

**DePaul University**  
**College of Computing and Digital Media**

**CSC 211 - Programming in Java I**

**Assignment 6**

In this assignment, we're going to do the following:

- Add functional complexity to the Employee's "getWeeklyPay" method.
- 1) You can re-use your project from Assignment #5. There is no need to create a new project for this assignment. To do this, make a copy of your project folder from Assignment 5, and give the copy a new name for Assignment 6. For example, my Assignment 5 was done in "C:\Documents and Settings\hieldc\Desktop\Assignment5". I made a copy of the Assignment 4 folder and named it "Assignment6" as follows:  
  
"C:\Documents and Settings\hieldc\Desktop\Assignment6".
  - 2) Now open the copied project in NetBeans. We need to rename the copied project within NetBeans. To do this, right-click on the existing "Assignment5" project and select menu option "Rename...". Change the "Project Name" from "Assignment5" to "Assignment6" and click "Rename".
  - 3) Finally, right-click on the "Assignment6" project and select menu option "Set as Main Project".
  - 4) The first thing we will do is change the Employee's "getWeeklyPay()" method – we're going to add some complexity. Delete the content of the existing "getWeeklyPay()" method, leaving it empty – we're going to add some new code:

```
public double getWeeklyPay() {  
  
}
```

The following is the new "algorithm" we will use to calculate the Employee's weekly pay:

- A) We will differentiate "regular" hours from "overtime" hours *by day*. We will want to sum up the "regular" hours and sum up the "overtime" hours. For each day, the hours the employee works up to 8 hours are considered "regular" hours. Hours worked past 8 are considered "overtime" hours. (*For this assignment, you MUST use a "while" loop to do this*).

For example:

Day 1: 6 hours	Regular Hours: 6	Overtime hours: 0
Day 2: 9 hours	Regular Hours: 8	Overtime hours: 1
Day 3: 11 hours	Regular Hours: 8	Overtime hours: 3
Day 4: 8 hours	Regular Hours: 8	Overtime hours: 0
Etc.....		

- B) Their base pay is then calculated as:

(regular hours \* hourly rate) + (overtime hours \* hourly rate \* 1.5)

- C) Employees will be paid a little more or a little less than their normal pay based upon their employee id.
  - i. If the employee's id begins with 0, 2 or 9, they get 10% more than the pay calculated in step "B" (110% of the pay calculated in step "B")
  - ii. If the employee's id begins with a 3, they get 10% less than the pay calculated in step "B" (90% of the pay calculated in step "B")
  - iii. If the employee's id begins with an 8, they get 20% more than the pay calculated in step "B" (120% of the pay calculated in step "B")
  - iv. Otherwise, there is no change to the pay calculated in step "B"

- D) Finally, if the number of regular hours (calculated in step “A”) is greater than 34, they will have deductions taken from their pay for benefits – the deductions are 6% of the pay calculated in step “C”

Example 1:

*Employee’s daily hours: Day 1: 6 hours, Day 2: 9 hours, Day 3: 11 hours, Day 4: 8 hours, Day 5: 8 hours*  
*Employee’s hourly rate: \$18.60*  
*Employee’s ID: 2468*

A)

<i>Day 1: 6 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 6</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 0</i>
<i>Day 2: 9 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 1</i>
<i>Day 3: 11 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 3</i>
<i>Day 4: 8 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 0</i>
<i>Day 5: 8 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 0</i>
<i>Totals:</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 38</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 4</i>

B) Base pay = (regular hours \* hourly rate) + (overtime hours \* hourly rate \* 1.5)  
 = (38 \* \$18.60) + (4 \* \$18.60 \* 1.5)  
 = \$706.80 + \$111.60 = \$818.40

- C) The Employee’s ID begins with “2” – so, they will get 10% more than the pay calculated in step “B”:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pay} &= \text{Base Pay} * 1.1; \\ &= \$818.40 * 1.1 = \$900.24 \end{aligned}$$

- D) Since the number of “regular” hours worked is greater than 34, there is a 6% deduction taken from their pay for benefits:

$$\text{Pay} = \text{Pay} * 0.94 = \$846.23$$

Example 2:

*Employee’s daily hours: Day 1: 8 hours, Day 2: 10 hours, Day 3: 10 hours, Day 4: 9 hours, Day 5: 9 hours*  
*Employee’s hourly rate: \$22.10*  
*Employee’s ID: 3690*

A)

<i>Day 1: 8 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 0</i>
<i>Day 2: 10 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 2</i>
<i>Day 3: 10 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 2</i>
<i>Day 4: 9 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 1</i>
<i>Day 5: 9 hours</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 8</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 1</i>
<i>Totals:</i>	<i>Regular Hours: 40</i>	<i>Overtime hours: 6</i>

B) Base pay = (regular hours \* hourly rate) + (overtime hours \* hourly rate \* 1.5)  
 = (40 \* \$22.10) + (6 \* \$22.10 \* 1.5)  
 = \$884.00 + \$198.90 = \$1082.90

- C) The Employee’s ID begins with “3” – so, they will get 10% less than the pay calculated in step “B”:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pay} &= \text{Base Pay} * 0.9; \\ &= \$1082.90 * 0.9 = \$974.61 \end{aligned}$$

- D) Since the number of “regular” hours worked is greater than 34, there is a 6% deduction taken from their pay for benefits:

$$\text{Pay} = \text{Pay} * 0.94 = \$916.13$$

Example 3:

Employee's daily hours: **Day 1: 5 hours, Day 2: 0 hours, Day 3: 4 hours, Day 4: 4 hours, Day 5: 6 hours**  
Employee's hourly rate: **\$12.20**  
Employee's ID: **1234**

A)

Day 1: 5 hours	Regular Hours: 5	Overtime hours: 0
Day 2: 0 hours	Regular Hours: 0	Overtime hours: 0
Day 3: 4 hours	Regular Hours: 4	Overtime hours: 0
Day 4: 4 hours	Regular Hours: 4	Overtime hours: 0
Day 5: 6 hours	Regular Hours: 6	Overtime hours: 0
Totals:	Regular Hours: 19	Overtime hours: 0

B) Base pay = (regular hours \* hourly rate) + (overtime hours \* hourly rate \* 1.5)  
= (19 \* \$12.20) + (0 \* \$12.20 \* 1.5)  
= \$231.80 + \$0.00 = \$231.80

C) The Employee's ID begins with "1" – so there is no change to the pay calculated in step "B":

Pay = Base Pay = \$231.80

D) Since the number of "regular" hours worked is less than 34, there is no deduction taken from their pay for benefits:

Pay = \$231.80

- 5) No changes are needed to the Driver or Timecard classes in this Assignment.
- 6) Now compile your project – the "Driver.java", "Employee.java" & "Timecard.java" files will be compiled. Fix any compiler errors as usual. Then - run the program.
- 7) Done!
- 8) Example Inputs & Outputs (you must type in the bold-blue text below)

```
Employee First Name:
Betty
Employee Last Name:
White
Employee Id:
8732
Employee Hourly Rate:
25.00
Enter Hours for day 1:
8
Enter Hours for day 2:
12
Enter Hours for day 3:
11
Enter Hours for day 4:
13
Enter Hours for day 5:
6
```

Employee:

```
-----
Name:      Betty White
Id:        8732
Hourly Rate: $25.00
Weekly Hours: 50
    Day 1: 8
    Day 2: 12
    Day 3: 11
    Day 4: 13
    Day 5: 6
Weekly Pay: $1579.20
```

### Submission:

- This assignment is due before the start of class next week (on or before 5:45 pm on Monday, May 24<sup>th</sup>). Late assignments will be penalized 10% per week.
- Your submission should consist of your entire Assignment 5 project folder put into a single ZIP file (or a "TAR" file, or a "RAR" file). Check with me on other formats.
- All submissions are to be made via the course's Course OnLine site
- You may email me with any questions on this assignment at any time between now and the due date.