# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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### NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. How do you create a user-defined exception in Python?

Answer

By creating a new class that inherits from the Exception class

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What is the output of the following code?

try:
 x = "hello" + 5
 except TypeError:
 print("Type Error occurred")
finally:

```
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      print("This will always execute")
Answer
    Type Error occurred This will always execute
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
    3. What is the output of the following code?
    try:
      x = 1 / 0
    except ZeroDivisionError:
     print("Caught division by zero error")
   finally:
      print("Executed")
    Answer
    Caught division by zero errorExecuted
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
    4. What is the output of the following code?
    class MyError(Exception):
    pass
    try:
      raise MyError("Something went wrong")
    except MyError as e:
      print(e)
    Answer
    Something went wrong
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
       Fill in the code in order to get the following output:
```

Output: Name of the file: ex.txt	240101041	240/0101
fo = open((1), "wb") print("Name of the file: ",	_)(2)	
Answer 1) "ex.txt"2) fo.name		
Status: Correct		Marks : 1/1
Status : Confect		MUING . I/ I
6. Fill in the blanks in the follo	owing code of writing data in bi	nary files.
import(1)  rec=[]  while True:  rn=int(input("Enter"))  nm=input("Enter")  temp=[rn, nm]  rec.append(temp)  ch=input("Enter choice (y/N)  if ch.upper=="N":  break	24010	24010
f.open("stud.dat","dump(rec,f)(3) close()(4)	_")(2)	2010101
Answer	V.	V
(pickle,wb,pickle,f)		
Status: Correct		Marks : 1/1
7. What is the correct way to r	raise an exception in Python?	
Answer	A	
raise Exception()  Status: Correct		10/0
Status: Correct	240701047	Marks : 1/1

8. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
# Predefined lines to simulate the file content
   lines = [
     "This is 1st line",
     "This is 2nd line",
     "This is 3rd line"
     "This is 4th line",
     "This is 5th line"
   print("Name of the file: foo.txt")
   # Print the first 5 lines from the predefined list
for index in range(5):
     line = lines[index]
     print("Line No %d - %s" % (index + 1, line.strip()))
   Answer
   None of the mentioned options
                                                                         Marks: 0/1
   Status: Wrong
   9. What is the default value of reference_point in the following code?
   file_object.seek(offset [,reference_point])
   Answer
```

0

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which of the following is true about the finally block in Python?

#### Answer

The finally block is always executed, regardless of whether an exception occurs or not

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What happens if no arguments are passed to the seek function? Answer error Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1 12. Which of the following is true about fp.seek(10,1) Answer Move file pointer ten characters ahead from the current position Status: Correct Marks: 1/ 13. What will be the output of the following Python code? f = None for i in range (5): with open("data.txt", "w") as f: if i > 2: break print(f.closed) Answer True Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 14. How do you rename a file? Answer

os.rename(existing\_name, new\_name)

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

15. What is the purpose of the except clause in Python?

# Answer

To handle exceptions during code execution

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Which clause is used to clean up resources, such as closing files in Python?

#### Answer

finally

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

- 17. Match the following:
- a) f.seek(5,1) i) Move file pointer five characters behind from the current position
- b) f.seek(-5,1) ii) Move file pointer to the end of a file
- c) f.seek(0,2) iii) Move file pointer five characters ahead from the current position
- d) f.seek(0) iv) Move file pointer to the beginning of a file

Answer

a-iii, b-i, c-ii, d-iv

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What happens if an exception is not caught in the except clause?

#### Answer

The program will display a traceback error and stop execution

Status: Correct

19. What is the difference between r+ and w+ modes?

# Answer

in w+ the pointer is initially placed at the beginning of the file and the pointer is at the end for r+

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. Fill the code to in order to read file from the current position.

Assuming exp.txt file has following 3 lines, consider current file position is beginning of 2nd line

Meri,25

John,21

Raj,20

Ouptput:

['John,21\n','Raj,20\n']

Answer

1) f.seek(0, 1)2) f.readlines()

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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### NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_COD

Attempt : 2 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Write a program that calculates the average of a list of integers. The program prompts the user to enter the length of the list (n) and each element of the list. It performs error handling to ensure that the length of the list is a non-negative integer and that each input element is a numeric value.

#### Input Format

The first line of the input is an integer n, representing the length of the list as a positive integer.

The second line of the input consists of an element of the list as an integer, separated by a new line.

**Output Format** 

If a non-numeric value is entered for the length of the list, the output displays "Error: You must enter a numeric value."

If a non-numeric value is entered for a list element, the output displays "Error: You must enter a numeric value."

If the inputs are valid, the program calculates and prints the average of the provided list of integers with two decimal places: "The average is: [average]".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: -2
2
```

Output: Error: The length of the list must be a non-negative integer.

#### Answer

```
n_input=input()
try:
  n=int(n_input)
except ValueError:
  print("Error: You must enter a numeric value.")
else:
  if n<=0:
    print("Error: The length of the list must be a non-negative integer.")
  else:
    numbers=[]
    valid=True
    for _ in range(n):
       val=input()
       try:
```

```
num=int(val)
numbers.append(num)
except ValueError:
print("Error: You must enter a numeric value.")
valid=False
break
if valid:
average=sum(numbers)/n
print(f"The average is: {average:.2f}")
except:
print("Error: You must enter a numeric value.")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

# 2. Problem Statement

Sophie enjoys playing with words and wants to count the number of words in a sentence. She inputs a sentence, saves it to a file, and then reads it from the file to count the words.

Write a program to determine the number of words in the input sentence.

File Name: sentence\_file.txt

#### Input Format

The input consists of a single line of text containing words separated by spaces.

## **Output Format**

The output displays the count of words in the sentence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: Four Words In This Sentence

Output: 5

Answer

```
sen=input()
with open("sentence_file.txt","w") as file:
    file.write(sen)
with open("sentence_file.txt","r") as file:
    content=file.read()
words=content.split()
print(len(words))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Tara is a content manager who needs to perform case conversions for various pieces of text and save the results in a structured manner.

She requires a program to take a user's input string, save it in a file, and then retrieve and display the string in both upper-case and lower-case versions. Help her achieve this task efficiently.

File Name: text\_file.txt

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single line containing a string provided by the user.

#### **Output Format**

The first line displays the original string read from the file in the format: "Original String: {original\_string}".

The second line displays the upper-case version of the original string in the format: "Upper-Case String: {upper\_case\_string}".

The third line displays the lower-case version of the original string in the format: "Lower-Case String: {lower\_case\_string}".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: #SpecialSymBoLs1234

Output: Original String: #SpecialSymBoLs1234 Upper-Case String: #SPECIALSYMBOLS1234 Lower-Case String: #specialsymbols1234

#### Answer

```
with open("text_file.txt","w") as file:
    file.write(user_input)
with open("text_file.txt","r") as file:
    original_string=file.read()
print(f"Original String: {original_string}")
print(f"Upper-Case String: {original_string.upper()}")
print(f"Lower-Case String: {original_string.lower()}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

A retail store requires a program to calculate the total cost of purchasing a product based on its price and quantity. The program performs validation to ensure valid inputs and handles specific error conditions using exceptions:

Price Validation: If the price is zero or less, raise a ValueError with the message: "Invalid Price".Quantity Validation: If the quantity is zero or less, raise a ValueError with the message: "Invalid Quantity".Cost Threshold: If the total cost exceeds 1000, raise RuntimeError with the message: "Excessive Cost".

#### Input Format

The first line of input consists of a double value, representing the price of a product.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the quantity of the product.

#### **Output Format**

If the calculation is successful, print the total cost rounded to one decimal place.

If the price is zero or less prints "Invalid Price".

If the quantity is zero or less prints "Invalid Quantity"

If the total cost exceeds 1000, prints "Excessive Cost".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 20.0
```

Output: 100.0

```
Answer
try:
  price=float(input())
  if price<=0:
    raise ValueError("Invalid Price")
  quantity=int(input())
  if quantity<=0:
    raise ValueError("Invalid Quantity")
  total_cost=price*quantity
  if total_cost>1000:
    raise RuntimeError("Excessive Cost")
  print(f"{total_cost:.1f}")
except ValueError as ve:
  print(ve)
except RuntimeError as re:
  print(re)
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

Problem Statement

In a voting system, a person must be at least 18 years old to be eligible to vote. If a user enters an age below 18, the system should raise a userdefined exception indicating that they are not eligible to vote.

#### **Input Format**

The input contains a positive integer representing age.

#### **Output Format**

If the age is less than 18, the output displays "Not eligible to vote".

Otherwise, the output displays "Eligible to vote".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 18
```

Output: Eligible to vote

#### Answer

```
class noteligibletovote(Exception):
  pass
age=int(input())
  if age<18:
     raise noteligibletovote
  else:
     print("Eligible to vote")
except noteligibletovote:
  print("Not eligible to vote")
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

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#### NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_PAH

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30

Marks Obtained: 25

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Peter manages a student database and needs a program to add students. For each student, Alex inputs their ID and name. The program checks for duplicate IDs and ensures the database isn't full.

If a duplicate or a full database is detected, an appropriate error message is displayed. Otherwise, the student is added, and a confirmation message is shown. The database has a maximum capacity of 30 students, and each student must have a unique ID.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of students to be added to the school database.

The next n lines each contain two space-separated values, representing the student's ID (integer) and the student's name (string).

#### Output Format

The output will depend on the actions performed in the code.

If a student is added to the database, the output will display: "Student with ID [ID number] added to the database."

If there is an exception due to a duplicate student ID, the output will display: "Exception caught. Error: Student ID already exists."

If there is an exception due to the database being full, the output will display: "Exception caught. Error: Student database is full."

Refer to the sample outputs for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 3
16 Sam
87 Sabari
43 Dani
```

Output: Student with ID 16 added to the database. Student with ID 87 added to the database.

Student with ID 43 added to the database.

#### Answer

MAX\_CAPACITY=30

```
try:
    n=int(input())
    student_db=set()
    for _ in range(n):
        entry=input().strip().split()
        student_id=int(entry[0])
        student_name=entry[1]
```

```
if len(student_db)>=MAX_CAPACITY:
    raise RuntimeError("Student database is full.")

if student_id in student_db:
    raise ValueError("Student ID already exists.")
    else:
        student_db.add(student_id)
        print(f"Student with ID {student_id} added to the database.")

except ValueError as ve:
    print(f"Exception caught. Error: {ve}")
    except RuntimeError as re:
    print(f"Exception caught. Error: {re}")
```

#### 2. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

John is a data analyst who often works with text files. He needs a program that can analyze the contents of a text file and count the number of times a specific character appears in the file.

Marks: 10/1

John wants a simple program that allows him to specify a file and a character to count within that file.

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of the file's name to be analyzed.

The second line of the input consists of the string they want to write within the file.

The third line of the input consists of a character to count within the file.

#### **Output Format**

If the character is found, the output displays "The character 'X' appears {Y} times in the file." where X is the character and Y i the count,

If the character does not appear in the file, the output displays "Character not found."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: test.txt
This is a test file to check the character count.
e
Output: The character 'e' appears 5 times in the file.

#### Answer

```
file_name=input()
file_content=input()
char_to_count=input()

with open(file_name, 'w') as file:
    file.write(file_content)
with open(file_name, 'r') as file:
    content=file.read()

count=content.lower().count(char_to_count.lower())

if count>0:
    print(f"The character '{char_to_count}' appears {count} times in the file.")
else:
    print("Character not found in the file.")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Reeta is playing with numbers. Reeta wants to have a file containing a list of numbers, and she needs to find the average of those numbers. Write a program to read the numbers from the file, calculate the average, and display it.

File Name: user\_input.txt

#### Input Format

The input file will contain a single line of space-separated numbers (as a string).

These numbers may be integers or decimals.

#### **Output Format**

If all inputs are valid numbers, the output should print: "Average of the numbers is: X.XX" (where X.XX is the computed average rounded to two decimal places)

If the input contains invalid data, print: "Invalid data in the input."

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1 2 3 4 5
```

Output: Average of the numbers is: 3.00

```
Answer
try:
  with open("user_input.txt","r") as file:
  content=file.read().strip()
  items=content.split()
  numbers=[]
  for item in items:
    try:
      numbers.append(float(item))
    except ValueError:
      print("Invalid data in the input.")
      exit()
  if numbers:
    average=sum(numbers)/len(numbers)
   print(f"Average of the numbers is: {average:.2f}")
else:
```

print("Invalid data in the input.")
except Exception:
print("Invalid data in the input.")

Marks : 5/10

Status: Partially correct

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#### NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Write a program to obtain the start time and end time for the stage event show. If the user enters a different format other than specified, an exception occurs and the program is interrupted. To avoid that, handle the exception and prompt the user to enter the right format as specified.

Start time and end time should be in the format 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS'If the input is in the above format, print the start time and end time.If the input does not follow the above format, print "Event time is not in the format"

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of the start time of the event.

The second line of the input consists of the end time of the event.

#### **Output Format**

If the input is in the given format, print the start time and end time.

If the input does not follow the given format, print "Event time is not in the format".

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Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 2022-01-12 06:10:00 2022-02-12 10:10:12 Output: 2022-01-12 06:10:00

2022-02-12 10:10:12

#### Answer

from datetime import datetime

```
start_time=input()
end_time=input()
```

try:

datetime.strptime(start\_time, '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
datetime.strptime(end\_time, '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
print(start\_time)
print(end\_time)
except:
print("Event time is not in the format")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

In the enchanted realm of Academia, you, the Academic Alchemist, are bestowed with a magical quill and a parchment to weave the grades of aspiring students into a tapestry of academic brilliance.

The mission is to craft a Python program that empowers faculty members

to enter student grades for any two subjects, stores these magical grades in a mystical file, and then, with a wave of your virtual wand, calculates the GPA to unveil the true essence of academic achievement.

#### **Input Format**

The input format is a string representing the student's name, any two subjects, and corresponding grades.

After entering grades, they can type 'done' when prompted for the student's name.

#### **Output Format**

The output should display the (average of grades) calculated GPA with a precision of two decimal places.

The magical grades will be saved in a mystical file named "magical\_grades.txt".

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: Alice

```
Math
95
English
88
done
Output: 91.50

Answer

with open("magical_grades.txt","w") as file:
    while True:
        name=input()
        if name.lower()=='done':
            break
        subject1=input()
        grade1=int(input())

subject2=input()
```

```
grade2=int(input())

if not(0 <= grade1 <= 100 and 0 <= grade2 <= 100):
    print("Grades must be between 0 and 100.")
    continue

file.write(f"{name},{subject1},{grade1},{subject2},{grade2}\n")

gpa=(grade1+grade2)/2
print(f"{gpa:.2f}")</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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#### 3. Problem Statement

Alice is developing a program called "Name Sorter" that helps users organize and sort names alphabetically.

The program takes names as input from the user, saves them in a file, and then displays the names in sorted order.

File Name: sorted\_names.txt.

#### Input Format

The input consists of multiple lines, each containing a name represented as a string.

To end the input and proceed with sorting, the user can enter 'q'.

#### **Output Format**

The output displays the names in alphabetical order, each name on a new line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Alice Smith John Doe

```
Output: Alice Smith
   Emma Johnson
   John Doe
   Answer
   names=[]
   while True:
     name=input()
     if name.lower()=='q':
       break
     names.append(name)
   names.sort()
   with open("sorted_names.txt","w") as file:
     for name in names:
       file.write(name + "\n")
   for name in names:
     print(name)
```

#### 4. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

Emma Johnson

Implement a program that checks whether a set of three input values can form the sides of a valid triangle. The program defines a function is\_valid\_triangle that takes three side lengths as arguments and raises a ValueError if any side length is not a positive value. It then checks whether the sum of any two sides is greater than the third side to determine the validity of the triangle.

Marks: 10/10

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer A, representing side1.

The second line of input consists of an integer B, representing side2.

The third line of input consists of an integer C, representing side3.

#### **Output Format**

The output prints either "It's a valid triangle" if the input side lengths form a valid triangle,

or "It's not a valid triangle" if they do not.

If there is a ValueError, it should print "ValueError: <error\_message>".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 3
Output: It's a valid triangle
Answer
def is_valid_triangle(a,b,c):
  if a<=0 or b<=0 or c<=0:
    raise ValueError("Side lengths must be positive")
  if a+b>c and a+c>b and b+c>a:
     return True
  else:
    return False
  a=int(input())
  b=int(input())
  c=int(input())
  if is_valid_triangle(a,b,c):
    print("It's a valid triangle")
    print("It's not a valid triangle")
except ValueError as e:
  print(f"ValueError: {e}")
```

Status : Correct Marks: 10/10