

College: Sardar Patel Institute of Technology Theme: Data Science / Machine Learning **TECHNOUTSAV 3.0** 

#### Round 2

#### Phase 3 – Proof Of Concept - Prototype

<b>Defined Deliverables</b>	Sample
What is the qualitative and quantitative impact of your proposed solution	Provided in presentation    Sample   Provided   Provide
	olution Design DataModel & Architecture
Solution/Code to be made available on cloud	Development is done on cloud (Details of code components is available in execution guide)
Test Data to be made available on cloud	The test data is available in the form of as per designed Data Model (Details are available in execution guide)
Executed Test cases and Results	Test case is attached with the submission  Test_Case.xlsx
Execution Guide (including cloud login credentials)	Step by step guide to install application with screen shots are attached

### **Business Problem**

Fraud Rates increasing alarmingly in the finance sector

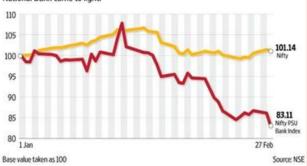
from various points that are not consolidated enable this



A Fraud
Detection
System to tackle
this issue

#### ALL FALL DOWN

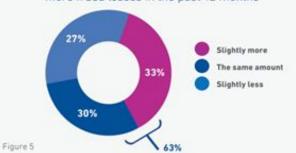
Public sector bank stocks have plummeted a massive 12% since the fraud at Punjab National Bank came to light.



### **Reeling Under the Pressure**

	201	7-18	2018-19		
Bank Group/ Institution	Number of Frauds (₹ cr)	Amount Involved (₹ cr)	Number of Frauds (₹ cr)	Amount Involved (₹ cr)	
Public Sector	2,885	38,260.87	3,766	64,509.90	
Banks	-48.8	-92.9	-55.4	-90.2	
Private Sector	1,975	2,478.52	2,090	5,515.10	
Banks	-33.4	-6	-30.7	-7.7	
Foreign Books	974	256.00	762	955.30	
Foreign Banks	-16.5	-0.6	-11.2	-1.3	
Financial	12	164.70	28	553.40	
Institutions	-0.2	-0.4	-0.4	-0.8	
Total	5,916	41,167.00	6,801	71,542.90	

63% of businesses have experienced the same or more fraud losses in the past 12 months



## Solution

#### Extract the Data + Provide **Training Sets**

We have used two datasets-

Online financial transactions

transaction frauds. The data

is split into three different

segments - training, testing

The **train** data will be trained

frauds and Credit card

and cross - validation.

### The data is trained for $\rightarrow$

Training & Building

Models

- certain input parameters to predict boolean outputs.
- Models will be built for prediction based on previous examples of data.
- After experimentation, the model with the hest accuracy is found.

#### Detect/Predict Frauds

- The first model will predict whether a new transaction is fraudulent or not. The second model will predict a credit card transaction fraud.
- The model will give a probability score of fraud based on earlier scenarios.
- Any fraud by individual or companies will be detected on a single platform.

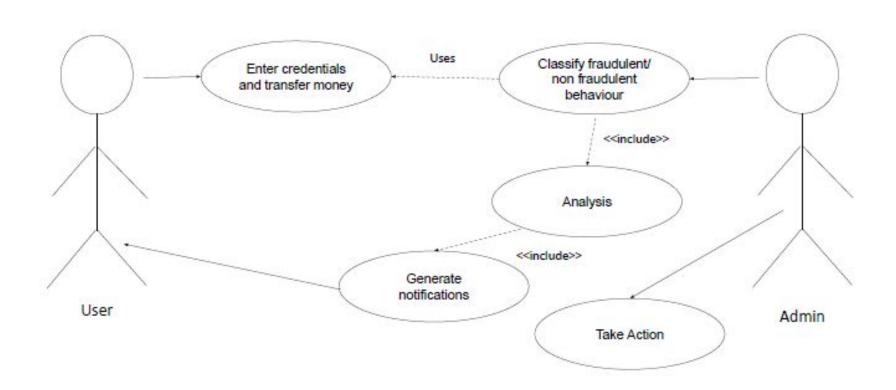
#### Notify/Take actions

- estimated.
- Based on the predictive analysis and probabilities of frauds the company can either **Accept** or **Reject** transactions and credit card frauds can be stopped...

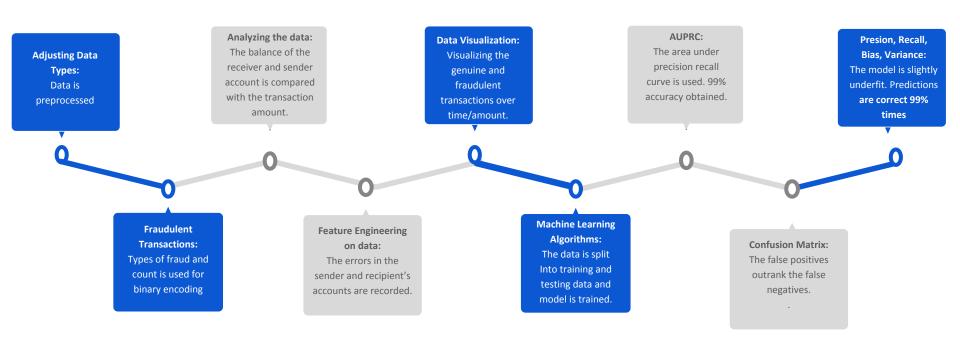
- for prediction. The **test** data will be used for predicting the frauds.
- The high performing models will be cross - validated to ensure consistency in results.

The risk of frauds will be

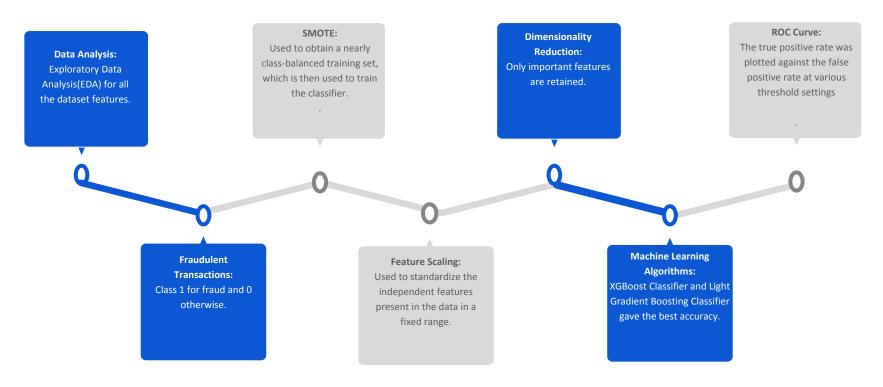
## **Use Case**



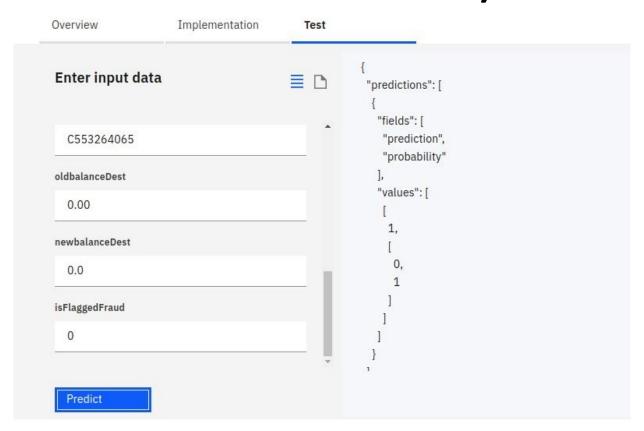
# Detailed Solution Design and Architecture (Online Payments Transaction Frauds)



# Detailed Solution Design and Architecture (Credit Card Transaction Frauds)

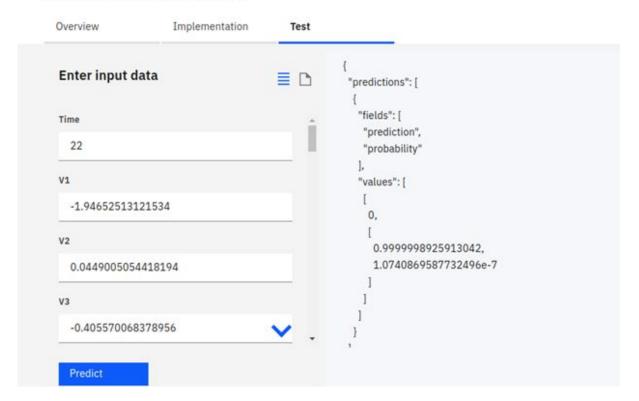


# **Executed Test Cases (Online Payment Transaction Fraud)**



# **Executed Test Cases (Credit Card Transaction Fraud)**

#### Credit card fraud detection



## Results (Online Payment Transaction Frauds)

- > It was found that Decision tree and XGB Classifier gave the best results
- ➤ It gave an accuracy of 99.96% with Decision Tree
- It gave an accuracy of 99.99% with XGB Classifier
- Since the data is highly skewed, the area under the precision-recall curve (AUPRC) is used.

```
AUPRC = 0.996797

Decision Tree Classifier Accuracy: 0.9996361561746576

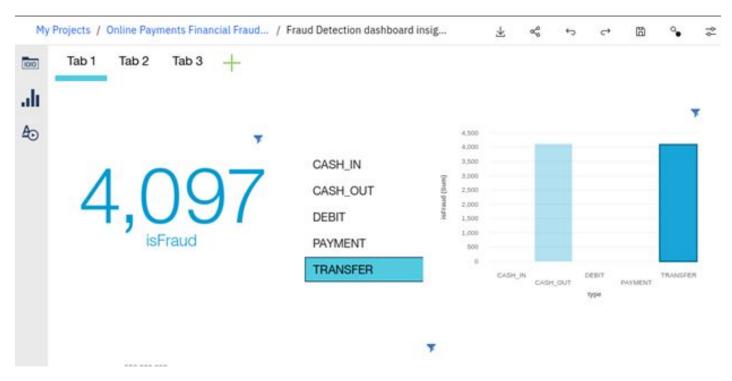
XGBClassifier Accuracy: 0.9999837569168463
```

## **Results (Credit Card Transaction Frauds)**

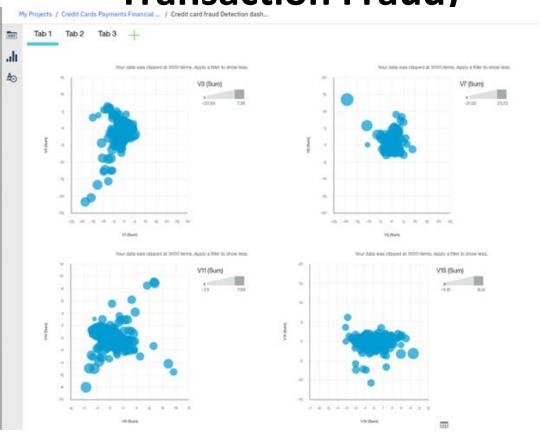
- It was found that Light Gradient Boosting Classifier and XGBoost Classifier gave the best results
- > It gave an accuracy of 97.63% with Light Gradient Boosting Classifier
- > It gave an accuracy of 97.16% with XGBoost Classifier

LGB Classifier	Accuracy:	0.973333	3333333334	8	XGBoost Classi	fier Accura	acy: 0.97	25	
LGB Classifier	Classifica precision	The state of the s	rt: f1-score	support	XGBoost Classi	fier Classi precision		report: f1-score	support
0.0	0.97 0.98	0.98 0.97	0.97 0.97	620 580	0.0 1.0	0.97 0.98	0.98 0.97	0.97 0.97	620 580
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.97 0.97	0.97 0.97	0.97 0.97 0.97	1200 1200 1200	accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.97 0.97	0.97 0.97	0.97 0.97 0.97	1200 1200 1200

# Dashboard for Visualization (Online Payment Transaction Fraud)



# Dashboard for Visualization (Credit Card Transaction Fraud)



## **Business Model**

