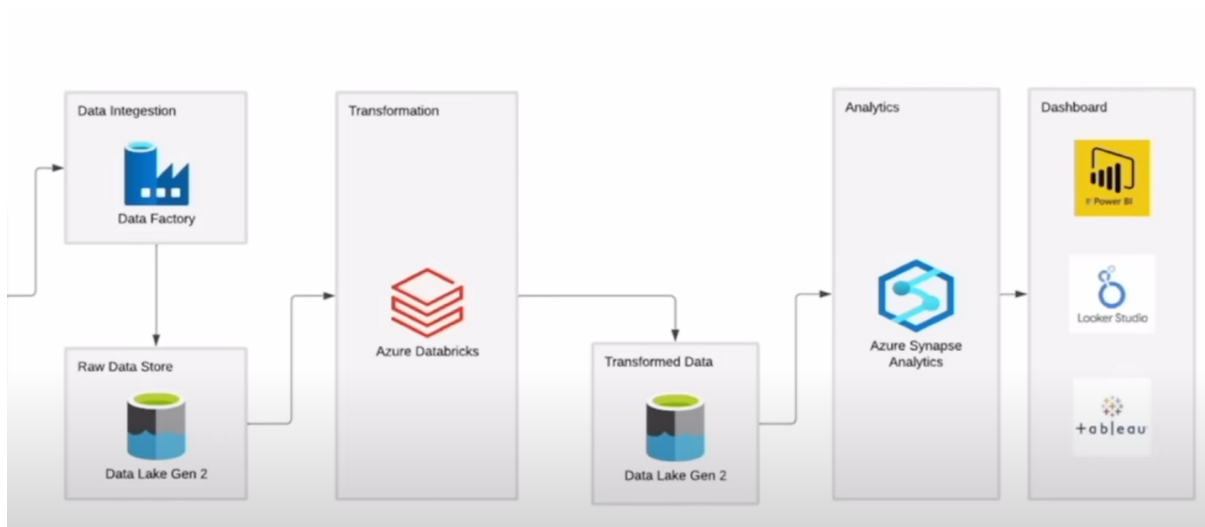


Dataflow diagram:



Data Factory – to create ETL pipelines to ingest the data and load the data into other locations

Data Lake Gen 2 – to combine data lake features with Azure Blob Storage

Databricks – Analytics platform built on top of Apache Spark for big data and ML frameworks

Synapse Analytics – Data warehouse available on Azure

Creating a storage account:

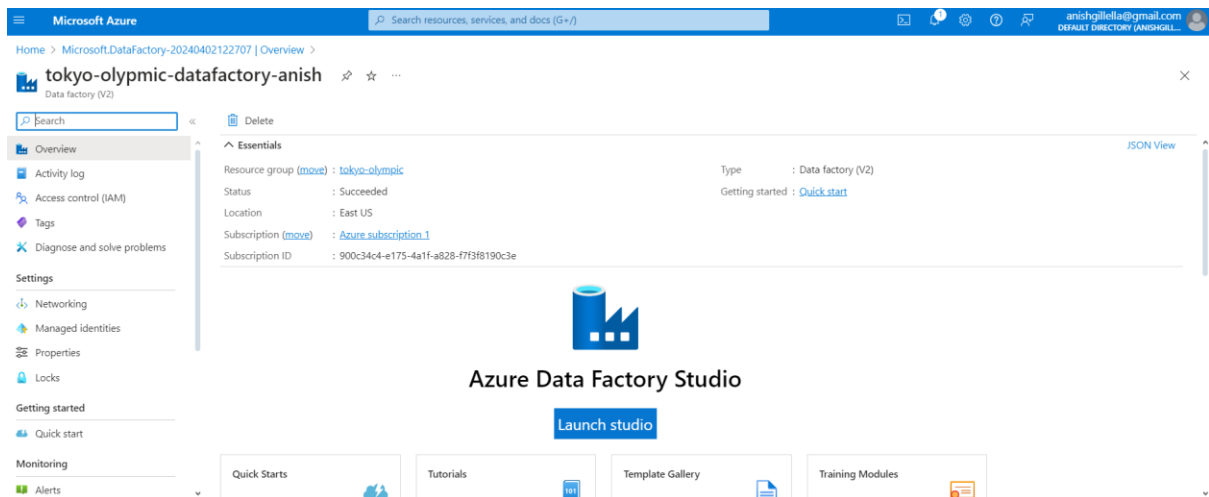
The screenshot shows the 'Overview' page for a storage account named 'tokyoolympicdataanish' in the 'westus2' region. The account is configured with 'Standard' performance, 'Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)' replication, and 'StorageV2 (general purpose v2)' account kind. The provisioning state is 'Succeeded' and it was created on 4/2/2024 at 12:23:02 PM. The 'Data Lake Storage' section shows that 'Hierarchical namespace' is enabled, 'Default access tier' is 'Hot', 'Blob anonymous access' is disabled, and 'Blob soft delete' is enabled for 7 days. The 'Security' section shows that 'Require secure transfer for REST API operations' is enabled, 'Storage account key access' is enabled, and the 'Minimum TLS version' is 'Version 1.2'.

Storing the data in a container:

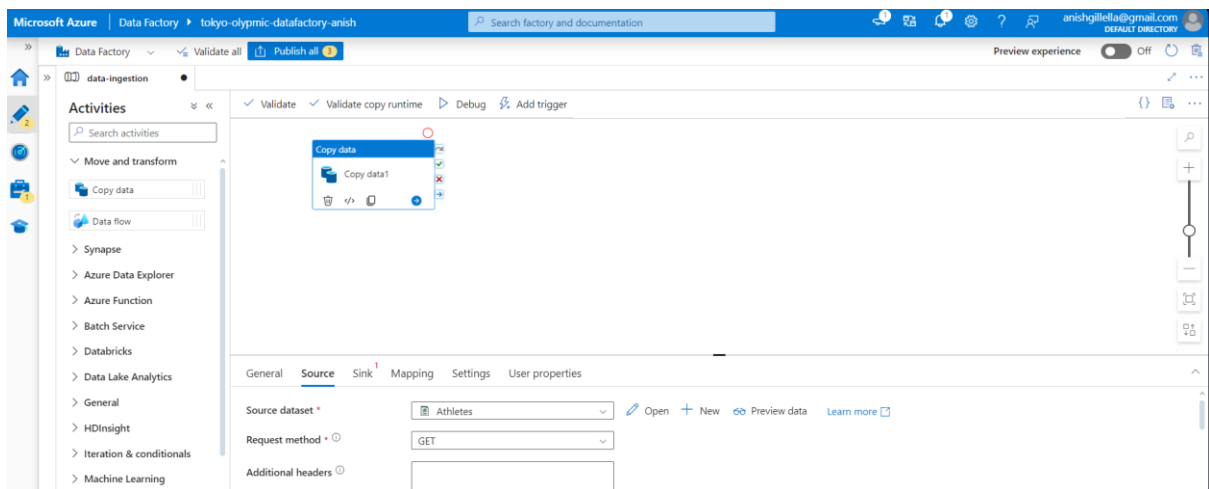
The screenshot shows the 'Containers' page for a container named 'tokyo-olympic-data'. The authentication method is 'Access key' and the location is 'tokyo-olympic-data'. The 'Search blobs by prefix (case-sensitive)' field is empty. The table below lists the blobs in the container:

Name	Modified	Access tier	Archive status	Blob type	Size	Lease state
raw-data						...
transformed-data						...

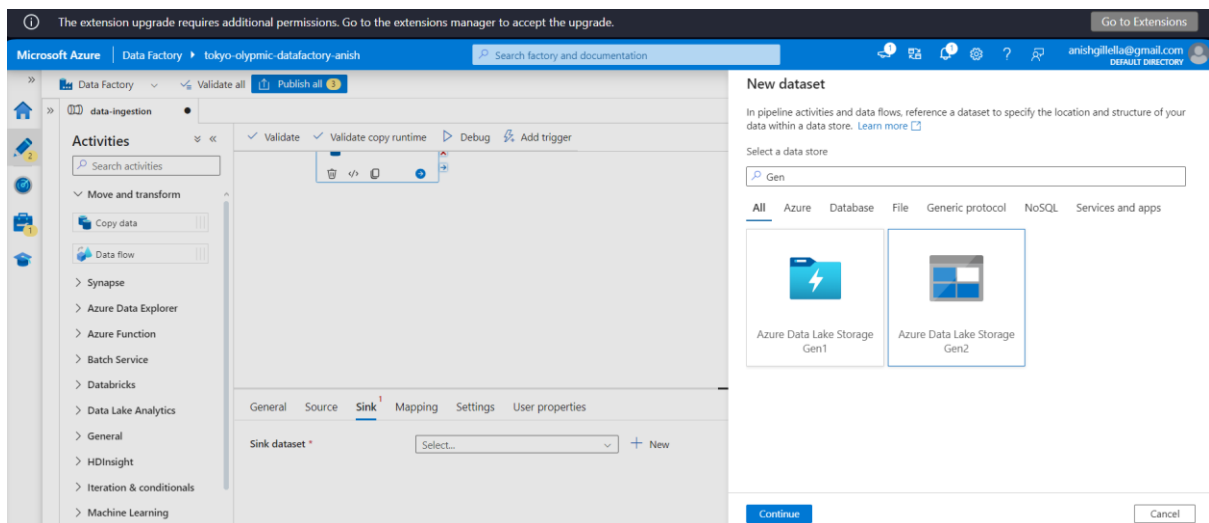
Creating a data factory:



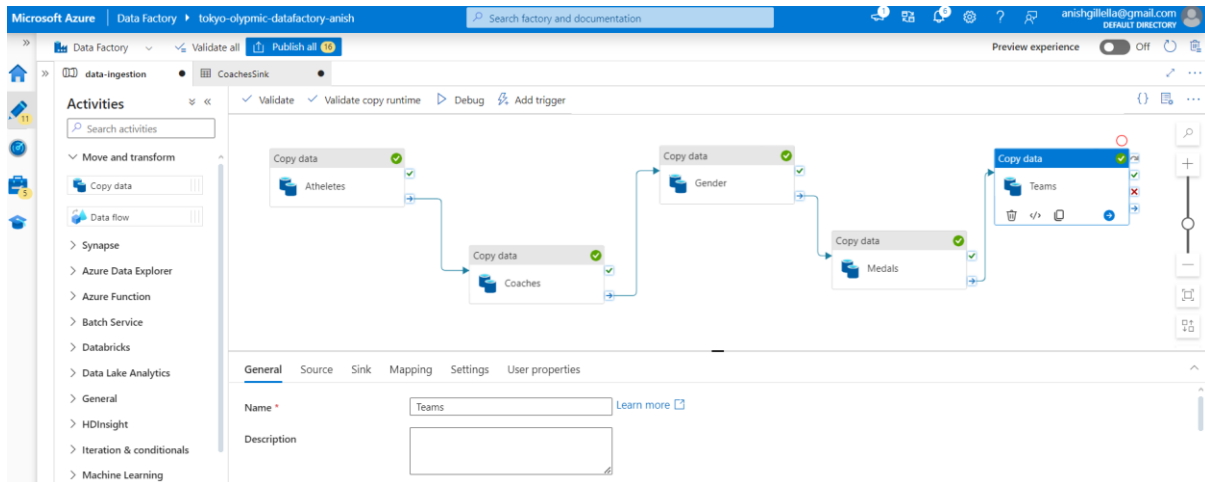
Forking the dataset from github and ingesting the data connecting the GitHub repository to the data factory:



Sinking it into Gen 2 data lake storage:



Bringing in all the data regarding the teams, medals, gender, coaches and athletes to the data factory:



Running the pipeline to import the data:

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Storage Explorer interface. The container is named 'tokyo-olympic-data'. The 'Overview' tab is selected, showing a list of blobs. The authentication method is 'Access key (Switch to Microsoft Entra user account)'. The location is 'tokyo-olympic-data / raw-data'. The search filter is 'Search blobs by prefix (case-sensitive)'. The table below lists the blobs:

Name	Modified	Access tier	Archive status	Blob type	Size	Lease state
<input type="checkbox"/> athlete.csv	4/2/2024, 12:57:43 PM	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	408.68 KiB	Available
<input type="checkbox"/> coaches.csv	4/2/2024, 12:57:58 PM	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	16.49 KiB	Available
<input type="checkbox"/> EntriesGender.csv	4/2/2024, 12:58:10 PM	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	1.1 KiB	Available
<input type="checkbox"/> medals.csv	4/2/2024, 12:58:25 PM	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	2.36 KiB	Available
<input type="checkbox"/> teams.csv	4/2/2024, 12:58:41 PM	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	34.44 KiB	Available

INGESTION AND STORING THE DATA HAS BEEN COMPLETED UPTO THIS POINT

CREATING A DATABRICKS RESOURCE

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The resource is named 'tokyo-olympic-db' and is of type 'Azure Databricks Service'. The 'Overview' tab is selected, showing the 'Essentials' section. The status is 'Active'. The resource group is 'tokyo-olympic'. The location is 'West US 2'. The subscription is 'Azure subscription 1'. The subscription ID is '900c34c4-e175-4a1f-a828-f7f3f8190c3e'. The tags are 'Add tags'. The managed resource group is 'databricks-rg-tokyo-olympic-db-36kpsvggoauk'. The URL is 'https://adb-7001619728915666.6.azure.databricks.net'. The pricing tier is 'Premium (+ Role-based access controls) (Click to change)'. The 'Launch Workspace' button is visible.

CREATING A COMPUTE CLUSTER IN AZURE DATABRICKS

The screenshot shows the Databricks 'Compute' page for a cluster named 'ANISH GILLELLA's Cluster'. The cluster is in a 'Ready' state. The configuration includes:

- Policy:** Unrestricted
- Multi node / Single node:** Single node
- Access mode:** Single user access
- Single user:** ANISH GILLELLA
- Performance:** Databricks Runtime Version 12.2 LTS (includes Apache Spark 3.3.2, Scala 2.12)
- Summary:** 1 Driver, 14 GB Memory, 4 Cores, Runtime 12.2.x-scala2.12, Unity Catalog, Photon, Standard_DS3_v2, 1.5 DBU/h
- Use Photon Acceleration:** Checked

Mounting azure data lake storage to the data bricks azure data factory to easy access the data

Configuring and Mounting the Notebook to the container in data storage account using the tenant ID and secret key:

The screenshot shows a Databricks notebook titled 'Tokyo Olympic Transformation' with Python code. The code configures Databricks to connect to Azure resources through keys in app registry and mounts the storage account.

```
#Configuring data bricks to connect to Azure resources through keys in app registry
configs = {"fs.azure.account.auth.type": "OAuth",
"fs.azure.account.oauth.provider.type": "org.apache.hadoop.fs.azurebfs.oauth2.ClientCredsTokenProvider",
"fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.id": "*****",
"fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.secret": "*****",
"fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.endpoint": "https://login.microsoftonline.com/*****/oauth2/token"}

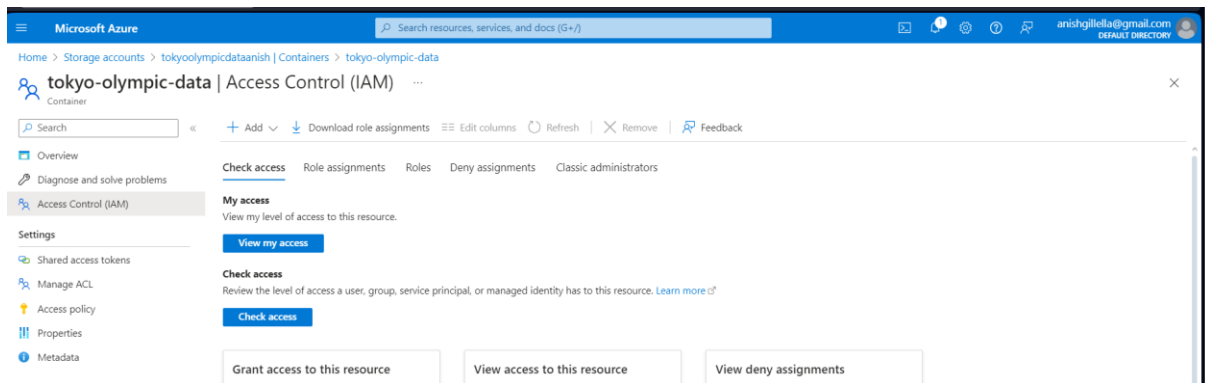
#Mounting
dbutils.fs.mount(
source = "abfss://tokyo-olympic-data@tokyoolympicdataanish.dfs.core.windows.net", # container@storageacc
mount_point = "/mnt/tokyoolympic",
extra_configs = configs)

Out[1]: True
```

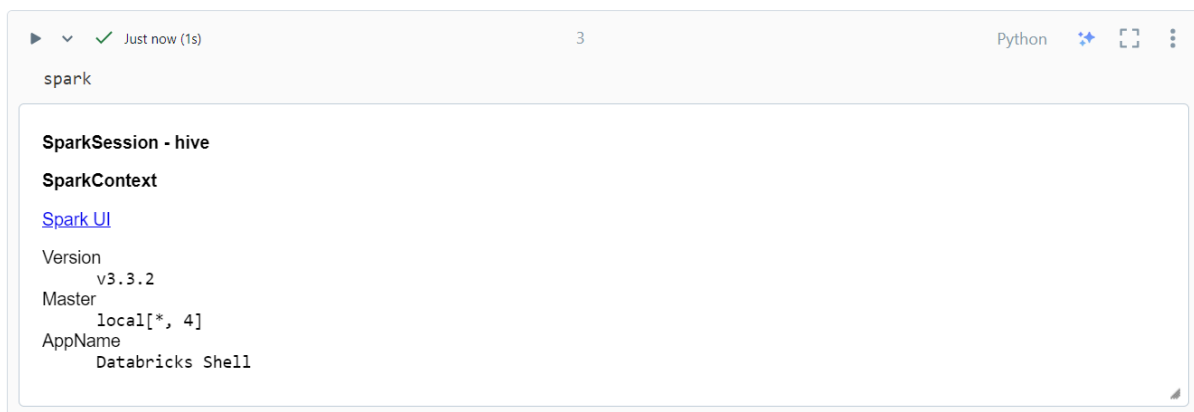
We do not have permission since the keys used in app registry do not have permission to access the contents of data storage account. So we assign the IAM in the containers to let the app registry access it:

The screenshot shows the 'Add role assignment' page in the Microsoft Azure portal. The page lists various roles and their permissions. The 'Storage Blob Data Contributor' role is highlighted, which allows for read, write and delete access to Azure Storage Blob containers and data.

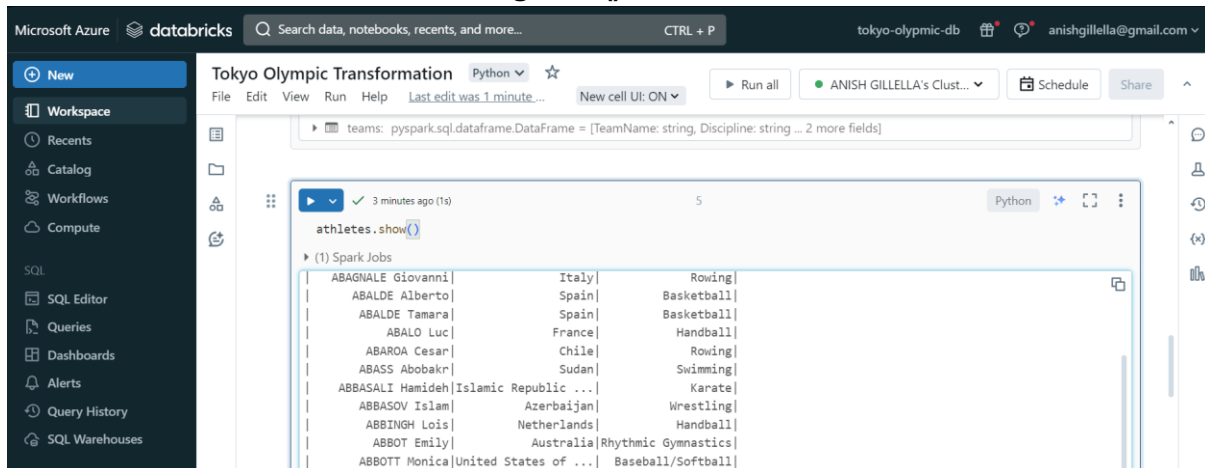
Role	Description	BuiltInRole	Management + Govern...	View
Site Recovery Operator	Lets you failover and fallback but not perform other Site Recovery management operations	BuiltInRole	Management + Govern...	View
SqlMI Migration Role	Role for SqlMI migration	BuiltInRole	None	View
SqlVM Migration Role	Role for SqlVM migration	BuiltInRole	None	View
Storage Account Backup Contributor	Lets you perform backup and restore operations using Azure Backup on the storage account.	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Account Contributor	Lets you manage storage accounts, including accessing storage account keys which provide full access to storage account data.	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Account Key Operator Service Role	Storage Account Key Operators are allowed to list and regenerate keys on Storage Accounts	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Blob Data Contributor	Allows for read, write and delete access to Azure Storage Blob containers and data	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Blob Data Owner	Allows for full access to Azure Storage Blob containers and data, including assigning POSIX access control.	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Blob Data Reader	Allows for read access to Azure Storage Blob containers and data	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Storage Blob Delegator	Allows for generation of a user delegation key which can be used to sign SAS tokens	BuiltInRole	Storage	View
Virtual Machine Contributor	Lets you manage virtual machines, but not access to them, and not the virtual network or storage account they're connected to...	BuiltInRole	Compute	View



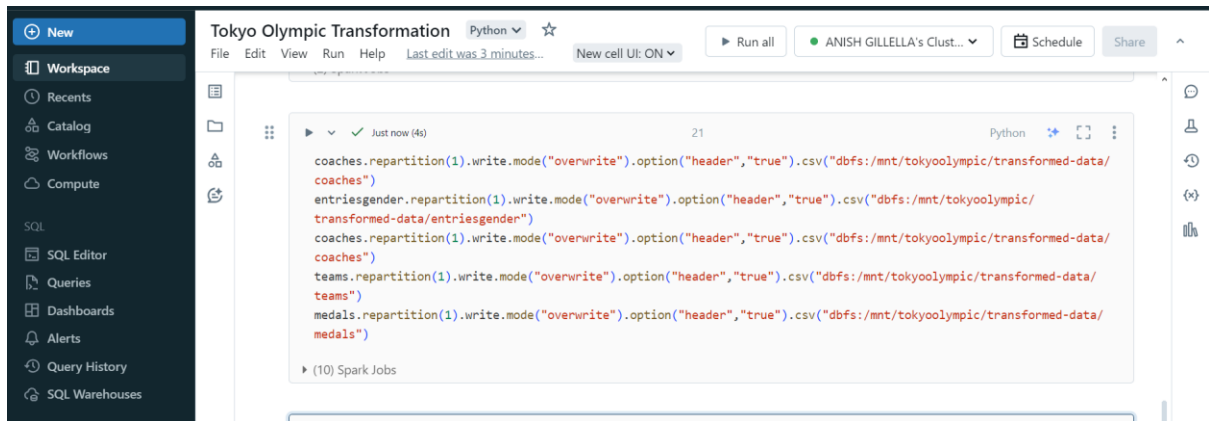
Since it is azure databricks we do not have to create a spark session as it is already inbuilt like we usually do when using spark



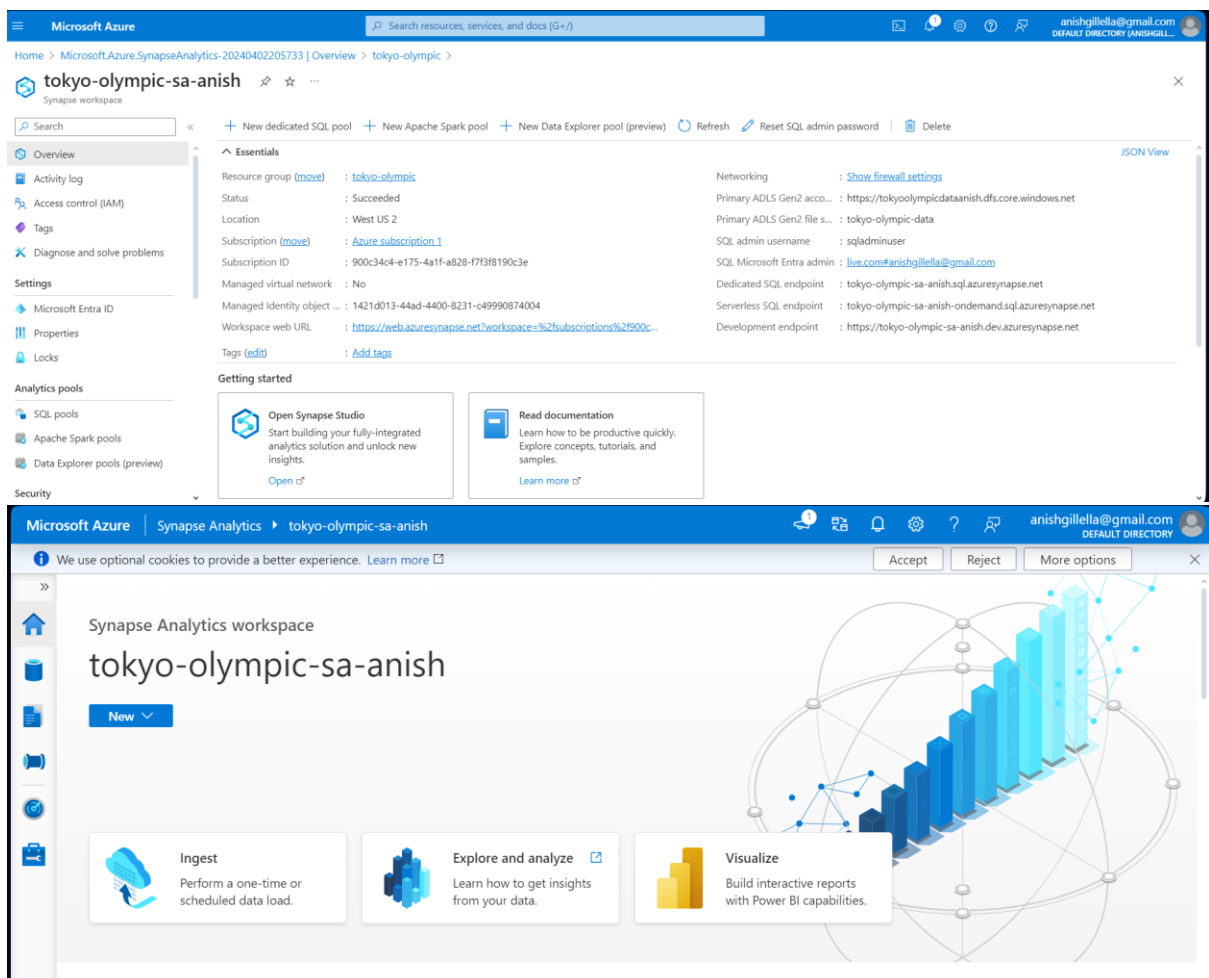
Apache Spark uses lazy evaluation wherein spark does not perform any loading or transformation, it only performs the action when you call the particular data which was loaded with a function like we did using show() here



Writing the transformed data back to the data storage factory



CREATING AN AZUR SYNAPSE ANALYTICS WORKSPACE



CREATING A TABLE IN SYNAPSE ANALYTICS FROM THE DATA LAKE

Microsoft Azure | Synapse Analytics | tokyo-olympic-sa-anish | Search

We use optional cookies to provide a better experience. [Learn more](#)

Synapse live | Validate all | Publish all

Data | Workspace | Linked

Filter resources by name

Lake database

TokyoolympicDB

Tables

Filter by keyword

Tables

Create external table from data lake

External table details
Select the storage location where the files containing the data is staged. Currently Azure Data Lake Storage (ADLS) Gen2 and Azure Blob Storage are supported. [Learn more](#)

External table name *
athletes

Linked service *
tokyo-olympic-sa-anish-WorkspaceDefaultStorage(tokyoolympicdataanish)

Input file or folder *
tokyo-olympic-data/transformed-data/athletes/part-00000-tid-6179090791411726392-88b...

Continue | Cancel

QUERYING THE DATA IN SYNAPSE ANALYTICS:

We use optional cookies to provide a better experience. [Learn more](#)

Accept | Reject | More options

Synapse live | Validate all | Publish all

Data | Workspace | Linked

Filter resources by name

Lake database

TokyoolympicDB

Tables

athletes

coaches

EntriesGender

medals

teams

TokyoolympicDB

SQL script 1

Run | Undo | Publish | Query plan | Connect to Built-in

1 select * from teams;

Results | Messages

View | Table | Chart | Export results

Search

TeamName	Discipline	Country	Event
Belgium	3x3 Basketball	Belgium	Men

00:00:00 Query executed successfully.

Properties

General | Related (0)

Name *
SQL script 1

Description

Type
.sql script

Size