

Discretionary Note

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IF YOU USE THIS FILE TO CHEAT, YOU ARE NOT ONLY STUPID BUT YOU ARE CHEATING YOURSELF OUT OF THE ABILITY TO FALL IN LOVE WITH MATH. Furthermore, I am not smarter than you and my solutions did not always get a perfect score.

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Math 225- HW 11 Due: Dec 9 by Midnight

Submit the first two problems, along with any three additional problems of your choice.

- Two linear operators U and T on a finite dimensional vector space are called simultaneously diagonalizable if there exist an ordered basis β such that both $[T]_\beta$ and $[U]_\beta$ are diagonal. Similarly A, B are simultaneously diagonalizable if there exist Q invertible such that both $Q^{-1}AQ$ and $Q^{-1}BQ$ are diagonal.

- Prove that if U and T simultaneously diagonalizable then U and T commute. i.e. $UT = TU$
- Conclude that A, B are simultaneously diagonalizable then A, B commute
- Let T be diagonalizable linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space, then T and T^m are simultaneously diagonalizable for any m positive integer.

- Let T, U be a linear operator on a vector space V , and let v be a non zero vector in V .

- Show that E_λ for any eigenvalue λ of T is a T -invariant subspace of V .
- Show that T -cyclic subspace generated by v is a T -invariant subspace of V .
- Let W be the T -cyclic subspace generated by v . Then for any $w \in V$, $w \in W$ iff $w = g(T)v$ for some polynomial g .
- Let V be T -cyclic subspace of itself. Show that if U commutes with T then $U = g(T)$ for some polynomial g .
- If V is two dimensional then either V is T -cyclic subspace of itself or $T = cI$.

- Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional vector space V , and suppose that the distinct eigenvalues of T are $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_k$. Prove that

$$\text{span}(\{x \in V : x \text{ is an eigenvector of } T\}) = E_{\lambda_1} \oplus E_{\lambda_2} \oplus \dots \oplus E_{\lambda_k}$$

- Let T be a linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space V , and W be an invariant subspace of V . Suppose that v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n are eigenvectors of T corresponding to distinct eigenvalues.

- Prove that if $v_1 + v_2 + \dots + v_n$ is in W , then v_i is in W for all i . (Use induction)
- Prove that the restriction of a diagonalizable linear operator T to any nontrivial T -invariant subspace is also diagonalizable. Hint: Use the fact that any element of the T -invariant subspace is a linear combination of some eigenvalues, and part *a*).
- Use part *a*) to show that V is a T -cyclic subspace of itself. Hint: Pick a vector that gives a basis to V

- Let T be a linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space V .

- Prove that T is diagonalizable if and only if V is the direct sum of one-dimensional T -invariant subspaces.
- Let $V = W_1 \oplus W_2 \oplus \dots \oplus W_k$ where W_1, W_2, \dots, W_k are T -invariant subspaces. Prove that

$$\det(T) = \det(T_{W_1}) \cdot \det(T_{W_2}) \cdot \dots \cdot \det(T_{W_k})$$

6. Prove the parallelogram law on an inner product space V ;

$$\|x + y\|^2 + \|x - y\|^2 = 2\|x\|^2 + 2\|y\|^2, \quad \text{for all } x, y \in V$$

7. Let V be a finite dimensional inner product space over \mathbb{F} and let $S = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ be an orthonormal subset of V . Show that if S is a basis for V then for any $x, y \in V$ one has

$$\langle x, y \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^n \langle x, v_i \rangle \overline{\langle y, v_i \rangle}$$

(This is called Parseval's equality)

8. Let $V = C[0, 1]$ with the inner product $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_0^1 f(t)g(t)dt$. Let $W = \text{Span}\{t, \sqrt{t}\}$.
- Find an orthonormal basis for W . (I suggest you to practice Gram-Schmidt process -problem 2 of Section 6.2 till you feel comfortable)
 - Let $h(t) = t^2$. Use the orthogonal basis obtained in part *a*) to obtain the closest approximation of h in W . Use Theorem 6.6
 - Let $V = C([-1, 1])$ Let W_e denote the subspace of V that includes all even functions. Find W_e^\perp .