## STEP 1 : SETTING UP THE GITHUB REPOSITORY AND REQUIREMENTS

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| **Step** | **Description** | **Importance** | **If Skipped** | **Alternatives** | **Problem Solved** |
| 1. Setting up GitHub Repository | Create new repo on GitHub | Enables version control and collaboration | Difficult to track changes and collaborate | GitLab, Bitbucket | Organizes code in distributed environment |
| 2. Creating Local Project Directory | Create folder on local machine | Organizes project files | Files may be scattered | Using existing directory | Provides structured local environment |
| 3. Initializing Git Repository | Use 'git init' command | Enables local version control | Cannot track changes or sync with remote | None for Git-based control | Prepares directory for version control |
| 4. Creating README.md | Create README with project description | Provides project overview | Lack of initial documentation | Other doc formats | Offers quick project introduction |
| 5. Adding and Committing README.md | Use 'git add' and 'git commit' | Stages and commits file locally | Changes won't be tracked | None within Git workflow | Tracks changes, prepares for remote syncing |
| 6. Connecting Local and Remote Repos | Use 'git remote add origin [URL]' | Links local to GitHub repo | Cannot push/pull from GitHub | Manual file upload | Establishes local-remote connection |
| 7. Pushing to GitHub | Use 'git push -u origin main' | Uploads local commits to GitHub | Local changes won't appear on GitHub | None for initial push | Syncs local and remote repositories |
| 8. Creating .gitignore File | Create .gitignore with Python template | Specifies files to ignore | May commit unnecessary files | Manual specification | Keeps repository clean and secure |
| 9. Setting Up Python Environment | Create new Conda environment | Isolates project dependencies | Potential conflicts with system packages | virtualenv, venv | Creates isolated development environment |
| 10. Creating setup.py | Create setup.py with project metadata | Defines project as a package | Cannot build distributable package | Using only requirements.txt | Enables project packaging |
| 11. Creating requirements.txt | Create file with project dependencies | Lists all required packages | Difficulty reproducing environment | Specifying in setup.py only | Simplifies dependency management |
| 12. Implementing get\_requirements Function | Create function to read requirements | Dynamically reads requirements | Manual updates to setup.py needed | Hardcoding in setup.py | Ensures consistency in dependencies |
| 13. Creating Source Directory | Create 'src' with **init**.py | Establishes project structure | Difficulty importing project modules | Flat project structure | Enables proper Python packaging |
| 14. Installing Project in Editable Mode | Use 'pip install -e .' command | Allows development without reinstalling | Changes not immediately reflected | Regular installation | Facilitates easier development and testing |
| 15. Committing and Pushing Changes | Add, commit, push new files to GitHub | Updates remote repo with changes | Remote repo out of sync | None within Git workflow | Keeps remote updated, enables collaboration |

Files worked on :

* Created virtual environment
* Gitignore
* READme.md

## STEP 2: PROJECT STRUCTURE, LOGGING AND EXCEPTION HANDLING

Based on the provided project structure, here's a breakdown of each component and its role in your ML project:

**1. logs/ Directory**

* **Purpose**: This directory typically contains log files generated during the execution of your project. Logs are crucial for debugging and monitoring the progress of the training and inference processes.
* **Example**: When your model trains, logs might include information about loss metrics, epochs, errors, and other runtime information.

**2. mlproject.egg-info/ Directory**

* **Purpose**: This directory is created when a Python package is built. It contains metadata about your project, such as dependencies, package name, version, etc.
* **Files Inside**:
  + **dependency\_links.txt**: Contains any external dependencies.
  + **PKG-INFO**: A file that holds the metadata for your project.
  + **requires.txt**: Lists the dependencies required for your project.
  + **SOURCES.txt**: Lists all the source files included in the package.
  + **top\_level.txt**: Specifies the top-level modules or packages.

**3. src/ Directory**

* **Purpose**: This directory contains the source code for your ML project. It is a common practice to separate source code from configuration files and other directories.
* **Subdirectories**:
  + **components/**: This might contain different components of your machine learning pipeline, such as data preprocessing, feature engineering, model training, etc.
  + **pipeline/**: Likely holds scripts that define the overall pipeline of your ML project, managing the flow of data from ingestion to model output.
* **Files Inside src/**:
  + **\_\_init\_\_.py**: This file indicates that the src directory is a Python package, allowing you to import modules from it.
  + **exception.py**: Contains custom exception handling logic, which is helpful for managing errors specific to your application.
  + **logger.py**: Defines logging configurations, allowing the capture and storage of runtime logs.
  + **utils.py**: Likely contains utility functions that are used across the project, such as file handling, data transformations, etc.

**4. venv/ Directory**

* **Purpose**: This directory contains the virtual environment for your project. It includes all the Python packages and dependencies that your project needs without affecting the global Python installation.
* **Subdirectories**:
  + **Include, Lib, Scripts, share**: Contain the necessary files and directories to run your isolated Python environment.

**5. .gitignore File**

* **Purpose**: This file tells Git which files and directories to ignore in version control. Common entries include the venv/ directory, log files, and any temporary files generated by your project.

**6. Guide.docx**

* **Purpose**: Likely a document containing guidelines, instructions, or documentation related to your project. This might be for team members or for your own reference.

**7. README.md**

* **Purpose**: The README file provides an overview of the project, how to set it up, and how to run it. It’s typically the first file someone will look at to understand the project.

**8. requirements.txt**

* **Purpose**: Lists all the Python dependencies needed to run your project. This file can be used to install the required packages via pip.

**9. setup.py**

* **Purpose**: This script is used for packaging your project, making it easier to distribute and install. It defines the package metadata, dependencies, and other configuration details.

## STEP 3: **Project Problem Statement, EDA And Model Training**

Jupyter notebook is the best way to perform EDA. You need to be aware of when you will be using modular coding to when you will be using Notebooks

Whenever you perform EDA you need to get some observations and you need to have a reason for every step in your project

Always write about insights and observations after each part of the code