

Q7) Consider 3 risky assets with the variance-covariance matrix and expected returns (all in data in %)

variance-covariance Matrix (C)			Return (M)
10	4	0	5
4	12	6	6
0	6	10	1

Find 2 efficient portfolios. Also construct portfolio giving 2.8% return with minimum risk. Will this portfolio be efficient?

Taking $\alpha = 0$, $\beta = 1$ we need to solve $\sum_{i,j} \sigma_{ij} v_j^{(1)} = 1$

resulting in the following system of linear equations

$$\begin{aligned} 10 v_1^{(1)} + 4 v_2^{(1)} &= 1 \\ 4 v_1^{(1)} + 12 v_2^{(1)} + 6 v_3^{(1)} &= 1 \\ 6 v_2^{(1)} + 10 v_3^{(1)} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

The solution $v^{(1)} = (1/10, 0, 1/10)$

We now take $\alpha = 1$, $\beta = 0$ to solve $\sum_{i,j} \sigma_{ij} v_j^{(2)} = \mu_i \quad (i=1,2,3)$

$$\begin{aligned} 10 v_1^{(2)} + 4 v_2^{(2)} &= 5 \\ 4 v_1^{(2)} + 12 v_2^{(2)} + 6 v_3^{(2)} &= 6 \\ 6 v_2^{(2)} + 10 v_3^{(2)} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Solving, we get $V^{(1)} = (3/0, 1/2, -1/5)^T$

Now, normalizing $V^{(1)}$, we get

$$W^{(1)} = V^{(1)}_{\text{norm}} = (1/2, 0, 1/2)$$

Normalizing $V^{(2)}$ we get:-

$$W^{(2)} = \text{Norm}(V^{(2)}) = (1/2, 5/6, -1/3)^T$$

The corresponding returns from the 2 portfolios with weights $W^{(1)}$ and $W^{(2)}$ is

$$\bar{\mu}^{(1)} = m^T W^{(1)} = [5 \ 6 \ 1]^T [1/2, 0, 1/2]$$

$$= 3\%$$

$$\boxed{\bar{\mu}^{(1)} = 3\%}$$

$$\bar{\mu}^{(2)} = m^T W^{(2)} = [5 \ 6 \ 1]^T [1/2, 5/6, -1/3]^T$$

$$\boxed{\bar{\mu}^{(2)} = 7.16\%}$$

Now we consider a case when the investor desires a return of $\mu = 2.8\%$ with minimum risk.

$$\lambda \bar{\mu}^{(1)} + (1-\lambda) \bar{\mu}^{(2)} = 2.8$$

$$\lambda (\bar{\mu}^{(1)} - \bar{\mu}^{(2)}) = 2.8 - \bar{\mu}^{(2)}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2.8 - \bar{\mu}^{(2)}}{\bar{\mu}^{(1)} - \bar{\mu}^{(2)}} = \frac{2.8 - 7.16}{3 - 7.16}$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 1.048}$$

Thus by the 2-fund theorem the degenerate portfolio is given by :-

$$\begin{aligned} w &= \lambda w^{(1)} + (1-\lambda)w^{(2)} \\ &= 1.048 \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}^T + (-0.048) \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 4/6 & -1/3 \end{bmatrix}^T \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.04 & 27/50 \\ & & (-1/25) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1/25 & 27/50 \end{bmatrix}$$

This is not the most efficient portfolio.