Homework 2

In this homework you will complete a couple of simple exercises in order to show your understanding with Python. If these exercises are challenging or new to you, you may want to reconsider taking the class and/or brush up on your Python skills. For the following exercises you are not allowed to use any Python packages (i.e. Numpy, Pandas, etc.).

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Mandatory: Please print the output of each question below your code

Lists

1.1 Create an empty Python list called 'a' in the cell below.

```
In [1]: #your code here
    a = []
    a
Out[1]: []
```

1.2 Store all values between 1-100 (inclusive) with increments of 3 (i.e. 1, 4, 7...) in 'a'.

```
In [2]: #your code here
          i = 1
         while i <= 100:</pre>
              a.append(i)
              i = i + 3
          а
Out[2]: [1,
           7,
           10,
           13,
           16,
           19,
           22,
           25,
           28,
           31,
           34,
           37,
           40,
           43,
           46,
           49,
           52,
          55,
           58,
           61,
           64,
           67,
           70,
           73,
           76,
           79,
           82,
           85,
           88,
           91,
           94,
           97,
           100]
```

1.3 Create another list called 'a2' with numbers from 2-46 (inclusive) with increments of 0.5 (i.e. 2, 2.5, 3...).

```
In [3]: #your code here
    a2 = []
    i = 2
    while i <= 46:
        a2.append(i)
        i = i + 0.5
    a2</pre>
```

Out[3]: [2, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 10.5, 11.0, 11.5, 12.0, 12.5, 13.0, 13.5, 14.0, 14.5, 15.0, 15.5, 16.0, 16.5, 17.0, 17.5, 18.0, 18.5, 19.0, 19.5, 20.0, 20.5, 21.0, 21.5, 22.0, 22.5, 23.0, 23.5, 24.0, 24.5, 25.0, 25.5, 26.0, 26.5, 27.0, 27.5, 28.0, 28.5, 29.0, 29.5,

30.0,

30.5, 31.0, 31.5, 32.0, 32.5, 33.0, 33.5, 34.0, 34.5, 35.0, 35.5, 36.0, 36.5, 37.0, 37.5, 38.0, 38.5, 39.0, 39.5, 40.0, 40.5, 41.0, 41.5, 42.0, 42.5, 43.0, 43.5, 44.0,

44.5, 45.0, 45.5, 46.0]

1.4 Double every even integer element from list 'a'. Store the results back in 'a'.

```
#your code here
In [4]:
         temp = [2 * i for i in a]
         a = temp
Out[4]: [2,
          8,
          14,
          20,
          26,
          32,
          38,
          44,
          50,
          56,
          62,
          68,
          74,
          80,
          86,
          92,
          98,
          104,
          110,
          116,
          122,
          128,
          134,
          140,
          146,
          152,
          158,
          164,
          170,
          176,
          182,
          188,
          194,
          200]
```

1.5 Add all numbers in 'a' except for the 2nd and 21st elements (the 2nd element here means the element at list index 1 and similarly for the 21st element).

```
In [5]: #your code here
sum(a) - (a[1] + a[20])
Out[5]: 3304
```

1.6 Calculate the mean of 'a'.

```
In [6]: #your code here
    m = sum(a) / len(a)
    m
Out[6]: 101.0
```

1.7 Delete all elements greater than the mean value from list 'a'

Strings

2.1 Create an empty list called 'b'.

```
In [8]: #your code here
b = []
b
Out[8]: []
```

2.2 Store the words in the sentence below as elements into the list 'b'.

'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work with data.'

```
In [9]: #your code here
         s = 'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work wi
         th data.'
         b = s.split()
         b
Out[9]: ['I',
          'am',
          'so',
          'excited',
          'about',
          'Data-X.',
          'It',
          'is',
          'important',
          'to',
          'be',
          'able',
          'to',
          'work',
          'with',
          'data.']
```

2.3 Return the count of the occurences of the lower-case letter 'e' in the list 'b'.

```
In [10]: #your code here
count_e = 0
for i in b:
    count_e = count_e + i.count('e')
count_e
Out[10]: 4
```

2.4 Replace every lower- or upper-case letter 'i' in the list b with a '1'.

```
In [11]: #your code here
          for i in range(len(b)):
              x = b[i].replace('i', '1').replace('I', '1')
              b[i] = x
          b
Out[11]: ['1',
           'am',
           'so',
           'exc1ted',
           'about',
           'Data-X.',
           '1t',
           '1s',
           '1mportant',
           'to',
           'be',
           'able',
           'to',
           'work',
           'w1th',
           'data.']
```

2.5 Append the string "This is the end of the first HW." to the list 'b'.

```
In [12]: #your code here
          b.append("This is the end of the first HW.")
          b
Out[12]: ['1',
           'am',
           'so',
           'exc1ted',
           'about',
           'Data-X.',
           '1t',
           '1s',
           '1mportant',
           'to',
           'be',
           'able',
           'to',
           'work',
           'w1th',
           'data.',
           'This is the end of the first HW.'
```

2.6 Print 'b' as ONE string backwards (starting with "WH tsrif...").

```
In [13]: #your code here
  temp = [i[::-1] for i in b]
  res = ' '.join(reversed(temp))
  print(res)

.WH tsrif eht fo dne eht si sihT .atad htlw krow ot elba eb ot tnatropm
1 s1 t1 .X-ataD tuoba detlcxe os ma 1
```

Dictionaries

3.1 Put the following in a dictionary called 'codes':

```
Keys: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005
Values: 'Alpha', 'Beta', 'Gamma', 'Delta', 'Tau'
```

then traverse the dictionary by its keys and change every value to be all lower case.

```
In [14]: #your code here
d = {1001: 'Alpha', 1002: 'Beta', 1003: 'Gamma', 1004: 'Delta', 1005: 'T
au'}
for k, v in d.items():
    t = v.lower()
    d[k] = t
d
Out[14]: {1001: 'alpha', 1002: 'beta', 1003: 'gamma', 1004: 'delta', 1005: 'ta
u'}
```

3.2 Delete 'alpha' from the dictionary.

```
In [15]: #your code here
d = {k: v for k, v in d.items() if v != 'alpha'}
d
Out[15]: {1002: 'beta', 1003: 'gamma', 1004: 'delta', 1005: 'tau'}
```

Sets

4.1 Create a set called 'c' with the all the odd numbers less than 10.

```
In [16]: #your code here
c = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
c
Out[16]: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
```

4.2 Create another set called 'd' with elements 2, 5, 10, 30.

```
In [17]: #your code here
d = [2, 5, 10, 30]
d
Out[17]: [2, 5, 10, 30]
```

4.3 Find the union between sets 'c' and 'd' and store this in a new set called 'e'.

```
In [18]: #your code here
    e = list(set(c) | set(d))
    e

Out[18]: [1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 30]
```

4.4 Find the intersection between sets 'c' and 'd'.

```
In [19]: #your code here
f = list(set(c) & set(d))
f
```

Out[19]: [5]