```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int partition (int a[], int start, int end)
{
  int pivot = a[end]; // pivot element
  int i = (start - 1);
  for (int j = start; j <= end - 1; j++)
  {
    // If current element is smaller than the pivot
    if (a[j] < pivot)
    {
       i++; // increment index of smaller element
       int t = a[i];
       a[i] = a[j];
       a[j] = t;
    }
  }
  int t = a[i+1];
  a[i+1] = a[end];
  a[end] = t;
  return (i + 1);
}
```

```
/* function to implement quick sort */
void quick(int a[], int start, int end) /* a[] = array to be sorted, start = Starting index, end = Ending
index */
{
  if (start < end)
  {
    int p = partition(a, start, end); //p is the partitioning index
    quick(a, start, p - 1);
    quick(a, p + 1, end);
  }
}
void merge(int arr[], int I, int m, int r)
{
  int i, j, k;
  int n1 = m - l + 1;
  int n2 = r - m;
  /* create temp arrays */
  int L[n1], R[n2];
  /* Copy data to temp arrays L[] and R[] */
  for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
    L[i] = arr[l + i];
  for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
     R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
  /* Merge the temp arrays back into arr[l..r]*/
  i = 0; // Initial index of first subarray
  j = 0; // Initial index of second subarray
```

```
k = I; // Initial index of merged subarray
while (i < n1 && j < n2) \{
  if (L[i] \le R[j]) {
     arr[k] = L[i];
     i++;
  }
   else {
     arr[k] = R[j];
     j++;
   }
   k++;
}
/* Copy the remaining elements of L[], if there
are any */
while (i < n1) {
  arr[k] = L[i];
  i++;
  k++;
}
/* Copy the remaining elements of R[], if there
are any */
while (j < n2) {
  arr[k] = R[j];
  j++;
  k++;
}
```

/\* I is for left index and r is right index of the

}

```
sub-array of arr to be sorted */
void mergeSort(int arr[], int I, int r)
{
  if (I < r) {
    // Same as (I+r)/2, but avoids overflow for
    // large I and h
    int m = I + (r - I) / 2;
    // Sort first and second halves
    mergeSort(arr, I, m);
    mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
    merge(arr, I, m, r);
  }
}
int main()
{
 pid_t p;
 int n;
 printf("Enter the number of elements");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 int a[n];
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  printf("Enter %d th element ",(i+1));
  scanf("%d",&a[i]);
 }
 p=fork();
```

```
quick(a,0,n-1);
 if(p==0)
  {
   printf("Process is child, ID is %d \n",getpid());
   printf(" Parent's process, ID is %d \n",getppid());
   quick(a,0,n-1);
   printf("After sorting elemets are ");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
  }
 }
 else{
    printf("Process is in Parent ,ID is %d \n",getpid());
   mergeSort(a,0,n-1);
   printf("After merge Sort elements are \n ");
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
  }
  }
  return 0;
}
```



## Plagiarism Scan Report



**Excluded URL** 

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## **Content Checked for Plagiarism**

Blockchain technology is a distributed ledger with data entries that are disseminated among network nodes and contain all the specifics of completed transactions. Consensus procedures certify each transaction done in the system, and the data that is saved cannot be changed. The key technology underlying the widely used cryptocurrency, Bitcoin is called

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       i++; // increment index of smaller element
       int t = a[i];
       a[i] = a[j];
       a[j] = t;
    }
  }
  int t = a[i+1];
  a[i+1] = a[end];
  a[end] = t;
  return (i + 1);
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while (i < n1 && j < n2) \{
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while (i < n1) {
  arr[k] = L[i];
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    // Same as (I+r)/2, but avoids overflow for
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    int m = I + (r - I) / 2;
    // Sort first and second halves
    mergeSort(arr, I, m);
    mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
    merge(arr, I, m, r);
  }
}
int main()
{
 pid_t p;
 int n;
 printf("Enter the number of elements");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 int a[n];
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  printf("Enter %d th element ",(i+1));
  scanf("%d",&a[i]);
 }
 p=fork();
```

```
quick(a,0,n-1);
 if(p==0)
  {
   printf("Process is child, ID is %d \n",getpid());
   printf(" Parent's process, ID is %d \n",getppid());
   quick(a,0,n-1);
   printf("After sorting elemets are ");
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
  }
 }
 else{
    printf("Process is in Parent ,ID is %d \n",getpid());
   mergeSort(a,0,n-1);
   printf("After merge Sort elements are \n ");
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
  }
  }
  return 0;
}
```



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