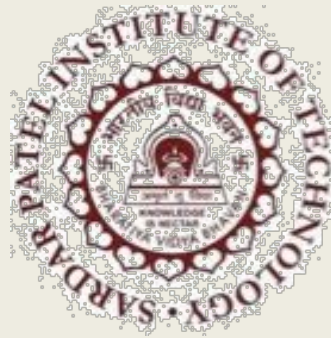


# **Bachelor of Technology**

## **ESE Project Presentation**



**Department of Computer Engineering  
Sardar Patel Institute of Technology  
(Autonomous Institute Affiliated to University of Mumbai)  
Munshi Nagar, Andheri(W), Mumbai-400058  
2020-21**

**A PRESENTATION ON**

**“Pocket Fashionista - A Complexion based  
Outfit Color Advisor using Neural  
Networks”**

By

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# Introduction

- Fashion is a popular aesthetic expression at a particular time, place and in a specific context, especially in clothing.
- There is always a case where we get the perfect T-shirt with the perfect color but can't match the pants with that color.
- Or the cloth color does not match our complexion but it did match the model's skin tone.
- There is perplexity with finding the outfits that match our style preferences.

# Introduction

- The conventional invention is focused on the coordination or sale of the product while the user directly dresses, and thus does not really help users who lack color sense or do not fully utilize the clothes they own.
- So the solution to this is a program which recommends the user a list of color combinations according to the user's skin tones. The model especially focuses on Indian skin tone.
- It can be a personal fashion advisor on the basis of users' complexion.

# Motivation

- Constant confusion in selection of suitable color of outfit.
- Perplexity in figuring out perfect outfits just by looking at the photos on social media.
- Recapturing the essence of Fashion.
- Temporal clothing functions (weather, social activity, practicality, mood, and physical self).
- Constant factors such as clothing orientation and personality dimensions

# Objectives

- To study current consumer trends and identify target demographics.
- To provide the most suitable color combination.
- To promote an understanding of fashion and outfits .
- To minimise time and energy required to select among options and try it on mobile screen.
- To provide a personalised experience in relation to various events and variable factors like weather.

# Literature Survey

Sr. No.	Paper Name	Methodology	Drawbacks	Conference
1.	Design of Intelligent Clothing Selection System Based on Neural Network	Applied SOM(self-organizing map) neural network to the classification function of the clothing recommendation system based on season, occasion, posture and skin color of the user.	Database is formed using user's information and recommendations are only based on that.	2019 IEEE 3rd Information Technology,Networking,Electronic and Automation Control Conference (ITNEC 2019)
2.	Powering Virtual Try-On via Auxiliary Human Segmentation Learning	Used CP-VTON and warping technique to provide virtual trials of clothes on the model's body in a 2D image.	As 2D images are used, clothes are simply added onto the model's body.	2019 IEEE/CVF International Conference on Computer Vision Workshop (ICCVW)
3.	Outfit Recommender System	Faster RCNN(Region-based Convolutional Neural Network) is used for recommendation by identifying the type of event through object detection from the user's uploaded picture.	Event identification leads to increased modules and efforts.	2018 IEEE/ACM International Conference on Advances in Social Networks Analysis and Mining (ASONAM)

# Literature Survey

Sr. No.	Paper Name	Methodology	Drawbacks	Conference
4.	Applying Image Warping Technique to Implement Real-Time Virtual Try-on Based on Person's 2D Image	Using Image Warping Algorithm, i.e ,by calculating mapping functions and resampling algorithm , feature points are decided on a 2-D image	Very few features points are considered	Second International Symposium on Information Science and Engineering
5.	Smart Closet -Statistical-based apparel recommendation system	On the basis of statistical frequency and history viewing module, the recommendations are provided.	Recommendations are not given spontaneously , but by studying the previous choices	2014 Third ICT International Student Project Conference (ICT-ISPC2014)
6.	Skin Segmentation based on Improved Thresholding Method	Using RGB color space with Kovac's Method for segmentation of skin colour and outfit is obtained	Facial elements are like eyes nose are also segmented as outfit.	15th International Conference on Electrical Engineering/Electronics, Computer, Telecommunications and Information Technology



# Gaps/Issues Identified

Sr. No.	Paper Name	Gaps/Issues
1.	Design of Intelligent Clothing Selection System Based on Neural Network	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The Skin tone classification done here is only restricted to Black and White.</li><li>2. The recommendations are based only on the database created from previous user inputs.</li></ol>
2.	Powering Virtual Try-On via Auxiliary Human Segmentation Learning	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Only 2D images are used for trials.</li><li>2. The clothes images are pasted over the existing model image.</li><li>3. Proper fitting of clothes on the model's body is not shown as per the physical measurements.</li></ol>
3.	Outfit Recommender System	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Event identification is automated with object detection which is time consuming.</li><li>2. Clothes recommendation is restricted to only 53 categories.</li></ol>

# Gaps/Issues Identified

Sr. No.	Paper Name	Gaps/Issues
4.	Applying Image Warping Technique to Implement Real-Time Virtual Try-on Based on Person's 2D Image	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Very few feature points are considered , resulting in vague fitting</li><li>2. There isn't any recommendation involved, output is provided only on the basis of users input.</li><li>3. Total 13 body marks are mentioned whereas feature points are implemented on just 5 marks</li></ol>
5.	Smart Closet -Statistical-based apparel recommendation system	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Recommendations aren't spontaneous but only on the basis of user previous choices.</li><li>2. There is no processing on the basis of color recommendations.</li><li>3. Static Recommendations in terms of colors are provided</li></ol>
6.	Skin Segmentation based on Improved Thresholding Method	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Skin colour detection is negligible.</li><li>2. Facial Elements such as eyes , nose are not segmented properly</li></ol>

# Problem Statement

- People usually find it difficult to get the best clothing color combinations that suit their skin tone well and go well with the existing fashion trends.
- The aim is to develop a complexion based clothing color recommendation system that will help to choose the best possible clothes color combinations.
- It will also allow the users to virtually visualize how they will look in the recommended color combinations.
- The application will allow users to make best choices with their clothes color combinations and thus saving their time and energy in even trying out the clothes.
- Easy for merchants to master the real-time demand of consumers.

# Contribution

- The system will contribute a lot of value to the online shopping businesses, E-commerce websites and various small businesses as well.
- Individual sellers can also opt for the system to set it up in their stores.
- People will get a better choice of outfits and apparels thus saving time and wipe out indecisiveness and gain a confidence level.

# Proposed Design/ Method/ Mathematical Model

## 1. Skin Tone Detection

- **HSV and YCbCr Color Space** - These are two different color model used to determine the image pixel and separate defined threshold pixel. This we used for skin detection. It will separate skin and non-skin pixels in a given image.
- **K-Means Clustering Algorithm** - This is unsupervised learning algorithm used to cluster group of data points with similar features in the given data set. We used it to cluster pixel data based on their threshold values.
- **openCV** - for image processing.

# Proposed Design/ Method/ Mathematical Model

## 2. Similar Outfits Recommendations

- **Feidegger dataset** - composed of dress images and related textual descriptions of 8732 high-resolution images.
- Transfer Learning is used for content based recommendations.
- We utilize the pre-trained VGG16 model to extract relevant features from our dress images and build a similarity score on them.
- We pass a dress image to our system, we compute the similarity with all our dresses stored in 'train' and then we select the most similar (with the highest similarity scores).

# Proposed Design/ Method/ Mathematical Model

## 3. Virtual - Try On

- The live video stream is captured on the user side using OpenCV.
- Then all clothes to be tried on are read.
- The person in the video stream is detected using Object detection.
- Then the HoughCircles formula is used for estimating the size of the clothes for further resizing.
- The user can move back or forward to check out different clothes.
- If the user wants to save a screenshot then he/she can also do so.

# Proposed Design/ Method/ Mathematical Model

## 4. Weather based recommendations

- **DeepFashion dataset** - 280K fashion images across 46 categories.
- Seasons considered - Winter, Summer, Spring, Autumn.
- For recommendations, Convolutional Neural Networks(CNN) with transfer learning from ResNet and approximate nearest neighbors algorithm is used.
- We then pass a set of season-wise images to the model for generating similar recommendations.
- Centroid embeddings will then merge all the seed images into one representation by averaging the values across all dimensions.
- Finally, Approximate nearest neighbors is applied to return outfits closest to the representation.



# Implementation

## 1. Skin Tone Detection

- Implemented using Python, numpy, matplotlib, sklearn, etc.
- openCV is used to read the given images.
- First we detect skin by using HSV & YCbCr color space.
- RGB image is converted into HSV and YCbCr value
- HSV (Hue, Saturation, Value) and YCbCr (Luminance, Chrominance) color models.
- We use this two models combined to improve recognition of skin pixel.
- The HSV and YCbCr value of each pixel compare to standard values of skin pixel.

# Implementation

## 1. Skin Tone Detection

- The ranges for a skin pixel used in this algorithm are as follows:

$$0 \leq H \leq 17 \text{ and } 15 \leq S \leq 170 \text{ and } 0 \leq V \leq 255$$

and

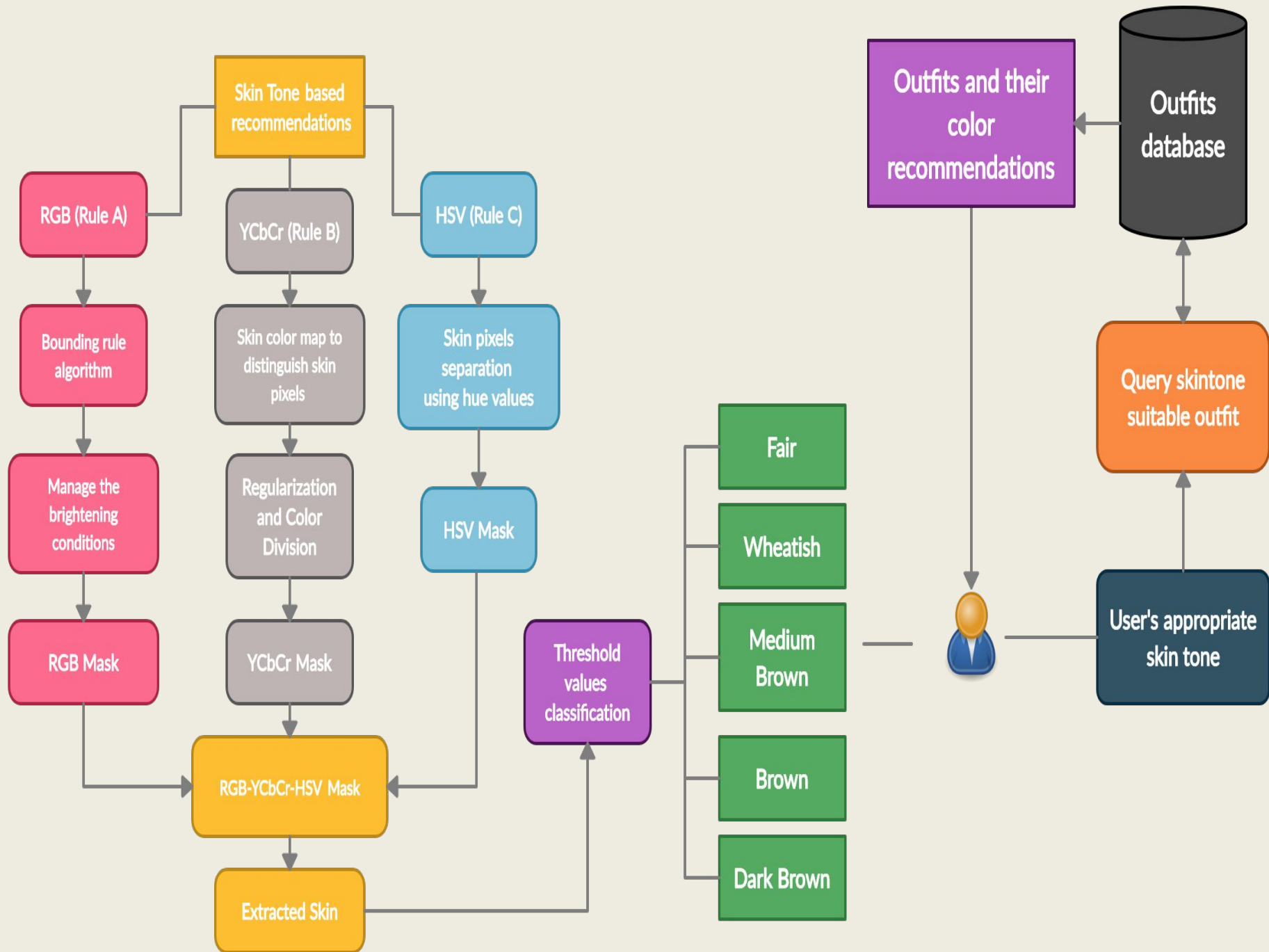
$$0 \leq Y \leq 255 \text{ and } 135 \leq Cr \leq 180 \text{ and } 85 \leq Cb \leq 135$$

- Find the Dominant Colors - We used the K-Mean Clustering Algorithm. *KMeans Clustering* is used to cluster the pixel data based on their threshold values.
- Further skin tone will be classified by particular threshold values.
- Defined five skin tones - Fair, Wheatish, Medium Brown, Brown, Dark Brown.

# Implementation

## 2. Outfit Color Recommendation

- Skin tone classification module pass the tone to this module.
- Based on that we defined specific outfit colors to particular skin tone.
- Used “**men-formal-shirts.csv**” dataset.
- In the dataset we considered attributes like “Description & Color” to get the color name from this column.
- Accordingly outfits will be shown to the user by getting images from the dataset and using matplotlib images will be plotted.



# Implementation

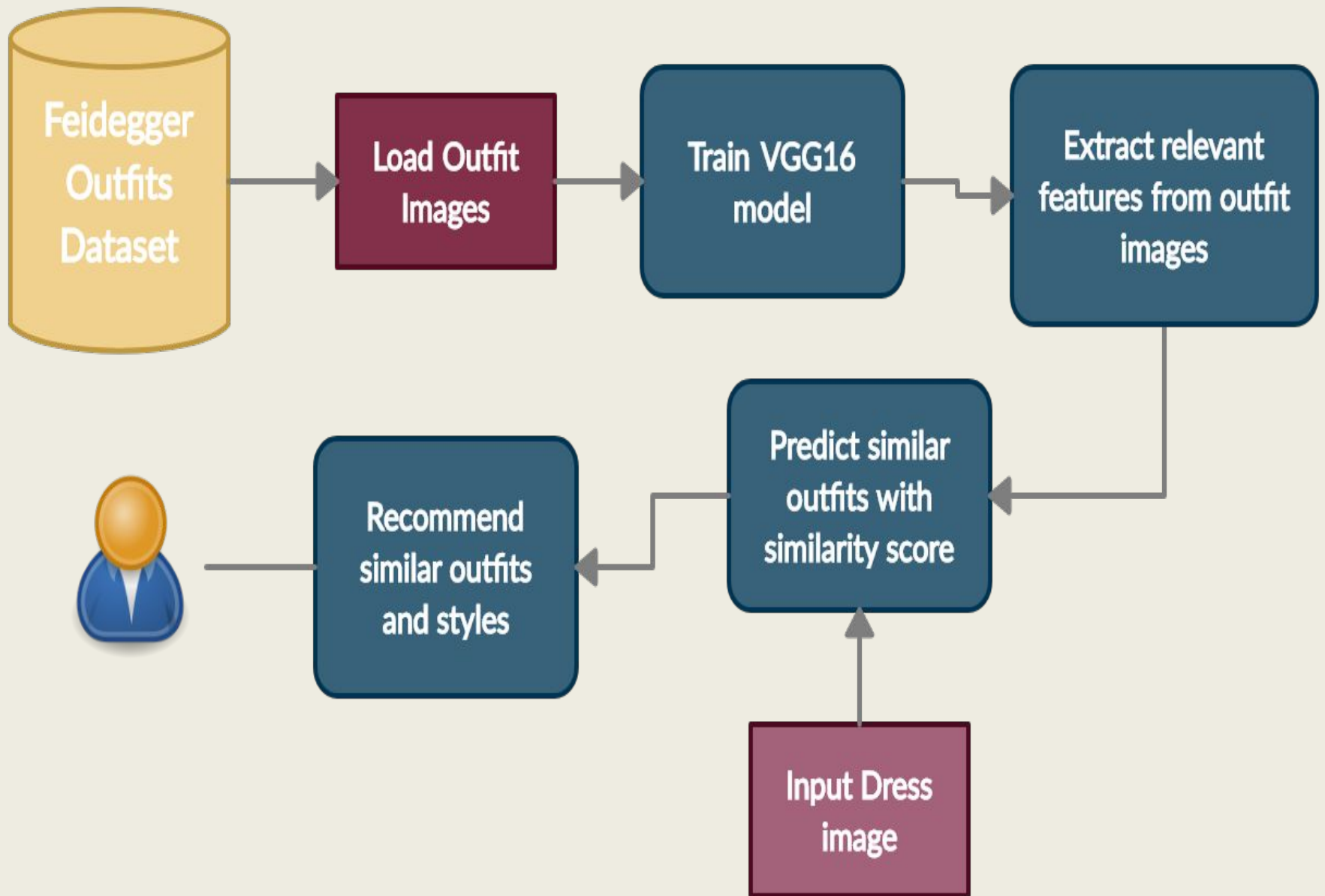
## 3. Similar Outfits Recommendations

- This is a Content based recommendation system wherein we use Transfer learning.
- The pretrained VGG16 model is used here to extract the relevant features from our dress images and build a similarity score on them.
- We ‘cut’ the VGG at the second-last layer, so we obtain for every single image a vector of dimension  $1 \times 4096$ .
- The train test split is of 80-20%. The training data is used for building a similarity score matrix.

# Implementation

## 3. Similar Outfits Recommendations

- Then we make the prediction on data by using the CNN models.
- Then we stored the model in a pickle format.
- We then compute the similarity matrix for the other clothes in the dataset.
- Finally we plot the most similar outfits as per the user's input of clothes as per his choice.



# Implementation

## 4. Virtual - Try On

- We have used the OpenCV library of Python for capturing the live video stream.
- From the images that the user can try on, we are resizing them to fit on the user's body.
- We have used HoughCircles() to determine the area in which the user is standing in front of the frame.
- According to the obtained measurements of the radius, we then use the resize() function of the imutils library to resize the clothes.
- Resizing takes place by increase/decrease of either the height/width of the clothes.



Virtual Try On

Turn Camera On  
using OpenCV

User detection  
using Object  
detection

Outfits  
database

Read Outfits as  
image array

HoughCircles for  
user position  
detection in frame

Outfits Resizing

Radius of  
HoughCircles



# Implementation

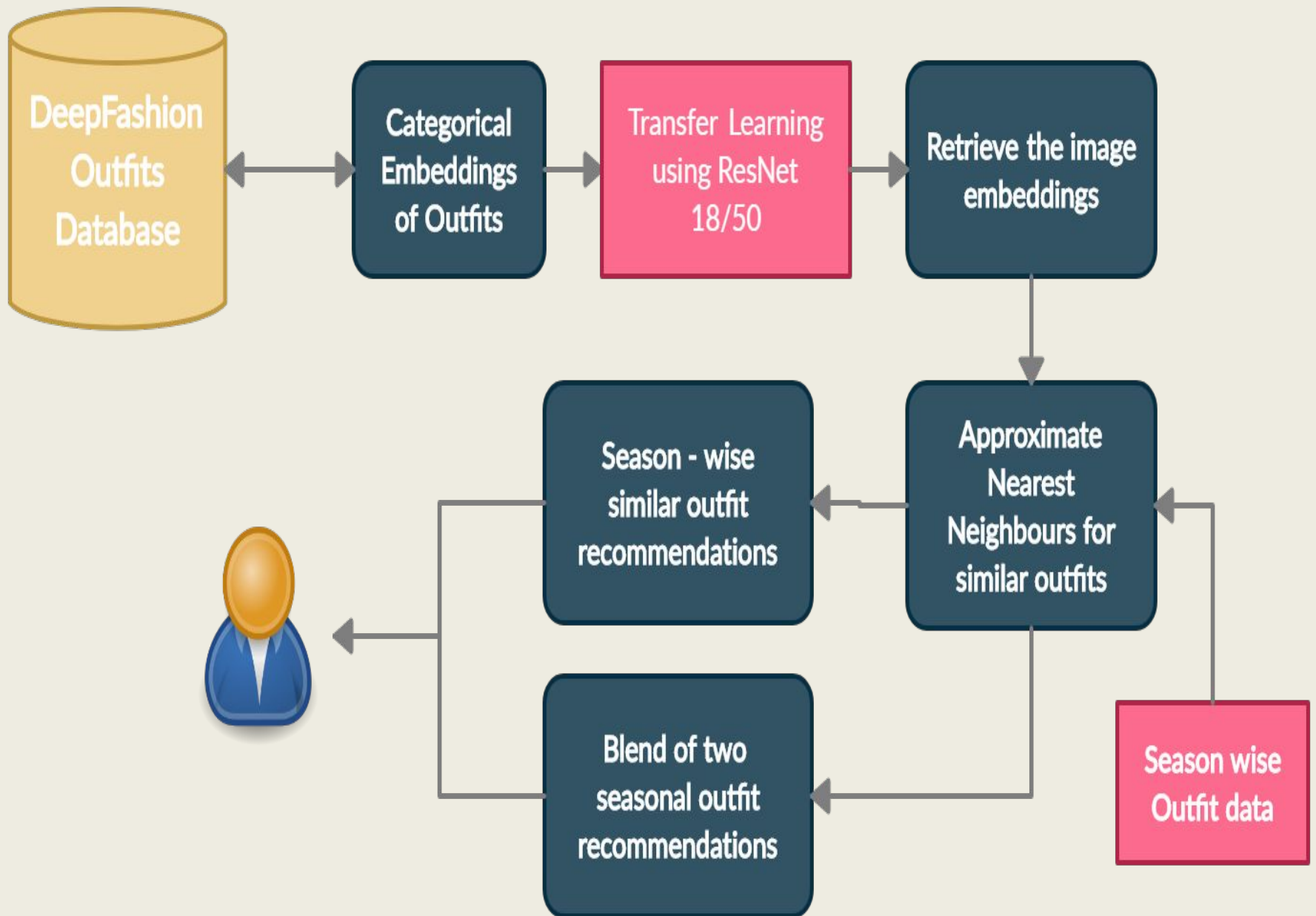
## 5. Weather based recommendations

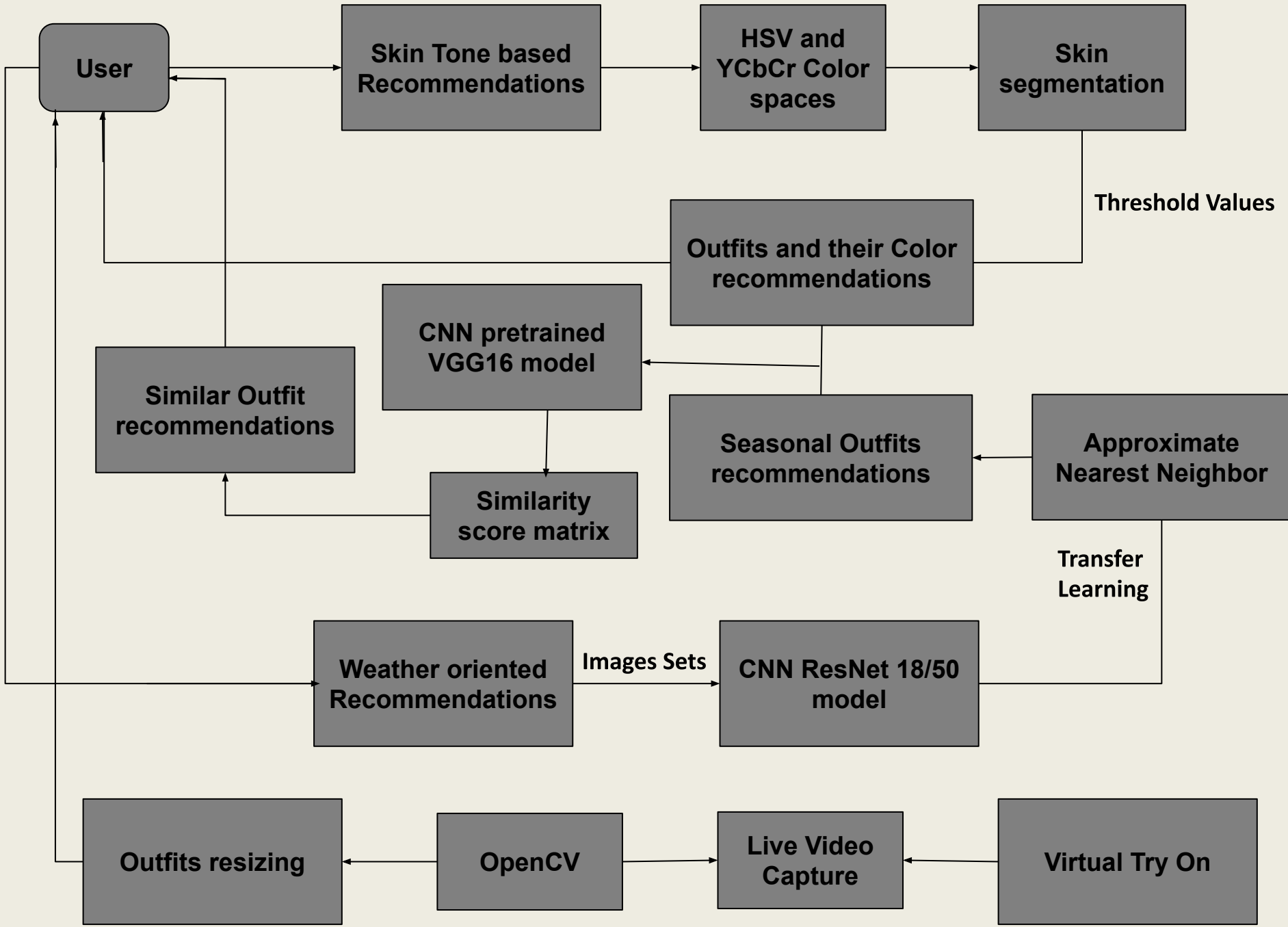
- We have used the DeepFashion dataset for giving recommendations for four seasons - Spring, Autumn, Summer, Winter.
- We selected 24 outfits for each season. They will act as the seed images for Seasonal Collections.
- We only pass images into the model; the model does not ingest additional attributes/descriptions/product details; this is because we want the model to automatically learn and detect the style of fashion images passed into it without further human/machine labeling.
- Seasonal recommendations have been built on Convolutional Neural Networks, with transfer learning from ResNet and approximate nearest neighbors.

# Implementation

## 5. Weather based recommendations

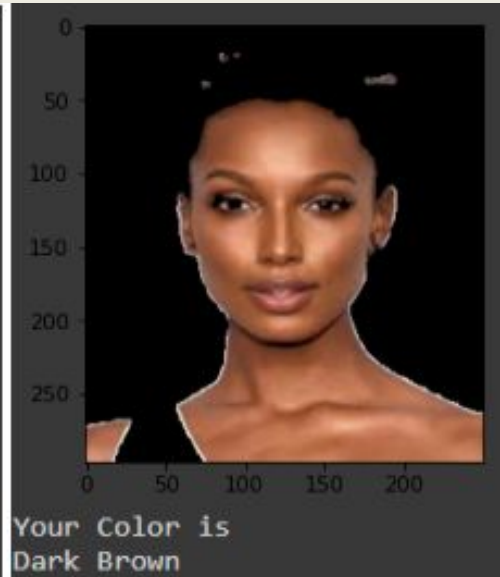
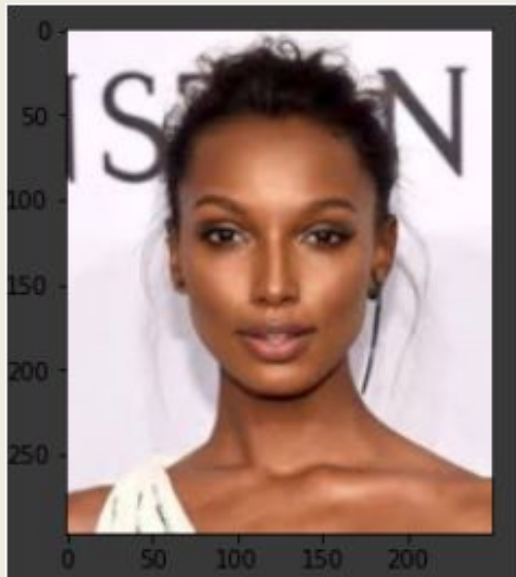
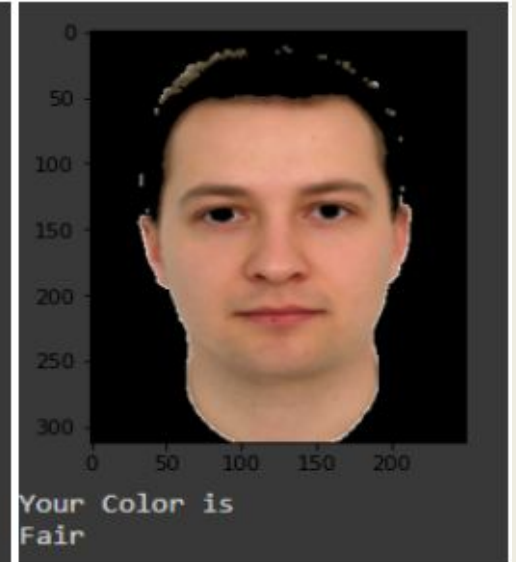
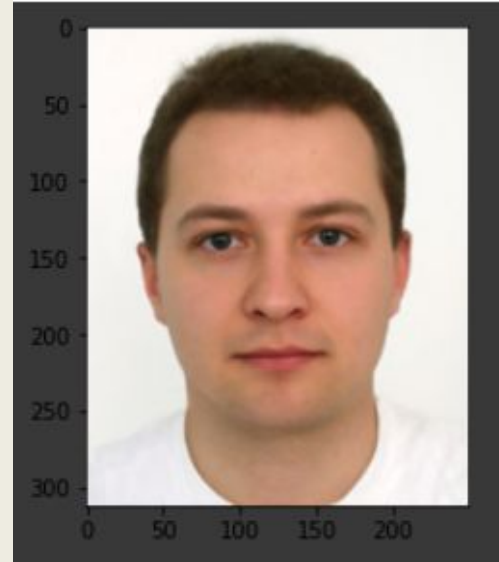
- After the train-test split, we extracted the different categories of clothes that the dataset consists of.
- Later, we converted the images into these categorical embeddings.
- We used the Resnet 18/50 layers for training the CNN model.
- Then we saved the model to import it conveniently later.
- We finally used Approximate Nearest Neighbors algorithm for generating the similar clothing recommendations.
- Centroid embeddings in ANN will then merge all the seed images into one representation by averaging the values across all dimensions.
- Thus the group of similar images as per the season passed are recommended to the user.





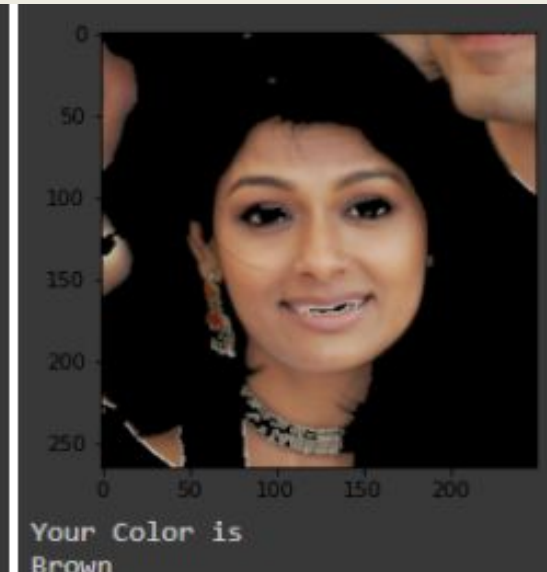
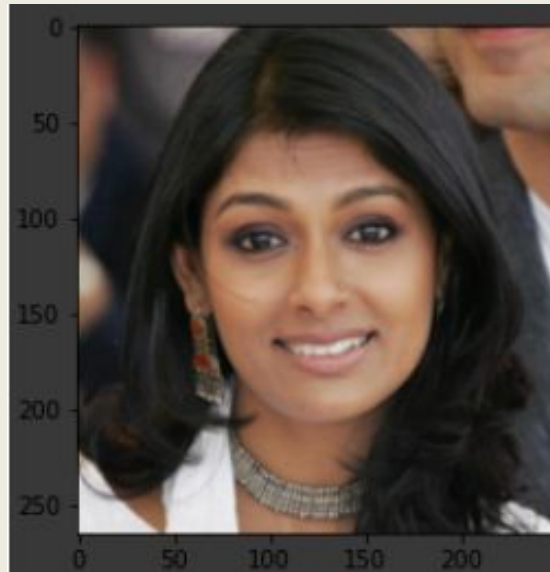
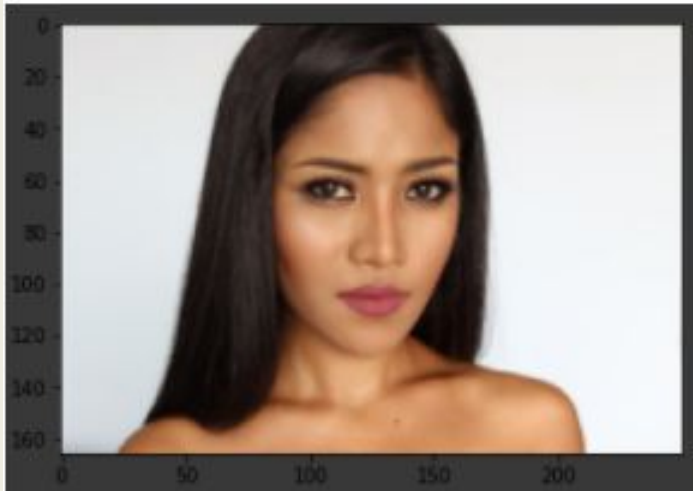
# Results and Discussions

## 1. Skin Tone Detection



# Results and Discussions

## 1. Skin Tone Detection





# Results and Discussions

## 2. Outfit Color Recommendation





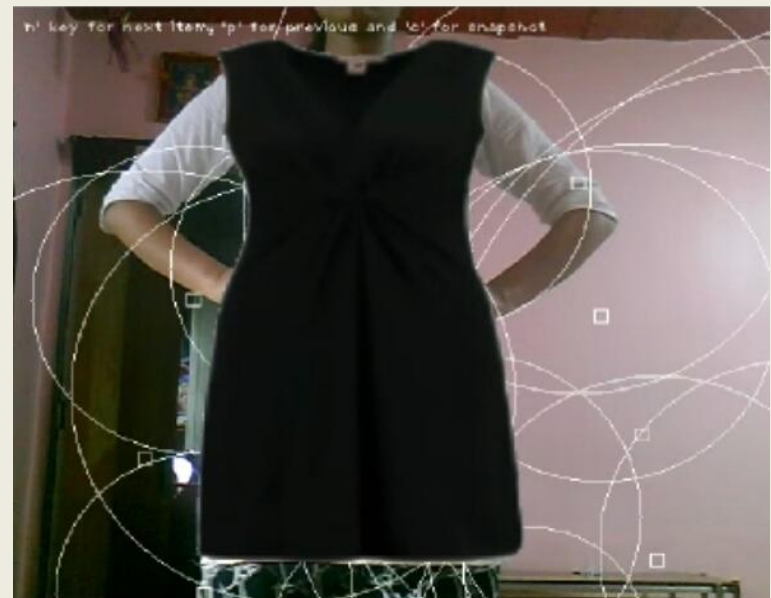
# Results and Discussions

## 3. Similar Outfit Recommendation



# Results and Discussions

## 4. Virtual Try-On



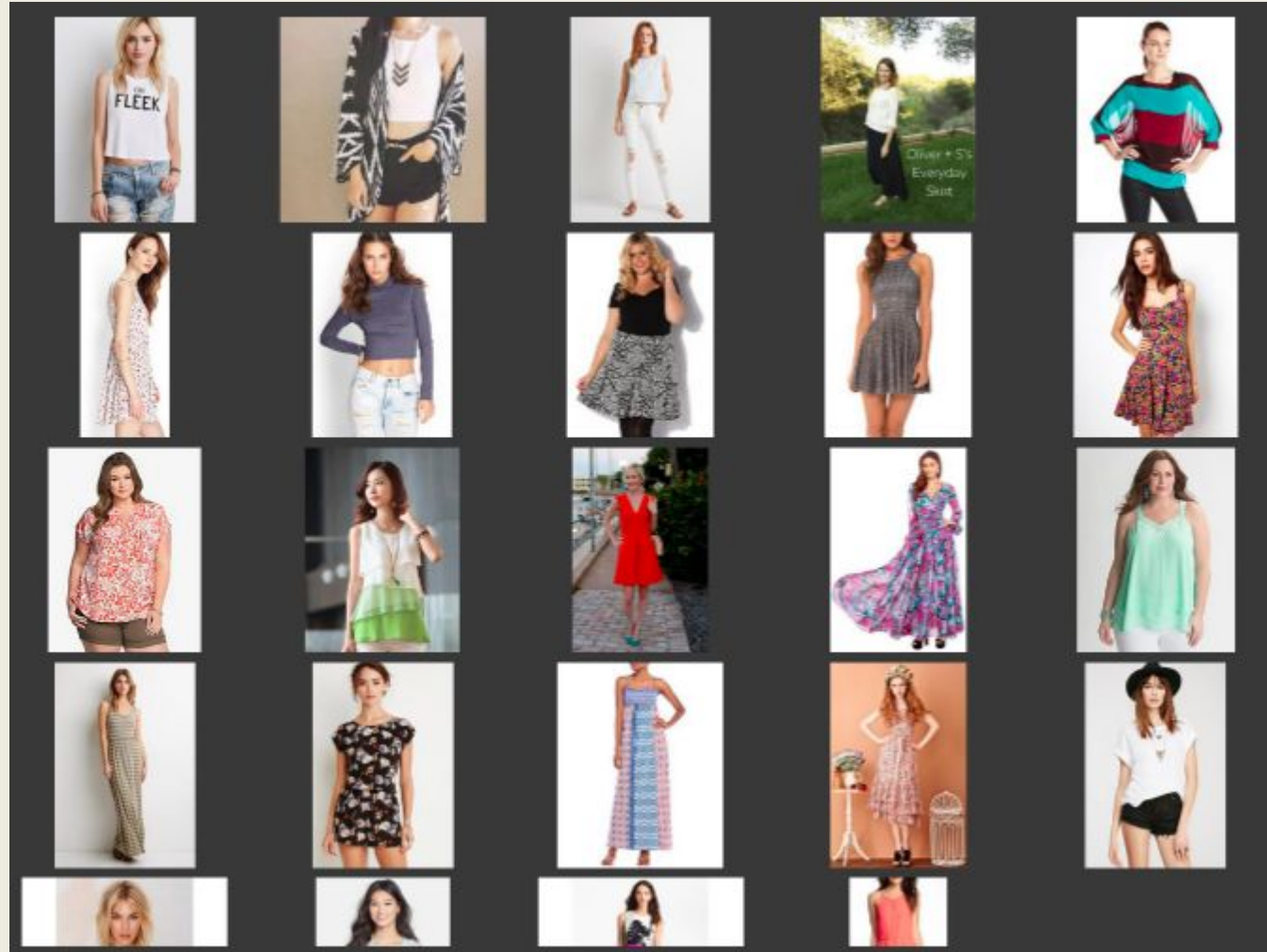
# Results and Discussions

## 5. Weather oriented outfit recommendations

- Spring season-

Classification  
Accuracy -  
100%

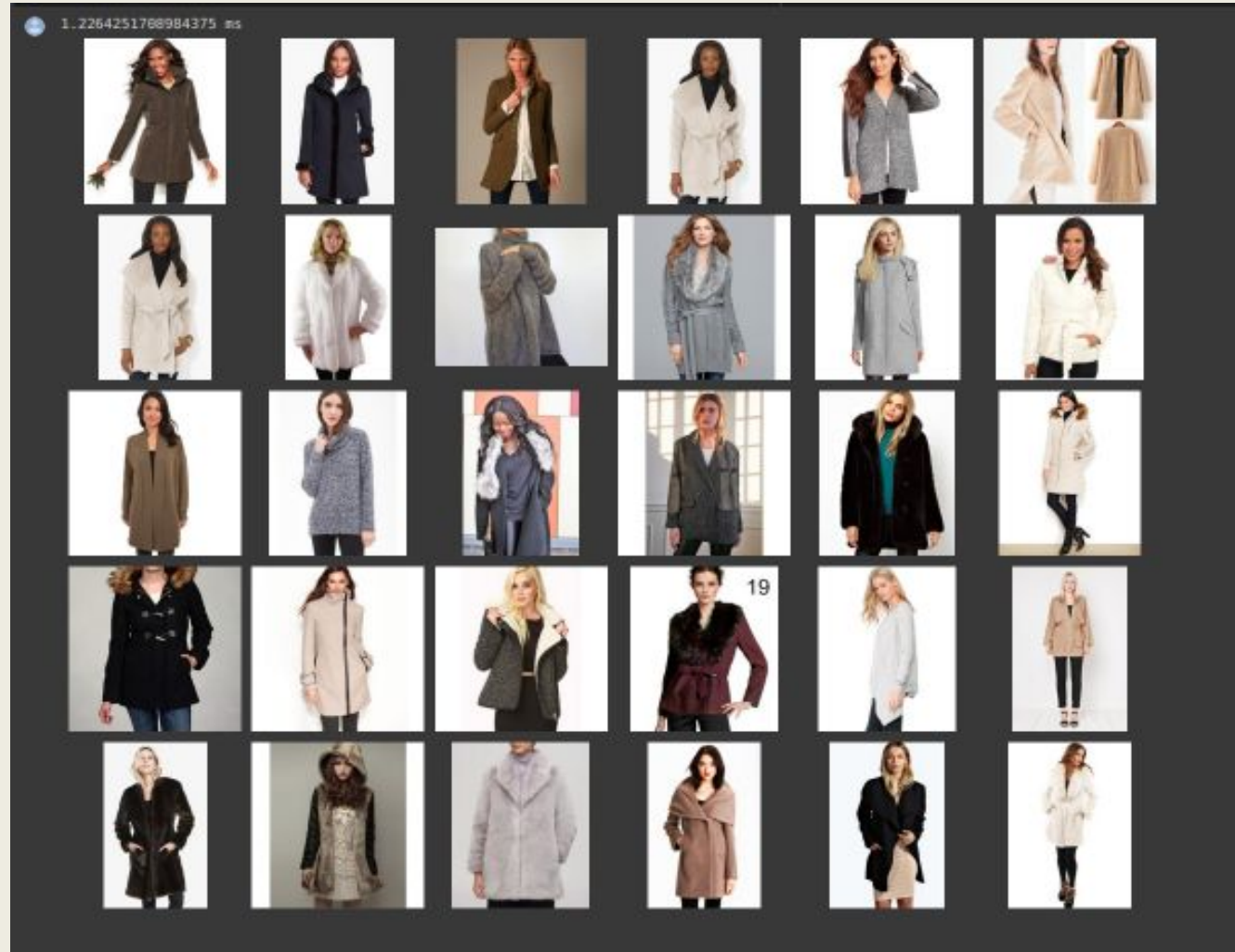
Prediction  
Accuracy -  
92.61%



# Results and Discussions

## 5. Weather oriented outfit recommendations

- Winter &  
Spring season-

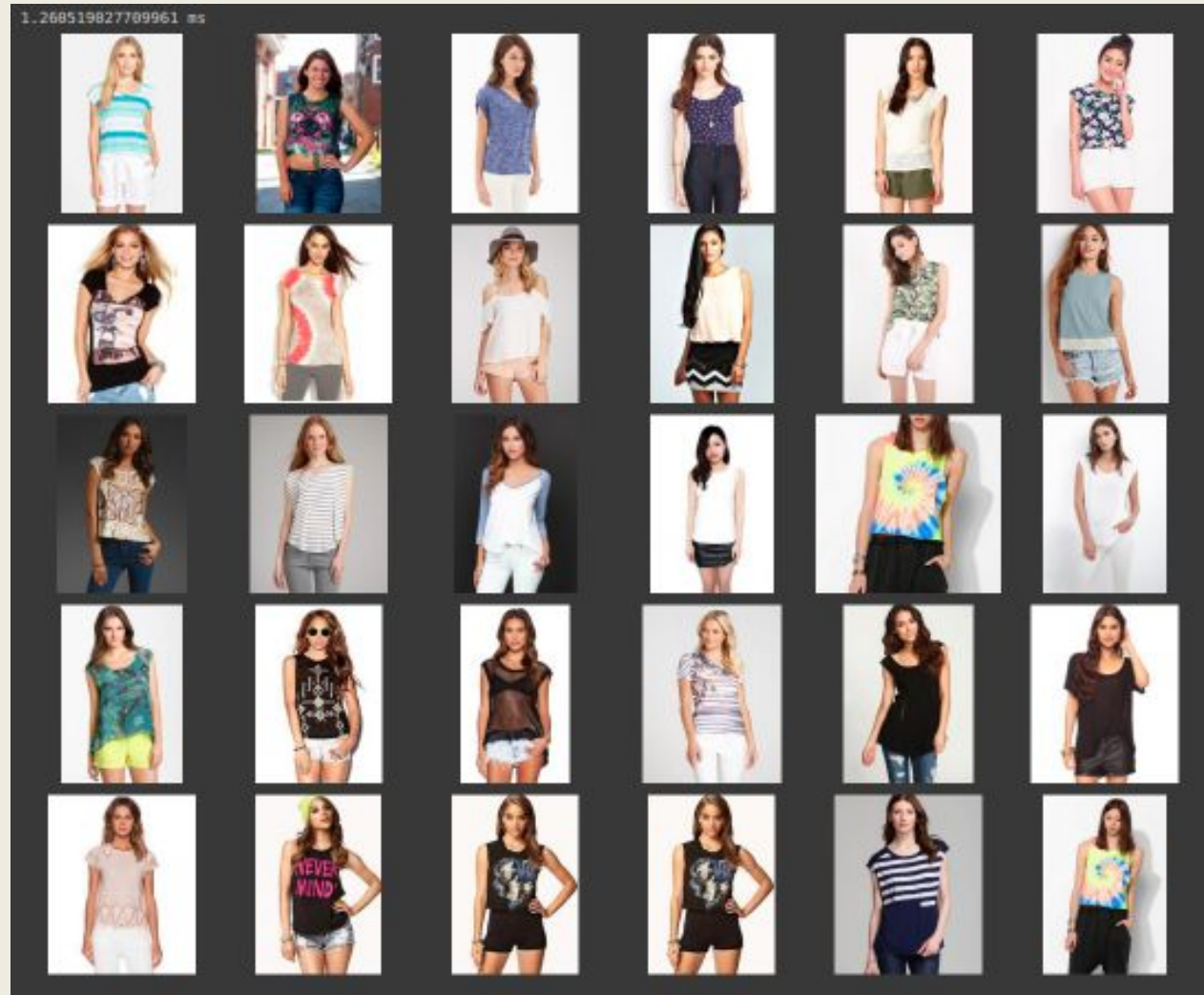




# Results and Discussions

## 5. Weather oriented outfit recommendations

- Summer &  
Autumn season-



# Conclusion

- The proposed system recommends outfits and their color combination to users based on the skin tone of the user.
- The system also considers weather for best suited outfits recommendations.
- A virtual trial room is also provided for the user to try on the recommended outfits.
- Thus this system is a full proof “Fashion Advisor” for people who are worried about what to wear and lack fashion sense.
- This will serve as a real-time system that satisfies customer demands.

# Future Scope

- We can recommend accessories based on the selected outfits like watches for men.
- The concept and technology can be adapted by established online platforms.
- Further we can implement one more module that is based event and Occasion based.
- User can pre-plan his/her outfits according to the upcoming event, as per the calendar application.

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**THANK YOU**