1
2647425042	Fume Hood	("Vendor_Add_City": "East Shannonland", "Ven...)	15.57	63	21334196	2
2733821227	Vortex Mixer	("Vendor_Add_City": "North Belindafort", "Vend...)	174.32	22	24026524	1
2869818877	Autoclave	("Vendor_Add_City": "Port Edgewoodway", "Vend...)	100.03	1	24026524	1
3678021385	Gel Electrophoresis...	("Vendor_Add_City": "Robernmouth", "Vendor_A...)	226.37	75	24728224	1
3698294903	Microtome	("Vendor_Add_City": "New Logan", "Vendor_Ad...)	496.29	88	26088308	1
3887383424	Autoclave	("Vendor_Add_City": "Brookchester", "Vendor_...)	892.58	71	26160676	2
4012874396	Spectrophotometer	("Vendor_Add_City": "Lake Jennifer", "Vendor_...)	774.59	59	26194497	1

Below the results grid, the action output shows the following log:

Action	Time	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1 23:57:31 USE lab_management		0 row(s) affected	0.00026 sec
2 23:57:31 SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1 LIMIT 0, 10000		28 row(s) returned	0.000080 sec / 0.000...

Fig. Select Query on **view1** as **user1**

UPDATE:

1. Table1:

Since user1 has permission to update the table, all the rows with Dept_Name=MSE have been changed with Dept_Name=CSE.

Before running the Query:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;

```

Dept_Name	Lab_Name
CSE	Anatomy Lab
ME	Biochemistry Lab
MSE	Biology Lab
CL	Botany Lab
EE	Chemistry Lab
CE	Computer Lab
CSE	Ecology Lab
ME	Engineering Lab
MSE	Genetics Lab
CL	Geology Lab
EE	Microbiology Lab
CE	Neuroscience Lab
CSE	Physics Lab
ME	Psychology Lab
MSE	Zoology Lab

Action Output

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
01:04:11	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00033 sec
01:04:11	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	15 row(s) returned	0.00056 sec / 0.000...
01:05:26	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00025 sec
01:05:26	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	15 row(s) returned	0.00027 sec / 0.000...

Fig. Data tuples present in Lab_Department.

After:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • UPDATE Lab_Department SET Dept_Name='CSE' WHERE Dept_Name='MSE';
4
5 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;

```

Dept_Name	Lab_Name
CSE	Anatomy Lab
ME	Biochemistry Lab
CSE	Biology Lab
CL	Botany Lab
EE	Chemistry Lab
CE	Computer Lab
CSE	Ecology Lab
ME	Engineering Lab
CSE	Genetics Lab
CL	Geology Lab
EE	Microbiology Lab
CE	Neuroscience Lab
CSE	Physics Lab
ME	Psychology Lab
CSE	Zoology Lab

Action Output

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
01:04:11	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00033 sec
01:04:11	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	15 row(s) returned	0.00056 sec / 0.000...
01:05:26	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00025 sec
01:05:26	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	15 row(s) returned	0.00027 sec / 0.000...
01:06:32	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00026 sec
01:06:32	UPDATE Lab_Department SET Dept_Name='CSE' WHERE Dept_Name='MSE'	3 row(s) affected Rows matched: 3 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0	0.0022 sec
01:06:32	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	15 row(s) returned	0.00038 sec / 0.000...

Fig. In Lab_Department, data tuples previously containing Dept_Name= MSE are updated to CSE.

2. View1:

Since user1 doesn't have UPDATE permission on view1, so user1 couldn't change the "Quantity" column.

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a connection named 'user1'. The current schema is 'SQL File 3*' and the table is 'view1'. The SQL editor contains the following code:

```
1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • UPDATE lab_management.view1 SET lab_management.view1.Quantity=10*lab_management.view1.Quantity;
4 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;
```

The Action Output pane shows the execution of these statements. Statement 1 (USE) and Statement 3 (UPDATE) succeed without errors. Statement 4 (SELECT) also succeeds. However, Statement 3 fails with the following error:

```
00:00:20 UPDATE lab_management.view1 SET lab_management.view1.Quantity=10*lab_m... Error Code: 1142. UPDATE command denied to user 'user1'@'localhost' for table 'view1' 0.00
```

Fig. Failed UPDATE query on **view1** as **user1**.

DELETE:

1. Table:

Since user1 has permission to update the table, all the rows with Dept_Name=CSE has been deleted.

Before:

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a connection named 'user1'. The current schema is 'SQL File 3*' and the table is 'Lab_Department'. The SQL editor contains the following code:

```
1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE';
```

The Result Grid pane displays the following data:

Dept_Name	Lab_Name
CSE	Anatomy Lab
CSE	Biology Lab
CSE	Ecology Lab
CSE	Genetics Lab
CSE	Physics Lab
CSE	Zoology Lab
NULL	NULL

The Action Output pane shows the execution of the SELECT statement, which returns 6 rows.

Fig. Data tuples containing Dept_Name=CSE, in **Lab_Department**.

After:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the following details:

- SQL Editor:** Contains the following SQL code:


```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • DELETE FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE';
4
5 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE';

```
- Result Grid:** Shows the results of the query in the Lab_Department table. The table has columns Dept_Name and Lab_Name, both containing NULL values. The table title is "Lab_Department 6".
- Action Output:** Displays the execution log with the following entries:

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
01:08:54	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE' LIMIT 0, 10000	6 row(s) returned	0.00057 sec / 0.0000...
01:11:02	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00027 sec
01:11:02	DELETE FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE'	6 row(s) affected	0.0018 sec
01:11:02	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CSE' LIMIT 0, 10000	0 row(s) returned	0.00041 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. Data tuples containing Dept_Name=CSE, in **Lab_Department** after deletion.

2. View1:

Since user1 doesn't have DELETE permission on view1, user1 couldn't delete from the view.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the following details:

- SQL Editor:** Contains the following SQL code:


```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • DELETE FROM lab_management.view1;
4 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;

```
- Action Output:** Displays the execution log with the following entries:

Time	Action	Response	Dura
00:01:16	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.001
00:01:16	DELETE FROM lab_management.view1	Error Code: 1142. DELETE command denied to user 'user1'@'localhost' for table 'view1' 0.001	

Fig. Failed DELETE query on **view1** as **user1**.

Q6. Revoke the UPDATE and DELETE permissions on "table1" for "user1" and report your findings.

The following command was used from the **root user** to revoke permissions from the Lab_Department table.

Note: The permissions need to be revoked when logged in as the root user.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. In the SQL editor, the following commands are run:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2 • REVOKE UPDATE, DELETE ON Lab_Department FROM 'user1'@'localhost';
3 • SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost';

```

The results grid displays the grants for user1@localhost, showing that the UPDATE and DELETE privileges have been revoked from the Lab_Department table.

Action Output	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1	01:16:33	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00058 sec
2	01:16:33	REVOKE UPDATE, DELETE ON Lab_Department FROM 'user1'@'localhost'	0 row(s) affected	0.00099 sec
3	01:16:33	SHOW GRANTS FOR 'user1'@'localhost'	2 row(s) returned	0.00017 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. Revoking UPDATE and DELETE permissions on **Lab_Department** from **user1**.

Q7. Try to perform SELECT, UPDATE, and DELETE operations on "table1" and "view1" as "user1" again.

SELECT:

1. Table1:

Since SELECT permission was not REVOKED, user1 can still SELECT from table1(Lab_Department) and view1.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. In the SQL editor, the following command is run:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;

```

The results grid displays the data from the Lab_Department table, which includes columns Dept_Name and Lab_Name. The data shows various department names like Biochemistry Lab, Botany Lab, etc.

Dept_Name	Lab_Name
ME	Biochemistry Lab
CL	Botany Lab
EE	Chemistry Lab
CE	Computer Lab
ME	Engineering Lab
CL	Geology Lab
EE	Microbiology Lab
CE	Neuroscience Lab
ME	Psychology Lab
NULL	NULL

Action Output	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1	01:17:22	USE lab_management	0 row(s) affected	0.00031 sec
2	01:17:22	SELECT * FROM Lab_Department LIMIT 0, 10000	9 row(s) returned	0.00031 sec / 0.0000...

Fig. SELECT Query on **Lab_Department** as **user1**.

2. View1:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with various icons. Below the toolbar, the SQL editor contains the following code:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;

```

Below the SQL editor is the Result Grid, which displays the data from the view. The columns are ID, Equipment_Name, Vendor_Address, Price, Quantity, Roll_Number, and Quantity_Issued. The data includes entries for Fume Hood, Magnetic Stirrer, Water Bath, Desiccator, Freezer, Pipette, Autoclave, Gas Chromatograph, Bunsen Burner, Homogenizer, Magnet, and Rotary Evaporator. The results show various vendor details and item quantities.

At the bottom of the interface, there is an Action Output section showing the execution history:

Action	Time	Response	Duration
1 00:03:23 USE lab_management		0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
2 00:03:23 SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1 LIMIT 0, 10000		28 row(s) returned	0.000 sec

Fig. SELECT Query on view1 as user1.

UPDATE:

- Since UPDATE permission was REVOKED, user1 can't UPDATE Entry(Dept_Name) into table1(Lab_Department).
- User1 doesn't have UPDATE permission for view1, so he/she can't update view1.

1. Table1:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with various icons. Below the toolbar, the SQL editor contains the following code:

```

1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • UPDATE Lab_Department SET Dept_Name='ME' WHERE Dept_Name='CL';
4
5 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;

```

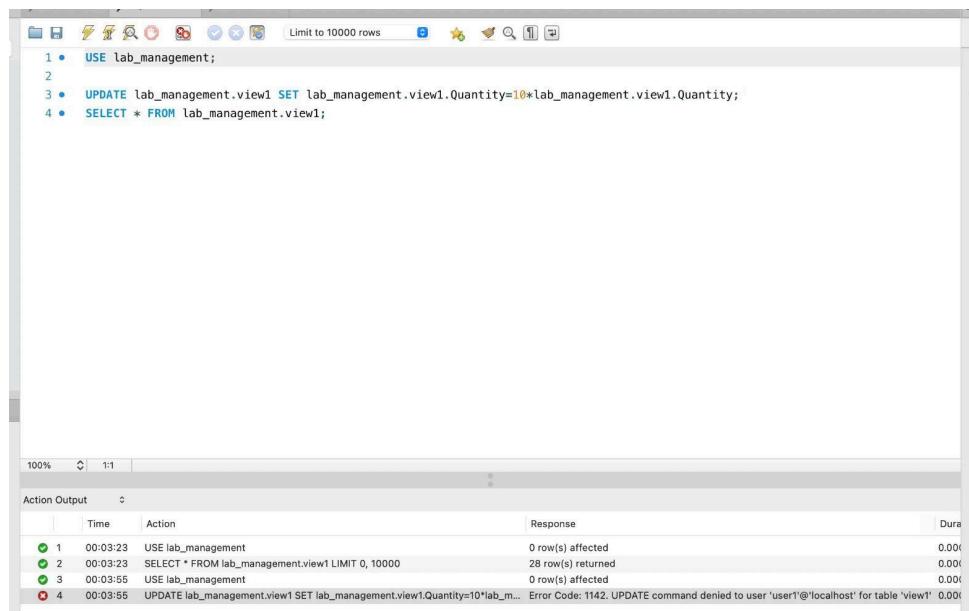
Below the SQL editor is the Result Grid, which displays the data from the table. The columns are ID, Equipment_Name, Vendor_Address, Price, Quantity, Roll_Number, and Quantity_Issued. The data includes entries for Fume Hood, Magnetic Stirrer, Water Bath, Desiccator, Freezer, Pipette, Autoclave, Gas Chromatograph, Bunsen Burner, Homogenizer, Magnet, and Rotary Evaporator. The results show various vendor details and item quantities.

At the bottom of the interface, there is an Action Output section showing the execution history:

Action	Time	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1 01:18:25 USE lab_management		0 row(s) affected	0.00026 sec
2 01:18:25 UPDATE Lab_Department SET Dept_Name='ME' WHERE Dept_Name='CL'		Error Code: 1142: UPDATE command denied to user 'u...' 0.00028 sec	

Fig. Failed UPDATE query on Lab_Departement as user1.

2. View1:



The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor contains the following code:

```
1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • UPDATE lab_management.view1 SET lab_management.view1.Quantity=10*lab_management.view1.Quantity;
4 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;
```

The Action Output pane shows the following log entries:

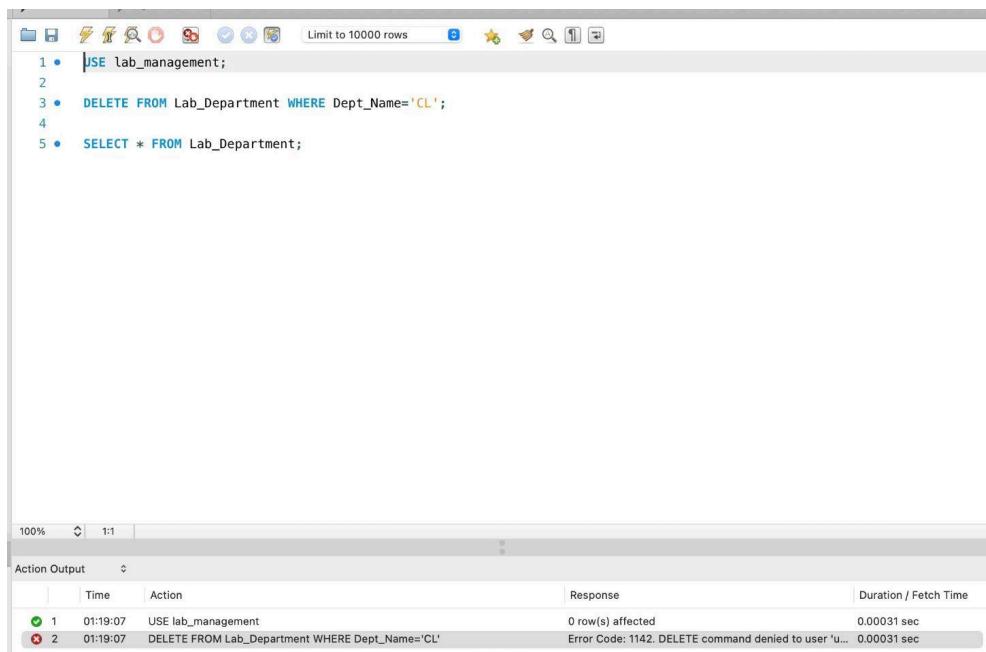
Action	Time	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1 USE lab_management	00:03:23	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
2 SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1 LIMIT 0, 10000	00:03:23	28 row(s) returned	0.000 sec
3 USE lab_management	00:03:55	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
4 UPDATE lab_management.view1 SET lab_management.view1.Quantity=10*lab_m...	00:03:55	Error Code: 1142. UPDATE command denied to user 'user1'@'localhost' for table 'view1'	0.000 sec

Fig. Failed UPDATE query on **view1** as **user1**.

DELETE:

- Since DELETE permission was REVOKED, user1 can't DELETE from table1(Lab_Department).
- User1 doesn't have DELETE permission for view1, so he/she can't delete from view1.

1. Table1:



The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor contains the following code:

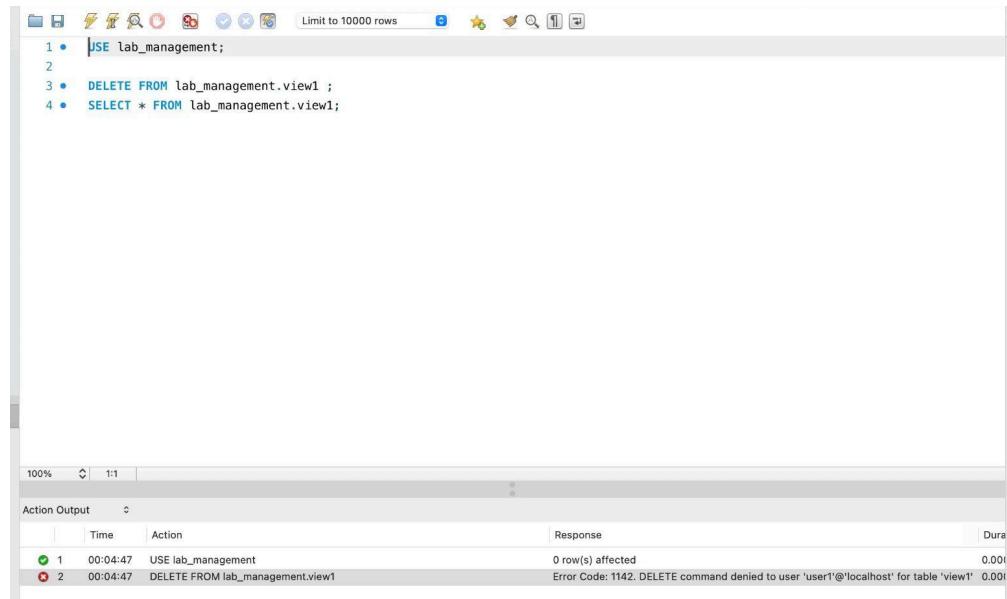
```
1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • DELETE FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CL';
4
5 • SELECT * FROM Lab_Department;
```

The Action Output pane shows the following log entries:

Action	Time	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1 USE lab_management	01:19:07	0 row(s) affected	0.00031 sec
2 DELETE FROM Lab_Department WHERE Dept_Name='CL'	01:19:07	Error Code: 1142. DELETE command denied to user 'u...' for table 'Lab_Departement'	0.00031 sec

Fig. Failed DELETE query on **Lab_Departement** as **user1**.

2. View1:



The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor pane contains the following code:

```
1 • USE lab_management;
2
3 • DELETE FROM lab_management.view1 ;
4 • SELECT * FROM lab_management.view1;
```

The Action Output pane shows the execution results:

Action	Time	Response	Dura
1	00:04:47	USE lab_management 0 row(s) affected 0.00!	
2	00:04:47	DELETE FROM lab_management.view1 Error Code: 1142. DELETE command denied to user 'user1'@'localhost' for table 'view1' 0.00!	

Fig. Failed DELETE query on **view1** as **user1**.

Question 2. Mention the situation that violates the referential integrity, show the updates in the table, and how we can solve such problems.

Referential Integrity:-

Referential integrity is the logical dependency of a foreign key on a primary key. Any foreign key used in a certain table refers to the primary key of some other table. When there are inconsistencies in this, such as a reference to a primary key that does not exist, we face an error. This is known as violating referential integrity. Referential integrity can be violated in multiple ways. Let there be a Table A, which contains the primary key of another Table B as a foreign key. In such a case, referential integrity can be violated in the following ways:

- **INSERT**

When we INSERT a new tuple in Table A, which contains the foreign key as “x”. If this “x” was non-existent as a primary key in Table B, Table A refers to a value that does not exist in Table B. This causes a violation of referential integrity.

- **DELETE**

When we DELETE a particular tuple from Table B, whose primary key was being referenced in Table A as a foreign key, referential integrity is violated. This is because Table A refers to a value in Table B that does not exist now.

- **UPDATE**

When we UPDATE a particular tuple in Table B, changing a primary key referenced as a foreign key in Table A, we face a violation of referential integrity. This is because the value being referenced by Table A as a foreign key has been changed and does not exist anymore. Another way UPDATE can cause a violation of referential integrity is when we UPDATE a tuple of Table A, changing the foreign key to a value which does not exist in Table B. Since the foreign key of Table A is referencing a non-existent primary key in Table B, we encounter a violation of referential integrity.

The referential integrity can still be ensured under such violations by using certain constraints on the foreign keys, such as:

- **ON DELETE CASCADE**

This action helps ensure referential integrity by handling violations caused when we DELETE a certain tuple in Table B, containing a primary key being referenced as a foreign key in Table A. This is done by deleting every tuple in Table A, which contains a foreign key referencing the primary key in Table B, which was deleted initially. Since every tuple in Table A that referenced the deleted primary key in Table B has been deleted, there does not exist any foreign keys whose primary keys do not exist. Hence, referential integrity is maintained.

- **ON UPDATE CASCADE**

This action helps maintain referential integrity by handling violations caused when we UPDATE a certain tuple in Table B, containing a primary key being referenced as a foreign key in Table A. This is done by updating every tuple in Table A, which contains a foreign key referencing the primary key in Table B, which was updated initially. Since every tuple in Table A which referenced the updated primary key in Table B has been updated as well, there do not exist any foreign keys whose primary keys have been changed. Hence, referential integrity is maintained.

Note: When using CASCADE we need to add this part to wherever the foreign key is referenced.

Examples:

Case 1)

UPDATE:

```
Query: UPDATE students SET students.Roll_Number=12000001 WHERE  
students.Roll_Number=12278656 ;
```

In this case, we used “students” and “proj_taken” tables, here Roll_Number is a primary key for the “students” table and a foreign key for the “proj_taken” table. When we update the student’s roll number in the “students” table, the Roll_Number attribute in the “proj_taken” table is not updated.

Students Table:

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12278656	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899
18611564	Douglas	Tyler	Miles	2010	BTech	0	Testing	EE	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900
21258441	Robert	NULL	Lam	2022	MTech	0	Audit	CE	robert.lam@example.com	1234567901
21321656	Jorge	Shawn	Sloan	2012	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	jorge.sloan@example.com	1234567902
21334196	Kathy	Jeremy	Bailey	2018	BTech	0	Inspection	ME	kathy.bailey@example.com	1234567903
23465720	Sarah	Heather	Jones	2009	PhD	0	Analysis	MSE	sarah.jones@example.com	1234567904
24002624	William	NULL	Peters	2013	MTech	0	Demonstration	CL	william.peters@example.com	1234567905
24728224	Gabriel	Ashley	Moran	2011	PhD	0	Simulation	FF	gabriel.moran@example.com	1234567906

Fig. Students Table before the UPDATE query.

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12000001	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899
18611564	Douglas	Tyler	Miles	2010	BTech	0	Testing	EE	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900
21258441	Robert	NULL	Lam	2022	MTech	0	Audit	CE	robert.lam@example.com	1234567901
21321656	Jorge	Shawn	Sloan	2012	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	jorge.sloan@example.com	1234567902
21334196	Kathy	Jeremy	Bailey	2018	BTech	0	Inspection	ME	kathy.bailey@example.com	1234567903
23465720	Sarah	Heather	Jones	2009	PhD	0	Analysis	MSE	sarah.jones@example.com	1234567904
24002624	William	NULL	Peters	2013	MTech	0	Demonstration	CL	william.peters@example.com	1234567905
24728224	Gabriel	Ashley	Moran	2011	PhD	0	Simulation	FF	gabriel.moran@example.com	1234567906

Fig. Students Table before the UPDATE query.

Proj_taken table:

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445
3785297203	21258441	NI 931
4306752935	21321656	OI 577
123211506	21321106	PO 710

Fig. Proj_Taken Table before the UPDATE query.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445
3785297203	21258441	NI 931
4306752935	21321656	OI 577
4338445496	21334196	PC 719

Fig. Proj_taken Table after the UPDATE query.

Solution:

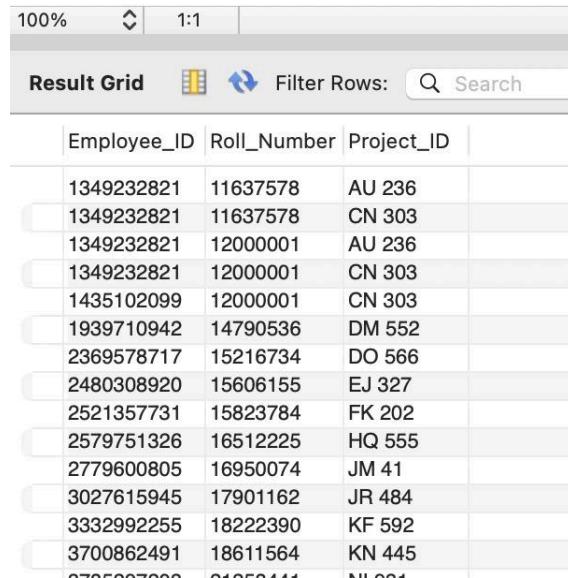
```
⑤ CREATE TABLE `proj_taken` (
    `Employee_ID` bigint NOT NULL,
    `Roll_Number` int NOT NULL,
    `Project_ID` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`Employee_ID`,`Roll_Number`,`Project_ID`),
    KEY `Roll_Number` (`Roll_Number`),
    KEY `Project_ID` (`Project_ID`),
    CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`Employee_ID`) REFERENCES `professor` (`Employee_ID`),
    CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`Roll_Number`) REFERENCES `students` (`Roll_Number`)
    ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`Project_ID`) REFERENCES `project` (`Project_ID`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

Fig. Adding the ON UPDATE CASCADE in the **Proj_taken** Schema where foreign key is referenced.

We used ON UPDATE CASCADE to ensure that whenever the primary key is updated, the corresponding table entries, wherever that primary key is referenced as the foreign key, get updated as well.

Note: The “students” table was reset;

Query: UPDATE students SET students.Roll_Number=12000001 WHERE students.Roll_Number=12278656;



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the 'Result Grid' tab selected. The grid displays data from the 'proj_taken' table. The columns are Employee_ID, Roll_Number, and Project_ID. The data includes various employee IDs and their corresponding Roll Numbers and Project IDs. One row specifically shows the update: Employee_ID 1349232821 has its Roll_Number changed from 11637578 to 12000001.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12000001	AU 236
1349232821	12000001	CN 303
1435102099	12000001	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445

Fig. **Proj_taken** Table after the UPDATE query, this time the corresponding values are updated.

Here we can see Roll_Number in the “proj_taken” table is updated to 12000001.

Case 2)

DELETE:

In this case, we used “students” and “proj_taken” tables, here Roll_Number is a primary key for the “students” table and a foreign key for the “proj_taken” table. When we delete a row from the “students” table with a particular roll number, its respective entries from the “proj_taken” table are not deleted.

Query: `DELETE FROM students WHERE students.Roll_Number=12000001;`

Students Table:

Result Grid											Filter Rows:	Search	Edit:	Export/Import:
Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact				
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890				
12000001	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891				
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892				
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893				
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894				
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895				
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896				
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897				
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898				
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899				
18611564	Douglas	Tyler	Miles	2010	BTech	0	Testing	EE	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900				
21258441	Robert	NULL	Lam	2022	MTech	0	Audit	CE	robert.lam@example.com	1234567901				
21321656	Jorge	Shawn	Sloan	2012	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	jorge.sloan@example.com	1234567902				
21334196	Kathy	Jeremy	Bailey	2018	BTech	0	Inspection	ME	kathy.bailey@example.com	1234567903				
23465720	Sarah	Heather	Jones	2009	PhD	0	Analysis	MSE	sarah.jones@example.com	1234567904				
24002624	William	NULL	Peters	2013	MTech	0	Demonstration	CL	william.peters@example.com	1234567905				
24728224	Gabriel	Ashley	Morgan	2011	PhD	0	Simulation	FF	gabriel.morgan@example.com	1234567906				

Fig. Students Table before the DELETE query.

Result Grid											Filter Rows:	Search	Edit:	Export/Import:
Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact				
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890				
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892				
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893				
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894				
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895				
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896				
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897				
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898				
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899				
18611564	Douglas	Tyler	Miles	2010	BTech	0	Testing	EE	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900				
21258441	Robert	NULL	Lam	2022	MTech	0	Audit	CE	robert.lam@example.com	1234567901				
21321656	Jorge	Shawn	Sloan	2012	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	jorge.sloan@example.com	1234567902				
21334196	Kathy	Jeremy	Bailey	2018	BTech	0	Inspection	ME	kathy.bailey@example.com	1234567903				
23465720	Sarah	Heather	Jones	2009	PhD	0	Analysis	MSE	sarah.jones@example.com	1234567904				
24002624	William	NULL	Peters	2013	MTech	0	Demonstrat...	CL	william.peters@example.com	1234567905				
24728224	Gabriel	Ashley	Morgan	2011	PhD	0	Simulation	EE	gabriel.morgan@example.com	1234567906				

Fig. Students Table after the DELETE query.

Proj_taken table:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Search
Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID		
1349232821	11637578	AU 236		
1349232821	11637578	CN 303		
1349232821	12000001	AU 236		
1349232821	12000001	CN 303		
1435102099	12000001	CN 303		
1939710942	14790536	DM 552		
2369578717	15216734	DO 566		
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327		
2521357731	15823784	FK 202		
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555		
2779600805	16950074	JM 41		
3027615945	17901162	JR 484		
3332992255	18222390	KF 592		
3700862491	18611564	KN 445		
3785297203	21258441	NI 931		
4306752935	21321656	OI 577		

Fig. Proj_Taken Table before the DELETE query.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12000001	AU 236
1349232821	12000001	CN 303
1435102099	12000001	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445
3785297203	21258441	NI 931
4306752935	21321656	OI 577

Fig. Proj_taken Table after the DELETE query.

Solution:

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `proj_taken`;
/*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client      = @@character_set_client */;
SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
CREATE TABLE `proj_taken` (
  `Employee_ID` bigint NOT NULL,
  `Roll_Number` int NOT NULL,
  `Project_ID` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`Employee_ID`,`Roll_Number`,`Project_ID`),
  KEY `Roll_Number` (`Roll_Number`),
  KEY `Project_ID` (`Project_ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`Employee_ID`) REFERENCES `professor` (`Employee_ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`Roll_Number`) REFERENCES `students` (`Roll_Number`)
  ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT `proj_taken_fk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`Project_ID`) REFERENCES `project` (`Project_ID`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
/*!40101 SET character_set_client = @saved_cs_client */;
```

Fig. Adding the ON DELETE CASCADE in the Proj_taken Schema where the foreign key is referenced.

Query: DELETE FROM students WHERE students.Roll_Number=12000001;

	Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
	1349232821	11637578	AU 236
	1349232821	11637578	CN 303
	1939710942	14790536	DM 552
	2369578717	15216734	DO 566
	2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
	2521357731	15823784	FK 202
	2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
	2779600805	16950074	JM 41
	3027615945	17901162	JR 484
	3332992255	18222390	KF 592
	3700862491	18611564	KN 445
	3785297203	21258441	NI 931
	4306752935	21321656	OI 577
	4338445496	21334196	PC 719
	4374962421	23465720	PH 783
	4796673686	24002624	SO 27
	1050700000	21700001	SI 100

Fig. **Proj_taken** Table after the DELETE query, entries with Roll_Number=12000001 are deleted.

We used ON DELETE CASCADE to ensure that whenever the primary key is updated, the corresponding table entries, wherever that primary key is referenced as the foreign key, get updated as well.

Case 3)

Update: with foreign key checks = 1

When updating the roll number in the “proj_taken” table where the roll number is a foreign key, it throws an error due to a foreign key constraint failing.

Query: `UPDATE proj_taken SET proj_taken.Roll_Number=12000000 WHERE proj_taken.Roll_Number=16950074;`

```
1 22:25:53 USE lab_management
2 22:25:53 UPDATE proj_taken SET proj_taken.Roll_Number=12000000 WHERE proj_taken.Roll_Num... 0 row(s) affected
Error Code: 1452. Cannot add or update a child row: a foreign key constraint fails ('lab_management'.`pi
```

Fig. Failed UPDATE query on **Proj_taken** Table with foreign_key_checks set to 1.

Case 4)

Delete: with foreign key checks = 1

When we try to delete a row with a particular roll number from the “proj_taken” table, where Roll_Number is the foreign key, it also deletes the corresponding entry from the “students” table where Roll_Number is the primary key.

Query: `DELETE FROM proj_taken WHERE proj_taken.Roll_Number=12278656;`

Students Table:

Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12278656	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899

Fig. Students Table before the DELETE query on Proj_taken.

Roll_Number	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Batch	Degree	Amount_Due	Purpose	Dept_Name	Email_ID	Contact
11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12278656	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899
18611564	Douglas	Tyler	Miles	2010	BTech	0	Testing	EE	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900

Fig. Students Table after the DELETE query on Proj_taken.

Proj_taken table:

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445
3785297203	21258441	NI 931
4306752935	21321656	OI 577

Fig. Proj_Taken Table before the DELETE query.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445
3785297203	21258441	NI 931
4306752935	21321656	OI 577

Fig. Proj_taken Table after the DELETE query.

Case 5)

Update: Foreign key checks = 0;

When foreign key checks are set to 0, if we update the roll number in the “proj_taken” table, It only changes in the “proj_taken” table, and entries of the “students” table remains same.

Query: UPDATE proj_taken SET proj_taken.Roll_Number=12000000 WHERE proj_taken.Roll_Number=12278656 ;

Students Table:

11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12278656	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899
18611564	Douglas	Tuler	Miles	2010	RTech	0	Testing	FF	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900

Fig. Students Table before the UPDATE query on Proj_taken.

11637578	Anthony	NULL	Marquez	2017	BTech	0	Investigation	CSE	anthony.marquez@example.com	1234567890
12278656	Angela	Daniel	Martin	2019	BTech	0	Documentation	ME	angela.martin@example.com	1234567891
14790536	Daniel	Richard	Scott	2021	MTech	0	Calibration	MSE	daniel.scott@example.com	1234567892
15216734	John	David	Ramirez	2014	MTech	0	Examination	CL	john.ramirez@example.com	1234567893
15606155	Roy	Michael	Brown	2018	BTech	0	Survey	EE	roy.brown@example.com	1234567894
15823784	Dominique	NULL	Torres	2016	PhD	0	Experiment	CE	dominique.torres@example.com	1234567895
16512225	Sarah	NULL	Rivera	2016	BTech	0	Examination	CSE	sarah.rivera@example.com	1234567896
16950074	Daniel	NULL	Goodman	2012	PhD	0	Calibration	ME	daniel.goodman@example.com	1234567897
17901162	Erin	NULL	Hernandez	2019	PhD	0	Investigation	MSE	erin.hernandez@example.com	1234567898
18222390	Michael	NULL	Williams	2013	MTech	0	Development	CL	michael.williams@example.com	1234567899
18611564	Douglas	Tuler	Miles	2010	RTech	0	Testing	FF	douglas.miles@example.com	1234567900

Fig. Students Table after the UPDATE query on Proj_taken.

Proj_taken table:

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445

Fig. Proj_Taken Table before the UPDATE query.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12000000	AU 236
1349232821	12000000	CN 303
1435102099	12000000	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18000000	KF 592

Fig. Proj_taken Table after the UPDATE query.

Case 6)

DELETE with Foreign key checks = 0 behaves similarly to case 4, as demonstrated above.

Case 7)

INSERT

When we insert a new tuple/entry in the table “proj_taken” where the student’s roll number is a foreign key, then it inserts a new entry in the table, but no such student is present in the “students” table. So it violates the referential integrity. The solution for this is to insert with foreign key checks=1. After doing that, it will now show an error message(“cannot add or update a child row, a foreign key constraint fails”).

INSERT with Foreign key checks = 1

Query: `INSERT INTO `proj_taken` VALUES (1349232821,12000001,'CS 799');`

253	17:01:19	/*!40000 ALTER TABLE `proj_taken` DISABLE KEYS */	0 row(s) affected	0.0013 sec
254	17:01:19	INSERT INTO `proj_taken` VALUES (1349232821,12000001,'CS 799')	Error Code: 1452. Cannot add or update a child row: a foreign key constraint fails ('lab_management', ...)	0.0021 sec

Fig. INSERT query failed in **Proj_Taken** Table due to the Foreign Key constraints.

INSERT with Foreign key checks = 0

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484
3332992255	18222390	KF 592
3700862491	18611564	KN 445

Fig. **Proj_Taken** Table before the INSERT query.

Employee_ID	Roll_Number	Project_ID
1349232821	11637578	AU 236
1349232821	11637578	CN 303
1349232821	12000001	CS 799
1349232821	12278656	AU 236
1349232821	12278656	CN 303
1435102099	12278656	CN 303
1939710942	14790536	DM 552
2369578717	15216734	DO 566
2480308920	15606155	EJ 327
2521357731	15823784	FK 202
2579751326	16512225	HQ 555
2779600805	16950074	JM 41
3027615945	17901162	JR 484

Fig. **Proj_taken** Table after the INSERT query.

3. Responsibility of G1 & G2:

Operation 1:

Here we update the roll number of a student by a roll number of already registered students. We use the UPDATE operator to update the query, SET operator to assign the roll number.

SQL Query:

```
UPDATE students
SET Roll_Number = 11637578
WHERE First_Name = 'Angela';
```

Relational Algebra:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{students} &\leftarrow (\text{students} - \sigma_{\text{First_Name}} = 'Angela'(\text{students})) \\ &\quad \cup \\ &(\sigma_{\text{First_Name}} = 'Angela'(\text{students})) [\text{Roll_Number} := 11637578] \end{aligned}$$

Error Message:

 458 22:48:26 UPDATE students SET Roll_Number = 11637578 WHERE First_Name = 'Angela'

Error Code: 1761. Foreign key constraint for table 'students', record '11637578' woul...

The operation satisfies 1 (error due to violation of constraints specified by G1)

Reason for Error:

We have kept a constraint on the student's roll number to be unique. Here, we are updating a student with a specific name's roll number with an already existing roll number. This violates the constraint of roll number to be unique. Hence, this throws an error.

Operation 2:

Here we update the email of a student by a wrong email. We use the UPDATE operator to update the query, SET operator to assign the email.

SQL Query:

```
UPDATE students  
SET Email_ID = 'angela.com'  
WHERE First_Name = 'Angela';
```

Relational Algebra:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{students} \leftarrow & \left(\text{students} - \sigma_{\text{First_Name} = \text{'Angela'}} (\text{students}) \right. \\ & \cup \\ & \left. (\sigma_{\text{First_Name} = \text{'Angela'}} (\text{students})) [\text{Email_ID} := \text{angela.com}] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Error Message:

 459 23:12:19 UPDATE students SET Email_ID = 'angela.com' WHERE First_Name = 'Angela'

Error Code: 3819. Check constraint 'students_chk_1' is violated.

The operation satisfies 1 (error due to violation of constraints specified by G1)

Reason for Error:

The email attribute is specified with a regular expression. As we updated the email value with an erroneous one(without an @ symbol), we got an error message.

Operation 3:

Here we are finding the maximum salary for staff members in the lab. For this query we use the CROSS JOIN, and NOT operator. We create a cross join table and select the salaries which are lower than salaries

in the second table. Atlast, we do a not operation to filter out the maximum salary which would not be present in the table.

The operation satisfies 3 (Aggregate Functions, Comparison, Use of NOT and Cross Join).

List of Salaries in Descending order:

686 •	<code>select salary from staff order by salary desc;</code>						
687							
<hr/>							
	Result Grid Filter Rows: _____ Export: Wrap Cell Content:						
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>salary</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>99937.1</td></tr> <tr><td>96318.4</td></tr> <tr><td>95889.6</td></tr> <tr><td>95749.9</td></tr> <tr><td>90618</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	salary	99937.1	96318.4	95889.6	95749.9	90618
salary							
99937.1							
96318.4							
95889.6							
95749.9							
90618							

SQL Query:

```
select s.salary from staff s
where s.salary not in
(select s2.salary from staff s2 cross join (select * from staff) x
where s2.salary < x.salary );
```

Result of Query:

681 •	<code>select s.salary from staff s</code>		
682	<code>where s.salary not in</code>		
683	<code>(select s2.salary from staff s2 cross join (select * from staff) x where s2.salary < x.salary);</code>		
684			
<hr/>			
	Result Grid Filter Rows: _____ Export: Wrap Cell Content:		
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>salary</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>99937.1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	salary	99937.1
salary			
99937.1			

Relational Algebra:

$$\prod_{\text{salary}}(\text{staff}) - \prod_{\text{staff.salary}} (\sigma_{\text{staff.salary} < x.\text{salary}} (\text{staff} \times \rho_x(\text{staff})))$$

Operation 4:

Here we are making a new column renaming it to Health Allowance using AS. We use CASE and ELSE statements to assign allowance to staff members having different roles. We also perform a RIGHT JOIN of staff with the lab to show data of lab contacts.

The operation satisfies 3 (Right Join, Case Constructs, Renaming).

SQL Query:

```
select s.Employee_ID, s.First_Name, s.Last_Name, l.lab_name,
l.contact,
case
when s.Role='Assistant' then 20000
when s.Role='Researcher' then 10000
when s.Role='Technician' then 5000
else 'None'
end as Health_Allowance
from staff s
right join
lab l
on
s.lab_name = l.lab_name;
```

Result of Query:

The screenshot shows a database query results grid. At the top, there is a code editor window displaying the SQL query with line numbers from 688 to 702. Below the code editor is a toolbar with buttons for 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', 'Export', and 'Wrap Cell Content'. The main area displays a table with the following data:

Employee_ID	First_Name	Last_Name	lab_name	contact	Health_Allowance
1090324586	Antonio	Fritz	Anatomy Lab	9467853210	20000
4282973843	Charles	Sullivan	Anatomy Lab	9467853210	10000
6384582630	Ronald	Mullins	Anatomy Lab	9467853210	5000
8998327608	Daniel	Lee	Anatomy Lab	9467853210	5000
1175259019	Larry	Clark	Biochemistry Lab	8129467035	10000
4549854248	Shawn	Dunn	Biochemistry Lab	8129467035	20000
6534788396	Jennifer	Nouven	Biochemistry Lab	8129467035	10000
9027632972	Heather	Diaz	Biochemistry Lab	8129467035	10000
1357028218	Cody	Lopez	Biology Lab	7341582096	20000
4689717527	Sara	Davis	Biology Lab	7341582096	20000

Relational Algebra:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \rho_{\text{Health_Allowance}} (\text{case when } \text{Role} = \text{'Assistant'} \text{ then } 20,000, \\
 & \quad \text{when } \text{Role} = \text{'Researcher'} \text{ then } 10,000, \\
 & \quad \text{when } \text{Role} = \text{'Technician'} \text{ then } 5000 \text{ else } \text{'Unknown' end}) \\
 & \prod_{\text{Employee_ID}, \text{First_Name}, \text{Last_Name}, \text{Lab_Name}} \text{Health_Allowance} \\
 & \quad [\text{Staff} \bowtie_{\text{Lab_Name}=\text{Lab_Name}} \text{Lab}]
 \end{aligned}$$

Operation 5:

Here we insert a staff member which involves storage of an image along with a caption into the database.

SQL Query:

```

INSERT INTO staff VALUES
(1200000000, 'Ameya', NULL, 'Tajne', 500000.8, 'Researcher', 'Physics
Lab', 'tajneameyas@example.com', 9090900089,
'https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAelbIsNwhuPQ60PapMhlK/vie
w?usp=sharing', 'man wearing professional attire _ img2');

```

The operation satisfies 2 (Storage of an image along with a caption)

Result of Query:

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `staff`;
/*!40101 SET @saved_cs_client = @@character_set_client */;
SET character_set_client = utf8mb4 ;
CREATE TABLE `staff` (
  `Employee_ID` bigint NOT NULL,
  `First_Name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,
  `Middle_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Last_Name` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Salary` float DEFAULT NULL,
  `Role` enum('Assistant','Researcher','Technician') DEFAULT NULL,
  `Lab_Name` ENUM('Anatomy Lab', 'Biochemistry Lab', 'Biology Lab', 'Botany Lab', 'Chemistry Lab', 'Co
  `Email_ID` VARCHAR(255) CHECK (Email_ID REGEXP'^[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Za-z]{2,}$'),
  `Contact` bigint DEFAULT NULL,
  `img_url` VARCHAR(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `img_caption` VARCHAR(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`Employee_ID`),
  UNIQUE KEY `Employee_ID` (`Employee_ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `staff_chk_2` CHECK (((`Contact` >= 1000000000) AND (`Contact` < 10000000000))),
  CONSTRAINT `staff_fk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`Lab_Name`) REFERENCES `lab` (`Lab_Name`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
/*!40101 SET character_set_client = @saved_cs_client */;
```

Before Insertion :

Result Grid										Filter Rows:	Search	Edit	Export/Import:	Print
Employee_ID	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Salary	Role	Lab_Name	Email_ID	Contact	img_url	img_caption				
1090324586	Antonio	Candice	Fritz	21076.4	Assistant	Anatomy Lab	antoniofritz@example.com	7513498620	https://drive.google.com/file/d/19uY3X76bigNjIP...	man wearing professional attire _ img1				
1175259019	Larry	HULL	Clark	48988.8	Researcher	Biochemistry Lab	larryclark@example.com	2385167904	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Uvrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2				
1357028218	Cody	HULL	Lopez	38466.9	Assistant	Biology Lab	codylopez@example.com	6975814320	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3				
1396986120	Jessica	HULL	Frost	71804.4	Researcher	Botany Lab	jessicafrost@example.com	4297681053	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4				
2252282535	Christine	Zachary	Baker	89152.1	Technician	Chemistry Lab	christinebaker@example.com	5196274308	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qApWB6UNuu...	man wearing professional attire _ img5				
2764247410	Alex	Michael	Bailey	99937.1	Technician	Computer Lab	alexbailey@example.com	6739051842	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DpL3E6gvIN2Y...	man wearing professional attire _ img6				
2853892818	Stephen	Karen	Chase	69513	Assistant	Ecology Lab	stephenchase@example.com	8156497023	https://drive.google.com/file/d/19uY3X76bigNjIP...	man wearing professional attire _ img1				
3170365953	David	HULL	Mcgee	21578.4	Assistant	Engineering Lab	davidmcgee@example.com	9205361784	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Uvrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2				
3406445670	Jamie	HULL	Pierce	86842.4	Researcher	Genetics Lab	jamiepierce@example.com	4287951360	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3				
3450567856	Philip	HULL	Smith	31348.6	Technician	Geology Lab	philipsmith@example.com	6921480753	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4				
3630159773	Linda	HULL	Robinson	22609.8	Researcher	Microbiology Lab	lindarobinson@example.c...	5309618472	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DpL3E6gvIN2Y...	man wearing professional attire _ img6				
3762979011	Edwin	John	Howard	25057.7	Technician	Neuroscience Lab	edwinhoward@example.c...	7405829613	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4				
3944593488	Lori	Susan	Erickson	79620.4	Assistant	Physics Lab	lorierickson@example.com	8129034765	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qApAW66UNuu...	man wearing professional attire _ img5				
3986993428	Wendy	HULL	Robbins	71580.8	Researcher	Psychology Lab	wendyrobins@example.c...	3964872051	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2				
3988871171	Ethan	HULL	Velasquez	52002.9	Researcher	Zoology Lab	ethanvelasquez@example.c...	5049286137	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img4				
4282973843	Charles	HULL	Sullivan	71086.1	Researcher	Anatomy Lab	charlessullivan@example.c...	6804529713	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2				
4549854248	Shawn	Robert	Dunn	89957.3	Assistant	Biochemistry Lab	shawndunn@example.com	3289651740	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3				
4689717527	Sara	HULL	Davis	21342.6	Assistant	Biology Lab	saradavis@example.com	7205483169	https://drive.google.com/file/d/19uY3X76bigNjIP...	man wearing professional attire _ img1				
4949907660	Robert	Anna	Conley	33290.6	Researcher	Botany Lab	robertconley@example.com	5184976230	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3				
4990777470	Julian	Oates	Anderson	62040.4	Assistant	Chemical Lab	julianoates@example.com	5774160470	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img6				

After Insertion :

Employee_ID	First_Name	Middle_Name	Last_Name	Salary	Role	Lab_Name	Email_ID	Contact	img_url	img_caption
1090324586	Antonio	Candice	Fritz	21076.4	Assistant	Anatomy Lab	antoniofritz@example.com	7513498620	https://drive.google.com/file/d/19uY3X76bigNjIP...	man wearing professional attire _ img1
1175259019	Larry	HULL	Clark	48988.8	Researcher	Biochemistry Lab	larryclark@example.com	2385167904	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Uvrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2
1200000000	Ameya	HULL	Tajne	500001	Researcher	Physics Lab	tajneameyas@example.com	9090900089	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2
1357028218	Cody	HULL	Lopez	38466.9	Assistant	Biology Lab	codylopez@example.com	6975814320	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3
1396986120	Jessica	HULL	Frost	71804.4	Researcher	Botany Lab	jessicafrost@example.com	4297681053	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4
2252282535	Christine	Zachary	Baker	89152.1	Technician	Chemistry Lab	christinebaker@example.com	5196274308	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qApWB6UNuu...	man wearing professional attire _ img5
2764247410	Alex	Michael	Bailey	99937.1	Technician	Computer Lab	alexbailey@example.com	6739051842	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DpL3E6gvIN2Y...	man wearing professional attire _ img6
2853892818	Stephen	Karen	Chase	69513	Assistant	Ecology Lab	stephenchase@example.c...	8156497023	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img1
3170365953	David	HULL	Mcgee	21578.4	Assistant	Engineering Lab	davidmcgee@example.com	9205361784	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3
3406445670	Jamie	HULL	Pierce	86842.4	Researcher	Genetics Lab	jamiepierce@example.com	4287951360	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DpL3E6gvIN2Y...	man wearing professional attire _ img3
3450567856	Philip	HULL	Smith	31348.6	Technician	Geology Lab	philipsmith@example.com	6921480753	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4
3630159773	Linda	HULL	Robinson	22609.8	Researcher	Microbiology Lab	lindarobinson@example.c...	5309618472	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DpL3E6gvIN2Y...	man wearing professional attire _ img6
3762979011	Edwin	John	Howard	25057.7	Technician	Neuroscience Lab	edwinhoward@example.c...	7405829613	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rk0Dek398QA4...	man wearing professional attire _ img4
3986993428	Wendy	HULL	Robbins	71580.8	Researcher	Psychology Lab	wendyrobins@example.c...	3964872051	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2
3988871171	Ethan	HULL	Velasquez	52002.9	Researcher	Zoology Lab	ethanvelasquez@example.c...	5049286137	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img4
4282973843	Charles	HULL	Sullivan	71086.1	Researcher	Anatomy Lab	charlessullivan@example.c...	6804529713	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img2
4549854248	Shawn	Robert	Dunn	89957.3	Assistant	Biochemistry Lab	shawndunn@example.com	3289651740	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3
4689717527	Sara	HULL	Davis	21342.6	Assistant	Biology Lab	saradavis@example.com	7205483169	https://drive.google.com/file/d/19uY3X76bigNjIP...	man wearing professional attire _ img1
4949907660	Robert	Anna	Conley	33290.6	Researcher	Botany Lab	robertconley@example.com	5184976230	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UCKE2pw8BxXX...	man wearing professional attire _ img3
4990777470	Julian	Oates	Anderson	62040.4	Assistant	Chemical Lab	julianoates@example.com	5774160470	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAel...	man wearing professional attire _ img6

Relational Algebra:

```
staff ← ( staff ) U ( 1200000000,'Ameya',NULL,'Tajne',500000.8,'Researcher','Physics Lab','tajneameyas@example.com',9090900089,'https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UVrg23vtXXhAelbIsNwhuPQ60PapMhlK/view?usp=sharing', 'man wearing professional attire img2' )
```

Work Distribution:

Manav Jain (G2):

- Contributed in the solution of referential integrity question, covering possible violations, along with their solutions
- Helped in creating new user
- Helped in creating different views of the table

Anish Karnik(G1):

- Generated Fake data using python
- Created User defined data types
- Wrote SQL queries and relational algebra for them in Q3
- Wrote the queries throwing error and its reasons

Kaushal Kothiya(G2):

- Contributed to making users, tables and views for G2.
- Helped in discovering different examples in our database where referential integrity is violated and finding potential solutions.
- Contributed to the documentation aspect for G2.
- Helped in crafting tables incorporating images and formulating associated queries.

Tajne Ameya(G1):

- Wrote user defined data type Enum for lab_names and department
- Created data for the student and inventory
- Created many to many , one-to-one and one to many relationships between the entities.
- Implemented relevant indexing strategies to improve data retrieval efficiency.

Srujan Kumar Shetty(G2):

- Helped create tables with photos and formulate related queries.
- Contributed to the discovery of various examples of referential integrity violations in our database, as well as the identification of feasible solutions.
- Contributed to the documentation portion for G2.
- Helped to create users, tables, and views for G2.

Sachin Jalan(G1):

- Created table extensions
- Did indexing on tables and found the query execution time for them
- Contributed in writing sql queries
- Contributed in writing relational algebra for those queries

Husain Malwat(G1):

- Created SQL schema and contributed in generating fake data.
- Created many-to-many, one-to-one and one-to-many relationships between the entities.
- Contributed to the documentation of G1(Indexing over columns, user-defined data types, and table extension.)